Ethereum Blockchain: Decentralized Applications (Dapps)

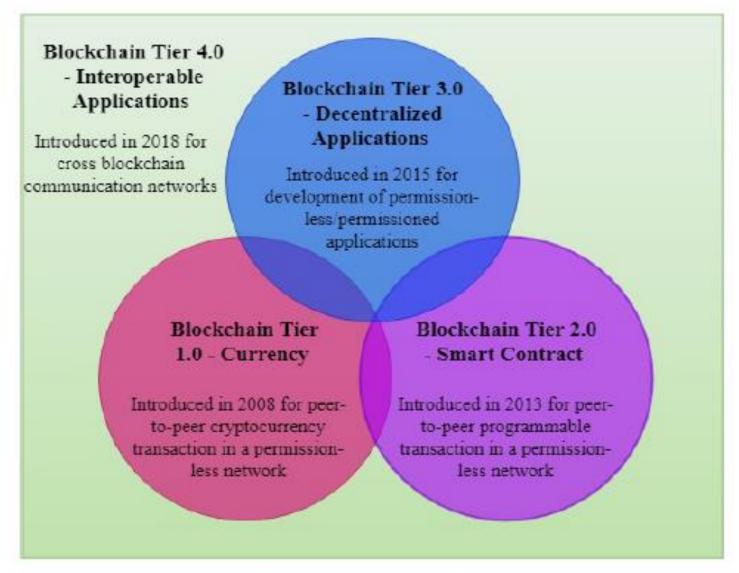


Figure 5. Blockchain Tiers.

[Source - Ismail, Leila, and Huned Materwala. "A review of blockchain architecture and consensus protocols: Use cases, challenges, and solutions." *Symmetry* 11.10 (2019): 1198]

Decentralized Applications (Dapp)

Provides blockchain features and services to the outside world for review, interactions and enjoyment.

Gives access to the blockchain for people and applications and systems, not necessarily known to each other to transact peer-to-peer.



It is an end-to-end application development process.

Essential Concepts

Blockchain Server



blockchain server represents the infrastructure and the functionality the blockchain provides.

Dapp Architecture



Application Programming Interface (API)



Decentralized Applications (Dapp)

Depends on the functionality of a blockchain for its infrastructure and operations.



Its simplest form has a client interface as a front-end and a back-end that includes the blockchain and smart contracts.

The client or the front-end can be

- A web app, HTML and Javascript framework.
- A command line interface, CLI, a desktop application,
- A mobile application, or
- An IoT, Internet of Things.

Decentralized Apps Stack

Verticals: End User Applications

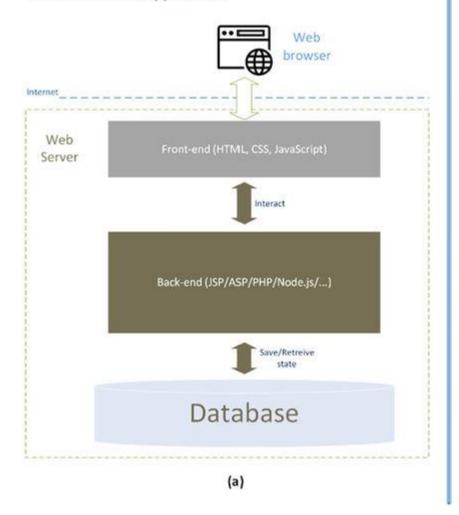
Application Framework: Smart Contracts

Ethereum Blockchain and Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM)

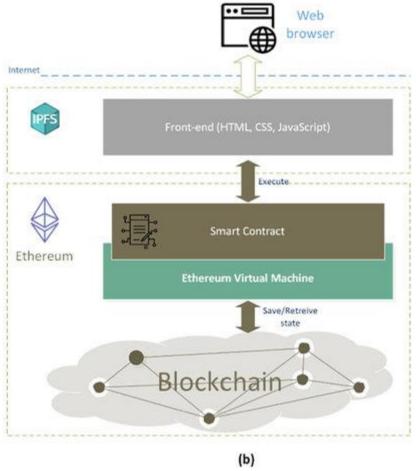
Peer-to-Peer Network and Operating Systems

