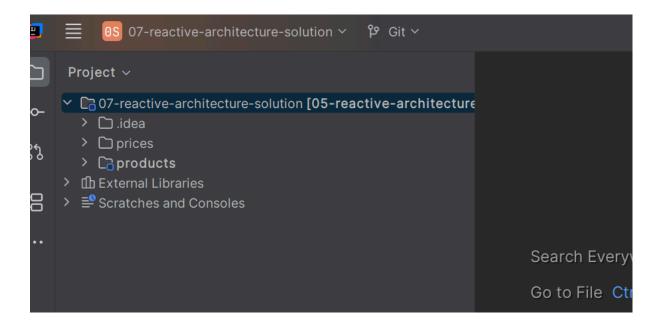


LAB 10: QUARKUS REACTIVE ARCHITECTURE

Autor: José Díaz

Github Repo: https://github.com/joedayz/quarkus-bcp-2025.git

1. Abre el proyecto **reactive-architecture-start**.



NOTA: podman run -d --name prices -p 5500:8080 --restart=always docker.io/joedayz/do378-reactive-architecture-prices:latest



Instructions

Consider a products service that exposes a REST API. Each request to the products API uses a worker thread. If the products service receives more requests than what this thread can handle, then the application starts queuing requests.



Note

For the demonstration purposes of this exercise, the products service is configured to use only one worker thread and only one event-loop thread.

The GET /product/{id}/priceHistory endpoint of the products service depends on the prices service to gather product price historical data. Gathering historical data is a costly process, so the prices service takes about two seconds to serve a request. Therefore, each request to /product/{id}/priceHistory takes at least two seconds and keeps the worker thread blocked, waiting for the response from the prices service.

Use RESTEasy Reactive and REST Client Reactive in the products service to mitigate this problem.

The lab start script runs the prices service for you. You do not need to modify this service.

- Num the products service and verify that the two threads do not have enough capacity to handle the slow I/O.
 - 1.1. Navigate to the ~/D0378/reactive-architecture directory and open the project with an editor of your choice.



```
[student@workstation ~]$ cd ~/D0378/reactive-architecture
[student@workstation reactive-architecture]$ codium .
```

Start the products service in development mode.

```
[student@workstation reactive-architecture]$ mvn quarkus:dev
...output omitted...
INFO [io.quarkus] ... Listening on: http://localhost:8080
...output omitted...
```

1.3. Open a terminal window and send a request to http://localhost:8080/ product/1/priceHistory. Verify that the request takes about two seconds to finish.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ time curl http://localhost:8080/products/1/priceHistory {"prices":[...output omitted...], "product_id":1} real θm2.247s user θm0.003s sys θm0.005s
```

1.4. Run the benchmark.sh script. This script sends 10 requests to http:// localhost:8080/products/1/priceHistory in one second but takes more than 20 seconds to receive all the responses.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ time ~/D0378/reactive-architecture/benchmark.sh
...output omitted...
Sending request...
real 0m20.187s
user 0m0.050s
sys 0m0.036s
```

1.5. Inspect the application logs. Verify that the executor-thread-0 worker thread serves the requests one after another, taking about two seconds for each request.

```
INFO [io.qua.htt.access-log] (executor-thread-θ) ... 26/Jan/2023:14:08:28 ...
INFO [io.qua.htt.access-log] (executor-thread-θ) ... 26/Jan/2023:14:08:3θ ...
INFO [io.qua.htt.access-log] (executor-thread-θ) ... 26/Jan/2023:14:08:32 ...
```

- 2. Add the RESTEasy and Rest Client Reactive extensions.
 - Replace the quarkus-resteasy, quarkus-resteasy-jackson, quarkus-rest-client, and quarkus-rest-client-jackson extensions with their reactive counterparts.

```
[student@workstation reactive-architecture]$ mvn quarkus:remove-extensions \
-Dextensions="resteasy,resteasy-jackson,rest-client,rest-client-jackson"
...output omitted...
... Extension io.quarkus:quarkus-resteasy has been uninstalled
... Extension io.quarkus:quarkus-resteasy-jackson has been uninstalled
```



-:-

```
... Extension io.quarkus:quarkus-rest-client has been uninstalled
... Extension io.quarkus:quarkus-rest-client-jackson has been uninstalled
...output omitted...

[student@workstation reactive-architecture]$ mvn quarkus:add-extensions \
-Dextensions="resteasy-reactive, resteasy-reactive-jackson, \
rest-client-reactive, rest-client-reactive-jackson"
...output omitted...
... Extension io.quarkus:quarkus-resteasy-reactive has been installed
... Extension io.quarkus:quarkus-resteasy-reactive-jackson has been installed
... Extension io.quarkus:quarkus-rest-client-reactive-jackson has been installed
... Extension io.quarkus:quarkus-rest-client-reactive-jackson has been installed
... Extension io.quarkus:quarkus-rest-client-reactive-jackson has been installed
... output omitted...
```

- Force the /product/{id}/priceHistory endpoint to be a non-blocking operation.
 - In the ProductsResource.java file, use the @NonBlocking annotation in the / product/{productId}/priceHistory endpoint.

```
@GET
@NonBlocking
@Path( "/{productId}/priceHistory" )
public ProductPriceHistory getProductPriceHistory(
    @PathParam( "productId" ) final Long productId ) {
    return pricesService.getProductPriceHistory( productId );
}
```

