

## Esercizi

BIBLIOGRAFIA: [6], [12], [28], [30], [61], [68]

### A) Funzioni irrazionali

Calcolare gli integrali del tipo

$$R\left(x, \sqrt[p]{\left(\frac{ax+b}{cx+d}\right)^\alpha}, \sqrt[q]{\left(\frac{ax+b}{cx+d}\right)^\beta}, \dots\right)$$

provando che è:

1.  $\int \frac{dx}{x(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[5]{x^2})} = \ln \frac{x}{(1 + \frac{10}{\sqrt[10]{x}})^{10}} + \frac{10}{\sqrt[10]{x}} - \frac{5}{\sqrt[5]{x}} + \frac{10}{3 \sqrt[10]{x^3}} - \frac{5}{2 \sqrt[5]{x^2}} + c.$
2.  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{x} + 2 \sqrt[4]{x}} = 2\sqrt{x} - 3 \sqrt[3]{x} - 8 \sqrt[4]{x} + 6 \sqrt[6]{x} + 48 \sqrt[12]{x} +$   
 $+ 3 \ln(1 + \sqrt[12]{x}) + \frac{33}{2} \ln(\sqrt[6]{x} - \sqrt[12]{x} + 12) - \frac{171}{\sqrt{7}} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2 \sqrt[12]{x} - 1}{\sqrt{7}} + c.$
3.  $\int \frac{x dx}{(x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}(x+1)^{\frac{1}{3}}} = 6 \left[ \frac{1}{9} (x+1)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{8} (x+1)^{\frac{4}{3}} + \frac{1}{7} (x+1)^{\frac{7}{6}} - \frac{1}{6} (x+1) + \frac{1}{5} (x+1)^{\frac{5}{6}} - \frac{1}{4} (x+1)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right] + c.$
4.  $\int \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \cdot \frac{dx}{x} = \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x}} \right| + 2 \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} + c.$
5.  $\int \sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}}} dx = (\sqrt{x} - 2)\sqrt{1-x} - \arcsen \sqrt{x} + c.$
6.  $\int \frac{x^2 + \sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt[3]{1+x}} dx = 6 \sqrt[3]{(1+x)^2} \left[ \frac{(1+x)^2}{16} - \frac{1+x}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{7} + \frac{1}{4} \right] + c.$
7.  $\int \sqrt[3]{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \cdot \frac{dx}{x} = \ln \frac{|u^2 - 1|}{\sqrt{u^4 + u^2 + 1}} + \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{1 + 2u^2}{\sqrt{3}} + c, \text{ con } u = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}.$
8.  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt[4]{(x-1)^3(x+2)^5}} = \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x+2}} + c, \text{ (Moltiplicare numeratore e denominatore per } \sqrt[4]{x-1} \dots).$

Calcolare gli integrali del tipo  $R(x, \sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c})$ , provando che si ha:

9.  $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}} = \ln \frac{|cx|}{2 + x + 2\sqrt{x^2 + x + 1}}, \left( \text{Porre } x = \frac{1}{t} \right).$
10.  $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2 + 4x - 4}} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arccos} \frac{2-x}{x\sqrt{2}} + c.$
11.  $\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2 + 2x - 1}} = \operatorname{arcsen} \frac{x-1}{x\sqrt{2}} + c.$

$$12. \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{2+x-x^2}} = c - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{2+x-x^2} + \sqrt{2}}{x} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \right|.$$

$$13. \int \frac{\sqrt{2x+x^2}}{x^2} dx = \ln |x+1+\sqrt{2x+x^2}| - \frac{4}{x+\sqrt{2x+x^2}} + c.$$

$$14. \int \frac{dx}{(x-1)\sqrt{x^2+x+1}} = c - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \ln \left| \frac{3+3x+2\sqrt{3(x^2+x+1)}}{x-1} \right|.$$

$$15. \int \frac{dx}{(2x-3)\sqrt{4x-x^2}} = c - \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}} \ln \left| \frac{x+6+\sqrt{60x-15x^2}}{2x-3} \right|.$$

$$16. \int \sqrt{x^2-2x-1} dx = \frac{1}{2} (x-1)\sqrt{x^2-2x-1} - \ln |x-1+\sqrt{x^2-2x-1}| + c.$$

$$17. \int \sqrt{3x^2-3x+1} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( x - \frac{1}{2} \right) \sqrt{3x^2-3x+1} + \frac{1}{8\sqrt{3}} \ln \left| \sqrt{3x^2-3x+1} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (2x-1) \right| + c.$$

$$18. \int \sqrt{1-4x-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[ (x+2)\sqrt{1-4x-x^2} + 5 \arcsen \frac{x+2}{\sqrt{5}} \right] + c.$$

$$19. \int \frac{dx}{x-\sqrt{x^2-x+1}} = c - \frac{3}{2(2x-1-2\sqrt{x^2-x+1})} - \frac{3}{2} \ln |2x-1-2\sqrt{x^2-x+1}| + 2 \ln |x-\sqrt{x^2-x+1}|.$$

$$20. \int \frac{dx}{x^2(x+\sqrt{1+x^2})} = \ln \left| \frac{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}}{x} \right| - \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{x} + c.$$

$$21. \int \frac{dx}{1+\sqrt{x^2+2x+2}} = \frac{1-\sqrt{x^2+2x+2}}{x+1} + \ln (x+1+\sqrt{x^2+2x+2}) + c.$$

$$22. \int \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{1-2x-x^2}} = \frac{1}{2} (3-x)\sqrt{1-2x-x^2} + 2 \arcsen \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{2}} + c.$$

$$23. \int \frac{2x^2-3x}{\sqrt{x^2-2x+5}} dx = x\sqrt{x^2-2x+5} - 5 \ln (x-1+\sqrt{x^2-2x+5}) + c.$$

$$24. \int \frac{3x^2-5x}{\sqrt{3-2x-x^2}} dx = c - \frac{1}{2} (3x-19)\sqrt{3-2x-x^2} + 14 \arcsen \frac{x+1}{2}.$$

$$25. \int \frac{3x^3}{\sqrt{x^2+4x+5}} dx = (x^2-5x+20)\sqrt{x^2+4x+5} - 15 \ln (x+2+\sqrt{x^2+4x+5}) + c.$$

$$26. \int \frac{x^3-x+1}{\sqrt{x^2+2x+2}} dx = \left( \frac{1}{3} x^2 - \frac{5}{6} x + \frac{1}{6} \right) \sqrt{x^2+2x+2} + \frac{5}{2} \ln (x+1+\sqrt{x^2+2x+2}) + c.$$

$$27. \int \frac{3x^3-8x+5}{\sqrt{x^2-4x-7}} dx = (x^2+5x+36)\sqrt{x^2-4x-7} + 112 \ln |x-2+\sqrt{x^2-4x-7}| + c.$$

$$28. \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{x^2+4x+5}} dx = \left( \frac{1}{4} x^3 - \frac{7}{6} x^2 + \frac{95}{24} x - \frac{145}{12} \right) \sqrt{x^2+4x+5} + \frac{35}{8} \ln (x+2+\sqrt{x^2+4x+5}) + c.$$

$$29. \int \frac{dx}{(x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1)\sqrt{x^2 + 2x - 3}} = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 2x - 3}}{8(x+1)^2} + \frac{1}{16} \arccos \frac{2}{x+1} + c.$$

$$30. \int \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{2+x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \ln \frac{\sqrt{2+2x^2}-x}{\sqrt{2+2x^2}+x} + \ln(x+\sqrt{x^2+1}) + c.$$

$$31. \int \frac{x-1}{x^2\sqrt{2x^2-2x+1}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2x^2-2x+1}}{x} + c.$$

$$32. \int \frac{2x+3}{(x^2+2x+3)\sqrt{x^2+2x+4}} dx = \ln \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2x+4}-1}{\sqrt{x^2+2x+4}+1} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{\sqrt{2(x^2+2x+4)}}{x+1} + c.$$

