# Package 'BayesSPsurv'

September 9, 2020

Bayesian parametric spatial split-populiation survival models for clustered event processes. The models account for both structural and spatial heterogeneity among ``at risk" and ``im-

This package currently implements Weibull, Exponential and Loglogistic forms for the dura-

from point patterns by distance and presents a series of diagnostic tests and plots for easy vi-

Author Brandon L. Bolte [aut], Nicolas Schmidt [aut, cre], Nguyen K. Huynh [aut], Min-

tion component. It allows for the creation of spatial weights matrix objects

nie M. Joo [aut], Sergio Bejar[aut], Bumba Mukherjee [aut]

mune" populations, and incorporates time-varying covariates.

sual diagnostics of convergence and spatial effects.

Type Package

Title Bayesian Spatial Split Population Survival Model

License MIT + file LICENSE
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.6.0)
RoxygenNote 7.1.0
LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo
Imports MCMCpack, FastGP, stats, Rcpp, RcppArmadillo, coda, dplyr, reshape2
Suggests spduration
R topics documented:  capdist
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## **Description**

Dyadic dataset extracted from Gleditsch and Ward (2001). The dataset contains information on the distace between capital cities among independent nation-states.

# Usage

```
data(capdist)
```

## **Format**

A data frame with 41006 rows and 6 variables

#### **Details**

```
numa COW code – country A.
ida Three letter ISO code – country A.
numb COW code – country B.
idb Three letter ISO code – country B.
kmdist Distance between capital cities in the kilometers.
midist Minimal distance between capital cities in the kilometers.
```

## Source

Gleditsch, Kristian S., and Michael D. Ward. (2001). "Measuring Space: A Minimum-Distance Database and Applications to International Studies." Journal of Conflict Resolution 38(6): 739-758.

urv	
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# Description

Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) to run Bayesian split population survival model with exchangeable frailties.

Returns a summary of a exchangeSPsurv object via summary.mcmc.

Print method for a exchangeSPsurv x.

Returns a plot of a exchangeSPsurv object via plot.mcmc.

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## Usage

```
exchangeSPsurv(
  duration,
  immune,
  Υ0,
  LY,
  S,
  data,
  Ν,
  burn,
  thin,
  w = c(1, 1, 1),
  m = 10,
  form = c("Weibull", "exponential", "loglog"),
  prop.var
)
## S3 method for class 'frailtySPsurv'
summary(object, parameter = c("betas", "gammas", "lambda"), ...)
## S3 method for class 'frailtySPsurv'
print(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'frailtySPsurv'
plot(x, ...)
```

# Arguments

duration

	Y is duration until failure or censoring.
immune	split stage equation written in a formula of the form C $\sim$ Z1 + Z2 + where C is a binary indicator of immunity.
Y0	the elapsed time since inception until the beginning of time period (t-1).
LY	last observation year (coded as 1; 0 otherwise) due to censoring or failure.
S	spatial information (e.g. district ID) for each observation that matches the spatial matrix row/column information.
data	data.frame.
N	number of MCMC iterations.
burn	burn-in to be discarded.
thin	thinning to prevent from autocorrelation.
W	size of the slice in the slice sampling for (betas, gammas, rho). Write it as a vector. E.g. $c(1,1,1)$ .
m	limit on steps in the slice sampling. A vector of values for beta, gamma, rho.
form	type of parametric model (Weibull, Exponential, or Log-Logistic).
prop.var	proposed variance for Metropolis-Hastings.
object	an object of class frailtySPsurv, the output of exchangeSPsurv.
parameter	one of three parameters of the pooled SPsurv output. Indicate either "betas," "gammas," or "lambda." $$

survival stage equation written in a formula of the form  $Y \sim X1 + X2 + ...$  where

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```
additional parameter.an object of class frailtySPsurv, the output of exchangeSPsurv.
```

## Value

exchangeSPsurv returns an object of class "exchangeSPsurv".

A "exchangeSPsurv" object has the following elements:

betas	matrix, numeric values of the posterior for each variable in the duration equation
	•
gammas	$matrix, numeric\ values\ of\ the\ posterior\ for\ each\ variable\ in\ the\ immune\ equation.$
rho	numeric vector of values for rho.
lambda	numeric, vector of values for lambda.
delta	numeric, vector of values for delta.
W	matrix, numeric values of the posterior for Ws
V	matrix, numeric values of the posterior for Vs
Χ	matrix X's variables.
Z	matrix of Z's variables.
Υ	the vector of 'Y'.
Y0	the vector of 'Y0'.
С	the vector of 'C'.
S	the vector of 'S'.
form	character, type of distribution.
call	description for the model to be estimated.

- list. Empirical mean, standard deviation and quantiles for each variable.
- list. Empirical mean, standard deviation and quantiles for each variable.

# **Examples**

