```
// FILE: Sequence.cpp
// CLASS IMPLEMENTED: sequence (see sequence.h for documentation)
// INVARIANT for the sequence ADT:
//
     1. The number of items in the sequence is in the member variable
//
        used;
//
     2. The actual items of the sequence are stored in a partially
//
        filled array. The array is a dynamic array, pointed to by
//
        the member variable data. For an empty sequence, we do not
//
        care what is stored in any of data; for a non-empty sequence
//
        the items in the sequence are stored in data[0] through
//
        data[used-1], and we don't care what's in the rest of data.
//
     3. The size of the dynamic array is in the member variable
//
        capacity.
//
     4. The index of the current item is in the member variable
//
        current index. If there is no valid current item, then
//
        current index will be set to the same number as used.
//
        NOTE: Setting current index to be the same as used to
//
              indicate "no current item exists" is a good choice
//
              for at least the following reasons:
//
              (a) For a non-empty sequence, used is non-zero and
//
                  a current index equal to used indexes an element
//
                  that is (just) outside the valid range. This
//
                  gives us a simple and useful way to indicate
//
                  whether the sequence has a current item or not:
//
                  a current index in the valid range indicates
//
                  that there's a current item, and a current index
//
                  outside the valid range indicates otherwise.
//
              (b) The rule remains applicable for an empty sequence,
//
                  where used is zero: there can't be any current
//
                  item in an empty sequence, so we set current index
//
                  to zero (= used), which is (sort of just) outside
//
                  the valid range (no index is valid in this case).
//
              (c) It simplifies the logic for implementing the
//
                  advance function: when the precondition is met
//
                  (sequence has a current item), simply incrementing
//
                  the current_index takes care of fulfilling the
//
                  postcondition for the function for both of the two
//
                  possible scenarios (current item is and is not the
//
                  last item in the sequence).
#include <cassert>
#include "Sequence.h"
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
namespace CS3358 FA2021
   // CONSTRUCTORS and DESTRUCTOR
   sequence::sequence(size type initial capacity) :
capacity(initial capacity), used(0), current index(0)
      if (capacity < 1)
        capacity = DEFAULT CAPACITY;
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data = new value type[capacity];
   }
   sequence::sequence(const sequence& source) : capacity(source.capacity),
used(source.used), current_index(source.current_index)
     data = new value type[capacity];
     copy(source.data, source.data + used, data);
   }
   sequence::~sequence()
      delete[] data;
   }
   // MODIFICATION MEMBER FUNCTIONS
   void sequence::resize(size type new capacity)
     if (new capacity < used)
       new capacity = used;
     if (new capacity < 1)
       new capacity = 1;
     capacity = new capacity;
     value type * newData = new value type[new capacity];
     for (int i = 0; i < used; ++i)
       newData[i] = data[i];
     delete [] data;
     data = newData;
   }
   void sequence::start()
      current_index = 0;
   }
   void sequence::advance()
      if(is item())
        current_index++;
   }
   void sequence::insert(const value type& entry)
     if(used >= capacity)
```

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resize((1.5*capacity) + 1);
  if(current index >= used)
    current index = 0;
  for(int i = used; i > current index; i--)
    data[i] = data[i-1];
  data[current index] = entry;
  used++;
}
void sequence::attach(const value type& entry)
  if(used >= capacity)
    resize((1.5*capacity) + 1);
  if(current index >= used)
     current_index = 0;
     advance();
     advance();
  if(used == 0)
     data[current index] = entry;
  }
  else
     for(int i = used; i > (current index + 1); i--)
         data[i] = data[i-1];
     current index++;
     data[current index] = entry;
  used++;
}
void sequence::remove current()
   assert(is_item());
   for(int i = current index; i < used; i++)</pre>
        data[i] = data[i+1];
  used--;
}
sequence& sequence::operator=(const sequence& source)
{
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if(capacity != source.capacity)
     value type* new data = new value type[source.capacity];
    delete [] data;
    data = new data;
     capacity = source.capacity;
 used = source.used;
 current index = source.current index;
 copy(source.data, source.data + used, data);
 return *this;
}
// CONSTANT MEMBER FUNCTIONS
sequence::size type sequence::size() const
  return used;
}
bool sequence::is_item() const
   if(current index < used)</pre>
   return true;
  else
    return false;
}
sequence::value type sequence::current() const
 assert(is item());
 return data[current index];
```

}