Solutions for Section #1

Based on handouts by Eric Roberts and Marty Stepp

```
* File: United Nations Karel. java
 * The United Nations Karel subclass builds houses at corners
 * marked by rubble.
i mport stanford karel. *;
public dass United Nations Karel extends Super Karel {
    public void run() {
        while (front Is Clear()) {
             if (beepers Present()) {
                 pi ckBeeper();
                 backup();
                 buildHouse();
             if (front Is Clear()) {
                 move();
    }
 * This net hod builds a beeper house on stilts.
 * Precondition: Karel facing East at bottom of left stilt
 * Post condition: Karel facing East at bottom of right stilt
    pri vate voi d buil dHouse() {
        turnLeft();
        put Three Beepers();
        move();
        turnRight();
        move();
        turnRight();
        put Three Beepers();
        turnAround();
        move();
        turn Right();
        move();
        turnRight();
        put Three Beepers();
        turnLeft();
    }
// CONTI NUED..
```

```
/**
 * Creates aline of three beepers.
 * Precondition: Karel is in the first square in the line
 * Post condition: Karel is in the last square in the line
    pri vate voi d put Three Beepers() {
         for (int i = 0; i < 2; i +++) {
             put Beeper();
             move();
         put Beeper();
    }
/**
 * Backs up one corner, leaving Karel facing in the same direction
 * If there is no space behind Karel, it will run into a wall.
    pri vate voi d backup() {
         turnAround();
         move();
         turnAround();
```

Try downloading the Eclipse project for this section from the course website and running this program on your own computer. What would you do if you wanted the houses to be taller? How would you make them 5 beepers high? Is there any way you could improve the style of the solutions?

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Try downloading the Eclipse project for this section from the course website and running this program on your own computer. What would you do if you wanted Karel to repair ballots that were broken (that is, the center of the rectangle is not punched out, but some other square in the rectangle is)?

Style Focus for Section 1:

Comments: Make sure to comment every method you write, and describe what the method does, and what the assumptions are before and after it is called. Write your comments so that your program could easily be understood by another person.

Good Method Names: Part of good style is good naming. You want your method name to succinctly describe what it does. Never call a method dostuff, give it a good specific name like backup. Be consistent in how you name your methods. In our solutions, we will use lower camel case naming conventions.

Short Methods: We could have written our whole program in the **run** method, but it is not good style and is difficult to follow. Try and break it down into methods that are small, understandable pieces of code, and that accomplish one main task.