```
// FILE: sequence.h
// NOTE: Two separate versions of sequence (one for a sequence of real
//
        numbers and another for a sequence characters are specified,
//
        in two separate namespaces in this header file. For both
//
        versions, the same documentation applies.
// CLASS PROVIDED: sequence (a container class for a list of items,
//
                  where each list may have a designated item called
//
                  the current item)
//
// TYPEDEFS and MEMBER functions for the sequence class:
//
    typedef value type
//
      sequence::value type is the data type of the items in the sequence.
//
      It may be any of the C++ built-in types (int, char, etc.), or a
//
      class with a default constructor, an assignment operator, and a
//
      copy constructor.
//
    typedef ____ size_type
//
      sequence::size type is the data type of any variable that keeps
//
      track of how many items are in a sequence.
//
    static const size type CAPACITY =
//
      sequence::CAPACITY is the maximum number of items that a
//
      sequence can hold.
//
// CONSTRUCTOR for the sequence class:
//
    sequence()
//
      Pre:
           (none)
//
      Post: The sequence has been initialized as an empty sequence.
//
// MODIFICATION MEMBER FUNCTIONS for the sequence class:
//
    void start()
//
      Pre:
           (none)
//
      Post: The first item on the sequence becomes the current item
//
            (but if the sequence is empty, then there is no current item).
//
    void end()
//
      Pre:
            (none)
//
      Post: The last item on the sequence becomes the current item
//
            (but if the sequence is empty, then there is no current item).
//
    void advance()
//
      Pre: is item() returns true.
//
      Post: If the current item was the last item in the sequence, then
//
            there is no longer any current item. Otherwise, the new current
//
            item is the item immediately after the original current item.
//
    void move back()
//
      Pre: is item() returns true.
//
      Post: If the current item was the first item in the sequence, then
//
            there is no longer any current item. Otherwise, the new current
//
            item is the item immediately before the original current item.
//
    void add(const value type& entry)
//
      Pre: size() < CAPACITY.
//
      Post: A new copy of entry has been inserted in the sequence after
//
            the current item. If there was no current item, then the new
//
            entry has been inserted as new first item of the sequence. In
//
            either case, the newly added item is now the current item of
//
            the sequence.
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//
    void remove current()
//
       Pre: is \overline{i}tem() returns true.
//
       Post: The current item has been removed from the sequence, and
//
             the item after this (if there is one) is now the new current
//
             item. If the current item was already the last item in the
//
             sequence, then there is no longer any current item.
//
// CONSTANT MEMBER FUNCTIONS for the sequence class:
//
     size type size() const
//
       Pre: (none)
       Post: The return value is the number of items in the sequence.
//
//
    bool is item() const
//
      Pre: (none)
//
       Post: A true return value indicates that there is a valid
//
             "current" item that may be retrieved by activating the current
//
             member function (listed below). A false return value indicates
//
             that there is no valid current item.
//
    value type current() const
//
       Pre: is item() returns true.
//
       Post: The item returned is the current item in the sequence.
// VALUE SEMANTICS for the sequence class:
//
      Assignments and the copy constructor may be used with sequence
//
      objects.
#ifndef SEQUENCE H
#define SEQUENCE H
#include <cstdlib> // provides size t
namespace CS3358 FA2021 A04 sequenceOfAll
   template<class Item>
  class sequence
   public:
      // TYPEDEFS and MEMBER SP2020
      typedef Item value type;
      typedef size t size type;
      static const size type CAPACITY = 10;
      // CONSTRUCTOR
      sequence();
      // MODIFICATION MEMBER FUNCTIONS
     void start();
      void end();
      void advance();
      void move back();
      void add(const Item& entry);
      void remove current();
      // CONSTANT MEMBER FUNCTIONS
      size type size() const;
      bool is item() const;
      value type current() const;
   private:
      value type data[CAPACITY];
```

```
size_type used;
size_type current_index;
};

#include "sequence.template"
#endif
```