Overview

- assign a relevance score r to a new item based on specific user
 - decide how relevant an unknown item I_{new} is to user U_0
- $\bullet \ r = f(U,I,U_0,I_{new})$
 - set of users U
 - set of items I
- unlike [[Information Retrieval]] recommendation is proactive
 - no explicite query
 - results often based on implicitly collected data

Recommender System Types/Paradigms

- [[Collaborative Filtering]]
 - based on user interactions with items in a system
 - interactions such as
 - * user ratings
 - * clicks
 - * purchase
- · content based
 - based on description of users and items in terms of content
 - e.g. new fantasy novel for fantasy fan based on
 - * metadata
 - ♦ keywords
 - ◆ genre
 - * content analysis
 - similarity between user interest and content-wise description of items
- · knowledge based
 - based on explicitly modelled constraints on items
 - simillar to basic filtering
 - e.g. all all-inclusive hotels in Egypt with beach access within a certain price range...
- hybrid of different recommendation paradigms

Challenges

Sparsity of user-item matrix if explicit interactions (e.g., ratings) are taken into account

- Use implicit measures of interest/preference (clicking, buying, ...)
- > Spreading activation

Cold-start problem: What to do with new users or items?

Use metadata, content analysis, explicitly stated preferences, "test" user with high-variance selection of items

Scale

Offline pre-computation; limited size of neighbourhood, thresholds for keeping neighbourhoods small

Discussion 1: Relevance of an item I_{NEW} for a user U_0

Depending on context of recommender system, **relevance** can mean different things; and hence implementations differ.

Relevance can mean whether a

- User will like an item
- User needs this item (e.g., in educational domain what does learner need to know? – learning materials and explanations)
- User will click on an item
- User will buy the item

Relevance relates to goals for a socio-technical system that are OUTSIDE the technical system!

Discussion 2 – Relation to Information Retrieval



We don't have, in this sense a query

- ... but we still want to identify in (SEARCH) a set of items
- ... RELEVANT items
- ... and expect to get some feedback & iteration