

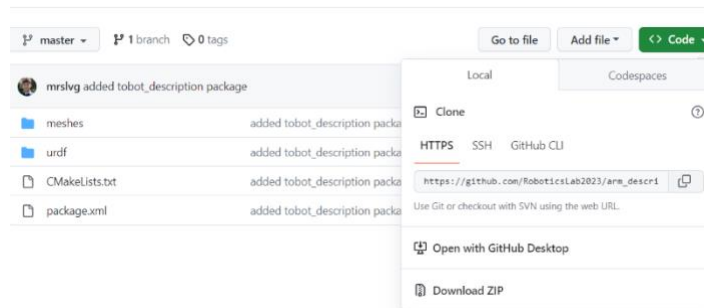
Report – Homework 1: Building your robot manipulator

Student:

Nicola Caliendo

1. Create the description of your robot and visualize it in Rviz

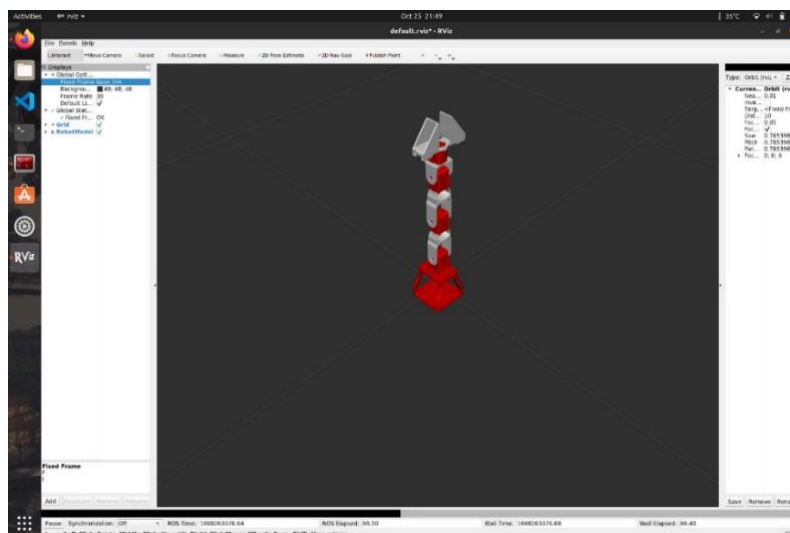
- a) I downloaded the “*arm_description*” package by copying the repo in our catkin workspace folder.



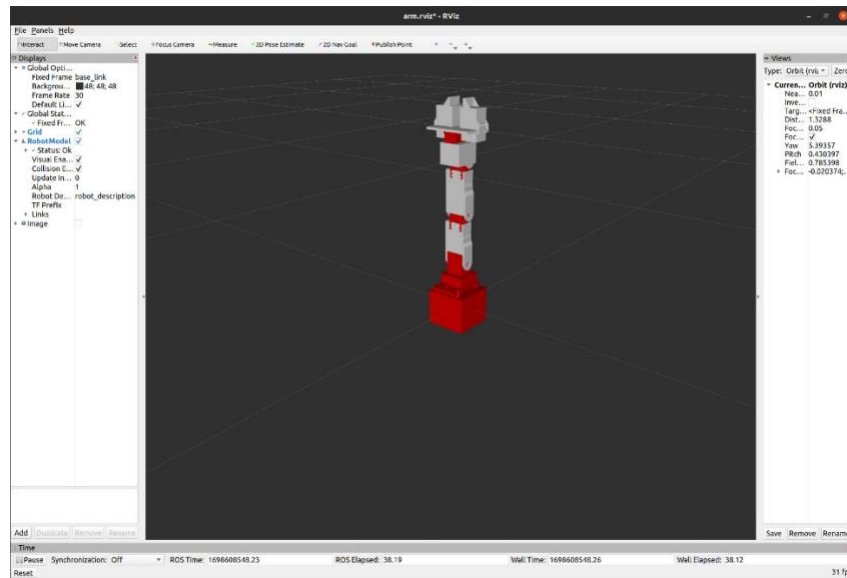
- b) I created a launch folder containing a “*display.launch*” file.

```
1 <?xml version="1.0"?>
2 <launch>
3   <param name="robot_description" command="$(find xacro)/xacro $(find arm_description)/urdf/arm.urdf.xacro"/>
4   <node pkg="robot_state_publisher" type="robot_state_publisher" name="rob_st_pub"/>
5   <node pkg="joint_state_publisher" type="joint_state_publisher" name="joi_st_pub"/>
6   <node type="rviz" name="rviz" pkg="rviz" args="-d $(find arm_description)/rviz/arm.rviz" required="true" />
7 </launch>
```