Calcolare gli integrali dei seguenti **differenziali binomi**, provando che è:

$$33. \int \sqrt{x}(1+\sqrt[3]{x})^4 dx = \frac{2}{3} x\sqrt{x} + \frac{24}{11} x\sqrt[6]{x^5} + \frac{36}{13} x^2\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{8}{5} x^2\sqrt{x} + \frac{6}{17} x^2\sqrt[6]{x^5} + c.$$

$$34. \int x^{-1}(1+x^{\frac{1}{3}})^{-3} dx = 3 \left[ \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}} \right| + \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x}+3}{2(1+\sqrt[3]{x})^2} \right] + c.$$

$$35. \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt[3]{x^2+1}} = \frac{1}{2} \ln(\sqrt[3]{x^2+1}-1) - \frac{1}{4} \ln[\sqrt[3]{(x^2+1)^2} + \sqrt[3]{x^2+1} + 1] + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2\sqrt[3]{x^2+1}+1}{\sqrt{3}} + c.$$

$$36. \int x^5 \sqrt[3]{(1+x^3)^2} dx = \frac{1}{8} \sqrt[3]{(1+x^3)^8} - \frac{1}{5} \sqrt[3]{(1+x^3)^5} + c.$$

$$37. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt[3]{1+x^3}} = \frac{1}{6} \ln \frac{u^2+u+1}{(u-1)^2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2u+1}{\sqrt{3}} + c, \text{ con } u = \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^3+1}}{x}.$$

$$38. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt[4]{1+x^4}} = \frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{\sqrt[4]{1+x^4}+x}{\sqrt[4]{1+x^4}-x} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{\sqrt[4]{1+x^4}}{x} + c.$$

$$39. \int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}+1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\sqrt{1-x^4}}{x^4} + c.$$

$$40. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{3}{7} (4\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[4]{x} - 3) \sqrt[3]{1+\sqrt{x}} + c.$$

$$41. \int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx = 6u + 2 \ln \frac{u-1}{\sqrt{u^2+u+1}} - 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2u+1}{\sqrt{3}} + c, \text{ con } u = \sqrt[3]{1+\sqrt{x}}.$$

$$42. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+x^3}}{x^2} dx = c - \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+x^3}}{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2\sqrt[3]{1+x^3}+x}{x\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+x^3}+x}{\sqrt[3]{(1+x^3)^2}+x\sqrt[3]{1+x^3}+x^2} \right|.$$

$$43. \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt[3]{1+x^5}} = \frac{1}{5} \ln \frac{|u-1|}{\sqrt{u^2+u+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{5} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{1+2u}{\sqrt{3}} + c, \text{ con } u = \sqrt[3]{1+x^5}.$$

$$44. \int \frac{dx}{x^{11}\sqrt{1+x^4}} = c - \frac{1}{10} \sqrt{\left(\frac{1+x^4}{x^4}\right)^5} + \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\left(\frac{1+x^4}{x^4}\right)^3} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1+x^4}{x^4}}.$$

$$45. \int \sqrt[3]{x(1-x^2)} dx = \frac{u}{2(u^3+1)} - \frac{1}{6} \ln \frac{u+1}{\sqrt{u^2-u+1}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2u-1}{\sqrt{3}} + c, \text{ con } u = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1-x^2}{x^2}}.$$

$$46. \int \sqrt[3]{1+\sqrt[4]{x}} dx = 12 \left[ \frac{\sqrt[3]{u^{13}}}{13} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{u^{10}}}{10} + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{u^7}}{7} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{u^4}}{4} \right] + c, \text{ con } u = 1 + \sqrt[4]{x}.$$

Calcolare i seguenti integrali indefiniti di **funzioni irrazionali**, dimostrando che risulta:

$$47. \int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt{x}} dx = 2\ln|\sqrt{x}-1| + c.$$

$$48. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{x} - 3\sqrt[3]{x} + 6\sqrt[6]{x} - 6\ln(1+\sqrt[6]{x}) + c.$$

$$49. \int \frac{1-\sqrt[4]{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{4}{3}\sqrt[4]{x^3} + 2\sqrt{x} + 4\sqrt[4]{x} - 4\operatorname{arctg}\sqrt[4]{x} - 2\ln(1+\sqrt{x}) + c.$$

$$50. \int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{1+x}-1}{\sqrt{1+x}+1} \right| - \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x} + c.$$

$$51. \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2-x+3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{x^2-x+3}-\sqrt{3}}{3} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} \right| + c.$$

$$52. \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(2x-x^2)^3}} = \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{2x-x^2}} + c.$$

$$53. \int \sqrt{2x-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} [(x-1)\sqrt{2x-x^2} + \operatorname{arcsen}(x-1)] + c.$$

$$54. \int \frac{dx}{x-\sqrt{x^2-1}} = \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{2}\sqrt{x^2-1} - \frac{1}{2} \ln|x+\sqrt{x^2-1}| + c.$$

$$55. \int \frac{dx}{(1+x)\sqrt{1+x+x^2}} = \ln \left| \frac{x+\sqrt{1+x+x^2}}{2+x+\sqrt{1+x+x^2}} \right| + c.$$

$$56. \int \frac{(x+1)}{(2x+x^2)\sqrt{2x+x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2x+x^2}} + c.$$

$$57. \int \frac{1-\sqrt{1+x+x^2}}{x\sqrt{1+x+x^2}} dx = \ln \left| \frac{2+x-2\sqrt{1+x+x^2}}{x^2} \right| + c.$$

$$58. \int \frac{\sqrt{x^2+4x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{8}{x+\sqrt{x^2+4x}} + \ln|x+2+\sqrt{x^2+4x}| + c.$$

$$59. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} (x+2)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 4\sqrt{x+2} + c.$$

$$60. \int \frac{x+\sqrt[4]{x-2}}{\sqrt[3]{x-2}} dx = \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{(x-2)^5} + \frac{12}{11} \cdot \frac{12}{11} \sqrt{(x-2)^{11}} + 3\sqrt[3]{(x-2)^2} + c.$$

$$61. \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}-\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{1}{8} \left[ 8\sqrt{x} + 6\sqrt[3]{x} + 6\sqrt[6]{x} + 3\ln \left| \sqrt[6]{x} - \frac{1}{2} \right| \right] + c.$$

$$62. \int \left( \sqrt{\frac{x}{1-x}} \right)^3 dx = (3-x) \sqrt{\frac{x}{1-x}} - 3\operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{\frac{x}{1-x}} + c.$$

$$63. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt[4]{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{x} - 4\sqrt[4]{x} + 4\ln(1+\sqrt[4]{x}) + c.$$

