# NuCypher

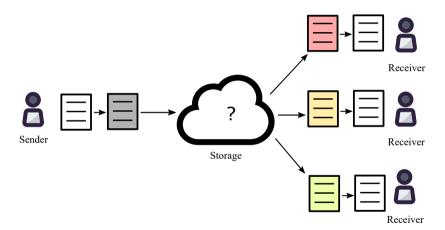
Michael Egorov, CTO

ETHIndia, Bangalore, 10-12 August 2018



## Why

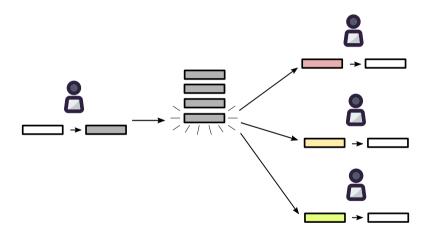
#### **Encrypted file sharing**



10.08.2018

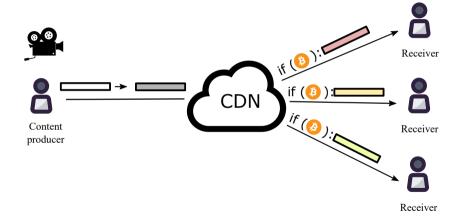
# Why

#### Encrypted multi-user chats



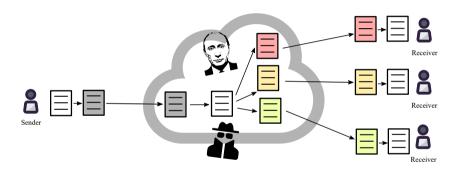
# Why

#### **Decentralized Netflix**

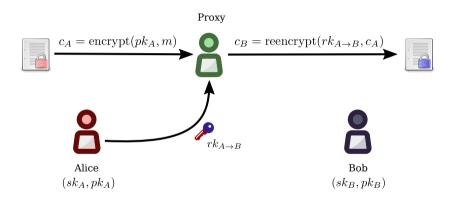


### Central server + TLS

Data vulnerable to hackers, state actors etc

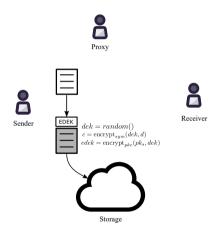


# What is proxy re-encryption (PRE)



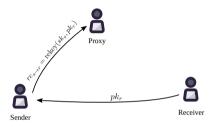
# Centralized KMS using PRE

#### Encryption



# Centralized KMS using PRE

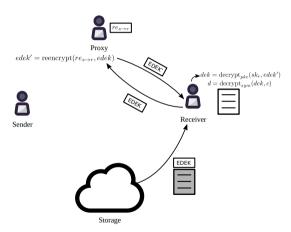
#### Access delegation





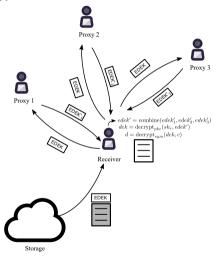
# Centralized KMS using PRE

#### Decryption



## Decentralized key management

Using threshold split-key re-encryption (Umbral)



https://github.com/nucypher/nucypher-kms/

Michael NuCypher 10.08.2018

# Umbral: threshold proxy re-encryption

- "Umbral" is Spanish for "threshold"
- PRE properties: Unidirectional, single-hop, non-interactive
- It follows a KEM/DEM approach:
  - UmbralKEM provides the threshold re-encryption capability
  - Uses ECIES for key encapsulation with zero knowledge proofs of correctness for verifiability on prime order curves (such as secp256k1)
  - ► The DEM can be any authenticated encryption (currently ChaCha2O-Poly13O5)
- IND-PRE-CCA security
- Verification of re-encryption correctness through Non-Interactive ZK Proofs
- Code: https://github.com/nucypher/pyUmbral/
- Documentation (WIP): https://github.com/nucypher/umbral-doc

**Purpose** 

- Splitting trust between re-encryption nodes (more tokens = more trust and more work);
- Proof of Stake for minting new coins according to the mining schedule;
- Security deposit to be at stake against malicious behavior of nodes

Mining

#### Mining reward:

$$\kappa = \left(0.5 + 0.5 \frac{\min(\mathsf{T_i}, \mathsf{T_1})}{\mathsf{T_1}}\right) \tag{1}$$

$$T_{i,initial} \geq T_{min},$$
 (2)

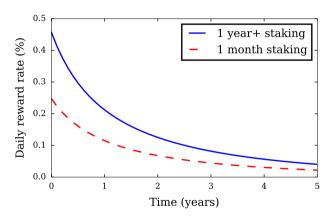
$$\delta \mathbf{s}_{\mathbf{i},\mathbf{t}} = \kappa \frac{\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{i}}}{\sum \mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{i}}} \frac{\ln 2}{\mathbf{T}_{1/2}} \left( \mathbf{S}_{\max} - \mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{t}-1} \right). \tag{3}$$

(4)

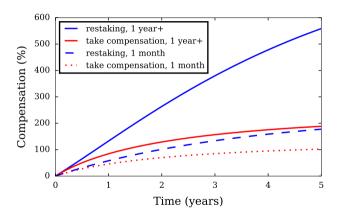
Results into:

$$\text{reward} \propto 2^{\frac{\mathsf{t}}{\mathsf{T}_{1/2}}}$$

#### Graph of daily mining compensation



#### Relocking mining rewards



## **Early Users**

Decentralized Marketplaces



datum



**Decentralized Databases** 



fluence



Medical Data Sharing



MEDIBLOC





16 / 18

Other



**ØRIGIN** 



# **Competing Technology**

#### Data Masking and Tokenization

- Less secure for data with underlying patterns
- Reduce the value of data by obfuscating it

#### **Multi-Party Computation**

Slow Performance

#### **Fully Homomorphic Encryption**

- Slow Peformance
  - NuCypher has invested some efforts in this area

### More Information



Website: https://nucypher.com

Whitepaper: https://www.nucypher.com/whitepapers/english.pdf

Staking economics:

https://blog.nucypher.com/nucypher-staking-economics-a7bb56b20716

Github: https://github.com/nucypher Discord: https://discord.gg/7rmXa3S

Email: michael@nucypher.com