This file loads the URDF as a “*robot_description*” ROS parameter. Also, it starts the “*robot_state_publisher*”, “*joint_state_publisher*” and the rviz node. After launching the file for the first time, I added the “RobotModel” plugin interface, I saved the rviz configuration file and I put it as an argument to the node.



- c) After getting the measurement from the original “.stl” collision meshes files, we substituted all the collision geometries with boxes of similar dimensions.



- d) I created “arm.gazebo.xacro” that contains a “xacro:macro” that includes all the “<gazebo tags>” of the URDF and we included it inside the original URDF

```

1  <?xml version="1.0"?>
2
3  <robot xmlns:xacro="http://www.ros.org/wiki/xacro">
4
5      <xacro:macro name="arm_gazebo" params="robot_name">
6
7          <!-- Load Gazebo lib and set the robot namespace -->
8          <gazebo>
9              <plugin name="gazebo_ros_control" filename="libgazebo_ros_control.so">
10                 <robotNamespace>${robot_name}</robotNamespace>
11             </plugin>
12         </gazebo>
13
14         <gazebo reference="f4">
15             <material>Gazebo/Red</material>
16         </gazebo>
17
18         <gazebo reference="f5">
19             <material>Gazebo/Red</material>
20         </gazebo>
21
22         <gazebo reference="wrist">
23             <material>Gazebo/Red</material>
24         </gazebo>
25
26         <gazebo reference="crawee_base">
27             <material>Gazebo/Red</material>
28         </gazebo>
29
30         <gazebo reference="base_link">
31             <material>Gazebo/Red</material>
32         </gazebo>
33
34         <gazebo reference="base_turn">

```

```

<xacro:include filename="$(find arm_description)/xacro/arm.gazebo.xacro" />

```

```

<xacro:arm_gazebo robot_name="arm"/>


```

2. Add transmission and controllers to you robot and spawn it in Gazebo

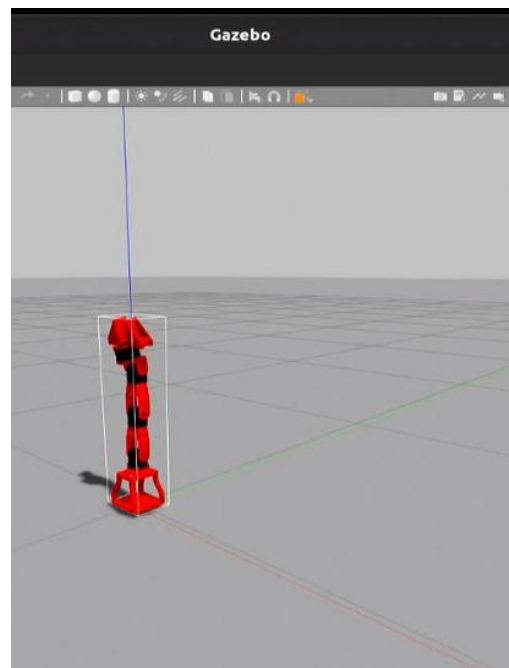
a) I created the “*arm_gazebo*” package.

>  arm_gazebo

b) that contains a “launch” folder with the “*arm_world.launch*” file.

▼  launch
arm_gazebo.launch
arm_world.launch

c) Following the example from the “*iiwa_stack*” package, I created the “*arm_world.launch*” file. This file includes an “*arm_upload.launch*” that loads the URDF with the given hardware interface and robot name into the ROS Parameter Server. I proceeded to launch “*arm_world.launch*”.