64.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{x} dx = 2\sqrt{x+1} + \ln \frac{(\sqrt{x+1}-1)^2}{|x|} + c.$
65.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2-3x+2}} dx = -\ln(3+2\sqrt{x^2-3x+2}-2x) + c.$
66.  $\int \frac{1}{x+\sqrt{x^2-4x-3}} dx = -\frac{3}{8} \ln(x+\sqrt{x^2-4x-3}) + \frac{7}{8} \ln|x+\sqrt{x^2-4x-3}-2| + \frac{7}{(4x-2+\sqrt{x^2-4x-3})} + c.$
67.  $\int \frac{1}{(x+2)\sqrt{x^2+2x+2}} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{x^2+2x+2}-x-2-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{x^2+2x+2}-x-2+\sqrt{2}} \right| + c.$
68.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[4]{x^3+1}} dx = \frac{4}{3} [\sqrt[4]{x^3} - \ln(\sqrt[4]{x^3}+1)] + c,$
69.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^3}-\sqrt[3]{x}}{6\sqrt[4]{x}} dx = \frac{2}{27} \sqrt[4]{x^9} - \frac{2}{13} \sqrt[12]{x^{13}} + c.$
70.  $\int \frac{\sqrt[6]{x}+1}{\sqrt[6]{x^7}+\sqrt[4]{x^5}} dx = -\frac{6}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + \frac{12}{\sqrt[12]{x}} + 2\ln|x| - 24\ln(\sqrt[12]{x}+1) + c.$
71.  $\int \frac{2+\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt[6]{x}+\sqrt[3]{x}+\sqrt{x}+1} dx = \frac{6}{5} \sqrt[6]{x^5} - \frac{3}{2} \sqrt[6]{x^4} + 4\sqrt[6]{x^3} - 6\sqrt[6]{x^2} + 6\sqrt[6]{x} - 9\ln(\sqrt[6]{x}+1) + \frac{3}{2} \ln(\sqrt[6]{x^2}+1) + 3\operatorname{arctg} \sqrt[6]{x} + c.$
72.  $\int \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} \frac{dx}{x^2} = \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{1-x}-\sqrt{1+x}} \right| - \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} + c.$
73.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+x+1}} dx = -\ln|1+2x-2\sqrt{x^2+x+1}| + c.$
74.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{4x^2-2x+1}} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \ln|2\sqrt{4x^2-2x+1}-4x+1| + c.$
75.  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2+3x-2}} dx = 2\operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{2-x}} + c.$
76.  $\int \frac{1}{(x-1)\sqrt{-x^2+1}} dx = -\sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}} + c.$
77.  $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{-x^2+x+2}} dx = -\sqrt{-x^2+x+2} + \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{2-x}} + c.$
78.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{-x^2+2x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{\left(\frac{2-x}{x}\right)^3} + c.$
79.  $\int \frac{1}{(1+x)\sqrt{x-x^2}} dx = \sqrt{2} \cdot \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{\frac{2x}{1-x}} + c.$
80.  $\int \frac{1}{(x-1)\sqrt{-x^2+x+2}} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{x+1}-\sqrt{2(2-x)}}{\sqrt{x+1}+\sqrt{2(2-x)}} \right| + c.$



$$81. \int \frac{3x+2}{\sqrt{x^2+2x+2}} dx = 3\sqrt{x^2+2x+2} - \ln(x+1+\sqrt{x^2+2x+2}) + c.$$

$$82. \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx = \ln \left| \frac{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}-1}{x+\sqrt{x^2+1}+1} \right| + c.$$

## B) Funzioni goniometriche e iperboliche

Calcolare i seguenti integrali di funzioni goniometriche, provando che si ha:

$$1. \int \frac{dx}{4\sin x + 3\cos x + 5} = -\frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} + 2} + c.$$

$$2. \int \frac{dx}{3+5\sin x + 3\cos x} = \frac{1}{5} \ln \left| 5\operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} + 3 \right| + c.$$

$$3. \int \frac{dx}{1-\sin x} = -\frac{2}{\operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} - 1} + c.$$

$$4. \int \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x + 4\sin x \cos x} dx = -\frac{x}{17} + \frac{1}{4} \ln |\sin x| - \frac{1}{68} \ln |\sin x + 4\cos x| + c. \text{ (Porre: } \operatorname{ctg} x = t).$$

$$5. \int \frac{\cos^3 x}{\sin^2 x + \sin x} dx = \ln |\sin x| - \sin x + c.$$

$$6. \int \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos^3 x - \sin^2 x - 1} dx = -\frac{2}{5} \ln |1 - \cos x| + \frac{1}{5} \ln (\cos^2 x + 2\cos x + 2) - \frac{6}{5} \operatorname{arctg}(1 + \cos x) + c.$$

$$7. \int \sin^3 x dx = \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x - \cos x + c.$$

$$8. \int \frac{\cos^5 x}{\sin x} dx = \ln |\sin x| - \sin^2 x + \frac{1}{4} \sin^4 x + c.$$

$$9. \int \sin^2 \frac{x}{4} \cdot \cos^2 \frac{x}{4} dx = \frac{1}{8} x - \frac{1}{8} \sin x + c.$$

$$10. \int \cos^4 x dx = \frac{3}{8} x + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{32} \sin 4x + c.$$

$$11. \int \operatorname{tg}^4 x dx = \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{tg}^3 \frac{x}{2} - 2 \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} + x + c.$$

$$12. \int \operatorname{ctg}^3 3x dx = \frac{1}{6} \operatorname{ctg}^2 3x - \frac{1}{3} \ln |\sin 3x| + c.$$

$$13. \int \sin^6 x dx = \operatorname{tg} x + \frac{2}{3} \operatorname{tg}^3 x + \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{tg}^5 x + c.$$

$$14. \int \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin^4 x} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \operatorname{ctg}^3 x + c.$$

$$15. \int \sec^3 x dx = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tg} x \cdot \sec x + \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \left( \frac{x}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4} \right) \right| + c.$$

$$16. \int \operatorname{ctg}^2 x \cdot \operatorname{cosec} x dx = -\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ctg} x \cdot \operatorname{cosec} x - \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} \right| + c.$$

$$17. \int \operatorname{sen} 3x \cdot \operatorname{sen} x dx = \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{sen} 2x - \frac{1}{8} \operatorname{sen} 4x + c.$$

$$18. \int \cos \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{3} dx = \frac{3}{5} \operatorname{sen} \frac{5}{6} x + 3 \operatorname{sen} \frac{x}{6} + c.$$

$$19. \int \frac{dx}{\operatorname{sen}^2 x + 2 \operatorname{sen} x \cos x - \cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \ln \left| \frac{\operatorname{tg} x + 1 - \sqrt{2}}{\operatorname{tg} x + 1 + \sqrt{2}} \right| + c.$$

$$20. \int \frac{\operatorname{sen} x + \operatorname{sen}^3 x}{\cos 2x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \cos x - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{2}} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{2} \cos x - 1}{\sqrt{2} \cos x + 1} \right| + c.$$

$$21. \int \frac{\cos^3 x + \cos^5 x}{\operatorname{sen}^2 x + \operatorname{sen}^4 x} dx = \operatorname{sen} x - \frac{2}{\operatorname{sen} x} - 6 \operatorname{arctg}(\operatorname{sen} x) + c.$$

$$22. \int \operatorname{sen}^2 x \cos^2 x dx = \frac{1}{8} x - \frac{1}{32} \operatorname{sen} 4x + c.$$

$$23. \int \cos^6 x dx = \frac{5}{16} x + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{sen} 2x + \frac{3}{64} \operatorname{sen} 4x - \frac{1}{48} \operatorname{sen}^3 2x + c.$$

$$24. \int \operatorname{sen}^2 x \cos^4 x dx = \frac{1}{16} x - \frac{1}{64} \operatorname{sen} 4x + \frac{1}{48} \operatorname{sen}^3 2x + c.$$

$$25. \int \operatorname{tg}^7 x dx = \frac{\operatorname{tg}^6 x}{6} - \frac{\operatorname{tg}^4 x}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{tg}^2 x}{2} + \ln |\cos x| + c.$$