```
walter <- spduration::add_duration(Walter_2015_JCR,"renewed_war",</pre>
                                   unitID = "id", tID = "year",
                                    freq = "year", ongoing = FALSE)
# add S
walter <- spatial_SA(data = walter, var_ccode = "ccode", threshold = 800L)</pre>
set.seed(123456)
model <-
    exchangeSPsurv(
           duration = duration ~ fhcompor1 + lgdpl + comprehensive + victory +
           instabl + intensityln + ethfrac + unpko,
           immune = cured ~ fhcompor1 + lgdpl + victory,
           Y0
                    = 't.0',
           LY
                    = 'lastyear',
                    = 'sp_id' ,
           data
                    = walter[[1]],
```

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pooledSPsurv

pooledSPsurv

# Description

Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) to run Bayesian split population survival model with no frailties.

Returns a summary of a SPsurv object via summary.mcmc.

Print method for a pooledSPsurv x.

Returns a plot of a pooledSPsurv object via plot.mcmc.

# Usage

```
pooledSPsurv(
  duration,
  immune,
  Υ0,
  LY,
  data,
  Ν,
  burn,
  thin,
  w = c(1, 1, 1),
  m = 10,
  form = c("Weibull", "exponential", "loglog")
## S3 method for class 'SPsurv'
summary(object, parameter = c("betas", "gammas", "lambda"), ...)
## S3 method for class 'SPsurv'
print(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'SPsurv'
plot(x, ...)
```

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## **Arguments**

duration survival stage equation written in a formula of the form  $Y \sim X1 + X2 + ...$  where

Y is duration until failure or censoring.

immune split stage equation written in a formula of the form  $C \sim Z1 + Z2 + ...$  where C

is a binary indicator of immunity.

Y0 the elapsed time since inception until the beginning of time period (t-1).

LY last observation year (coded as 1; 0 otherwise) due to censoring or failure.

data data.frame.

N number of MCMC iterations.

burn burn-in to be discarded.

thin thinning to prevent from autocorrelation.

w size of the slice in the slice sampling for (betas, gammas, rho). Write it as a

vector. E.g. c(1,1,1).

m limit on steps in the slice sampling. A vector of values for beta, gamma, rho.

form type of parametric model (Weibull, Exponential, or Log-Logistic).

object an object of class SPsurv, the output of pooledSPsurv.

parameter one of three parameters of the pooledSPsurv output. Indicate either "betas,"

"gammas," or "lambda."

... additional parameter.

x an object of class SPsurv, the output of pooledSPsurv.

## Value

pooledSPsurv returns an object of class "pooledSPsurv".

A "pooledSPsurv" object has the following elements:

betas matrix, numeric values of the posterior for each variable in the duration equation

.

gammas matrix, numeric values of the posterior for each variable in the immune equation.

rho numeric vector of values for rho.
delta numeric, vector of values for delta.

W matrix, numeric values of the posterior for Ws
V matrix, numeric values of the posterior for Vs

X matrix X's variables.

Z matrix of Z's variables.

Y the vector of 'Y'.

Y0 the vector of 'Y0'.
C the vector of 'C'.

form character, type of distribution.

call description for the model to be estimated.

list. Empirical mean, standard deviation and quantiles for each variable.

list. Empirical mean, standard deviation and quantiles for each variable.

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## **Examples**

```
walter <- spduration::add_duration(Walter_2015_JCR,"renewed_war",</pre>
                                  unitID = "id", tID = "year",
                                  freq = "year", ongoing = FALSE)
set.seed(123456)
model <-
   pooledSPsurv(
       duration = duration ~ fhcompor1 + lgdpl + comprehensive + victory +
           instabl + intensityln + ethfrac + unpko,
       immune = cured ~ fhcompor1 + lgdpl + victory,
                = 't.0',
       LY
                = 'lastyear',
       data = walter,
       N
               = 100,
       burn
                = 10,
             = 10,
       thin
       W
               = c(1,1,1),
       m
               = 10,
       form
             = "Weibull"
   )
print(model)
summary(model, parameter = "betas")
plot(model)
```

spatialSPsurv

spatialSPsurv

# Description

Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) to run time-varying Bayesian split population survival model with spatial frailties.

Returns a summary of a exchangeSPsurv object via summary.mcmc.

Print method for a spatialSPsurv x.

Returns a plot of a spatial SP surv object via plot.mcmc.

## Usage

```
spatialSPsurv(
  duration,
  immune,
  Y0,
```

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```
LY,
  S,
  Α,
  data,
  Ν,
  burn,
  thin,
  w = c(1, 1, 1),
  m = 10,
  form = c("Weibull", "exponential", "loglog"),
  prop.var
)
## S3 method for class 'spatialSPsurv'
summary(object, parameter = c("betas", "gammas", "lambda"), ...)
## S3 method for class 'spatialSPsurv'
print(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'spatialSPsurv'
plot(x, ...)
```

# Arguments

. . .

