

# Guía del Curso Previo de Matemáticas

Nicolas Argañaraz

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## 1 Ejercicio 7 – Escribir en forma más simple

1.1  $3\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{3}$

$$3\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{3} = (3 + 5)\sqrt{3} = \boxed{5\sqrt{3}}$$

1.2  $3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{8}$

$$3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{8} = 3\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{4 \cdot 2} = 3\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{2} = \boxed{5\sqrt{2}}$$

1.3  $\sqrt{72} + \sqrt{98}$

$$\sqrt{72} + \sqrt{98} = \sqrt{36 \cdot 2} + \sqrt{49 \cdot 2} = 6\sqrt{2} + 7\sqrt{2} = \boxed{12\sqrt{2}}$$

1.4  $\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{12}}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{12}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2 \cdot 4}}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3 \cdot 4}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}}{-\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{(\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2})\sqrt{3}}{3} = \boxed{-\frac{3 + 2\sqrt{6}}{3}}$$

1.5  $\frac{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{7}}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{7}} &= \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{7}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{7}} = \\ &= \frac{5 - 2\sqrt{35} + 7}{-2} = \\ &= -\frac{5 - 2\sqrt{35} + 7}{2} = \\ &= -\frac{12 - 2\sqrt{35}}{2} = \\ &= -\frac{2(6 - \sqrt{35})}{2} = \end{aligned}$$

$$= -(6 - \sqrt{35}) =$$

$$= \boxed{-6 + \sqrt{35}}$$

## 2 Ejercicio 8 - Simplificar la escritura y eliminar los exponentes negativos

**2.1**  $((\frac{1}{3})^4 \cdot 3^{-5})^{\frac{2}{9}}$

$$((\frac{1}{3})^4 \cdot 3^{-5})^{\frac{2}{9}} =$$

$$= ((\frac{1}{3})^4 \cdot (\frac{1}{3})^5)^{\frac{2}{9}} =$$

$$= ((\frac{1}{9})^9)^{\frac{2}{9}} =$$

$$= (\frac{1}{9})^{\frac{9}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{9}} =$$

$$= (\frac{1}{9})^{\frac{1}{2}} =$$

$$= \sqrt{(\frac{1}{9})} =$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$$

**2.2**  $((\frac{3}{7})^{-2} \cdot (\frac{7}{3})^3)^{\frac{2}{5}}$

$$((\frac{3}{7})^{-2} \cdot (\frac{7}{3})^3)^{\frac{2}{5}} =$$

$$((\frac{7}{3})^2 \cdot (\frac{7}{3})^3)^{\frac{2}{5}} =$$

$$((\frac{7}{3})^5)^{\frac{2}{5}} =$$

$$(\frac{7}{3})^{\frac{5}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{5}} =$$

$$(\frac{7}{3})^2 =$$

$$\boxed{\frac{49}{9}}$$

**2.3**  $((81)^{\frac{3}{4}})^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

$$((81)^{\frac{3}{4}})^{-\frac{2}{3}} =$$

$$= 81^{\frac{3}{4} \cdot -\frac{2}{3}} =$$

$$= 81^{-\frac{1}{2}} =$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{81}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} =$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{81}\right)} =$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{9}}$$

$$\mathbf{2.4} \quad \left(\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2\right)^{-1}$$

$$\left(\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2\right)^{-1} =$$

$$\left(\left(\frac{25}{4}\right) + \left(\frac{9}{4}\right)\right)^{-1} =$$

$$\left(\frac{25+9}{4}\right)^{-1} =$$

$$\left(\frac{34}{4}\right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{17}{2}\right)^{-1} =$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{2}{17}}$$

$$\mathbf{2.5} \quad \left(\left(\frac{1}{7}\right)^2 \cdot 7^{-3}\right)^{\frac{2}{5}}$$

$$\left(\left(\frac{1}{7}\right)^2 \cdot 7^{-3}\right)^{\frac{2}{5}} =$$

$$\left(\left(\frac{1}{7}\right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{7}\right)^3\right)^{\frac{2}{5}} =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{7}\right)^5)^{\frac{2}{5}} =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{7}\right)^{\frac{5}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{5}} =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{7}\right)^2 =$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{49}}$$

$$\mathbf{2.6} \quad \left((32)^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\left((32)^{\frac{5}{2}}\right)^{-\frac{3}{2}} =$$

$$(32)^{\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)} =$$

$$(32)^{\left(-\frac{15}{4}\right)} =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{1}{32} \left( \frac{15}{4} \right) &= \\
\frac{1}{32 \left( \frac{15}{4} \right)} &= \\
\frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{32^{15}}} &= \\
\frac{1}{32^3 \cdot \sqrt[4]{32^3}} &= \\
\frac{1}{32^3 \cdot \sqrt[4]{32^3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[4]{32}}{\sqrt[4]{32}} &= \\
\frac{1}{32^3 \cdot \sqrt[4]{32^3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[4]{32}}{\sqrt[4]{32}} &= \\
\frac{\sqrt[4]{32}}{32^3 \cdot \sqrt[4]{32^3 \cdot 32}} &= \\
\frac{2 \sqrt[4]{2}}{32^3 \cdot \sqrt[4]{32^4}} = \frac{2 \sqrt[4]{2}}{32^3 \cdot 32} &= \\
= \boxed{\frac{2 \sqrt[4]{2}}{32^4}} &=
\end{aligned}$$

