## Assessment 0

### **Python Challenges**

Python 1 3 PTS

Complete the function according to its docstring

```
PYTHON3.6
7
8
       Parameters
9
        -----
10
        string: str
11
12
       Returns
13
14
        dict
15
            A dictionary with counts of each character in string
16
17
        string = string.lower()
18
19
       letter_list = list(string)
20
        d = \{\}
21
       for items in letter_list:
22
           if items in d:
23
                d[items] +=1
24
            else:
                d[items] = 1
25
26
        return d
27
        pass
```

RESET INPUT

**RUN TESTS** 



CODING

**▼** HIDE TEST RESULTS

```
Ran 1 test in 0.000s

OK
```

#### 2 Python 2 3 PTS

Complete the function according to its docstring

```
PYTHON3.6
11
        Returns
12
        -----
13
        dict
14
            A dictionary of sets of input keys indexing the same input values
15
            indexed by the input values.
16
17
18
        >>>invert_dictionary({'a': 2, 'b': 4, 'c': 2})
19
        {2: {'a', 'c'}, 4: {'b'}}
20
21
        values_list = list(d.values())
22
        values_list.sort()
23
        new_d = \{\}
24
        for i in values_list:
            new_d[str(i)] = set()
25
26
            for keys in d.keys():
27
                if d[keys] == i:
                    new_d[str(i)].add(keys)
28
29
        return new_d
30
31
```

RESET INPUT

**RUN TESTS** 



saved at 11:46pm PDT

CODING

**▶** SHOW TEST RESULTS

## **Probability Challenge**

#### Probability 1 3 PTS

Complete the function according to its docstring

```
PYTHON3.6
1 def cookie_jar(a, b):
 2
3
        There are two jars of cookies.
        Each has chocolate and peanut butter cookies.
        Input 'a' is the fraction of cookies in Jar A which are chocolate.
 5
        Input 'b' is the fraction of cookies in Jar B which are chocolate.
 6
        A jar is chosen at random and a cookie is drawn.
 8
        The cookie is chocolate.
9
        Return the probability that the cookie came from Jar A.
10
11
       Parameters
12
        _____
        a: float
13
14
           Probability of drawing a chocolate cooking from Jar A
15
        b: float
           Probability of drawing a chocolate cooking from Jar B
16
17
18
        Returns
19
20
        float
21
            Conditional probability that cookie was drawn from Jar A given
```

RESET INPUT

RUN TESTS



CODING

#### **▼** HIDE TEST RESULTS

```
Ran 1 test in 0.000s

OK
```

### NumPy Challenge

4 **NumPy 1** 3 PTS

Complete the function according to its docstring

```
PYTHON3.6
14
            Size of matrix to be created
        scalar: int
15
            Value of each element of new matrix
16
17
        matrixA:
18
19
        Returns
20
        NumPy array
21
22
            Result of matrix product of row-by-col matrix of "scalar"'s times
23
            matrixA.
24
25
        E.g., array_work(2, 3, 5, [[3, 4], [5, 6], [7, 8]])
               [[3, 4], [[5, 5, 5], [5, 6], * [5, 5, 5]]
26
27
28
                [7, 8]]
29
30
        matrixB = [[scalar for i in range(cols)] for i in range(rows)]
31
        A = np.array(matrixA)
32
        B = np.array(matrixB)
33
        return A.dot(B)
34
```

RESET INPUT

**RUN TESTS** 



saved at 11:47pm PDT

CODING

#### **▼** HIDE TEST RESULTS

## Pandas Challenge

#### 5 Pandas 1 3 PTS

Complete the function according to its docstring.

PYTHON3.6

```
def data_frame_work(df, colA, colB, colC):
2
3
        Insert a column (colC) into the dataframe that is the sum of
4
        colA and colB. Assume that df contains columns colA and colB and
 5
        that these are numeric.
 6
        Parameters
8
9
        df: Pandas DataFrame
10
        colA, colB, colC: str, str, str
11
12
        df[colC] = df[colA] + df[colB]
13
        return df
14
```

RESET INPUT

**RUN TESTS** 



CODING

**▼** HIDE TEST RESULTS

```
.
Ran 1 test in 0.002s

OK
```

# Math Challenges

6 **Math 1** 3 PTS

Given the following matrix and vector:

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is the product **Xy**?

Note: hitting enter will submit the challenge, indicate the separate lines of your matrix by typing \n where the break would be.

14 \n 10



CONCEPTUAL

# Probability and Statistics Challenges

#### 7 **Prob/Stats 1** 3 PTS

Consider a sample of data S obtained by flipping a coin x, where 1 denotes the coin turned up heads, and 0 tails.

$$S = \{1, 1, 0, 1, 0\}$$

What is the sample's mean?

0.6



CONCEPTUAL

No Time Limit

9/9 attempted

Save And Exit

Continuing with the data from the previous challenge, what is the probability of observing these data (3 heads) assuming that a coin with an equal probability of heads and tails was used?

0.3125

(i)

CONCEPTUAL

#### 9 Prob/Stats 3 3 PTS

A probability distribution

P is dependent on two categorical values

x and

V.

 $\boldsymbol{x}$  can take on values T and F, while

y can take on values of a, b, and c. The following joint distribution table describes the joint probability

P(x, y):

**a b c** T 0.2 0.1 0.2 F 0.05 0.15 0.3

What is  $P(x=T \mid y=b)$ ?

0.4

(i)

CONCEPTUAL