

practice exercise of Lecture - 2

1. $f(x, y, z) = 4x^2 + 2y^2 + 3z^2$

$$\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \vec{i} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \vec{j} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \vec{k}$$

$$= 8x \vec{i} + 4y \vec{j} + 6z \vec{k} = [8x, 4y, 6z]$$

$$\vec{a} = [0, 1, -1], \quad \frac{\vec{a}}{|\vec{a}|} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [0, 1, -1] = [0, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_{\vec{a}} f &= \nabla f \cdot \frac{\vec{a}}{|\vec{a}|} = [8x, 4y, 6z] \cdot [0, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}] \Big|_{P(1, 3, 2)} \\ &= 2\sqrt{2}y - 3\sqrt{2}z \Big|_{P(1, 3, 2)} \\ &= 2\sqrt{2} \times 3 - 3\sqrt{2} \times 2 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\vec{V} = [x^2, 4y^2, 9z^2], \quad P: (-1, 0, 0.5)$$

~~div $\vec{V} = \nabla \cdot \vec{V}$~~

$$\operatorname{div} \vec{V} = \nabla \cdot \vec{V} = \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v_3}{\partial z}$$

$$v_1 = x^2, \quad v_2 = 4y^2, \quad v_3 = 9z^2$$

$$\frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x} = 2x, \quad \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y} = 8y, \quad \frac{\partial v_3}{\partial z} = 18z$$

$$\begin{aligned} \operatorname{div} \vec{V} &= \nabla \cdot \vec{V} = 2x + 8y + 18z \Big|_{P(-1, 0, 0.5)} \\ &= 2 \times (-1) + 8 \times 0 + 18 \times 0.5 \\ &= -2 + 0 + 9 \\ &= 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{v} = [0, \cos(xyz), \sin(xyz)], p(2, \frac{1}{2}\pi, 0)$$

$$\operatorname{div} \vec{v} = \nabla \cdot \vec{v} = \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial v_3}{\partial z}$$

$$v_1 = 0, v_2 = \cos(xyz), v_3 = \sin(xyz)$$

$$\frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x} = 0, \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial y} = -xz \sin(xyz), \frac{\partial v_3}{\partial z} = xy \cos(xyz)$$

$$\operatorname{div} \vec{v} = \nabla \cdot \vec{v} = 0 - xz \sin(xyz) + xy \cos(xyz) \Big|_{p(2, \frac{1}{2}\pi, 0)}$$

$$= 0 - 2 \times 0 \times \sin(0) + 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \pi \times \cos 0$$

$$= \pi$$

3. ① $f(x, y, z) = e^{xyz}$

$$\nabla^2 f = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = yze^{xyz}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = xze^{xyz}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = xy e^{xyz}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = y^2 z^2 e^{xyz}, \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = x^2 z^2 e^{xyz}, \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2} = x^2 y^2 e^{xyz}$$

$$\nabla^2 f = (y^2 z^2 + x^2 z^2 + x^2 y^2) e^{xyz}$$

② $f(\rho, \phi, z) = 2\rho^2 + 3\rho \cos \phi + \rho z^3$

$$\nabla^2 f = \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial}{\partial \rho} \left(\rho \frac{\partial f}{\partial \rho} \right) + \frac{1}{\rho^2} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2}$$

$$= \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \rho^2} + \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \rho} + \frac{1}{\rho^2} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \rho} = 4\rho + 3 \cos \phi + z^3, \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \rho^2} = 4$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} = -3\rho \sin \phi, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} = -3\rho \cos \phi$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = 3\rho z^2, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2} = 6\rho z$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla^2 f &= 4 + \frac{1}{\rho} (4\rho + 3\cos \phi + z^3) + \frac{1}{\rho^2} (-3\rho \cos \phi) + 6\rho z \\ &= 4 + 4 + \frac{3\cos \phi}{\rho} + \frac{z^3}{\rho} - \frac{3\cos \phi}{\rho} + 6\rho z \\ &= 8 + \frac{z^3}{\rho} + 6\rho z \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad f(r, \phi, \theta) = 2r^2 \sin \theta + 3r \cos \phi + 3 \sin \theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla^2 f &= \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \\ &= 2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} + r \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial r^2} + \frac{\cos \theta}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \\ &= r \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial r^2} + 2 \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\cos \theta}{r^2 \sin \theta} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial r} = 4r \sin \theta + 3 \cos \phi, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial r^2} = 4 \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \theta} = 2r^2 \cos \theta + 3 \sin \theta, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \theta^2} = -2r^2 \sin \theta - 3 \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial \phi} = -3r \sin \phi, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial \phi^2} = -3r \cos \phi$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla^2 f &= r \cdot 4 \sin \theta + 2(4r \sin \theta + 3 \cos \phi) + \frac{1}{r^2} (-2r^2 \sin \theta - 3 \sin \theta) + \frac{\cos \theta}{r^2 \sin \theta} (2r^2 \cos \theta + 3 \sin \theta) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \theta} \cdot (-3r \cos \phi) \\ &= 12r \sin \theta + 6 \cos \phi - 2 \sin \theta - \frac{3 \sin \theta}{r^2} + \frac{2 \cos^2 \theta}{\sin \theta} + \frac{3 \cos^2 \theta}{r^2 \sin \theta} - \frac{3 \cos \phi}{r \sin^2 \theta} \end{aligned}$$

4. prove $\text{div}(\text{curl } \vec{v}) = 0$

$$\vec{v} = [v_1, v_2, v_3] = v_1 \vec{i} + v_2 \vec{j} + v_3 \vec{k}$$

$$\text{curl } \vec{v} = \left(\frac{\partial v_3}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial z} \right) \vec{i} + \left(\frac{\partial v_1}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial v_3}{\partial x} \right) \vec{j} + \left(\frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y} \right) \vec{k}$$

$$\text{div}(\text{curl } \vec{v}) = \nabla \cdot (\text{curl } \vec{v}) = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \vec{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \vec{j} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \vec{k} \right) \cdot \text{curl } \vec{v}$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial v_3}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial v_2}{\partial z} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial v_1}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial v_3}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial v_1}{\partial y} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\partial^2 v_3}{\partial x \partial y} - \frac{\partial^2 v_2}{\partial x \partial z} + \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial y \partial z} - \frac{\partial^2 v_3}{\partial y \partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 v_2}{\partial z \partial x} - \frac{\partial^2 v_1}{\partial z \partial y}$$

$$= 0$$