# Assignment – 20 Changing Values through Views.

1) Which of these views are updateable (will allow DML operations)?

### #1

Create View Dailyorders

as Select Distinct cnum, snum, onum, odate from Orders;

Ans.: Yes

This view is updatable because it consist only one table data.

### #2

Create View Custotals as Select cname, Sum(amt) Sum\_Amt from Orders, Customers where Orders.cnum=Customers.cnum
Group by cname;

Ans: This view is not updatable because we are creating the view using joining 2 tables.

### #3

Create view Thirdorders as Select \* from Dailyorders where odate='1990-10-03';

Ans: Not updatable because we used distinct in dailyoders

#### #4

Create view Nullcities
as Select snum, sname, city
from Salespeople
where city is NULL
OR sname BETWEEN 'A' and 'MZ';

Ans: Yes, This view is Updatable.

2) Create a view of the Salespeople table called Commissions. This view will include only the snum and comm fields. Through this view, someone could enter or change commissions, but only to values between .10 and .20.

create view commissions as select snum,comm from salespeople where comm between .10 and .20;

## select \* from commissions;

```
+----+
| snum | comm |
+----+
| 1001 | 0.14 |
| 1002 | 0.16 |
| 1004 | 0.11 |
| 1007 | 0.15 |
| 1003 | 0.10 |
+----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

3) Some SQL implementations have a built-in constant representing the current date, sometimes called "CURDATE" or "SYSDATE". The word SYSDATE can therefore be used in a SQL statement, and be replaced by the current date when the value is accessed by commands such as Select or Insert. We will use a view of the Orders table called Entryorders to insert rows into the Orders table. Create the Orders table, so that SYSDATE is automatically inserted for odate if no value is given. Then create the Entryorders view so that no values can be given.

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS orders_new(
Onum INT(4),
Amt FLOAT(7,2),
Odate DATETIME DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
Cnum INT(4),
Snum INT(4)
);
create view Entryorders as
select * from orders_new;
```

# [mysql> desc orders\_new;

Field   Type	Null	Key	Default	+   Extra
Onum   int   Amt   float(7,2   Odate   datetime   Cnum   int   Snum   int	YES	       	NULL   NULL	     DEFAULT_GENERATED   

<sup>5</sup> rows in set (0.01 sec)