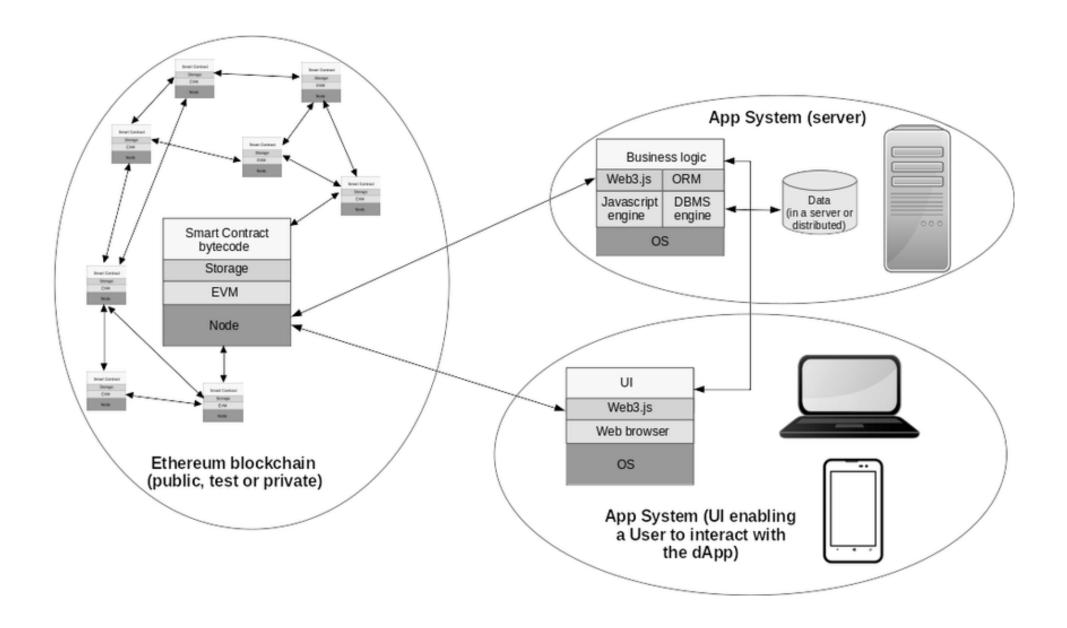
Hardware

Traditional Web Application



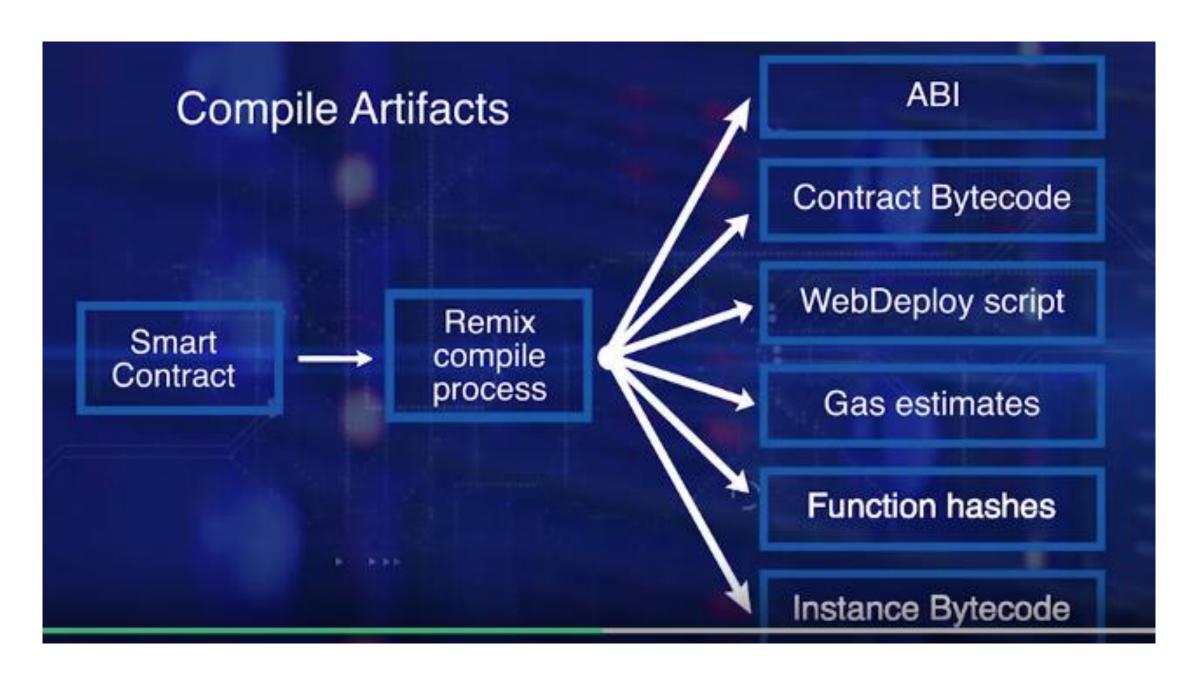
Decentralized Application (DApp)





A Dapp, or decentralized application, solves a problem that requires blockchain services and blockchain infrastructure for realizing its purpose.





Architecture of a Dapp Web App Web App Web App web3 web3 web3 JSON/RPC JSON/RPC JSON/RPC RPC port RPC port RPC port Node2:geth client NodeN:geth client Node1:geth client Distributed Ethereum blockchain protocol server network

Ethereum APIs



