Somaiya Vidyavihar University K. J. Somaiya College of Engineering, Mumbai -77 Applied Mathematics - I



SOME PRACTICE PROBLEMS

JACOBI'S METHOD

- I. Solve the following equations by Jacobi's method.
 - 1) 15x + y z = 14, x + 20y + z = 23, 2x 3y + 18z = 35
 - 2) 20x + y 2z = 17, 3x + 20y z = -18, 2x 3y + 20z = 25
 - 3) 8x y + 2z = 13, x 10y + 3z = 17, 3x + 2y + 12z = 25
 - 4) 5x y + z = 10, 2x + 4y = 12, x + 5y + 5z = -1. Start with (2, 3, 0).
 - 5) 5x y + z = 10, 2x + 4y = 12, x + 5y + 5z = -1
 - 6) 12x + 2y + z = 27, 2x + 15y 3z = 16, 2x 3y + 25z = 26
 - 7) 4x + y + 3z = 17, x + 5y + z = 14, 2x y + 8z = 12

GAUSS - SEIDEL METHOD

- II. Solve the following equations by Gauss-Seidel method.
 - 1) 28x + 4y z = 32, 2x + 17y + 4z = 35, x + 3y + 10z = 24
 - 2) 54x + y + z = 110, 2x + 15y + 6z = 72, -x + 6y + 27z = 85
 - 3) 10x 5y 2z = 3, 4x 10y + 3z = -3, x + 6y + 10z = -3
 - 4) 27x + 6y z = 85, 6x + 15y + 2z = 72, x + y + 54z = 110
 - 5) 5x y = 9, -x + 5y z = 4, -y + 5z = -6
 - 6) 5x + y z = 10, 2x + 4y + z = 14, x + y + 8z = 20
 - 7) $10x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 12$, $2x_1 + 10x_2 + x_3 = 13$, $2x_1 + 2x_2 + 10x_3 = 14$ by taking three iterations only.
 - 8) 4x 2y z = 40, x 6y + 2z = -28, x 2y + 12z = -86
 - 9) 2x 4y + 49z = 49, 43x + 2y + 25z = 23, 3x + 53y + 3z = 91
 - 10) $10x_1 5x_2 2x_3 = 3$, $4x_1 10x_2 + 3x_3 = -3$, $x_1 + 6x_2 10x_3 = -3$ by taking three iterations only.
 - 11) 20x + y 2z = 17, 3x + 20y z = -18, 2x 3y + 20z = 25
 - 12) 25x + 2y 3z = 48, 3x + 27y 2z = 56, x + 2y + 32z = 52. Start with (1, 1, 0).