### 3 Ejercicio 11 - Simplificar la escritura y eliminar los exponentes negativos

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{3.1} \quad \frac{3x^2y^{-3}}{2x^{-3}y^4} &= \\
\frac{3x^2y^{-3}}{2x^{-3}y^4} &= \\
= \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{x^2}{x^{-3}} \cdot \frac{y^{-3}}{y^4} &= \\
= \frac{3}{2} \cdot \left( \frac{x}{1} \right)^{2-(-3)} \cdot y^{-3+4} &= \\
= \frac{3}{2} \cdot \left( \frac{x}{1} \right)^5 \cdot y^{-7} &= \\
= \frac{3}{2} \cdot \left( \frac{x}{1} \right)^5 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{y} \right)^7 &= \\
= \boxed{\frac{3x^5}{2y^7}} &=
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{3.2} \quad \frac{6x^4y^{-2}}{4x^{-2}y^{-5}} &= \\
\frac{6x^4y^{-2}}{4x^{-2}y^{-5}} &= \\
= \frac{6}{4} \cdot \frac{x^4}{x^{-2}} \cdot \frac{y^{-2}}{y^{-5}} &=
\end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{1}\right)^{4-(-2)} \cdot y^{-2+5} =$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{1}\right)^6 \cdot y^3 =$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{3x^6}{2y^{-3}}}$$

$$\mathbf{3.3} \quad \frac{(3x)^2 y^{-3}}{2x^3 (2y)^{-4}}$$

$$\frac{(3x)^2 y^{-3}}{2x^3 (2y)^{-4}} =$$

$$= \frac{9x^2}{2x^3} \cdot \frac{y^{-3}}{(2y)^{-4}} =$$

$$= \frac{9}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{1}\right)^{2-3} \cdot y^{-3+4} =$$

$$= \frac{9}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^1 \cdot y^1 =$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{9y}{2x}}$$

$$\mathbf{3.4} \quad \frac{x+y}{x^{-1}+y^{-1}}$$

$$\frac{x+y}{x^{-1}+y^{-1}} =$$

$$= \frac{x+y}{\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{y}} =$$

$$= \frac{x+y}{\frac{x+y}{xy}} =$$

$$= x + y \cdot \frac{xy}{x+y} =$$

$$= \boxed{xy}$$

$$\mathbf{3.5} \quad \frac{x^{-2}+y^{-2}}{x^2+y^2}$$

$$\frac{x^{-2}+y^{-2}}{x^2+y^2} =$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{x^2}+\frac{1}{y^2}}{x^2+y^2} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{x^2 y^2} + \frac{1}{x^2 y^2} =$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{x^2 y^2}}$$

## 4 Ejercicio 12 - Hallar el valor de x

$$4.1 \quad \frac{(2x)^5}{3(x^2)^3} = \frac{7}{4}$$

$$\frac{(2x)^5}{3(x^2)^3} = \frac{7}{4}$$

$$= \frac{32x^5}{3x^6} = \frac{7}{4}$$

$$= \frac{32}{3x} = \frac{7}{4}$$

$$= 32 \cdot 4 = 7 \cdot 3x$$

$$= x = \frac{32 \cdot 4}{7 \cdot 3}$$

$$= x = \frac{128}{21}$$

$$4.2 \quad (4x)^5(8x^2)^{-3} = 1$$

$$(4x)^5(8x^2)^{-3} = 1$$

$$= 1024x^5 \cdot \frac{1}{512x^6} = 1$$

$$= 2x^{-1} = 1$$

$$= x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$4.3 \quad \sqrt{\frac{x-4}{3}} = 2$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{x-4}{3}} = 2$$

$$\frac{x-4}{3} = 2^2$$

$$\frac{x-4}{3} = 4$$

$$x - 4 = 4 \cdot 3$$

$$x - 4 = 12$$

$$\boxed{x = 16}$$

$$4.4 \quad \frac{2+\sqrt{2x-2}}{2} = 3$$

$$\frac{2+\sqrt{2x-2}}{2} = 3$$

$$2 + \sqrt{2x - 2} = 3 \cdot 2$$

$$\sqrt{2x - 2} = 6 - 2$$

$$\sqrt{2x - 2} = 4$$

$$2x - 2 = 4^2$$

$$2x - 2 = 16$$

$$2x = 16 + 2$$

$$2x = 18$$

$$\boxed{x = 9}$$

$$\mathbf{4.5} \quad \sqrt[5]{x + 1} = -2$$

$$\sqrt[5]{x + 1} = -2$$

$$x + 1 = (-2)^5$$

$$x + 1 = -32$$

$$\boxed{x = -32 - 1}$$

$$\boxed{x = -33}$$

$$\mathbf{4.6} \quad -5 + \sqrt[3]{x + 2} = -1$$

$$-5 + \sqrt[3]{x + 2} = -1$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x + 2} = -1 + 5$$

