

Phase1 – Virtual Key for Repositories

This document contains sections for:

- Sprint planning and Task completion
- Core concepts used in project
- Flow of the Application.
- Demonstrating the product capabilities, appearance, and user interactions.
- Unique Selling Points of the Application
- Conclusions

The code for this project is hosted at

<https://github.com/NidamanuriRahulKumar/Phase1CoreJavaMainProject.git>

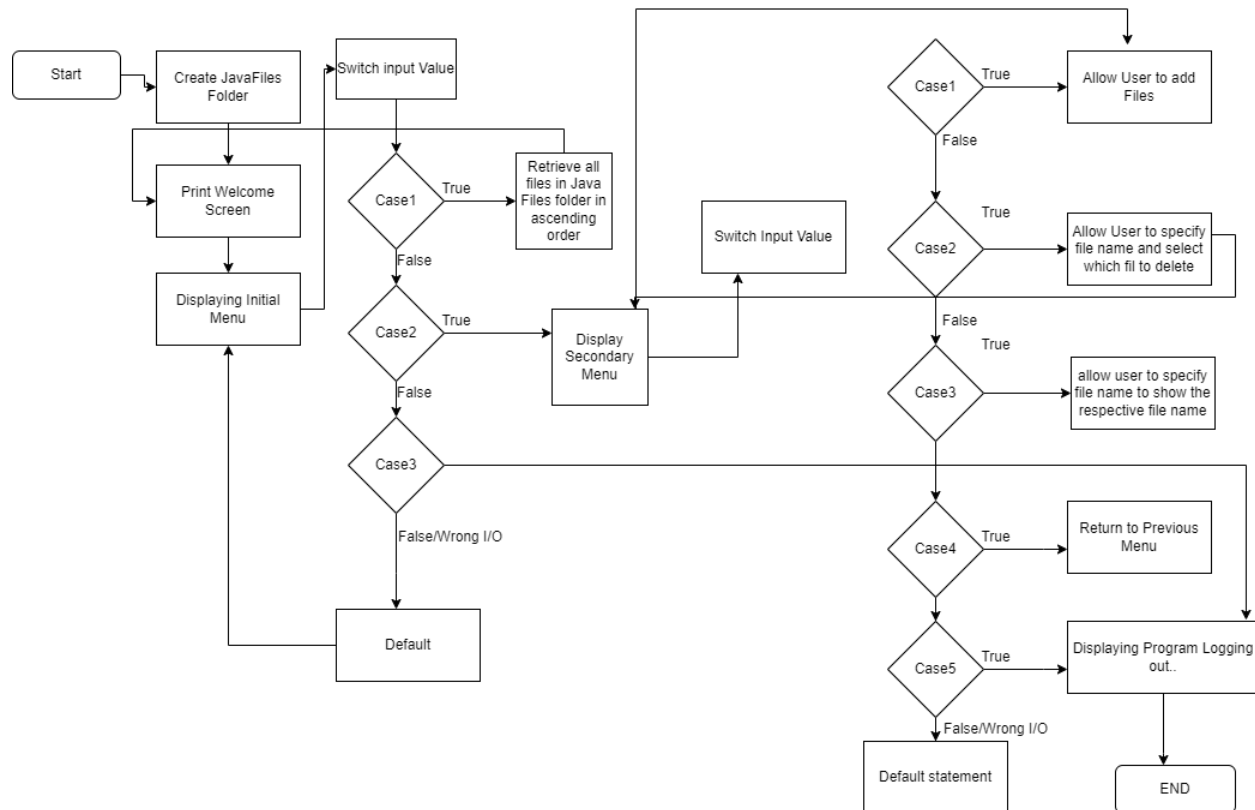
The project is developed by **Nidamanuri Rahul Kumar**.

Sprints planning and Task completion

The project is planned to be completed in 1 sprint. Tasks assumed to be completed in the sprint are:

- Creating the flow of the application
- Initializing git repository to track changes as development progresses.
- Writing the Java program to fulfill the requirements of the project.
- Testing the Java program with different kinds of User input
- Pushing code to GitHub.
- Creating this specification document highlighting application capabilities, appearance, and user interactions.

