Toy Horse Analysis Case





Conjoint Analysis

■ Why conjoint analysis

- **1. Data Availability:** Experiment-like technique to collect data and control external variables
- 2. Provide Insight: Identify segments based on preferences for each attribute (price, height, motion, style) and tailor products to segments
- **3. Market Prediction :** Evaluate competitive responses and pricing decision

■ Conjoint Analysis Task Details

1. Attributes

- **A-Price:** \$139.99 (0) or \$119.99 (1)

- **B-Height**: 18" (0) or 26" (1)

- **C-Motion**: Bouncing (0) or Rocking(1)

- **D-Style:** Racing (0) or Glamorous (1)

 Attributes not included: stability, total floor footprint, quality of construction, and color/colorfulness

2. Method

Completed by parents with paper & pencil on play locations



Analysis-Segmentation

■ Priori segmentation: subset the sample by gender

Variables	Coefficients for boys	Coefficients for girls	
Price	2.9	2.72	
Size	-0.05	0.59	
Motion	-1.44	-0.70	
Style	-0.65	0.24	

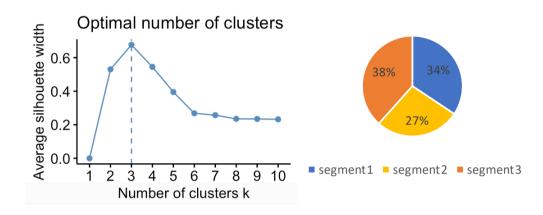
Segment girls: lower price, tall size, bouncing,

glamour (profile 2)

Segment boys: lower price, small size, bouncing,

racing (profile 12)

■ Post-hoc segmentation: 3 clusters



Segment 1: lower price, tall size, bouncing, racing (profile 4)

Segment 2: lower price, tall size, rocking, glamour (profile 16)

Segment 3: lower price, small size, bouncing, glamour or racing (profile 10 or profile 2)



Market Share Simulation with the Ideal Products

■ Under competitor's current choice: 26"
Racing Rocking Horse at \$139.99 (P7)

■ Competitor lower its price: 26" Racing Rocking Horse at \$119.99 (P8)

			,		
	Offer	ring	Marke	t Share	
Scenario	EarlyRiders	Speed Gliders	EarlyRiders	SpeedGliders	
1 (Original market)	P5,P13	P7	53%	47%	
2	P2,P12	P7	98%	2%	
4	P4,P10	P7	95%	5%	
6	P4,P16	P7	100%	0%	/ ⁻
8	P2,P16	P7	100%	0%	I V
10	P2,P4	P7	96%	4%	
12	P10,P16	P7	100%	0%	

	Scenario	Offer	ring	Marke	t Share
		EarlyRiders	Speed Gliders	EarlyRiders	SpeedGliders
	1 (Original market)	P5,P13	P7	53%	47%
	3	P2,P12	P8	76%	24%
	5	P4,P10	P8	75%	25%
	7	P4,P16	P8	91%	9%
	9	P2,P16	P8	87%	13%
	11	P2,P4	P8	78%	22%
	13	P10,P16	P8	70%	30%

Competitor will **drop its price** to gain more market share (P7→P8). Offering **P4 & P16**, or **P2 & P16** will enable us to gain the largest market share.



Short Term and Long Term Expected Profit

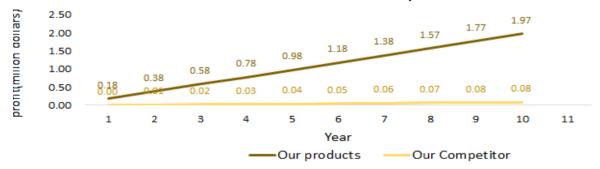
the original scenario

```
> profitMatrix -
       scenario1\scenario3 scenario5 scenario7(scenario9\scenario11 scenario13
                                                                      134377.6
        126146.5 165589.1 160635.8 174831.0 184622.2
                                                           168898.4
vear 1
                            335271.7
                                                                      282755.2
vear
         252293.0 345178.2
                                      363662.1
                                                383244.5
                                                           351796.8
                                                                      431132.8
        378439.5 524767.4
                            509907.5
                                      552493.1
                                                581866.7
                                                           534695.2
                                                                      579510.4
    4 504586.0 704356.5
                            684543.4
                                                780489.0
                                                           717593.6
        630732.5
                  883945.6
                            859179.2
                                      930155.2 979111.2
                                                           900492.0
                                                                      727888.0
    6 756879.0 1063534.7 1033815.0 1118986.2 1177733.4 1083390.4
                                                                      876265.6
year 7 883025.5 1243123.8 1208450.9 1307817.3 1376355.7 1266288.8
                                                                     1024643.2
    8 1009172.1 1422713.0 1383086.7 1496648.3 1574977.9 1449187.2
                                                                     1173020.8
year 9 1135318.6 1602302.1 1557722.6 1685479.4 1773600.2 1632085.6
                                                                     1321398.4
year 10 1261465.1 1781891.2 1732358.4 1874310.4 1972222.4 1814984.0
                                                                    1469776.0
> apply(profitMatrix, 1, which.max)
year 1 year 2 year 3 year 4 year 5
                                        year 6
                                                vear 7 vear 8
```

We sell profile 2, 16 and the competitor sell profile 8 (Scenario 9), yields the highest profit both in short term and long term

Scenario 9 is expected to have a profit 46% higher than the original scenario in a year, and 56% higher in 10 years

Estimated Cumulative Profit in 10 years



The profit gap between our products and our competitor are expanding in the long run



Executive Summary

- From the priori segmentation on gender, we found different preferences for size and style
 - Girls prefer tall size and glamour style
 - Boys prefer small size and racing style
- Considering the changes in market share and profitability, we anticipate that SpeedGliders
 will lower down its price in response to our product switch
- Based on two ways of segmentations, we picked out 13 ideal scenarios (include the status quo) for market simulation. Since profile 2 and 16 yield the highest profit in short and long run under the assumption that our competitor will decrease its price, we recommend EarlyRiders to switch to these two profiles by lowering down its price and updating on the motion, size attributes