This is an example exif data section from a PNG file
with notes on the different sections, divided by lines of '-'
Also including the ASCII char (if possible/makes sense)

Address Starting at TIFF header	NEWLINE		This part here is only present in some file formats, e.g. PNGs but NOT in JPGs
	0xex		
	0xif		
	NEWLINE		
	0x		The size of EXIF data field in bytes
	0x		Note that 86 is the *decimal* representation
	0x		The missing numbers in the other 3 bytes are
	0x86		spaces (due to encoding) - So the following is
	NEWLINE		86 bytes (NOT including new lines which seem to have no syntactical meaning)
	0x45	E	(Another) EXIF header
	0x78	x	
	0x69	i	
	0x66	f	
	0x00		
	0x00		
0x0000	0x49	I	Start of TIFF header
0x0001	0x49	I	The two 'I's indicate little endian format
0x0002	0x2a	*	With 'I' standing for Intel
0x0003	0x00		"MM" ("Motorola") would indicate big endian
0x0004	0x08		0x002a is also part of the TIFF header
0x0005	0x00		0x00000008 gives the offset to IFD0
0x0006	0x00		
0x0007	0x00		
0x0008	0x01		Number of IFD(0) entries (2 bytes)
0x0009	0x00		Only 1 entry
0x000a	0x0e		Tag: 0x010e indicates "ImageDescription"
0x000b	0x01		
0x000c	0x02		Data format: 0x0002 indicates ASCII String
0x000d	0x00		(with 1 Byte/Component)
0x000e	0x35		Number of components: 0x00000035 = 53 in decimal
0x000f	0x00		Total data length:
0x0010	0x00		53 Components * 1 Byte/Component = 53 Bytes
0x0011	0x00		-> Longer than 4 Bytes -> Next 4 Bytes contain offset to actual Data (starting at TIFF header address)
0x0012	0x1a		Offset to data
0x0013	0x00		Or data itself
0x0014	0x00		if Components * Byte/Component <= 4 Bytes
0x0015	0x00		
0x0016	0x00		Link (=Offset) to next IFD (that is NOT a
0x0017	0x00		SubIFD!) - this 4 byte field follows after last
0x0018	0x00		IFD entry (SubIFD offsets are notated using
0x0019	0x00		special tags). If the link is 0x00000000 (like here) it means that this is the last IFD and no other linked IFD exists
0x001a	0x2d	-	The actual ImageDescription data
0x001b	0x77	w	
0x001c	0x20	SPACE	
0x001d	0x32	2	
	NEWLINE		For some reason every 36th byte is a NEWLINE ?
0x001e	0x20	SPACE	But that does not seem important to readers
0x001f	0x2d	-	So they are not written by little-exif
0x0020	0x68	h	
0x0021	0x20	SPACE	
0x0022	0x31	1	
...	...		(more ImageDescription data here)
0x0049	0x20	SPACE	
0x004a	0x2d	-	
0x004b	0x63	c	
0x004c	0x20	SPACE	
0x004d	0x31	1	
0x004e	0x00		End of ImageDescription String
0x004f	0x00		End of offset (?)