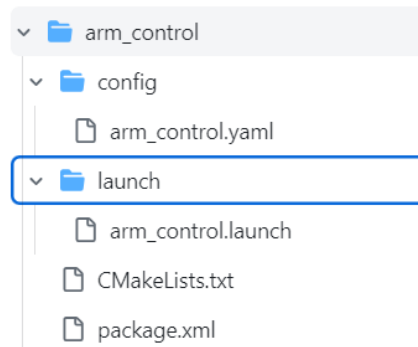
- d) I created a “*arm.transmission.xacro*” file containing a “*xacro:macro*” with the hardware interface and I loaded it in my “*arm.urdf.xacro*” file.

```
1 <?xml version="1.0"?>
2 <robot xmlns:xacro="http://www.ros.org/wiki/xacro">
3
4   <xacro:macro name="arm_transmission" params="hardware_interface robot_name">
5
6     <transmission name="${robot_name}_tran_0">
7       <robotNamespace>${robot_name}</robotNamespace>
8       <type>transmission_interface/SimpleTransmission</type>
9       <joint name="j0">
10        <hardwareInterface>hardware_interface/${hardware_interface}</hardwareInterface>
11      </joint>
12      <actuator name="${robot_name}_motor_0">
13        <hardwareInterface>hardware_interface/${hardware_interface}</hardwareInterface>
14        <mechanicalReduction>1</mechanicalReduction>
15      </actuator>
16    </transmission>
17
18    <transmission name="${robot_name}_tran_1">
19      <robotNamespace>${robot_name}</robotNamespace>
20      <type>transmission_interface/SimpleTransmission</type>
21      <joint name="j1">
22        <hardwareInterface>hardware_interface/${hardware_interface}</hardwareInterface>
23      </joint>
24      <actuator name="${robot_name}_motor_1">
25        <hardwareInterface>hardware_interface/${hardware_interface}</hardwareInterface>
26        <mechanicalReduction>1</mechanicalReduction>
27      </actuator>
28    </transmission>
29
30    <transmission name="${robot_name}_tran_2">
```

```
<xacro:include filename="$(find arm_description)/xacro/arm.transmission.xacro" />
```

```
<xacro:arm_transmission hardware_interface="PositionJointInterface" robot_name="arm"/>
```

- e) I created the “*arm_control*” package.



- f) I filled the “*arm_control.launch*” file with commands that load the joint controller configuration from the “*.yaml*” file to the parameter server and spawn the controllers.

```
13 <!-- Loads joint controller configurations from YAML file to parameter server -->
14 <rosparam file="$(find arm_control)/config/arm_control.yaml" command="load" ns="/arm"/>
```

```

18     <!-- Loads the controllers -->
19     <node name="controller_spawner" pkg="controller_manager" type="spawner" respawn="false"
20         output="screen" ns="/arm" args="joint_state_controller
21         $(arg hardware_interface)_j0_controller
22         $(arg hardware_interface)_j1_controller
23         $(arg hardware_interface)_j2_controller
24         $(arg hardware_interface)_j3_controller">
25     </node>
26
27     <!-- Converts joint states to TF transforms for rviz, etc -->
28     <node name="robot_state_publisher" pkg="robot_state_publisher" type="robot_state_publisher"
29         respawn="false" output="screen">
30         <remap from="joint_states" to="/$(arg robot_name)/joint_states" />
31         <param name="publish_frequency" value="$(arg robot_state_frequency)" />
32     </node>
33
34 </launch>