$$26. \int \operatorname{ctg}^6 x dx = -\frac{\operatorname{ctg}^5 x}{5} + \frac{\operatorname{ctg}^3 x}{3} - \operatorname{ctg} x - x + c.$$

$$27. \int \operatorname{sen} 2x \cdot \cos 5x dx = -\frac{1}{14} \cos 7x + \frac{1}{6} \cos 3x + c.$$

$$28. \int \operatorname{sen}^5 x dx = -\cos x + \frac{2}{3} \cos^3 x - \frac{\cos^5 x}{5} + c.$$

$$29. \int \cos^4 x \operatorname{sen}^3 x dx = -\frac{1}{5} \cos^5 x + \frac{1}{7} \cos^7 x + c.$$

$$30. \int \frac{\cos^3 x}{\operatorname{sen}^4 x} dx = \operatorname{cosec} x - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{cosec}^3 x + c.$$

$$31. \int \operatorname{sen}^4 x \cos^4 x dx = \frac{1}{128} \left( 3x - \operatorname{sen} 4x + \frac{\operatorname{sen} 8x}{8} \right) + c.$$

Calcolare i seguenti integrali di funzioni iperboliche o di funzioni non iperboliche con sostituzioni iperboliche, provando che è:

$$32. \int \operatorname{ch} x dx = \operatorname{sh} x + c.$$

$$33. \int \operatorname{sh} x dx = \operatorname{ch} x + c.$$

$$34. \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{ch}^2 x} dx = \operatorname{th} x + c.$$

$$35. \int \frac{e^x}{\operatorname{ch} x + \operatorname{sh} x} dx = x + c.$$

36.  $\int (\operatorname{ch}^2 ax + \operatorname{sh}^2 ax) dx = \frac{1}{2a} \operatorname{sh} 2ax + c.$
37.  $\int \operatorname{sh}^2 x dx = \frac{\operatorname{sh} x \cdot \operatorname{ch} x - x}{2} + c.$
38.  $\int \operatorname{th}^2 x dx = x - \operatorname{tg} x + c.$
39.  $\int \operatorname{cth}^2 x dx = x - \operatorname{cth} x + c.$
40.  $\int \operatorname{sh}^3 x dx = \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{ch}^3 x - \operatorname{ch} x + c.$
41.  $\int \operatorname{ch}^3 x dx = \operatorname{sh} x + \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{sh}^3 x + c.$
42.  $\int \operatorname{th}^4 x dx = x - \operatorname{th} x - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{th}^3 x + c.$
43.  $\int \operatorname{sh}^2 x \operatorname{ch}^3 x dx = \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{sh}^3 x + \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{sh}^5 x + c.$
44.  $\int \operatorname{cth}^5 x dx = \ln |\operatorname{sen} x| - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{cth}^2 x - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{cth}^4 x + c.$
45.  $\int \frac{dx}{\operatorname{sh} x \cdot \operatorname{ch} x} = \ln |\operatorname{th} x| + c.$
46.  $\int \frac{dx}{\operatorname{sh} x} = \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} \right| + c.$
47.  $\int \frac{dx}{(1 + \operatorname{ch} x)^2} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{th} \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{6} \operatorname{th}^3 \frac{x}{2} + c.$
48.  $\int \sqrt{\operatorname{th} x} dx = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1 + \sqrt{\operatorname{th} x}}{|1 - \sqrt{\operatorname{th} x}|} + c.$
49.  $\int \frac{x}{\operatorname{ch}^2 x} dx = x \operatorname{th} x - \ln \operatorname{ch} x + c.$
50.  $\int \frac{e^{2x}}{\operatorname{sh}^4 x} dx = c - \frac{e^{3x}}{2 \operatorname{sh}^3 x}.$
51.  $\int \frac{dx}{(x+1)^2 \sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 2}}{x+1} + c.$  [Porre:  $x+1=t$  e poi  $t = \operatorname{sh} z$ ]
52.  $\int x^2 \sqrt{x^2 - 1} dx = -\frac{1}{8} \ln (x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}) + \frac{1}{8} x(2x^2 - 1) \sqrt{x^2 - 1} + c.$
53.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x^2} dx = \ln (x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) - \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x} + c.$
54.  $\int \sqrt{(x^2 - 1)^3} dx = \frac{1}{8} x(2x^2 - 1) \sqrt{x^2 - 1} - \frac{1}{2} x \sqrt{x^2 - 1} + \frac{3}{8} \ln (x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}) + c.$

Calcolare i seguenti integrali indefiniti di funzioni goniometriche, dimostrando che risulta:

55.  $\int \frac{1}{1 + \operatorname{sen}^2 x} \cos x dx = \operatorname{arctg} \operatorname{sen} x + c.$
56.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sen}^5 x}{\cos^3 x} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \cos^2 x + 2 \ln |\cos x| + \frac{1}{2 \cos^2 x} + c.$
57.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sen}^3 x \cos x}{1 - 3 \cos^2 x} dx = \frac{\operatorname{sen}^2 x}{6} + \frac{1}{9} \ln |3 \operatorname{sen}^2 x - 2| + c.$
58.  $\int \frac{2 + \cos x}{\operatorname{sen} x (1 + 2 \cos x)} dx = \ln \left| \frac{\operatorname{sen} x}{1 + 2 \cos x} \right| + c.$
59.  $\int \frac{3 \operatorname{sen}^2 x}{4 - 3 \cos^2 x} dx = x - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg}(2 \operatorname{tg} x) + c.$
60.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sen}^2 x}{1 - \cos^2 x} dx = x - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2 \operatorname{tg} x}{\sqrt{3}} + c.$
61.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{\operatorname{sen}^2 x + 1} dx = \frac{1}{4} \ln (2 \operatorname{tg}^2 x + 1) + c.$