Flow Chart:



Demonstrating the product capabilities, appearance, and user interactions

To demonstrate the product capabilities, below are the sub-sections configured to highlight appearance and user interactions for the project:

- 1 Creating the project in Eclipse
- 2 Writing a program in Java for the entry point of the application (**MainDef.java**)
- 3 Writing a program in Java to display Menu options available for the user (**MenuOptions.java**)
- 4 Writing a program in Java to handle Menu options selected by user (**Controls.java**)
- 5 Writing a program in Java to perform the File operations as specified by user (**FileOperations.java**)
- 6 Pushing the code to GitHub repository

Step 1: Creating a new project in Eclipse

- Open Eclipse
- Go to File -> New -> Project -> Java Project -> Next.
- Type in any project name and click on "Finish."
- Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.
- Enter **MainDef** in any class name, check the checkbox "public static void main(String[] args)", and click on "Finish."

Step 2: Writing a program in Java for the entry point of the application (**MainDef.java**)

```
package SimpliLearn.Phase1;

public class MainDef{

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        FileOperations.createJavaFilesFolderIfNotPresent("JavaFiles");

        MenuOptions.printWelcomeScreen("javaProject", "Rahul Kumar N");

        Controls.handleWelcomeScreenInput();

    }

}
```

Step 3: Writing a program in Java to display Menu options available for the user (**MenuOptions.java**)

- Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.
- Enter **MenuOptions** in class name and click on "Finish."

```
package SimpliLearn.Phase1;

public class MenuOptions {

    public static void printWelcomeScreen(String appName, String developerName) {

    }

    public static void displayMenu() {

        String menu = "\n\n>>>>----Select any option number from below and press Enter----<<<<\n\n"
            + "1) Retrieve all files inside \"JavaFiles\" folder\n"
            + "2) Display menu for File operations\n"
            + "3) Exit program\n";

    }

}
```



```

Controls.handleFileMenuOptions();
break;
case 3:
System.out.println("Program exited successfully.");
running = false;
sc.close();
System.exit(0);
break;
default:
System.out.println("Select a valid option");
        }
    } catch (Exception e) {
System.out.println(e.getClass().getName());
handleWelcomeScreenInput();
    }
} while (running == true);
}

public static void handleFileMenuOptions() {
boolean running = true;
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
do {
try {
MenuOptions.displayFileMenuOptions();

        FileOperations.createJavaFilesFolderIfNotPresent("JavaFiles");

        int input = sc.nextInt();
switch (input) {
case 1: // File Add
        System.out.println("Enter the name of the file to add \"JavaFiles\" folder");

                String fileToAdd = sc.next();
                FileOperations.createFile(fileToAdd, sc);
                break;

case 2: // File/Folder delete

```

```

System.out.println("Enter the name of the file to delete \"JavaFiles\" folder");
String fileToDelete = sc.next();
FileOperations.createJavaFilesFolderIfNotPresent("JavaFiles");
List<String> filesToDelete = FileOperations.displayFileLocations(fileToDelete, "JavaFiles");
String deletionPrompt = "\nSelect file to delete" + "\n(Enter 0 if you want to delete all elements)";
System.out.println(deletionPrompt);
int idx = sc.nextInt();
if (idx != 0) {
    FileOperations.deleteFileRecursively(filesToDelete.get(idx - 1));
} else {
    for (String path : filesToDelete) {
        FileOperations.deleteFileRecursively(path);
    }
}
break;
case 3:
    System.out.println("Enter file name to be searched from \"JavaFiles\" folder");
    String fileName = sc.next();
    FileOperations.createJavaFilesFolderIfNotPresent("JavaFiles");
    FileOperations.displayFileLocations(fileName, "JavaFiles");
    break;
case 4:
    return;
case 5:
    System.out.println(" Logging Out..successfully.");
    running = false;
    sc.close();
    System.exit(0);
default:
    System.out.println("select a valid option ");
}
} catch (Exception e) {

```

```

        System.out.println(e.getClass().getName());
        handleFileMenuOptions();
    }
    } while (running == true);
}
}

```

Step 5: Writing a program in Java to perform the File operations as specified by user (FileOperations.java)