```

g) In the “.yaml” file I added a “joint_state_controller” and “JointPositionController” to all the joints

```

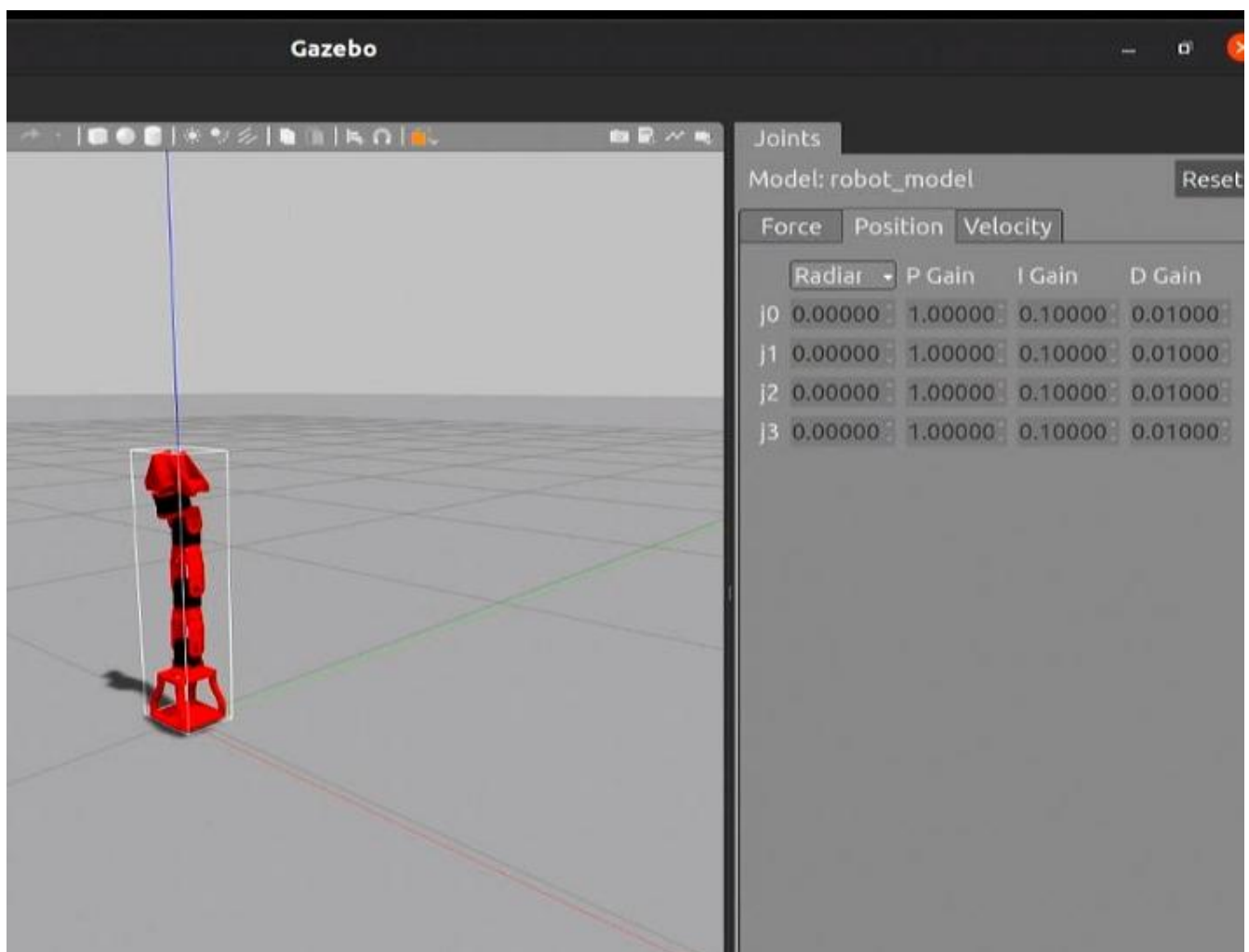
1   #arm:
2   # Publish all joint states -----
3   joint_state_controller:
4     type: joint_state_controller/JointStateController
5     publish_rate: 50
6
7   # Controllers for singular joint -----
8   #
9
10  # Position Controllers -----
11  PositionJointInterface_j0_controller:
12    type: position_controllers/JointPositionController
13    joint: j0
14    pid: {p: 100.0, i: 0.01, d: 10.0}
15
16  PositionJointInterface_j1_controller:
17    type: position_controllers/JointPositionController
18    joint: j1
19    pid: {p: 100.0, i: 0.01, d: 10.0}
20
21  PositionJointInterface_j2_controller:
22    type: position_controllers/JointPositionController
23    joint: j2
24    pid: {p: 100.0, i: 0.01, d: 10.0}
25
26  PositionJointInterface_j3_controller:
27    type: position_controllers/JointPositionController
28    joint: j3
29    pid: {p: 100.0, i: 0.01, d: 10.0}
30

```

- h) I created an “*arm_gazebo.launch*” file that includes both “*arm_world.launch*” and “*arm_control.launch*”.

```
21      <!-- Loads the Gazebo world. -->
22      <include file="$(find arm_gazebo)/launch/arm_world.launch"/>
23
24      <!-- Loads Controllers -->
25      <include file="$(find arm_control)/launch/arm_control.launch"/>
26
```

I proceeded to launch the file to load the simulation and check if the controllers were correctly loaded.



