

LAB 23: QUARKUS MONITOR TRACE

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Github Repo: <https://github.com/joedayz/quarkus-bcp-2025.git>

Abre el proyecto **monitor-trace**

Instructions

- ▶ 1. Review the source code of the Quarkus Calculator application. The source code is in the `~/D0378/monitor-trace/` directory. Use VSCode to open the directory as a new Quarkus application.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ codium ~/D0378/monitor-trace
```

The Quarkus calculator application contains three microservices.

solver

Evaluates a given expression. It returns the value if the value is a decimal number, or defers the sum and multiplication expressions to the corresponding services.

adder

Gets two equations and returns the sum of their results. Relies on the `solver` microservices to solve both sides of the sum.

multiplier

Gets two equations and returns the product of their results. Relies on the `solver` microservices to solve both sides of the multiplication.

The three microservices expose their own REST API. A single client call to solve an equation could result in multiple calls between these microservices.

- ▶ 2. Add the `quarkus-smallrye-opentracing` extension to all three services to enable tracing.

- 2.1. Inspect the `~/D0378/monitor-trace/add-tracing.sh` script. This script adds the `quarkus-smallrye-opentracing` Quarkus extension to each of the microservices.

```
...output omitted...
echo "Adding tracing extension to the 'solver' project "
cd solver
mvn quarkus:add-extension -Dextension=smallrye-opentracing
...output omitted...
```

- 2.2. Run the `~/D0378/monitor-trace/add-tracing.sh` script.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ sh ~/D0378/monitor-trace/add-tracing.sh
Adding tracing extension to the 'solver' project
...output omitted...
Extension io.quarkus:quarkus-smallrye-opentracing has been installed
...output omitted...
[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
...output omitted...
```

► 3. Start a local instance of Jaeger by using podman.

- 3.1. Inspect the `~/D0378/monitor-trace/jaeger.sh` script, which starts Jaeger in a container.
- 3.2. In a new terminal on the workstation VM, start the Jaeger container by using the `jaeger.sh` script.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ sh ~/D0378/monitor-trace/jaeger.sh
Starting the all-in-one Jaeger container
...output omitted...
"Starting jaeger-collector HTTP server","http host-port":":14268"}
...output omitted...
"Query server started","port":16686,"addr":":16686"}
"Health Check state change","status":"ready"}
...output omitted...
```

► 4. Configure the adder service to send tracing information to Jaeger.

- 4.1. Edit the `~/D0378/monitor-trace/adder/src/main/resources/application.properties` file, and add the following properties.

```
quarkus.jaeger.service-name=adder
quarkus.jaeger.sampler-type=const
quarkus.jaeger.sampler-param=1
quarkus.log.console.format=%d{HH:mm:ss} %-5p traceId=%X{traceId}, spanId=%X{spanId}, sampled=%X{sampled} [%c{2.}] (%t) %s%n
quarkus.jaeger.endpoint=http://localhost:14268/api/traces
quarkus.jaeger.propagation=b3
quarkus.jaeger.reporter-log-spans=true
```

The `quarkus.jaeger.endpoint` property configures the URL of the Jaeger collector, which gathers tracing data from the microservices.

**Important**

Verify that the preceding properties do not contain trailing spaces. Otherwise, the application might not be able to send traces to Jaeger.

- 4.2. Verify that the same configuration exists in the `multiplier` and `solver` projects.

**Important**

The value of the `quarkus.jaeger.service-name` property must be unique. This value identifies and labels the traces in the Jaeger web console.

- ▶ 5. Start the three microservices.

Inspect and run the `~/D0378/monitor-trace/start.sh` script in a new terminal on the workstation VM.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ sh ~/D0378/monitor-trace/start.sh
Starting the 'solver' project
...output omitted...
Starting the 'adder' project
...output omitted...
Starting the 'multiplier' project
...output omitted...
Press enter to Terminate
...output omitted...
```

- ▶ 6. Capture traces by invoking the REST endpoints exposed by the microservices. Use the Jaeger web console to visualize the traces and execution timing.