- Select your project and go to File -> New -> Class.
- Enter **FileOperations** in class name and click on "Finish."

```

package SimpliLearn.Phase1;

import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.nio.file.Files;
import java.nio.file.Path;
import java.nio.file.Paths;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Collections;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
import java.util.stream.IntStream;

public class FileOperations {

    public static void createJavaFilesFolderIfNotPresent(String folderName) {

        File file = new File(folderName);

        if (!file.exists()) {
            file.mkdirs();
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }

    public static void displayAllFiles(String path) {
        FileOperations.createJavaFilesFolderIfNotPresent("JavaFiles");
        System.out.println("All files in directory path in ascending order\n");
        List<String> fileListNames = FileOperations.listFilesInDirectory(path, 0, new ArrayList<String>());
        System.out.println("Displaying all files in ascending order\n");
        Collections.sort(fileListNames);
        fileListNames.stream().forEach(System.out::println);
    }

    public static List<String> listFilesInDirectory(String path, int indentationCount, List<String> fileListNames) {
        File dir = new File(path);
        File[] files = dir.listFiles();
        List<File> fileList = Arrays.asList(files);
        Collections.sort(fileList);
        if (files != null && files.length > 0) {
            for (File file : fileList) {
                System.out.print(" ".repeat(indentationCount * 2));
                if (file.isDirectory()) {
                    System.out.println("`--> " + file.getName());
                    // Recursively indent and display the files
                    fileListNames.add(file.getName());
                    ListFilesInDirectory(file.getAbsolutePath(), indentationCount + 1, fileListNames);
                } else {
                    System.out.println("--> " + file.getName());
                    fileListNames.add(file.getName());
                }
            }
        } else {
            System.out.print(" ".repeat(indentationCount * 2));
            System.out.println("-->Directory is empty");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }

```



```

return fileListNames;
}

public static void createFile(String fileToAdd, Scanner sc) {
    FileOperations.createJavaFilesFolderIfNotPresent("JavaFiles");
    Path pathToFile = Paths.get("./JavaFiles/" + fileToAdd);
    try {
        Files.createDirectories(pathToFile.getParent());
        Files.createFile(pathToFile);
        System.out.println(fileToAdd + " created successfully");
        System.out.println("Would you like to add some content to the file? (Y/N)");
        String choice = sc.next().toLowerCase();
        sc.nextLine();
        if (choice.equals("y")) {
            System.out.println("\n\nInput content and press enter\n");
            String content = sc.nextLine();
            Files.write(pathToFile, content.getBytes());
            System.out.println("\nContent written to file " + fileToAdd);
            System.out.println("Content can be read using Notepad or Notepad++");
        }
    } catch (IOException e) {
        System.out.println("Failed to create file " + fileToAdd);
        System.out.println(e.getClass().getName());
    }
}

public static List<String> displayFileLocations(String fileName, String path) {
    List<String> fileListNames = new ArrayList<>();
    FileOperations.searchFileRecursively(path, fileName, fileListNames);
    if (fileListNames.isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println("\n\n>>>>----Couldn't find any file with given file name \"" + fileName + "\" ----<<<<\n\n");
    } else {
        System.out.println("\n\nFound file at below location(s):");
    }
}

```

```

List<String> files = IntStream.range(0, fileListNames.size())
    .mapToObj(index -> (index + 1) + ": " +fileListNames.get(index)).collect(Collectors.toList());
files.forEach(System.out::println);
}
return fileListNames;
}

public static void searchFileRecursively(String path, String fileName, List<String> fileListNames) {
    File dir = new File(path);
    File[] files = dir.listFiles();
    List<File> fileList = Arrays.asList(files);
    if (files != null && files.length > 0) {
        for (File file : fileList) {
            if (file.getName().startsWith(fileName)) {
                fileListNames.add(file.getAbsolutePath());
            }
            if (file.isDirectory()) {
                searchFileRecursively(file.getAbsolutePath(), fileName, fileListNames);
            }
        }
    }
}

public static void deleteFileRecursively(String path) {
    File currFile = new File(path);
    File[] files = currFile.listFiles();
    if (files != null && files.length > 0) {
        for (File file : files) {
            String fileName = file.getName() + " at " + file.getParent();
            if (file.isDirectory()) {
                deleteFileRecursively(file.getAbsolutePath());
            }
            if (file.delete()) {
                System.out.println(fileName + " deleted successfully");
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    } else {
        System.out.println("Failed to delete " + fileName);
    }
}
}

String currFileName = currFile.getName() + " at " + currFile.getParent();
if (currFile.delete()) {
    System.out.println(currFileName + " deleted successfully");
} else {
    System.out.println("Failed to delete " + currFileName);
}
}
}