3. Add a camera sensor to your robot

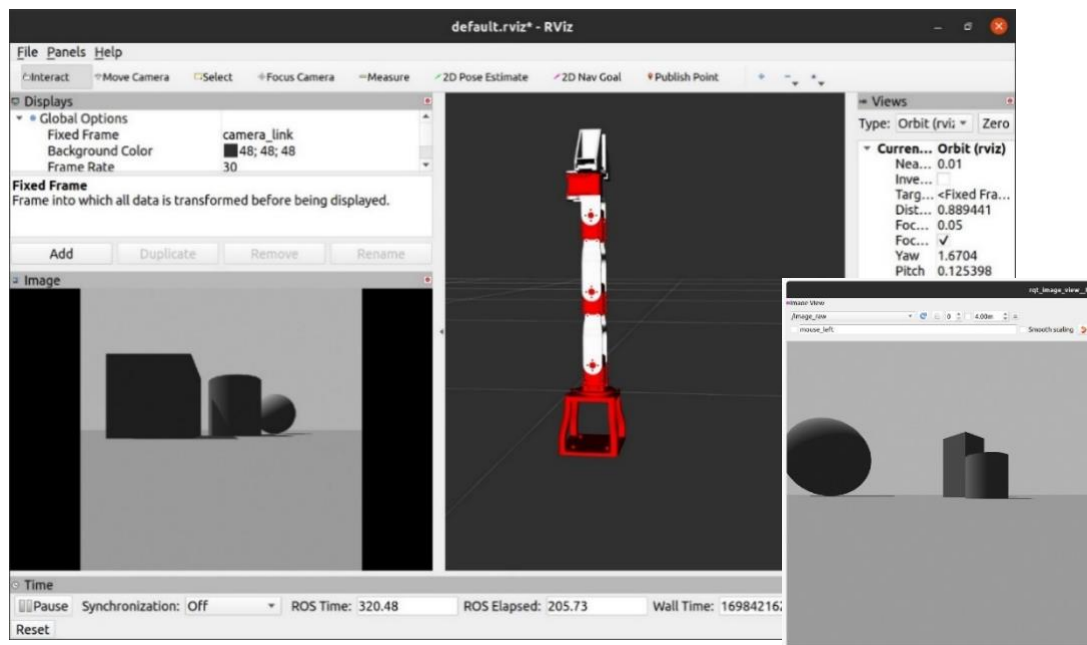
- a) I directly created a “camera.xacro” file and I added to the robot “URDF” using “<xacro:include>”

```
1  <?xml version="1.0"?>
2
3  <robot name="arm" xmlns:xacro="http://www.ros.org/wiki/xacro">
4
5      <xacro:macro name="arm_camera">
6
7          <joint name="camera_sensor_joint" type="fixed">
8              <axis xyz="0 1 0" />
9              <origin xyz="-0.0021 -0.036 0.056" rpy = "0 0 -1.57"/>
10             <parent link="base_link"/>
11             <child link="camera_link"/>
12         </joint>
13
14         <link name="camera_link">
15             <collision>
16                 <origin xyz="0 0 0" rpy="0 0 0"/>
17                 <geometry>
18                     <box size="0.002 0.008 0.005"/>
19                 </geometry>
20             </collision>
21             <visual>
22                 <origin xyz="0 0 0" rpy="0 0 0"/>
23                 <geometry>
24                     <box size="0.002 0.008 0.005"/>
25                 </geometry>
26             </visual>
27             <inertial>
28                 <mass value="0.0001" />
29                 <origin xyz="0 0 0" rpy="0 0 ${pi}"/>
30                 <inertia ixx="0.0000001" ixy="0" ixz="0" iyy="0.0000001" iyz="0" izz="0.0000001" />
31             </inertial>
32         </link>
33     </xacro:macro>
34 </robot>
```


