

UTXO vs Account Balance

Some Notes - Working on

UTXO - Used in BTC

- Inspired by Cash System: Tx = Banknotes Transfer
- Stateless: not based on the concept of “Account / Wallet Balance”, just focused on “Transaction Validity”
- Transaction is valid if

$$\text{In}_{\{t\}.p} \leq \text{Out}_{\{t-1, id\}.p}$$

- the $\text{In}_{\{t\}.p}$ = Facial Value of “Banknote” being spent now (at time t)
- the $\text{out}_{\{t-1, id\}.p}$ = Facial Value of one of the “Banknotes” received at t-1
- Reminder (if any) gets sent back to the sender wallet / address

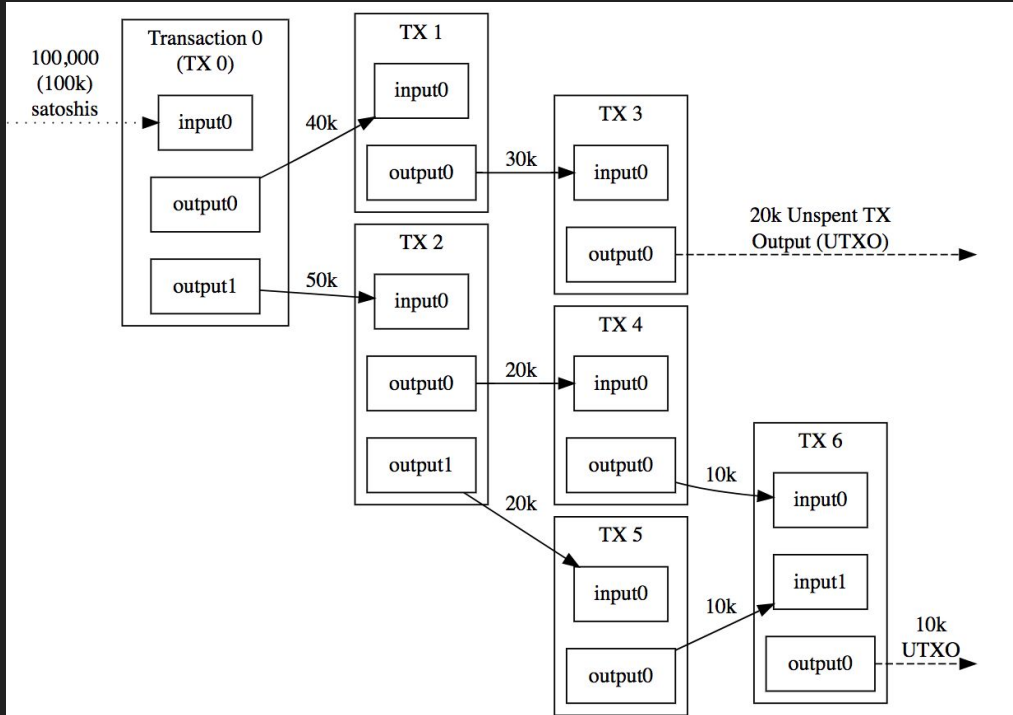
$$R = \text{Out}_{\{t-1, id\}.p} - \text{In}_{\{t\}.p}$$

- If no owned Banknote is big enough, split in multiple Transactions

$$\text{In}_{\{t\}.p} > \text{Out}_{\{t-1, id\}.p} \quad \forall \text{ id}$$

- then

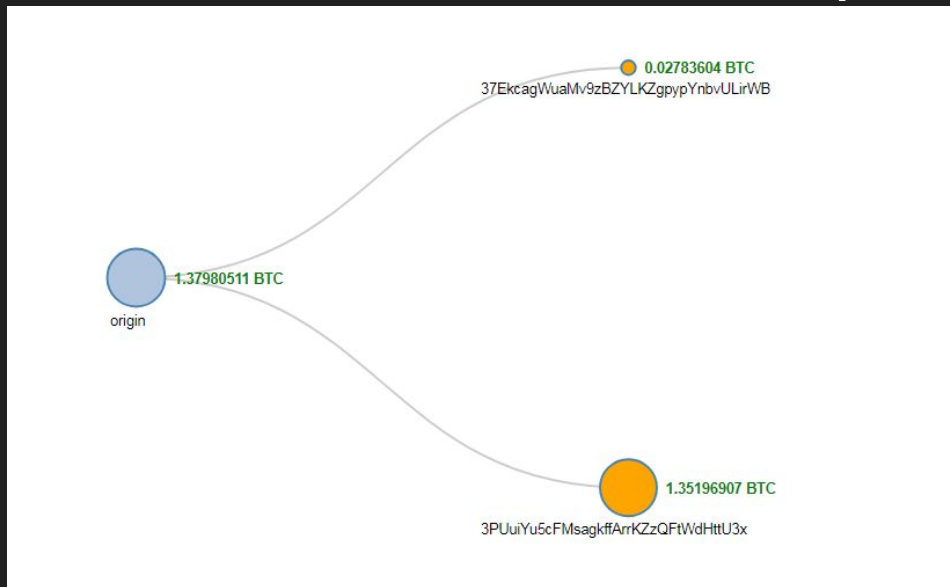
UTXO - Example



Triple-Entry Bookkeeping (Transaction-To-Transaction Payments) As Used By Bitcoin

- Inspired by Banknotes

UTXO - Reminder Example



- Source Addr: 3PU
- Dest Addr: 37E
- Observe the Transaction starting from 3PU sends $\text{In}_{\{t\}}.p$ to 37E and $\text{Out}_{\{t-1, \text{id}\}}.p - \text{In}_{\{t\}}.p$ back to 3PU
- See [link](#)

364efe5a906de5971e242f9711008e58a5ab79f136a8044b66615e8662d35f09

3PUuiYu5cFMsagkffArrKZzQFtWdHttU3x



37EkcagWuaMv9zBZYLKZgpyYnbvULirWB
3PUuiYu5cFMsagkffArrKZzQFtWdHttU3x

Account Balance - Used in ETH

- Inspired by Bank Payments : no Banknotes, Account Balance tracked, Transactions = Account Balance updates
- Stateful: based on tracking each “Wallet Account Balance” explicitly
- Transfer is valid if
$$A.w.b \geq Tx.p$$
 - The Sender Wallet Balance is \geq Transaction Amount
- Compared to UTXO
 - Simpler
 - More Transparent : direct Wallet Balance tracking (no need to reconstruct it)