62.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{tg}^3 x + \operatorname{tg} x}{\operatorname{tg} x + 4} dx = \operatorname{tg} x - 4 \ln |\operatorname{tg} x + 4| + c.$
63.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{tg}^2 x + 1}{\operatorname{tg}^2 x - \operatorname{tg} x - 2} dx = \ln \left| \sqrt[3]{\frac{\operatorname{tg} x - 2}{\operatorname{tg} x + 1}} \right| + c.$
64.  $\int \operatorname{sen}^3 x \cos^2 x dx = \frac{1}{15} \cos^3 x (3 \cos^2 x - 5) + c.$
65.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sen}^3 x}{\cos^4 x} dx = \frac{1}{3 \cos^3 x} - \frac{1}{\cos x} + c.$
66.  $\int \frac{dx}{\cos x \cdot \operatorname{sen}^3 x} = \ln |\operatorname{tg} x| - \frac{1}{2 \operatorname{sen}^2 x} + c.$
67.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sen}^4 x}{\cos^2 x} dx = \operatorname{tg} x + \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{sen} 2x - \frac{3}{2} x + c.$
68.  $\int \frac{dx}{\cos^3 x \cdot \operatorname{sen}^3 x} = \frac{1}{2} (\operatorname{tg}^2 x - \operatorname{ctg}^2 x) + 2 \ln |\operatorname{tg} x| + c.$
69.  $\int \frac{dx}{\operatorname{sen}^4 x \cos^4 x} = \frac{(\operatorname{tg}^2 x - 1)(\operatorname{tg}^4 x + 10 \operatorname{tg}^2 x + 1)}{3 \operatorname{tg}^3 x} + c.$
70.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sen} x}{(1 - \cos x)^2} dx = \frac{1}{\cos x - 1} + c.$
71.  $\int \frac{\cos x}{(1 - \cos x)^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ctg} \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{6} \operatorname{ctg}^3 \frac{x}{2} + c.$
72.  $\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg}^3 x} dx = x - \frac{1}{7} \operatorname{ctg}^7 x + \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{ctg}^5 x - \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{ctg}^3 x + \operatorname{ctg} x + c.$
73.  $\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{sen}^3 x} dx = c - \frac{\cos x}{2 \operatorname{sen}^2 x} + \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} \right| + c.$
74.  $\int \frac{\cos^4 x + \operatorname{sen}^4 x}{\cos^2 x - \operatorname{sen}^2 x} dx = \frac{1}{4} \ln \left| \frac{1 + \operatorname{tg} x}{1 - \operatorname{tg} x} \right| + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sen} x \cos x + c.$
75.  $\int \frac{dx}{(\operatorname{sen} x + \cos x)^2} = c - \frac{1}{1 + \operatorname{tg} x}.$
76.  $\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{sen} x + \cos x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \left( \frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{x}{2} \right) \right| + c.$
77.  $\int \frac{1}{a \cos x + b \operatorname{sen} x} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \frac{x + \operatorname{arctg} \frac{a}{b}}{2} \right| + c.$
78.  $\int \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg} x \cos 2x} dx = \ln \left| \frac{c \operatorname{sen} x}{\sqrt{\cos 2x}} \right|.$
79.  $\int \frac{\cos^2 x}{\operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos 3x} dx = \ln \frac{|c \operatorname{sen} x|}{\sqrt{1 - 4 \operatorname{sen}^2 x}}.$
80.  $\int \frac{dx}{1 + \operatorname{tg} x} = \frac{1}{2} (x + \ln |\operatorname{sen} x + \cos x|) + c.$

$$81. \int \frac{1}{3\operatorname{sen}x - 4\cos x} dx = \frac{1}{5} \ln \left| \frac{2\operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} - 1}{\operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} + 2} \right| + c.$$

$$82. \int \frac{1 - \cos x}{1 + \cos x} dx = 2\operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} - x + c.$$

$$83. \int \frac{1}{3 + \cos x - 3\operatorname{sen}x} dx = \ln \left| \frac{\operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} - 2}{\operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} - 1} \right| + c.$$

$$84. \int \frac{5 + \cos x}{(5 + 3\cos x)\cos x} dx = \ln \left| \frac{1 + \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2}}{1 - \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2}} \right| - \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} \right) + c.$$

$$85. \int \frac{1}{\cos x} dx = -\ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \left( \frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{x}{2} \right) \right| + c.$$

$$86. \int \frac{dx}{5 - 4\operatorname{sen}x + 3\cos x} = \frac{1}{2 - \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2}} + c.$$

$$87. \int \frac{dx}{4 - 3\cos^2 x + 5\operatorname{sen}^2 x} = \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{arctg}(3\operatorname{tg}x) + c.$$

$$88. \int \frac{dx}{1 + \operatorname{sen}^2 x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{arctg}(\sqrt{2}\operatorname{tg}x) + c.$$

$$89. \int \frac{dx}{1 - \operatorname{sen}^4 x} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{tg}x + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{arctg}(\sqrt{2}\operatorname{tg}x) + c.$$

$$90. \int \frac{dx}{a^2 \operatorname{sen}^2 x + b^2 \cos^2 x} = \frac{1}{ab} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{a\operatorname{tg}x}{b} + c.$$

$$91. \int \frac{dx}{\operatorname{sen}^2 x + \operatorname{tg}^2 x} = c - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \operatorname{ctg}x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{\operatorname{tg}x}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right].$$

$$92. \int \frac{\cos x}{\operatorname{sen}^3 x - \cos^3 x} dx = \ln \frac{|\sqrt[3]{\operatorname{tg}x - 1}|}{\sqrt[6]{\operatorname{tg}^2 x + \operatorname{tg}x + 1}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2\operatorname{tg}x + 1}{\sqrt{3}} + c.$$

$$93. \int \sqrt{1 + \operatorname{sen}x} dx = \begin{cases} 2 \left( \operatorname{sen} \frac{x}{2} - \cos \frac{x}{2} \right) + c, & \text{per tutti gli } x \text{ per cui: } \operatorname{sen} \frac{x}{2} + \cos \frac{x}{2} \geq 0, \\ -2 \left( \operatorname{sen} \frac{x}{2} - \cos \frac{x}{2} \right) + c, & \text{per tutti gli } x \text{ per cui: } \operatorname{sen} \frac{x}{2} + \cos \frac{x}{2} \leq 0. \end{cases}$$

$$94. \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{tg}x}}{\operatorname{sen}x \cos x} dx = 2\sqrt{\operatorname{tg}x} + c.$$

$$95. \int \frac{\sqrt{\operatorname{sen}^3 2x}}{\operatorname{sen}^5 x} dx = c - \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{5} \sqrt{\operatorname{ctg}^5 x}, \text{ (porre: } t = \operatorname{ctg}x \text{)}.$$

96.  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt[4]{\sin^3 x \cos^5 x}} = 4 \sqrt[4]{\tan x} + c.$
97.  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1 - \sin^4 x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \ln(\sqrt{2} \tan x + \sqrt{1 + 2 \tan^2 x}) + c.$
98.  $\int \frac{dx}{5 - 3 \cos x} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg}\left(2 \tan \frac{x}{2}\right) + c.$
99.  $\int \frac{dx}{5 + 4 \sin x} = \frac{2}{3} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{5 \tan \frac{x}{2} + 4}{3} + c.$
100.  $\int \frac{2 - \sin x}{2 + \cos x} dx = \ln(2 + \cos x) + \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{arctg}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \tan \frac{x}{2}\right) + c.$
101.  $\int \frac{\sin^2 x}{1 - \tan x} dx = \frac{\cos x (\cos x - \sin x)}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \ln |\cos x - \sin x| + c.$
102.  $\int \frac{dx}{4 + \tan x + 4 \cot x} = \frac{4}{25} x - \frac{3}{25} \ln |\tan x + 2| + \frac{5}{5(\tan x + 2)} - \frac{3}{25} \ln |\cos x| + c.$
103.  $\int \frac{dx}{(\sin x + 2 \sec x)^2} = \frac{\cos 2x - 15}{15(4 + \sin 2x)} + \frac{4}{15\sqrt{15}} \arcsen \frac{4 \sin 2x + 1}{4 + \sin 2x} + c.$
104.  $\int \sqrt{1 + \operatorname{cosec} x} dx = 2 \arcsen \sqrt{\sin x} + c.$
105.  $\int \frac{\cos 2x - 3}{\cos^4 x \sqrt{4 - \cot^2 x}} dx = c - \frac{1}{3} \tan x (2 + \tan^2 x) \sqrt{4 - \cot^2 x}.$
106.  $\int \frac{dx}{\sin \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{\cos^3 \frac{x}{2}}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{\cos \frac{x}{2}}} + 2 \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{\cos \frac{x}{2}} - \ln \frac{1 + \sqrt{\cos \frac{x}{2}}}{1 - \sqrt{\cos \frac{x}{2}}} + c.$
107.  $\int \sqrt{\tan x} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [\ln(\sin x + \cos x - \sqrt{\sin 2x}) + \arcsen(\sin x - \cos x)] + c.$

## Esercizi di riepilogo

Calcolare i seguenti integrali dimostrando che si ha:

