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# <u>Introduction to Intelligent Computing :</u> <u>Final Project Report</u>

# **Methodology**

The first thing we did about our classifier was to fix the labels after having imported the data. So we replaced spaces by "\_". The model we choose for our classifier is a CNN classifier. The different parameters we used are: 30 classes, a width and height of 64, 8000 images per class, 800 valid images per class and 1 test image per class. The next step was to code a drawing function. We also used another database to have more data so we can train more our model. We reshaped, normalized and split the data into X\_train, Y\_train and validation data set. Then, we tried to improve our model using a more complex one.

As for the generator, we used bot DCGAN and ACGAN but the methodology between them is almost the same. We import the data like we did for the classifier and normalize the images. Then, we defined the generator model and also the discriminator model. The discriminator evaluates the drawings giving them a score: a positive one is a "good" image and a negative one a "bad" image. We added checkpoints in order to be able to backtrack if needed.

### How to train the model

The classifier uses a categorical cross entropy function to evaluate the loss and the Adam optimizer. We use two callbacks: an early stopping function and the reduceLROnPlat one. We use a batch size of 32, 50 epochs and a validation split of 5% (*Illustration 1*). We printed two graphs measuring the accuracy and the loss based on the epochs number. Those results were decent but they can be improved (*Illustration 2*), so we tried to improve our model. It has more layers and we only use 20 epochs this time (*Illustration 3*). We printed the graphs once more to notice that it improved our

results (*Illustration 4*). We tried to improve it once more using data augmentation and then training it on 100 epochs.

We trained the generator using 100 epochs and a DC/ACGAN (*Illustration 6*). We also used a loss measurement function and the Adam optimizer. Then, we printed some of the drawings so we were able to see how accurate our model is. Our discriminator function also helped to remove automatically not significant drawings (*Illustration 5*).

### **Test Result**

The test results of our classifier evolved since we improved our model twice. First, the testing accuracy was around 38% (*Illustration 2*). But with our next improvement, our score improved a lot to the value of approximately 70% (*Illustration 4*). However, the last model improvement did not change much our previous results.

To measure the test results of the generator, it was more subjective because of the fact that only us can tell if the drawing is accurate or not, but with the discriminator function, we ended up having a really good precision among test drawings (*Illustrations 7&8*).

### **Demo Result**

???

## **Discussion**

This project was a first approach of AI recognition and generation for us so we all learned a lot doing it. We met some issues doing it such as the GPU limitation. None of us had one, so we used GPU mode on Google Collab. However, since the training and prediction processes can be very long, we sometimes got disconnected so we have to start over again. In addition, our misunderstanding of the demo part may decrease our final grade a lot which disappoints us since we were confident about our models.

# **Conclusion**

The main goal of this project was to be able to create a model that can classify but mainly generate accurate drawings. Using a CNN classifier and GANs, we think that we managed to develop models that will meet this project expectations.

As a last word, we can say that since the AI recognition and generation domains are expanding a lot nowadays, this project gave us some tools to know more about them. Thus, it may help us for the following of our studies and eventually our future jobs.

## **Illustrations**

Model: "sequential_8"			
Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
conv2d_32 (Conv2D)	(None,	64, 64, 32)	320
max_pooling2d_20 (MaxPooling	(None,	32, 32, 32)	0
conv2d_33 (Conv2D)	(None,	32, 32, 64)	18496
max_pooling2d_21 (MaxPooling	(None,	16, 16, 64)	0
dropout_12 (Dropout)	(None,	16, 16, 64)	0
flatten_8 (Flatten)	(None,	16384)	0
dense_16 (Dense)	(None,	680)	11141800
dropout_13 (Dropout)	(None,	680)	0
dense_17 (Dense)	(None,	30)	20430

#### Illustration 1: 1st classifier model

Total params: 11,181,046 Trainable params: 11,181,046 Non-trainable params: 0

Model: "sequential\_10"

flatten 10 (Flatten)

dense\_21 (Dense)

dense 20 (Dense)

Layer (type) Output Shape conv2d\_40 (Conv2D) (None, 64, 64, 16) 144 batch\_normalization\_18 (Batc (None, 64, 64, 16) activation\_18 (Activation) (None, 64, 64, 16) conv2d\_41 (Conv2D) (None, 64, 64, 16) batch\_normalization\_19 (Batc (None, 64, 64, 16) activation\_19 (Activation) (None, 64, 64, 16) max\_pooling2d\_25 (MaxPooling (None, 32, 32, 16) conv2d\_42 (Conv2D) (None, 32, 32, 32) 128 batch normalization 20 (Batc (None, 32, 32, 32) activation 20 (Activation) (None, 32, 32, 32) conv2d 43 (Conv2D) (None, 32, 32, 32) 9216 128 batch\_normalization\_21 (Batc (None, 32, 32, 32) activation\_21 (Activation) (None, 32, 32, 32) max\_pooling2d\_26 (MaxPooling (None, 16, 16, 32) conv2d\_44 (Conv2D) 18432 batch\_normalization\_22 (Batc (None, 16, 16, 64) activation\_22 (Activation) (None, 16, 16, 64) batch\_normalization\_23 (Batc (None, 16, 16, 64) activation\_23 (Activation) (None, 16, 16, 64) max\_pooling2d\_27 (MaxPooling (None, 8, 8, 64) dropout\_15 (Dropout) (None, 8, 8, 64)

#### Illustration 3: 2nd classifier model

(None, 4096)

(None, 512)

(None, 30)

2097664

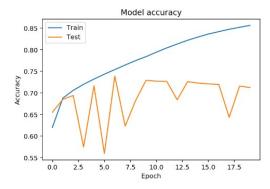
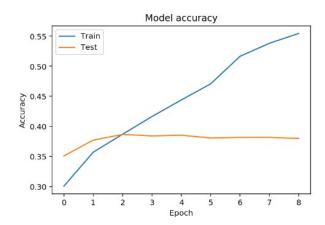


Illustration 4: 2nd classifier results



*Illustration 2: 1st classifier results* 

Discrin	ninator	model:
Model:	"model	9"

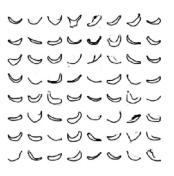
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
input_16 (InputLayer)	[(None, 28, 28, 1)]	0	
sequential_6 (Sequential)	(None, 12544)	387840	input_16[0][0]
generation (Dense)	(None, 1)	12545	sequential_6[1][0]
auxiliary (Dense)	(None, 30)	376350	sequential_6[1][0]
Total params: 776,735 Trainable params: 776,735 Non-trainable params: 0			

#### Illustration 5: Discriminator model

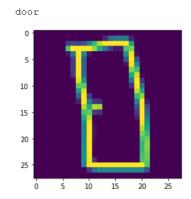
Combined model: Model: "model\_11"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
input 19 (InputLayer)	[(None, 100)]	0	
input_is (inputhayer)	[(Mone, 100)]	Ü	
input_20 (InputLayer)	[(None, 1)]	0	
model_10 (Model)	(None, 28, 28, 1)	2659897	input_19[0][0]
			input_20[0][0]
model_9 (Model)	[(None, 1), (None,	3 776735	model_10[1][0]
Total params: 3,436,632			
Trainable params: 2,659,321			
Non-trainable params: 777,311			

#### *Illustration 6: Generator model*



*Illustration 7: 64 generated bananas* 



*Illustration 8: Generated drawing and its label*