3.2. Rerun the curl request. The request returns an error because you are trying to execute the request to the prices service, which is blocking, inside a non-blocking operation.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ curl http://localhost:8080/products/1/priceHistory | jq
{"details":"Error
id ..., org.jboss.resteasy.reactive.common.core.BlockingNotAllowedException: ...}
```

- Modify the PricesService rest client to be non-blocking.
 - 4.1. Modify the PricesService#getProductPriceHistory method to return a Uni

```
@GET
@Path( "/history/{productId}" )
Uni<ProductPriceHistory> getProductPriceHistory(
     @PathParam( "productId" ) final Long productId
);
```

4.2. Return to the ProductsResource.java file, and modify the /product/ {productId}/priceHistory endpoint method to return a Uni Stream.



-:-

```
@GET
@NonBlocking
@Path( "/{productId}/priceHistory" )
public Uni<ProductPriceHistory> getProductPriceHistory(
    @PathParam( "productId" ) final Long productId ) {
    return pricesService.getProductPriceHistory( productId );
}
```

4.3. Stop the application and rerun mvn quarkus:dev.



Note

The development mode might not apply the thread configuration for Reactive REST if you do not restart the application.

4.4. Rerun the request and verify that the asynchronous endpoint returns a valid response.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ curl http://localhost:8080/products/1/priceHistory | jq
{"prices":...output omitted...],"product_id":1}
```

 Inspect the application logs. Verify that the vert.x-eventloop-thread-0 eventloop thread serves the request.

```
INFO [io.qua.htt.access-log] (vert.x-eventloop-thread-\theta) ...
```

4.6. Run the benchmark script and verify that the application serves the requests in less time.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ time ~/D0378/reactive-architecture/benchmark.sh
...output omitted...
Sending request...
real 0m3.119s
user 0m0.042s
sys 0m0.042s
```

The non-blocking response time to process 10 requests is about 6 times faster than using a blocking strategy.

4.7. Inspect the application logs to verify that the vert.x-eventloop-thread-0 thread serves all the requests.

```
...output omitted...

INFO [io...access-log] (vert.x-eventloop-thread-0) ... 26/Jan/2023:14:15:19 ...

INFO [io...access-log] (vert.x-eventloop-thread-0) ... 26/Jan/2023:14:15:19 ...

INFO [io...access-log] (vert.x-eventloop-thread-0) ... 26/Jan/2023:14:15:20 ...

INFO [io...access-log] (vert.x-eventloop-thread-0) ... 26/Jan/2023:14:15:20 ...

...output omitted...
```

Verify that RESTEasy Reactive treats methods that return a stream as non-blocking operations.



 Remove the @NonBlocking annotation from the /product/{productId}/ priceHistory endpoint.

```
@GET
@Path( "/{productId}/priceHistory" )
public Uni<ProductPriceHistory> getProductPriceHistory(
    @PathParam( "productId" ) final Long productId ) {
    return pricesService.getProductPriceHistory( productId );
}
```

5.2. Rerun the request and verify that the asynchronous endpoint returns a valid response.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ curl http://localhost:8080/products/1/priceHistory | jq
{"prices":...output omitted...],"product_id":1}
```

5.3. Inspect the application logs. Verify that an event-loop thread serves the request.

```
INFO [io.qua.htt.access-log] (vert.x-eventloop-thread-0) ...
```

- 6. Block the event loop.
 - Send a request to the /products/blocking endpoint. This operation, although executed as asynchronous, blocks the event loop for 30 seconds.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ curl http://localhost:8080/products/blocking; echo
```

You might see a io.vertx.core.VertxException: Thread blocked error in the application logs.

6.2. While you are waiting for the blocking endpoint to respond, open a new terminal and run the benchmark script. Verify that the benchmark is slower now, because the event-loop thread is blocked.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ time ~/D0378/reactive-architecture/benchmark.sh
...output omitted...
Sending request...
real 0m23.145s
user 0m0.042s
sys 0m0.042s
```

7

Note

To see the effects of blocking the event-loop thread, make sure that you run the benchmark while the thread is blocked. You can send more requests to the blocking endpoint if you need to block the thread again.

- Annotate the /products/blocking endpoint as @Blocking and rerun the benchmark.
 - 7.1. Add the @Blocking annotation to the /products/blocking endpoint.



Send a request to the /blocking endpoint. This operation is now offloaded to a
worker thread.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ curl http://localhost:8080/products/blocking; echo
```

7.3. While you are waiting for the blocking endpoint to respond, run the benchmark script. Verify that the benchmark is faster now.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ time ~/D0378/reactive-architecture/benchmark.sh ...output omitted...
Sending request...

real 0m3.164
user 0m0.037s
sys 0m0.043s
```

 Inspect the application logs. Verify that the blocking endpoint runs on a worker thread.

```
INFO [io.qua.htt.access-log] (vert.x-eventloop-thread-0) ... "GET /products/1/priceHistory HTTP/1.1" 200 6741
INFO [io.qua.htt.access-log] (vert.x-eventloop-thread-0) ... "GET /products/1/priceHistory HTTP/1.1" 200 6741
INFO [io.qua.htt.access-log] (executor-thread-0) ... "GET /products/blocking HTTP/1.1" 200 25
```

Press q to stop the products application.

Finish

On the workstation machine, use the lab command to complete this exercise. This step is important to ensure that resources from previous exercises do not impact upcoming exercises.

```
[student@workstation ~]$ lab finish reactive-architecture
```

This concludes the section.

Solución:



enjoy!

Jose