$$\sqrt[3]{x + 2} = 4$$

$$x + 2 = 4^3$$

$$x + 2 = 64$$

$$\boxed{x = 64 - 2}$$

$$\boxed{x = 62} \quad ,$$

## 5 Ejercicio 13 - Hallar el valor de x

$$\mathbf{5.1} \quad (3x - 1)^3 = 8$$

$$= 3x = 2 + 1$$

$$= 3x = 3$$

$$= x = \frac{3}{3}$$

$$= \boxed{x = 1}$$

$$\mathbf{5.2} \quad (3x)^{-1}(2x)^2 = 1$$

$$(3x)^{-1}(2x)^2 = 1$$

$$= \frac{1}{3x} \cdot 4x^2 = 1$$

$$= \frac{4x}{3} = 1$$

$$= x = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\mathbf{5.3} \quad 7 - 5\sqrt{3x + 2} = -3$$

$$7 - 5\sqrt{3x + 2} = -3$$

$$= -5\sqrt{3x + 2} = -3 - 7$$

$$= -5\sqrt{3x + 2} = -10$$

$$= \sqrt{3x + 2} = 2$$

$$= 3x + 2 = 4$$

$$= 3x = 4 - 2$$

$$= x = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\mathbf{5.4} \quad \sqrt[4]{2x + 11} = 3$$

$$\sqrt[4]{2x + 11} = 3$$

$$= 2x + 11 = 3^4$$

$$= 2x + 11 = 81$$



$$= 2x = 81 - 11$$

$$= x = \frac{70}{2}$$

$$= x = 35$$

$$\mathbf{5.5} \quad \sqrt[3]{\frac{3x-2}{2x+5}} = -2$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{3x-2}{2x+5}} = -2$$

$$= \frac{3x-2}{2x+5} = -2^3$$

$$= \frac{3x-2}{2x+5} = -8$$

$$= 3x - 2 = -8(2x + 5)$$

$$= 3x - 2 = -16x - 40$$

$$= 19x = -38$$

$$= x = -2$$

$$\mathbf{5.6} \quad x^{-\frac{1}{3}} = 2$$

$$x^{-\frac{1}{3}} = 2$$

$$= x = 2^{-3}$$

$$= x = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\mathbf{5.7} \quad x\sqrt[3]{x^{-2}} = -4$$

$$x\sqrt[3]{x^{-2}} = -4$$

$$= x \cdot x^{-\frac{2}{3}} = -4$$

$$= x^{\frac{1}{3}} = -4$$

$$= x = -4^3$$

$$= x = -64$$

$$5.8 \quad 2 \frac{x^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

$$2 \frac{x^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

$$= 2 \cdot x^{\frac{4}{3}} \cdot x^{-\frac{5}{3}}$$

$$= 2 \cdot x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$5.9 \quad (\sqrt[5]{x})^2 x^{-\frac{3}{5}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(\sqrt[5]{x})^2 x^{-\frac{3}{5}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= x^{\frac{2}{5}} \cdot x^{-\frac{3}{5}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= x^{-\frac{1}{5}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= x = (2)^{-5}$$

$$= x = \frac{1}{32}$$

## 6 Ejercicio 20

Un grupo de jóvenes visita al zoológico: la quinta parte del grupo se detiene a ver a los leones, la tercera parte ve a los tigres, el triple de la diferencia entre estos dos fue a ver a las jirafas y un joven quedó sólo viendo a los osos ¿Cuántos jóvenes fueron de visita al zoológico?

Datos

$$1. \quad \frac{1}{5}x = \text{Leones}$$

$$2. \quad \frac{1}{3}x = \text{Tigres}$$

$$3. \quad 3\left(\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{3}\right)x = \text{Jirafas}$$

$$4. \quad 1 = \text{Osos}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{3}x + 3\left(\frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{3}\right)x + 1 = x$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{3}x + 3\left(\frac{2}{15}\right)x + 1 = x$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{6}{15}x + 1 = x$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{6}{15}x - x = -1$$

$$\frac{3+5+6-15}{15}x = -1$$

$$-\frac{1}{15}x = -1$$

$$x = -1 \div -\frac{1}{15}$$

$$x = -1 \cdot -15$$

$$x = 15$$

La cantidad de chicos que fueron de visita al zoológico fueron: 15