- b) I added the sensor reference tags and “*libgazebo_ros_camera*” plugin to the “*arm.gazebo.xacro*”

```
14 <gazebo reference="camera_link">
15   <sensor type="camera" name="camera1">
16     <update_rate>30.0</update_rate>
17     <camera name="head">
18       <horizontal_fov>1.3962634</horizontal_fov>
19       <image>
20         <width>800</width> <height>800</height> <format>
21           R8G8B8</format>
22       </image>
23       <clip>
24         <near>0.02</near> <far>300</far>
25       </clip>
26       <noise>
27         <type>gaussian</type> <mean>0.0</mean> <stddev>0.007
28         </stddev>
29       </noise>
30     </camera>
31     <plugin name="camera_controller" filename="
32       libgazebo_ros_camera.so"> ... </plugin>
33     <plugin name="camera_controller" filename="
34       libgazebo_ros_camera.so">
35       <alwaysOn>true</alwaysOn>
36       <updateRate>0.0</updateRate>
37       <cameraName>camera</cameraName>
38       <imageTopicName>image_raw</imageTopicName>
39       <cameraInfoTopicName>camera_info</cameraInfoTopicName>
40       <frameName>camera_link_optical</frameName>
41       <hackBaseline>0.0</hackBaseline>
42       <distortionK1>0.0</distortionK1>
43       <distortionK2>0.0</distortionK2>
44       <distortionK3>0.0</distortionK3>
45       <distortionT1>0.0</distortionT1>
46       <distortionT2>0.0</distortionT2>
```

- c) I proceeded to load the simulation with “*arm_gazebo.launch*” and check if the image was correctly published using the “*rqt_image_view*” plugin.



4. Create a ROS publisher node that reads the joint state and sends joint position commands to your robot

- a) I created an “*arm_controller*” package containing the ROS C++ node named “*arm_controller_node*”. I proceeded to modify the “*CMakeLists.txt*” to compile the node with the required dependencies.

```
10     find_package(catkin REQUIRED COMPONENTS
11         roscpp
12         sensor_msgs
13         std_msgs
14     )
15
104    catkin_package(
105        # INCLUDE_DIRS include
106        # LIBRARIES arm_controller
107        CATKIN_DEPENDS roscpp sensor_msgs std_msgs
108        # DEPENDS system_lib
109    )
110
117    include_directories(
118        # include
119        ${catkin_INCLUDE_DIRS}
120    )
121
136    add_executable(${PROJECT_NAME}_node src/arm_cont_node.cpp)
137    target_link_libraries(${PROJECT_NAME}_node ${catkin_LIBRARIES})
```

- b) I created a subscriber to the topic “*joint_states*” and a callback function that prints the current joint positions.

```
7  void jointStatesCallback(const sensor_msgs::JointState::ConstPtr& msg)
8  {
9      ROS_INFO("Received joint states:");
10     for (size_t i = 0; i < msg->name.size(); i++)
11     {
12         ROS_INFO("%s: %f", msg->name[i].c_str(), msg->position[i]);
13     }
14 }
15
21 // Create a subscriber for the "joint_states" topic
22 ros::Subscriber sub = nh.subscribe("/arm/joint_states", 1, jointStatesCallback);
```

- c) I created four subscribers that write commands onto the controller’s “*/command*” topics.

