```
scanf("%f", &amount);
if (amount > account->balance) {
   printf("Insufficient funds! Withdrawal failed.\n");
    26
27
28
29
                     account->balance -= amount;
    30
31
32
                     printf("Withdrawal successful! New balance: $%.2f\n", account->balance);
    33
34
35
           void checkBalance(const struct BankAccount *account) {
   printf("Account Number: %d\n", account->accountNumber);
   printf("Current Balance: $%.2f\n", account->balance);
    36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
          ⊟int main()
                struct BankAccount myAccount;
int choice;
                do (
                     fprintf("\nBanking System Menu:\n");
printf("1. Create Account\n");
printf("2. Deposit\n");
printf("3. Withdraw\n");
printf("3. Withdraw\n");
printf("4. Check Balance\n");
printf("0. Exit\n");
printf("Enter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", %choice);
    45
46
47
     48
49
    50
51
                      switch (choice) {
 #include <stdio.h>
struct BankAccount
       int accountNumber;
       float balance;
void createAccount(struct BankAccount *account) {
       printf("Enter account number: ");
       scanf("%d", &account->accountNumber);
        account->balance = 0.0;
       printf("Account created successfully!\n");
⇒void deposit(struct BankAccount *account) {
       float amount;
       printf("Enter the amount to deposit: $");
scanf("%f", &amount);
       account->balance += amount;
       printf("Deposit successful! New balance: $%.2f\n", account->balance);
void withdraw(struct BankAccount *account) {
       float amount;
       printf("Enter the amount to withdraw: $");
        scanf("%f", &amount);
       if (amount > account->balance) {
              printf("Insufficient funds! Withdrawal failed.\n");
   51
                    switch (choice) {
                        case 1:
    createAccount(@myAccount);
    52
53
   54
55
56
57
58
59
60
61
62
63
64
                             break;
                        case 2:
    deposit(&myAccount);
                             break;
                         case 3:
    withdraw(@myAccount);
                              break;
                        case 4:
    checkBalance(&myAccount);
                             break;
                         case 0:
    65
66
67
                              printf("Exiting the program. Goodbye!\n");
break;
                        default:
                             printf("Invalid choice. Please try again.\n");
   68
69
70
71
72
73
74
               } while (choice != 0);
               return 0;
```

```
C:\Users\nidhi\OneDrive\Desl × +
Banking System Menu:
1. Create Account
    Deposit
    Withdraw
    Check Balance
0. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter account number: 1234
Account created successfully!
Banking System Menu:
1. Create Account
2. Deposit
3. Withdraw
4. Check Balance
0. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Enter the amount to deposit: $33
Deposit successful! New balance: $33.00
Banking System Menu:
1. Create Account
2. Deposit
3. Withdraw
4. Check Balance
0. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Enter the amount to withdraw: $1
Withdrawal successful! New balance: $32.00
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX_STRINGS 10
#define MAX_STRING_LENGTH 50
Bint compareStrings(const char *str1, const char *str2) {
                  return strcmp(str1, str2);
         pvoid lexicographicalSort(char strings[MAX_STRINGS][MAX_STRING_LENGTH], int numStrings) {
                id lexicographicalSole(....
