Lecture 9 14) Two finite lausth sequences 1/2 (11) and 1/2 (11). Assume X1 [17] and X2 [17] are zero out side the fig. Let X3[17] eight point circular convolution of X2[17] with x2[n] je; X3[n] = X1[n] ( X2[n]. x,[n] Determine X3[2] x2[n] X<sub>1</sub>(n) X2[m] 2 1 X3[2] = 9