Regla de la cadena

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial t}$$

Ejercicios

1. •
$$f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 + xy$$

• $r(t) = (\sin(t), e^t)$
 $f: \Re^2 \to \Re$
 $r: \Re \to \Re^2$
 $z = (f \circ r) = f(r(t)) \Rightarrow$
 $z: \Re \to \Re$
 $z = f(r(t)) = f(\sin(t), e^t) = \sin(t)^2 + e^{2t} + e^t \sin(t)$
 $\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial \sin(t)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial e^t}{\partial t} =$
 $f_x(r(t)) \cdot \frac{\partial \sin(t)}{\partial t} + f_y(r(t)) \cdot \frac{\partial e^t}{\partial t} =$
 $2x + y|_{r(t)} \cdot \cos(t) + 2y + x|_{r(t)} \cdot e^t =$
 $(2\sin(t) + e^t) \cdot \cos(t) + (2e^t + \sin(t)) \cdot e^t =$
 $2\sin(t)\cos(t) + \cos(t)e^t + 2e^{2t} + e^t \sin(t)$
 $(\sin(t)^2 + e^{2t} + e^t \sin(t))' =$

$$2\sin(t)\cos(t) + 2e^{2t} + e^{t}\sin(t) + e^{t}\cos(t)$$
2. • $f(x,y) = \cos(x+4y)$
• $r(t) = (5t^{4}, \frac{1}{t})$
 $f: \Re^{2} \to \Re$
 $r: \Re \to \Re^{2}$
 $z = (f \circ r)(t)$
 $z = \Re \to \Re$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial 5t^{4}}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial \frac{1}{t}}{\partial t} =$$

$$f_{x}(r(t)) \cdot 20t^{3} + f_{y}(r(t)) \cdot \frac{-1}{t^{2}} =$$

$$-\sin(x+4y)|_{r(t)} \cdot 20t^{3} + (-4)\sin(x+4y)|_{r(t)} \cdot \frac{-1}{t^{2}} =$$

$$-\sin(5t^{4} + \frac{4}{t}) \cdot 20t^{3} + (-4)\sin(5t^{4} + \frac{4}{t}) \cdot \frac{-1}{t^{2}} =$$

$$-\sin(5t^{4} + \frac{4}{t}) \cdot 20t^{3} + \frac{4\sin(5t^{4} + \frac{4}{t})}{t^{2}} =$$

3. •
$$f(x,y) = \sqrt{1 + x^2 + y^2}$$

• $r(t) = (\ln(t), \cos(t))$
 $f: \Re^2 \to \Re$
 $r: \Re \to \Re^2$
 $z = (f \circ r)(t)$
 $z: \Re \to \Re$
 $\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = f_x(r(t)) \cdot \frac{1}{x} + f_y(r(t)) \cdot (-\sin(t))$
 $\frac{x}{\sqrt{1 + x^2 + y^2}} \Big|_{r(t)} \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \frac{y}{\sqrt{1 + x^2 + y^2}} \Big|_{r(t)} \cdot (-\sin(t))$
 $\frac{\ln(t)}{\sqrt{1 + \ln(t)^2 + \cos(t)^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \frac{\cos(t)}{\sqrt{1 + \ln(t)^2 + \cos(t)^2}} \cdot (-\sin(t))$