int i, j;
char temp[MAX_STRING_LENGTH];
for (i = 0; i < numStrings - 1; i++) {
    for (j = 0; j < numStrings - i - 1; j++) {
        if (compareStrings(strings[j], strings[j + 1]) > 0) {
            strcpy(temp, strings[j]);
            strcpy(strings[j], strings[j + 1]);
            strcpy(strings[j], strings[j + 1]);
            strcpy(strings[j + 1], temp);
}
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
                  }
20
21
22
          pint main() {
                    char strings[MAX_STRINGS][MAX_STRING_LENGTH];
 23
                   char strings|max_STRINGs||max_STRING_LENGIH|;
int numStrings, i;
printf("Enter the number of strings (up to %d): ", MAX_STRINGS);
scanf("%d", &numStrings);
printf("Enter %d strings:\n", numStrings);
 26
                       for (i = 0; i < numStrings; i++)
    printf("String %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%s", strings[i]);</pre>
      28
29
30
     31
                       lexicographicalSort(strings, numStrings);
printf("\nSorted Strings:\n");
for (i = 0; i < numStrings; i++) {
    printf("%s\n", strings[i]);</pre>
      32
33
34
     35
     36
37
38
                                 return 0;
   ©\ C:\Users\nidhi\OneDrive\Desl \X + \
Enter the number of strings (up to 10): 4
Enter the number
Enter 4 strings:
String 1: Ash
String 2: like
String 3: eel
String 4: ball
Sorted Strings:
Ash
ball
eel
like
Process returned 0 (0x0)
                                                                             execution time : 19.320 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
       int isElementPresent(int arr[10][10], int rows, int cols, int target) {
             for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
  for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
    if (arr[i][j] == target) {</pre>
                              return 1;
                         }}}
             return 0;}
      pint main() {
             int rows, cols, target;
printf("Enter the number of rows and columns (up to 10 each): ");
10
11
12
13
              scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
              int arr[10][10]
14
15
             printf("Enter the elements of the 2D array:\n");
             for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
  for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
    printf("Element at position [%d][%d]: ", i, j);
    scanf("%d", &arr[i][j]); }}
printf("Enter the element to search: ");</pre>
16
17
18
19
20
21
             scanf("%d", &target);
if (isElementPresent(arr, rows, cols, target)) {
22
                    printf("Element %d is present in the 2D array.\n", target);
             | else {
24
                   printf("Element %d is not present in the 2D array.\n", target);
25
26
              return 0;
```

```
Enter the number of rows and columns (up to 10 each): 2

Enter the elements of the 2D array:

Element at position [0][0]: 1

Element at position [1][0]: 3

Element at position [1][1]: 4

Enter the element to search: 3

Element 3 is present in the 2D array.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 6.949 s

Press any key to continue.
```

```
#include <string.h>
      □int searchSubstring(const char *mainString, const char *substring) {
              int mainLen = strlen(mainString);
int subLen = strlen(substring);
              for (int i = 0; i <= mainLen</pre>
                                                            - subLen; i++) {
                     int j;
                     for (j = 0; j < subLen; j++) {
    if (mainString[i + j] != substring[j]) {</pre>
                    break; } if (j == subLen) {
11
12
                          return i;}}
13
              return -1; }
14
      ⊟int main() {
15
              char mainString[100], substring[50];
16
              int result;
              printf("Enter the main string: ");
              fgets(mainString, sizeof(mainString), stdin);
mainString[strcspn(mainString, "\n")] = '\0';
printf("Enter the substring to search for: ");
fgets(substring, sizeof(substring), stdin);
substring[strcspn(substring, "\n")] = '\0';
result = searchSubstring(mainString, substring);
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
              if (result != -1)
                     printf("Substring found at index %d in the main string.\n", result);
                    printf("Substring not found in the main string.\n");}
27
```

```
Enter the main string: Hattrick
Enter the substring to search for: trick
Substring found at index 3 in the main string.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 9.344 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#int lastIndex = -1;
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    if (array[i] == number) {
        lastIndex = i;}

# int lastIndex = i;}

# if (array[i] == number) {
    lastIndex = i;}

# int main() {
    int size, number;
    printf("Enter the size of the array: ");
    scanf("%d", %size);
    int array[size];

# printf("Element %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", %array[i]);

# printf("Enter the number to find the last occurrence: ");
    scanf("%d", %number);
    int result = lastIndex(array, size, number);

# if (result! = -1) {
        printf("Last occurrence of %d is at index %d.\n", number, result);
    } else {
        printf("%d is not present in the array.\n", number);
        }
        return 0;
    }

# preturn 0;
}</pre>
```

```
©\ C:\Users\nidhi\OneDrive\Desl X
Enter the size of the array: 10
Enter 10 elements for the array:
Element 1: 1
Element 2: 2
Element 3: 3
Element 4: 2
Element 5: 3
Element 6: 2
Element 7: 3
Element 8: 4
Element 9: 5
Element 10: 2
Enter the number to find the last occurrence: 2
Last occurrence of 2 is at index 9.