- $\int \sin^2 x \cos 3x dx = -\frac{1}{6} \cos 3x + \frac{1}{20} \cos 5x + \frac{1}{4} \cos x + c.$
- $\int (2x^2 - 2x + 1)e^{-\frac{x}{2}} dx = -2(2x^2 + 6x + 13)e^{-\frac{x}{2}} + c.$
- $\int \frac{\ln x}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4x^2} (2 \ln x + 1) + c.$
- $\int \frac{x^2 - 2}{x^2 + 1} \cdot \operatorname{arctg} x dx = x \cdot \operatorname{arctg} x - \frac{3}{2} (\operatorname{arctg} x)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \ln(1 + x^2) + c.$

5.  $\int (2x^2 - 1)\cos 2x dx = (x^2 - 1)\sin 2x + x\cos 2x + c.$
6.  $\int x \ln^2 x dx = \frac{1}{4} x^2 (2\ln^2 x - 2\ln x + 1) + c$
7.  $\int \frac{2e^{2x} - e^x - 3}{e^{2x} - 2e^x - 3} dx = x + \ln |e^x - 3| + c.$
8.  $\int \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{x} dx = (x + 1)\operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} + c.$
9.  $\int \sqrt{2^x - 1} dx = \frac{2}{\ln 2} \left( \sqrt{2^x - 1} - \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{2^x - 1} \right) + c.$
10.  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt[4]{1+x^4}} = \frac{1}{4} \ln \left| \frac{t+1}{t-1} \right| - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg} t + c, \text{ con } t^4 = 1+x^4.$
11.  $\int \sqrt{6+4x-2x^2} dx = \sqrt{2} \left( \frac{x-1}{2} \sqrt{3+2x-x^2} + 2\operatorname{arcsen} \frac{x-1}{2} \right) + c.$
12.  $\int e^x \sin(e^x) dx = \sin(e^x) - e^x \cos(e^x) + c.$
13.  $\int \frac{dx}{\cos^2 x \sqrt{2+5\operatorname{tg}^2 x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} x + \sqrt{\operatorname{tg}^2 x + \frac{2}{5}} \right| + c.$
14.  $\int \sin 2x \cdot \ln \cos x dx = \frac{1}{2} \cos^2 x (1 - 2\ln \cos x) + c.$
15.  $\int (x+2)\cos(x^2+4x+1) dx = \frac{1}{2} \sin(x^2+4x+1) + c.$
16.  $\int \frac{x \cos x}{\sin^3 x} dx = -\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x}{\sin^2 x} + \operatorname{ctg} x \right) + c.$
17.  $\int \frac{x e^x}{\sqrt{1+e^x}} dx = 2(x-2)\sqrt{1+e^x} - 2\ln \frac{\sqrt{1+e^x}-1}{\sqrt{1+e^x}+1} + c.$
18.  $\int \ln(x^2+x) dx = x \ln(x^2+x) + \ln |x+1| - x + c.$
19.  $\int \frac{dx}{x^4+x^2} = -\frac{1}{x} - \operatorname{arctg} x + c.$
20.  $\int \cos(\ln x) dx = \frac{x}{2} (\cos \ln x + \sin \ln x) + c.$
21.  $\int \frac{1+\sqrt[6]{x}}{(\sqrt[3]{x}-\sqrt[4]{x})\sqrt[4]{x^3}} dx = 12 \left[ \sqrt[12]{x} + \ln \frac{(\sqrt[12]{x}-1)^2}{\sqrt[12]{x}} \right] + c.$
22.  $\int \frac{dx}{a^2 \cos^2 x + b^2 \sin^2 x} = \frac{1}{ab} \operatorname{arctg} \left( \frac{b}{a} \operatorname{tg} x \right) + c.$
23.  $\int \frac{e^x}{e^{2x}-7e^x+10} dx = \frac{1}{3} \ln \left| \frac{e^x-5}{e^x-2} \right| + c.$
24.  $\int \frac{x}{x^3+1} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \ln |x+1| + \frac{1}{6} \ln(x^2-x+1) + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} + c.$

25.  $\int \frac{x^4 + 4x^3 + 11x^2 + 12x + 8}{(x^2 + 2x + 3)^2(x + 1)} dx = \ln|x + 1| - \frac{x + 2}{2(x^2 + 2x + 3)} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{x + 1}{\sqrt{2}} + c.$
26.  $\int \frac{x + \sqrt[3]{x^2} + \sqrt{x}}{x(1 + \sqrt[3]{x})} dx = \frac{3}{2} x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6 \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt[6]{x} + c.$
27.  $\int \frac{(2x - 3)^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(2x - 3)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1} dx = \frac{3}{7} t^7 - \frac{3}{5} t^5 + t^3 - 3t + 2 \operatorname{arctg} t + c, \text{ con } t^6 = 2x - 3.$
28.  $\int \frac{2}{(2 - x)^2} \sqrt[3]{\frac{2 - x}{2 + x}} dx = \frac{3}{4} \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{2 + x}{2 - x}\right)^2} + c.$
29.  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt[4]{(x - 1)^3(x + 2)^5}} = \frac{4}{3} \sqrt[4]{\frac{x - 1}{x + 2}} + c.$
30.  $\int \frac{dx}{x + \sqrt{x^2 - x + 1}} = 2 \ln|t| - \frac{1}{2} \ln|t - 1| + \frac{3}{t + 1} - \frac{3}{2} \ln|t + 1| + c, \text{ con } t = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - x + 1} + 1}{x}.$
31.  $\int \frac{x dx}{(\sqrt{7x - 10 - x^2})^3} = -\frac{2}{9} \left(-\frac{5}{t} + 2t\right) + c, \text{ con } t = \frac{\sqrt{7x - 10 - x^2}}{x - 2}.$
32.  $\int \frac{x + 3}{\sqrt{4x^2 + 4x - 3}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{4x^2 + 4x - 3} + \frac{5}{4} \ln|2x + 1 + \sqrt{4x^2 + 4x - 3}| + c.$
33.  $\int x^{-11}(1 + x^4)^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx = -\frac{1}{10x^{10}} \sqrt{(1 + x^4)^5} + \frac{1}{3x^6} \sqrt{(1 + x^4)^3} - \frac{1}{2x^2} \sqrt{1 + x^4} + c.$
34.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sen}^3 x}{\sqrt[3]{\cos^2 x}} dx = 3 \sqrt[3]{\cos x} \left(\frac{1}{7} \cos^2 x - 1\right) + c.$
35.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sen}^2 x}{\cos^6 x} dx = \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{tg}^3 x + \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{tg}^5 x + c.$
36.  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt[3]{\operatorname{sen}^{11} x \cos x}} = -\frac{3(1 + 4 \operatorname{tg}^2 x)}{8 \operatorname{tg}^2 x \sqrt[3]{\operatorname{tg}^2 x}} + c.$
37.  $\int \frac{dx}{\operatorname{sen} x(2 + \cos x - 2 \operatorname{sen} x)} = \frac{1}{3} \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} \right| + \frac{5}{3} \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} - 3 \right| - \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} - 1 \right| + c.$
38.  $\int \frac{dx}{\operatorname{sen} x(2 \cos^2 x - 1)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \ln \left| \frac{1 + \sqrt{2} \cos x}{1 - \sqrt{2} \cos x} \right| + \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} \right| + c.$
39.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sen}^2 x \cos x}{\operatorname{sen} x + \cos x} dx = \frac{1}{4} \ln|\operatorname{sen} x + \cos x| - \frac{1}{4} \cos x(\operatorname{sen} x + \cos x) + c.$
40.  $\int \frac{2 \operatorname{tg} x + 3}{\operatorname{sen}^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x} dx = \ln(\operatorname{tg}^2 x + 2) + \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{\sqrt{2}} + c.$
41.  $\int \frac{dx}{(1 + \sqrt{x})\sqrt{x - x^2}} = \frac{2(\sqrt{x} - 1)}{\sqrt{1 - x}} + c.$
42.  $\int \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{1 - x}} dx = 4\sqrt{1 - x} + 2 \ln(2 - x - 2\sqrt{1 - x}) - 2(1 + \sqrt{1 - x}) \ln x + c.$
43.  $\int \frac{e^x}{(1 + e^{2x})^2} dx = \frac{e^x}{2(1 + e^{2x})} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg} e^x + c.$



