

$$pop(n) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } n = 0. \\ 1, & \text{if } n = 1. \\ \lfloor \frac{5 \cdot pop(n-1)}{2} \rfloor - pop(n-2), & \text{if } n \geq 2. \end{cases}$$

Base Cases:

$$pop(0) = 0, \quad 2^{n-1} = 0$$

$$pop(1) = 1, \quad 2^0 = 1$$

$$pop(2) = 2, \quad 2^1 = 2$$

Assume $pop(n) = 2^{n-1}$

Show $pop(n+1) = 2^n$

$$pop(n+1) = \lfloor \frac{5 \cdot pop(n)}{2} \rfloor - pop(n-1)$$

$$pop(n+1) = \lfloor \frac{5 \cdot 2^{n-1}}{2} \rfloor - 2^{n-2}$$

$$5 \cdot 2^{n-2} - 2^{n-2}$$

$$4 \cdot 2^{n-2}$$

$$2^n$$