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 13.984 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
while (low <= high) {
15
                   if(array[mid] < key)
low = mid + 1;
else if (array[mid] == key) {</pre>
16
17
18
                        printf("\n %d found at location %d", key, mid+1);
19
20
                         break;
22
                        high = mid - 1;
23
                         mid = (low + high)/2;
24
             if(low > high)
printf("Not found! %d isn't present in the list", key);
}
26
27
 1
       #include <stdio.h>
        void main()
 3
             int i, low, high, mid, n, key, array[100];
printf("Enter number of elements in the array");
scanf("%d",&n);
 4
 5
             printf("Enter the array elements");
            for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &array[i]);
printf("Enter value to be searched ");
scanf("%d", &key);</pre>
 8
10
11
12
             low = 0;
            high = 0;
high = n - 1;
mid = (low+high)/2;
while (low <= high) {</pre>
13
14
15
16
                  if(array[mid] < key)</pre>
                    low = mid + 1;
else if (array[mid] == key) {
  printf("\n %d found at location %d", key, mid+l);
18
19
20
                         break:
21
23
                          hiah = mid - 1;
```

```
Enter number of elements in the array5
Enter the array elements3
3
4
5
2
Enter value to be searched 4
4 found at location 3
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 11.627 s
Press any key to continue.
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
        void main()
   3
    4
            int i, n, key, array[100];
            printf("Enter number of elements in the array");
scanf("%d", &n);
   5
    6
           printf("Enter the array elements");
for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%d",&array[i]);</pre>
   8
   10
           printf("Enter value to be searched ");
   11
            scanf("%d", &key);
           for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
   12
   13
                    if (a[i] == key)
{printf("%d is present at location %d \n", key, i+1);break}
  14
  15
  16
   17
        if (i == n)
        printf("%d isn't present in the array\n", key);
   18
   20
 ©:\ C:\Users\nidhi\OneDrive\Desl X
Enter number of elements in the array5
Enter the array elements1
2
3
4
Enter value to be searched 2
2 is present at location 2
```

execution time : 8.432 s

#### Program-8

Process returned 5 (0x5)
Press any key to continue.

```
Start here × *pgm2.c ×
                                                     max = array[i];
          17
          19
          20
                                 return max;
         22
23
24
                   □int main() {
                                 int size;
printf("Enter the size of the array: ");
          25
                                  scanf("%d", &size);
                              scanf("%d", &size);
int array[size];
printf("Enter %d elements for the array:\n", size);
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    printf("Element %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &array[i]);
    int min = findMin(array, size);
    int max = findMax(array, size);
    printf("Minimum element: %d\n", min);
    printf("Maximum element: %d\n", max);</pre>
         26
27
28
         29
30
          31
32
          33
34
          35
          36
                                 return 0;
          37
38
```

```
int min = array[0];
            for (int i = 1; i < size; i++) {
   if (array[i] < min) {
        min = array[i];
   }
}</pre>
10
11
            return min;
12
     pint findMax(int array[], int size) {
            int max = array[0];
14
15
            for (int i = 1; i < size; i++) {
   if (array[i] > max) {
      max = array[i];
   }
}
16
17
18
20
            return max;
    pint main() {
   int size;
22
```

```
Enter the size of the array: 6
Enter 6 elements for the array:
Element 1: 1
Element 2: 2
Element 3: 34
Element 4: 5
Element 5: 34
Element 6: -6
Minimum element: -6
Maximum element: 34

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 9.793 s
Press any key to continue.
```