44.  $\int e^{-x} \ln(e^x + 1) dx = -e^{-x} \ln(1 + e^x) + x - \ln(1 + e^x) + c.$
45.  $\int \frac{e^{\alpha \operatorname{arctg} x}}{(1+x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx = e^{\alpha t} \frac{\alpha \cos t + \sin t}{\alpha^2 + 1} + c, \text{ con } t = \operatorname{arctg} x.$
46.  $\int \frac{x \operatorname{arctg} x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx = \sqrt{1+x^2} \operatorname{arctg} x - \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) + c.$
47.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sh} 2x + 2 \operatorname{ch} x}{\operatorname{ch}^2 x + \operatorname{sh} x - \frac{1}{2}} dx = \ln \left| t^2 + t + \frac{1}{2} \right| + 2 \operatorname{arctg} \frac{t + \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{1}{2}} + c, \text{ con } t = \operatorname{sh} x.$
48.  $\int \operatorname{sen} 2x \cdot \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{1 - \operatorname{sen} x} dx = \operatorname{arctg} t (t^4 - 2t^2 - 3) - \frac{t^3}{3} + 3t + c, \text{ con } t^2 = 1 - \operatorname{sen} x.$

Calcolare i seguenti integrali indefiniti<sup>(1)</sup>:

49.  $\int \frac{x^3}{(x-1)^{12}} dx.$
50.  $\int \frac{x}{x - \sqrt{x^2 - 1}} dx.$
51.  $\int x \sqrt[3]{a+x} dx.$
52.  $\int \frac{dx}{ae^{mx} + be^{-mx}}.$
53.  $\int \frac{x\sqrt{1+x}}{\sqrt{1-x}} dx.$
54.  $\int \frac{x^4}{(x^2-1)(x+2)} dx.$
55.  $\int \frac{dx}{1-x^4}.$
56.  $\int \frac{dx}{(x^4-1)^2}.$
57.  $\int \frac{\ln(x+1)}{\sqrt{x+1}} dx.$
58.  $\int (x^2 + 3x + 5) \cos 2x dx.$
59.  $\int x^2 \operatorname{sh} x dx.$
60.  $\int \operatorname{arctg}(1 + \sqrt{x}) dx.$
61.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{arcsen} x}{x^2} dx.$
62.  $\int e^{\frac{3}{\sqrt{x}}} dx.$
63.  $\int x e^{\frac{3}{\sqrt{x}}} dx.$
64.  $\int (x^3 - 2x^2 + 5) e^{3x} dx.$
65.  $\int \sin \sqrt{x} dx.$
66.  $\int \frac{dx}{x^3(x-1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$
67.  $\int \frac{dx}{x - \sqrt{x^2 - 1}}$
68.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{(1+x^2)^5}}{x^6} dx.$
69.  $\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} dx.$
70.  $\int \sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt[3]{x}}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}}} \frac{dx}{x}.$
71.  $\int \frac{dx}{x^3 \sqrt{(1+x)^3}}.$
72.  $\int \frac{\sqrt{2x+1}}{x^2} dx.$
73.  $\int \frac{x^4}{x^{15}-1} dx.$
74.  $\int \frac{dx}{\operatorname{sen} 2x - 2 \operatorname{sen} x}.$
75.  $\int \frac{dx}{1 + \cos^2 x}.$
76.  $\int \frac{dx}{a^2 - b^2 \cos^2 x}.$
77.  $\int x \ln(1+x^3) dx.$
78.  $\int \frac{\ln x - 1}{\ln^2 x} dx.$
79.  $\int \frac{x \ln x}{\sqrt{(x^2-1)^3}} dx.$
80.  $\int x^e e^x \cos x dx.$
81.  $\int x e^{x^2} (x^2 + 1) dx.$
82.  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{\operatorname{sen}^3 x \cos^5 x}}.$
83.  $\int \frac{dx}{\operatorname{sen}^5 x \cos^5 x}.$
84.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{sen} 2x dx}{\cos^4 x + \operatorname{sen}^4 x}$

<sup>(1)</sup> Il risultato si trova alla fine del gruppo di esercizi.

85.  $\int \frac{dx}{1 + \operatorname{sen} x + \cos x}.$  86.  $\int \sqrt{\operatorname{tg}^2 x + 2} dx.$  87.  $\int \frac{(x^2 - 1)}{x\sqrt{x^4 + 3x^2 + 1}} dx.$
88.  $\int \frac{dx}{(2x - 3)\sqrt{4x - x^2}}.$  89.  $\int \frac{xe^x}{(1 + x)^2} dx.$  90.  $\int \frac{xe^x}{\sqrt{1 + e^x}} dx.$
91.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{arctg} x}{x^4} dx.$  92.  $\int \frac{x \operatorname{arctg} x}{(1 + x^2)^2} dx.$  93.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{arctg} x}{(1 + x)^3} dx.$
94.  $\int \frac{dx}{(1 - 2^x)^4}.$  95.  $\int \frac{(e^{3x} + e^x)}{e^{4x} - e^{2x} + 1} dx.$  96.  $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1 + e^x + e^{2x}}}.$
97.  $\int \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{1 + \operatorname{tg} x + \operatorname{tg}^2 x} dx.$  98.  $\int \operatorname{sen}^8 x dx.$  99.  $\int \frac{(3 + x^2)^2 x^3}{(1 + x^2)^3} dx.$
100.  $\int \frac{x^2 - 8x + 7}{(x^2 - 3x - 10)^2} dx.$  101.  $\int \frac{dx}{\operatorname{sen}^4 x + \cos^4 x}.$  102.  $\int \frac{x + \operatorname{sen} x}{1 + \cos x} dx.$
103.  $\int \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1} \cdot \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1 + x^4}}.$  104.  $\int e^{\operatorname{sen} x} \frac{x \cos^3 x - \operatorname{sen} x}{\cos^2 x} dx.$

