Ejercicio 14

Teorema del invariante

- $P_c \longrightarrow I$
- $(I \wedge \neg B) \longrightarrow Q_c$
- $\{I \wedge B\}$ ciclo $\{I\}$
- $\{I \wedge B \wedge (v_0 = f_v)\}\ \text{ciclo}\ \{f_v < v_0\}$
- \blacksquare $(I \land f_v \le 0) \longrightarrow \neg B$

Demostración

Datos

- $P_c \equiv |r| = |a| + |b| \wedge r = R_0 \wedge i := 0$
- $Q_c \equiv |r| = |R_0| \land (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < |a| \longrightarrow_L r[j] = a[j]$
- $\blacksquare I \equiv (0 \le i \le |a| \land |r| = |R_0| \land |r| = |a| + |b|) \land_L ((\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < i \longrightarrow_L r[j] = a[j])$
- $B \equiv i < |a|$
- $S2 \equiv i := i + 1$
- \bullet ciclo $\equiv S1; S2$
- $f_v \equiv |a| i$

$P_c \longrightarrow I$

$$|r| = |a| + |b| \land r = R_0 \land i := 0 \longrightarrow (0 \le i \le |a| \land |r| = |R_0| \land |r| = |a| + |b|) \land L((\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \land 0 \le j < i \longrightarrow_L r[j] = a[j]) \equiv \text{true}$$

$$(I \wedge \neg B) \longrightarrow Q_c$$

$$(0 \le i \le |a| \land |r| = |R_0| \land |r| = |a| + |b|) \land_L ((\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < i \longrightarrow_L r[j] = a[j]) \land i \ge |a| \longrightarrow |r| = |R_0| \land (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < |a| \longrightarrow_L r[j] = a[j] \equiv$$

$$(i = |a|) \land |r| = |R_0| \land |r| = |a| + |b|) \land_L ((\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < i \longrightarrow_L r[j] = a[j]) \longrightarrow |r| = |R_0| \land (\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < |a| \longrightarrow_L r[j] = a[j] \equiv \text{true}$$

$\{I \wedge B\}$ ciclo $\{I\}$

- $\{I \land B\}$ ciclo $\{I\}$ $wp(S1; S2; I) \stackrel{Ax3}{=} wp(S1, wp(S2, I))$
 - $wp(S2, I) \equiv wp(i := i + 1, I)$ $\{(0 \le i + 1 \le |a| \land |r| = |R_0| \land |r| = |a| + |b|) \land_L ((\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < i + 1 \longrightarrow_L r[j] = a[j])\}$
 - $wp(S2, wp(S2, I)) \equiv wp(r[i] = a[i], wp(S3, I)) \equiv \{(0 \le i < |a| \land |r| = |R_0| \land |r| = |a| + |b|) \land_L ((\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < i + 1 \longrightarrow_L setAt(r, i, a[i])[j] = a[j])\}$

$$(0 \le i \le |a| \land |r| = |R_0| \land |r| = |a| + |b|) \land_L ((\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < i \longrightarrow_L r[j] = a[j]) \land i < |a| \equiv r[j] \land i < |a| = r$$

$$(0 \le i < |a| \land |r| = |R_0| \land |r| = |a| + |b|) \land_L ((\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < i \longrightarrow_L r[j] = a[j]) \longrightarrow (0 \le i < |a| \land |r| = |R_0| \land |r| = |a| + |b|) \land_L ((\forall j : \mathbb{Z}) \ 0 \le j < i + 1 \longrightarrow_L setAt(r, i, a[i])[j] = a[j])$$

$$\begin{split} \{I \wedge B \wedge (v_0 = f_v)\} & \text{ ciclo } \{f_v < v_0\} \\ & wp(i:i+1,|a|-i < v_0) \equiv |a|-i-1 < v_0 \\ & wp(r[i] = a[i],|a|-i-1 < v_0) \equiv 0 \leq i < |a| \wedge |a|-i-1 < v_0 \\ & I \wedge B \wedge v_0 = |a|-i \longrightarrow 0 \leq i < |a| \wedge |a|-i-1 < v_0 \equiv \text{true} \end{split}$$

$$(I \land f_v \le 0) \longrightarrow \neg B$$

$$I \land |a| - i \le 0 \longrightarrow i < |a| \equiv \text{true}$$