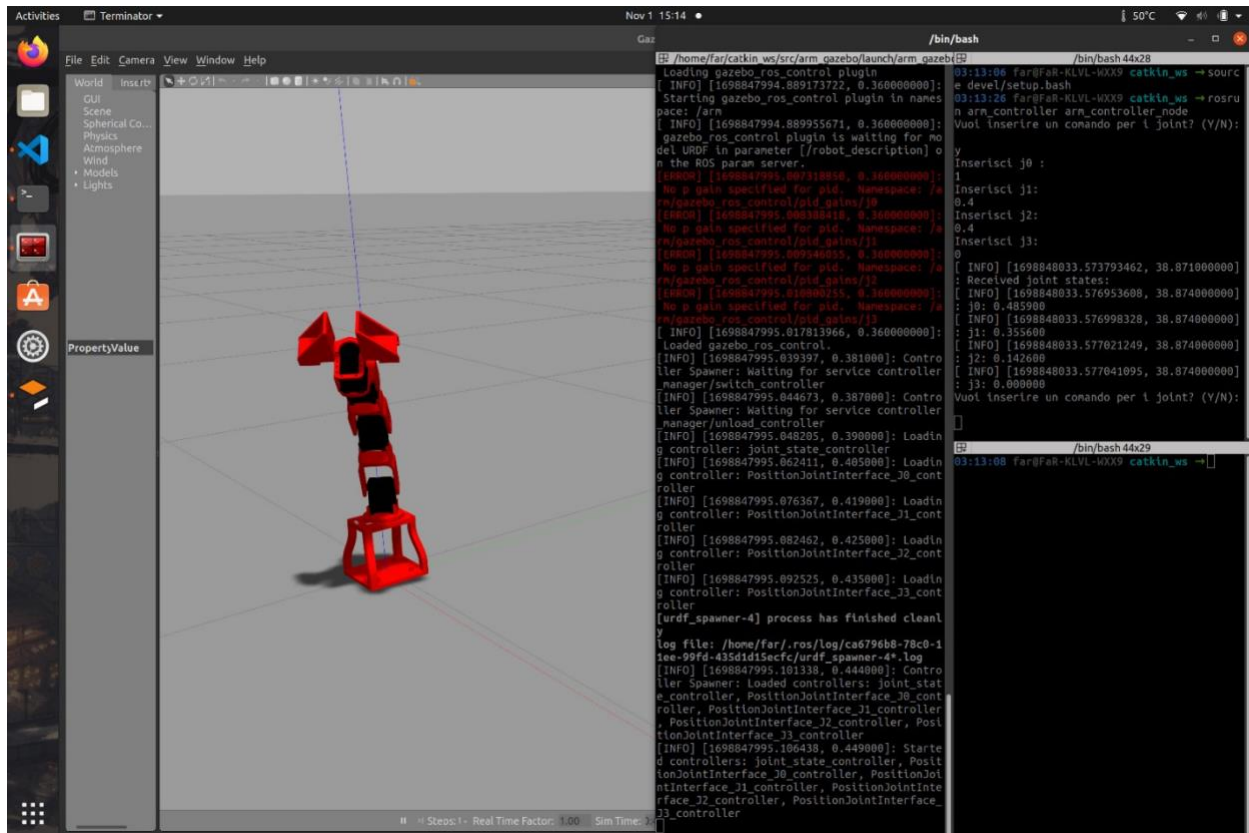
```
25 ros::Publisher pub0 = nh.advertise<std_msgs::Float64>("/arm/PositionJointInterface_J0_controller/command", 1000);
26 ros::Publisher pub1 = nh.advertise<std_msgs::Float64>("/arm/PositionJointInterface_J1_controller/command", 1000);
27 ros::Publisher pub2 = nh.advertise<std_msgs::Float64>("/arm/PositionJointInterface_J2_controller/command", 1000);
28 ros::Publisher pub3 = nh.advertise<std_msgs::Float64>("/arm/PositionJointInterface_J3_controller/command", 1000);
```

```

35     while (ros::ok()) {
36         msg.data=0;
37         char r='0';
38
39         std::cout<<"Vuoi inserire un comando per i joint? (Y/N): "<<std::endl;
40         std::cin>>r;
41
42         //for(int i=0;i<4;i++){
43             if(r=='Y' || r=='y'){
44                 std::cout<<"Inserisci j0 : "<<std::endl;
45                 std::cin>>msg.data;
46                 pub0.publish(msg);
47
48                 std::cout<<"Inserisci j1: "<<std::endl;
49                 std::cin>>msg.data;
50                 pub1.publish(msg);
51
52                 std::cout<<"Inserisci j2: "<<std::endl;
53                 std::cin>>msg.data;
54                 pub2.publish(msg);
55
56                 std::cout<<"Inserisci j3: "<<std::endl;
57                 std::cin>>msg.data;
58                 pub3.publish(msg);
59             }

```

Now we can launch the controller node together with “*arm_gazebo.launch*” to submit requests to the position controllers.



Github repository:

Sources:

Robot arm description package: https://github.com/RoboticsLab2023/arm_description.git

iiwa_stack robot example: https://github.com/IFL-CAMP/iiwa_stack/tree/master

Camera xacro: <https://github.com/CentroEPiaggio/irobotcreate2ros/blob/master/model/camera.urdf.xacro>

Other notes: *“Mastering ROS for Robotics Programming”*