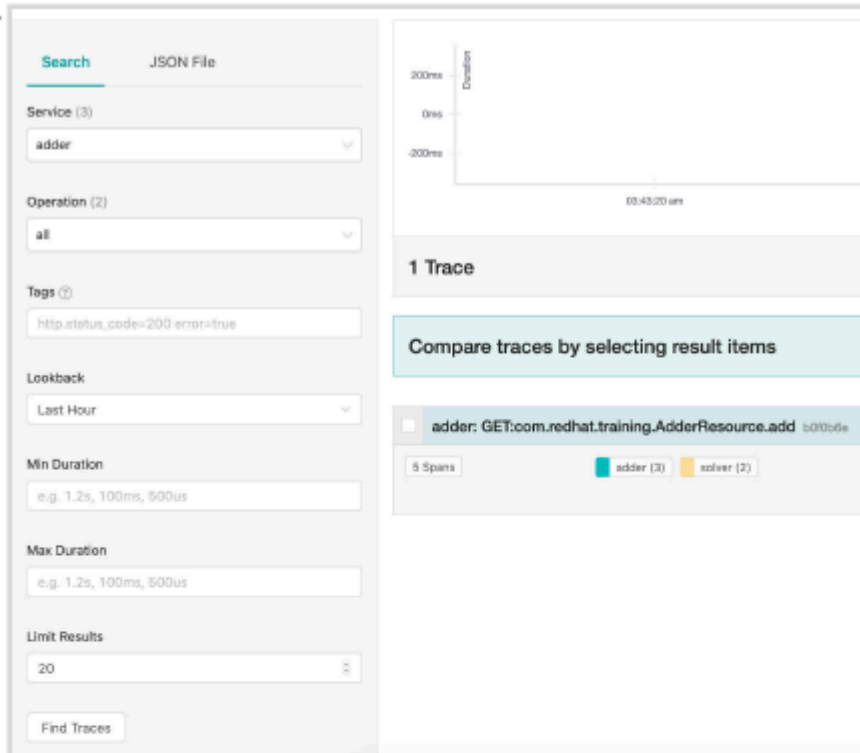
- 6.1. On the workstation VM, navigate to the Jaeger web console at `http://localhost:16686` in a web browser. You should not see any traces because you have not invoked any endpoint in the application.