### Risultati

49.  $c - \frac{1}{8(x-1)^8} - \frac{1}{3(x-1)^9} - \frac{3}{10(x-1)^{10}} - \frac{1}{11(x-1)^{11}}.$  50.  $\frac{1}{3} \left[ x^3 + \sqrt{(x^2 - 1)^3} \right] + c,$
51.  $\frac{3(4x - 3a) \sqrt[3]{(a+x)^4}}{28} + c.$  52.  $\frac{1}{m\sqrt{ab}} \operatorname{arctg} \left( e^{mx} \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} \right) + c.$  53.  $\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arcsen} x - \frac{x+2}{2} \sqrt{1-x^2} + c.$
54.  $\frac{x^2}{2} - 2x + \frac{1}{6} \ln \frac{|x-1|(x+2)^{32}}{|x+1|^3} + c.$  55.  $\frac{1}{4} \ln \left| \frac{1+x}{1-x} \right| + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{arctg} x + c.$
56.  $\frac{3}{8} \operatorname{arctg} x - \frac{x}{4(x^4 - 1)} - \frac{3}{16} \ln \left| \frac{x-1}{x+1} \right| + c.$  57.  $2\sqrt{x+1}(\ln|x+1| - 2) + c.$
58.  $\left( \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{4} \right) \cos 2x + \left( \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{9}{4} \right) \operatorname{sen} 2x + c.$  59.  $x^2 \operatorname{ch} x - 2x \operatorname{sh} x + 2 \operatorname{ch} x + c.$
60.  $x \operatorname{arctg}(1 + \sqrt{x}) - \sqrt{x} + \ln|x + 2\sqrt{x} + 2| + c.$  61.  $\ln \left| \frac{1 - \sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right| - \frac{\operatorname{arcsen} x}{x} + c.$
62.  $3e^{\frac{3}{2}x} (\sqrt[3]{x^2} - 2\sqrt[3]{x} + 2) + c$  63.  $3e^{\frac{3}{2}x} (\sqrt[3]{x^5} - 5\sqrt[3]{x^4} + 20x - 60\sqrt[3]{x^2} + 120\sqrt[3]{x} - 120) + c.$
64.  $e^{3x} \left( \frac{1}{3}x^3 - x^2 + \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{13}{9} \right) + c.$  65.  $2(\operatorname{sen}\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x} \cos\sqrt{x}) + c.$
66.  $\frac{\sqrt{x-1}(3x+2)}{4x^2} + \frac{3}{4} \operatorname{arctg}\sqrt{x-1} + c.$  67.  $\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x}{2} \sqrt{x^2-1} - \frac{1}{2} \ln|x + \sqrt{x^2-1}| + c.$
68.  $\ln(x + \sqrt{1+x^2}) - \frac{\sqrt{(1+x^2)^5}}{5x^5} - \frac{\sqrt{(1+x^2)^3}}{3x^3} - \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{x} + c.$
69.  $\left( \frac{1}{4}x^3 - \frac{3}{8}x \right) \sqrt{x^2+1} + \frac{3}{8} \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2+1}) + c.$  70.  $3[\ln|u| - \ln(1 + \sqrt{1-u^2}) - \operatorname{arcsen} u] + c, \text{ con } u = \sqrt[3]{x}.$

71.  $\frac{15x^2+5x-2}{4x^2\sqrt{1+x}} + \frac{15}{8} \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{1+x}-1}{\sqrt{1+x}+1} \right| + c$ . 72.  $c - \frac{\sqrt{2x+1}}{x} + \ln \left| \frac{\sqrt{2x+1}-1}{\sqrt{2x+1}+1} \right|$ .
73.  $\frac{1}{15} \left[ \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{(z-1)^2}{z^2+z+1} - \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2z+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right] + c$ , con  $z = x^5$ . 74.  $c - \frac{1}{4} \ln \left| \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} \right| + \frac{1}{8 \operatorname{sen}^2 \frac{x}{2}}$ .
75.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{\sqrt{2}} + c$ . 76.  $\frac{2}{b^2 \operatorname{sen} 2\alpha} \ln \left| \frac{\operatorname{sen}(\alpha-x)}{\operatorname{sen}(\alpha+x)} \right| + c$ , con  $\alpha = \arccos \frac{a}{b}$ , se  $a^2 < b^2$ ;  
 $\frac{1}{a^2 \operatorname{sen} \alpha} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{\operatorname{sen} \alpha} + c$ , con  $\alpha = \arccos \frac{b}{a}$ , se  $a^2 > b^2$ .
77.  $\frac{1}{2} x^2 \ln(1+x^3) - \frac{3}{4} x^2 + \frac{1}{4} \ln(x^2-x+1) - \frac{1}{2} \ln(x+1) + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} + c$ . 78.  $\frac{x}{\ln x} + c$ .
79.  $\operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{x^2-1} - \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{x^2-1}} + c$ . 80.  $\frac{1}{2} e^x [(x^2-1)\cos x + (x-1)^2 \operatorname{sen} x] + c$ . 81.  $\frac{x^2 e^{x^2}}{2} + c$ .
82.  $\frac{2}{3} \frac{\operatorname{tg}^2 x - 3}{\sqrt{\operatorname{tg} x}} + c$ . 83.  $\frac{1}{4} (\operatorname{tg}^4 x - \operatorname{ctg}^4 x) + 2(\operatorname{tg}^2 x - \operatorname{ctg}^2 x) + 6 \ln |\operatorname{tg} x| + c$ . 84.  $\operatorname{arctg}(\operatorname{tg}^2 x) + c$ .
85.  $\ln \left| 1 + \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} \right| + c$ . 86.  $\operatorname{arctg} \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{\sqrt{2+\operatorname{tg}^2 x}} + \ln(\sqrt{2+\operatorname{tg}^2 x} + \operatorname{tg} x) + c$ . 87.  $\ln \frac{x^2+1+\sqrt{x^4+3x^2+1}}{x} + c$ .
88.  $c - \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}} \ln \left| \frac{x+6+\sqrt{60x-15x^2}}{2x-3} \right|$ . 89.  $\frac{e^x}{1+x} + c$ . 90.  $2x\sqrt{1+e^x} - 4\sqrt{1+e^x} - 2 \ln \frac{\sqrt{1+e^x}-1}{\sqrt{1+e^x}+1} + c$ .
91.  $\frac{1}{6} \ln \frac{1+x^2}{x^2} - \frac{\operatorname{arctg} x}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{6x^2} + c$ . 92.  $c - \frac{\operatorname{arctg} x}{2(1+x^2)} + \frac{\operatorname{arctg} x}{4} + \frac{x}{4(1+x)^2}$ .
93.  $\frac{1}{4} \ln \frac{|x+1|}{\sqrt{x^2+1}} - \frac{\operatorname{arctg} x}{2(x+1)^2} - \frac{1}{4(x+1)} + c$ .
94.  $x - \log_2 |1-2^x| + \frac{1}{\ln 2} \left[ \frac{1}{1-2^x} + \frac{1}{2(1-2^x)^2} + \frac{1}{3(1-2^x)^3} \right] + c$ . 95.  $\operatorname{arctg}(e^x - e^{-x}) + c$ .
96.  $\ln \frac{1+e^x-\sqrt{1+e^x+e^{2x}}}{1-e^x+\sqrt{1+e^x+e^{2x}}} + c$ . 97.  $x - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{1+2\operatorname{tg} x}{\sqrt{3}} + c$ .
98.  $\frac{35}{128} x - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{sen} 2x + \frac{7}{128} \operatorname{sen} 4x + \frac{1}{24} \operatorname{sen}^3 2x + \frac{1}{1024} \operatorname{sen} 8x + c$ .
99.  $\frac{1}{2} x^2 + \frac{3}{2} \ln(1+x^2) + \frac{1}{(1+x^2)^2} + c$ . 100.  $\frac{8}{49(x-5)} - \frac{27}{49(x+2)} + \frac{30}{343} \ln \left| \frac{x-5}{x+2} \right| + c$ .
101.  $c - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \operatorname{arctg}(\sqrt{2} \operatorname{ctg} 2x)$ . 102.  $x \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2} + c$ . 103.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \arccos \frac{x\sqrt{2}}{x^2+1} + c$ .  
 (Dividere numeratore e denominatore per  $x^2$  e porre:  $x + \frac{1}{x} = t$ ). 104.  $e^{\operatorname{sen} x}(x - \sec x) + c$ .