```

Output's:



```
>>>>----Select any option number from below and press Enter----<<<<
```

- 1) Retrieve all files inside "JavaFiles" folder
- 2) Display menu for File operations
- 3) Exit program

```

Console X
MainDef (1) [Java Application]

>>>>----Select any option number from below and press Enter-----<<<<

1) Retrieve all files inside "JavaFiles" folder
2) Display menu for File operations
3) Exit program

1
All files in directory path in ascending order

--> Rahul1

Displaying all files in ascending order

Rahul1

>>>>----Select any option number from below and press Enter-----<<<<

1) Retrieve all files inside "JavaFiles" folder
2) Display menu for File operations
3) Exit program

2

>>>>---- Select an Operation -----<<<<

1) Add a file to "JavaFiles" folder
2) Delete a file from "JavaFiles" folder
3) Search file from "JavaFiles" folder
4) Show Previous Menu
5) Exit program

```

```
>>>>----Select any option number from below and press Enter-----<<<<
```

- 1) Retrieve all files inside "JavaFiles" folder
- 2) Display menu for File operations
- 3) Exit program

```
2
```

```
>>>>---- Select an Operation -----<<<<
```

- 1) Add a file to "JavaFiles" folder
- 2) Delete a file from "JavaFiles" folder
- 3) Search file from "JavaFiles" folder
- 4) Show Previous Menu
- 5) Exit program

```
1
```

```
Enter the name of the file to add"JavaFiles" folder
```

```
Ram
```

```
Ram created successfully
```

```
Would you like to add some content to the file? (Y/N)
```

```
y
```

```
Input content and press enter
```

```
King of Mirzapur
```

```
Content written to file Ram
```

```
Content can be read using Notepad or Notepad++
```

```
>>>>---- Select an Operation -----<<<<
```

- 1) Add a file to "JavaFiles" folder
- 2) Delete a file from "JavaFiles" folder
- 3) Search file from "JavaFiles" folder
- 4) Show Previous Menu
- 5) Exit program

```
2
```

```
Enter the name of the file to delete "JavaFiles" folder
```

```
Ram
```

```
Found file at below location(s):
```

```
1: C:\Users\nrkum\git\Phase1CoreJavaMainProject\JavaMain_Project_Slearn\JavaFiles\Ram
```

```
Select file to delete
```

```
(Enter 0 if you want to delete all elements)
```

```
0
```

```
Ram at C:\Users\nrkum\git\Phase1CoreJavaMainProject\JavaMain_Project_Slearn\JavaFiles deleted successfully
```

```
>>>---- Select an Operation ----<<<
```

- 1) Add a file to "JavaFiles" folder
- 2) Delete a file from "JavaFiles" folder
- 3) Search file from "JavaFiles" folder
- 4) Show Previous Menu
- 5) Exit program

3

Enter file name to be searched from "JavaFiles" folder

Rahul

Found file at below location(s):

1: C:\Users\nrkum\git\Phase1CoreJavaMainProject\JavaMain_Project_Slearn\JavaFiles\Rahul1

```
>>>---- Select an Operation ----<<<
```

- 1) Add a file to "JavaFiles" folder
- 2) Delete a file from "JavaFiles" folder
- 3) Search file from "JavaFiles" folder
- 4) Show Previous Menu
- 5) Exit program

4

```
>>>----Select any option number from below and press Enter----<<<
```

- 1) Retrieve all files inside "JavaFiles" folder
- 2) Display menu for File operations
- 3) Exit program

3

Program exited successfully.

Step 6: Pushing the code to GitHub repository

- Open your command prompt and navigate to the folder where you have created your files.

cd <folder path>

- Initialize repository using the following command:

git init

- Add all the files to your git repository using the following command:

git add .

- Commit the changes using the following command:

git commit . -m <commit message>

- Push the files to the folder you initially created using the following command:

git push -u origin master

Conclusions:

Further enhancements to the application can be made which may include:

- Conditions to check if user is allowed to delete the file or add the file at the specific locations.
- Asking user to verify if they really want to delete the selected directory if it's not empty.
- Retrieving files/folders by different criteria like Last Modified, Type, etc.
- Allowing user to append data to the file.