- 6.2. Open a new terminal on the workstation VM, and invoke the endpoint for the `adder` microservice.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ curl "http://localhost:8081/adder/5/3"; echo
8.0
```

- 6.3. Refresh the Jaeger web console. Select the `adder` service from the Service field in the Search panel on the left. Click Find Traces to view the trace.

1



Search JSON File

Service (3)
adder

Operation (2)
all

Tags
http.status_code=200 error=true

Lookback
Last Hour

Min Duration
e.g. 1.2s, 100ms, 500us

Max Duration
e.g. 1.2s, 100ms, 500us

Limit Results
20

Find Traces

Duration
200ms
0ms
-200ms

00:43:20 am

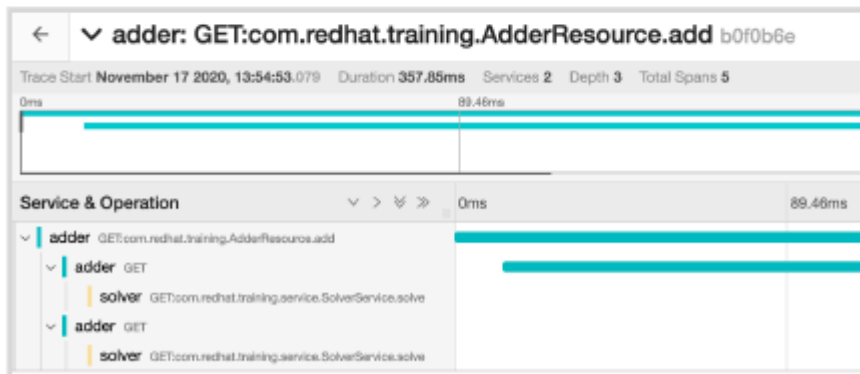
1 Trace

Compare traces by selecting result items

adder: GET:com.redhat.training.AdderResource.add b0f0b6e

5 Spans
adder (3) solver (2)

- 6.4. Click the `adder:GET:com.redhat.training.AdderResource.add` trace to view the details of the trace.



← adder: GET:com.redhat.training.AdderResource.add b0f0b6e

Trace Start November 17 2020, 13:54:53.079 Duration 357.85ms Services 2 Depth 3 Total Spans 5

0ms 89.46ms

Service & Operation

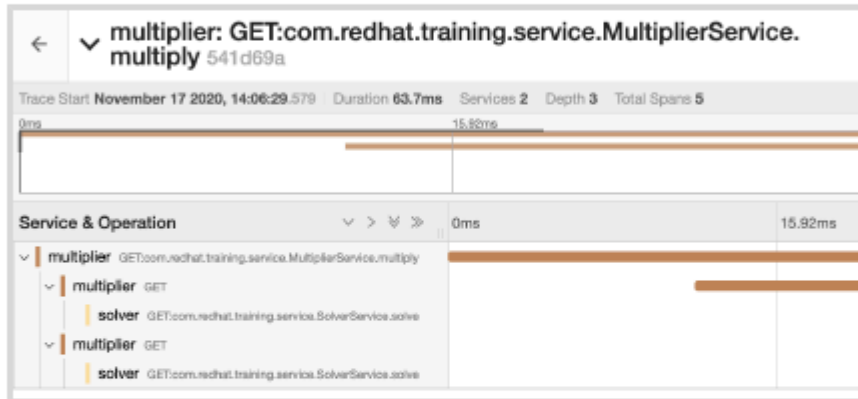
- adder GET:com.redhat.training.AdderResource.add
 - adder GET
 - solver GET:com.redhat.training.service.SolverService.solve
 - adder GET
 - solver GET:com.redhat.training.service.SolverService.solve

0ms 89.46ms

- 6.5. Switch to the terminal where you ran the `curl` command and invoke the endpoint for the **multiplier** microservice.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ curl "http://localhost:8082/multiplier/5/4"; echo
20.0
```

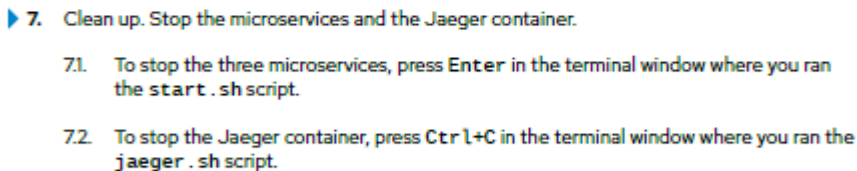
- 6.6. Find the trace for this invocation by selecting the `multiplier` service from the Service field in the Jaeger home page, and click Find Traces. Click the `multiplier:GET:com.redhat.training.MultiplierService.multiply` trace to view the details of the trace. The output should be as follows.



- 6.7. Invoke the endpoint for the `solver` microservice. This service can take compound equations with addition and multiplication terms as input.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ curl "http://localhost:8080/solver/5*4+3"; echo
23.0
```

- 6.8. Find the trace for this invocation by selecting the `solver` service from the Service field in the Jaeger home page, and click Find Traces. Click the `solver:GET:com.redhat.training.SolverService.solve` trace to view the details of the trace. The output should be as follow.



On the workstation machine, use the `lab` command to complete this exercise. This step is important to ensure that resources from previous exercises do not impact upcoming exercises.

This concludes the section.



enjoy!

Jose