Χ

duration	survival stage equation written in a formula of the form $Y \sim X1 + X2 +$ where Y is duration until failure or censoring.
immune	split stage equation written in a formula of the form $C \sim Z1 + Z2 +$ where $C$ is a binary indicator of immunity.
Y0	the elapsed time since inception until the beginning of time period (t-1).
LY	last observation year (coded as 1; 0 otherwise) due to censoring or failure.
S	spatial information (e.g. district ID) for each observation that matches the spatial matrix row/column information.
A	an a times a spatial weights matrix where a is the number of unique spatial units (S) load as a separate file.
data	data.frame.
N	number of MCMC iterations.
burn	burn-in to be discarded.
thin	thinning to prevent from autocorrelation.
W	size of the slice in the slice sampling for (betas, gammas, rho). Write it as a vector. E.g. $c(1,1,1)$ .
m	limit on steps in the slice sampling. A vector of values for beta, gamma, rho.
form	type of parametric model (Weibull, Exponential, or Log-Logistic).
prop.var	proposal variance for Metropolis-Hastings.
object	an object of class spatialSPsurv, the output of spatialSPsurv.
parameter	one of three parameters of the pooledSPsurv output. Indicate either "betas," "gammas," or "lambda."

an object of class spatialSPsurv, the output of spatialSPsurv.

additional parameter.

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#### Value

spatialSPsurv returns an object of class "spatialSPsurv".

A "spatialSPsurv" object has the following elements:

betas matrix, numeric values of the posterior for each variable in the duration equation matrix, numeric values of the posterior for each variable in the immune equation. gammas numeric vector of values for rho. rho lambda numeric, vector of values for lambda. delta numeric, vector of values for delta. W matrix, numeric values of the posterior for Ws ٧ matrix, numeric values of the posterior for Vs Χ matrix X's variables. Ζ matrix of Z's variables. Υ the vector of 'Y'. the vector of 'Y0'. Y0 С the vector of 'C'. S the vector of 'S'. form character, type of distribution.

description for the model to be estimated. call

list. Empirical mean, standard deviation and quantiles for each variable.

list. Empirical mean, standard deviation and quantiles for each variable.

# **Examples**

```
walter <- spduration::add_duration(Walter_2015_JCR, "renewed_war",</pre>
                                     unitID = "id", tID = "year",
                                     freq = "year", ongoing = FALSE)
walter <- spatial_SA(data = walter, var_ccode = "ccode", threshold = 800L)</pre>
set.seed(123456)
model <-
    spatialSPsurv(
        duration = duration ~ fhcompor1 + lgdpl + comprehensive + victory +
                    instabl + intensityln + ethfrac + unpko,
        immune = cured ~ fhcompor1 + lgdpl + victory,
        Υ0
                 = 't.0',
                 = 'lastyear',
        \mathsf{L}\mathsf{Y}
                 = 'sp_id'
        S
                  = walter[[1]],
        data
        Ν
                  = 500,
        burn
                 = 10,
        thin
                 = 10,
                  = c(1,1,1),
                  = 10,
```

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```
form = "Weibull",
    prop.var = 1e-05,
    A = walter[[2]]
)
print(model)
summary(model, parameter = "betas")
plot(model)
```

spatial\_SA

 $spatial\_SA$ 

# Description

```
matrix A and sp_id (S)
```

## Usage

```
spatial_SA(data, var_ccode, threshold = 800L)
```

## **Arguments**

data data.frame.

var\_ccode name of the variable that contains the country codes.

threshold distance in kilometers.

# Value

list. Contains database with variable  $sp\_id(S)$  and matrix A.

# **Examples**

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SPstats

**SPstats** 

# **Description**

A function to calculate the deviance information criterion (DIC) and Log-likelihood for fitted model outputs of pooled, exchangeable, and spatial Split Population survival models for which a log-likelihood can be obtained, according to the formula DIC = -2 \* (L - P), where L is the log likelihood of the data given the posterior means of the parameter and P is the estimate of the effective number of parameters in the model.

# Usage

SPstats(object)

## **Arguments**

object

An object of the output of pooled, exchangeable, or spatial Split Population survival model .

## Value

List.

Walter\_2015\_JCR

Walter\_2015\_JCR

## **Description**

Subsetted version of a time-series-cross-sectional (TSCS) dataset used in Walter (2015). It has data on duration of post-war peace as well as information on other relevant economic and political data. The variables duration, cured, t.0 and lastyear added by the authors of this package using the function add\_duration.

# Usage

```
data(Walter_2015_JCR)
```

## **Format**

A data frame with 1237 rows and 8 variables

## **Details**

**fhcompor1** Freedom House civil liberties index.

lgdpl log of per capita GDP in 2005 dollars.

comprehensive combatants signed comprehensive peace agreement.

victory end of previous war with outright victory.

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**instabl** dummy that indicates whether there was a positive or negative change in the Polity 2 score in the previous country-year.

intensityln deaths per year – logged.

ethfrac index of ethnic fractionalization.

unpko number of UN peacekeepers on the ground.

# Source

Walter, Barbara F. (2015), Why Bad Governance Leads to Repeat Civil War, Journal of Conflict Resolution 59(7), 1242 - 1272.

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