# Nidhi Pednekar D15B / 43 MPL Experiment 6

**AIM:** To Set Up Firebase with Flutter for iOS and Android Apps

**Theory:** Firebase is a Backend-as-a-Service (BaaS) platform by Google that provides various services like authentication, real-time databases, cloud storage, and hosting for mobile and web applications. Integrating Firebase with Flutter allows developers to leverage these services seamlessly for both Android and iOS platforms. By configuring Firebase correctly in a Flutter project, developers can enable backend functionalities such as user authentication, data storage, and cloud messaging without needing a separate server-side implementation.

# Step-by-Step Guide to Setting Up Firebase with Flutter (iOS & Android)

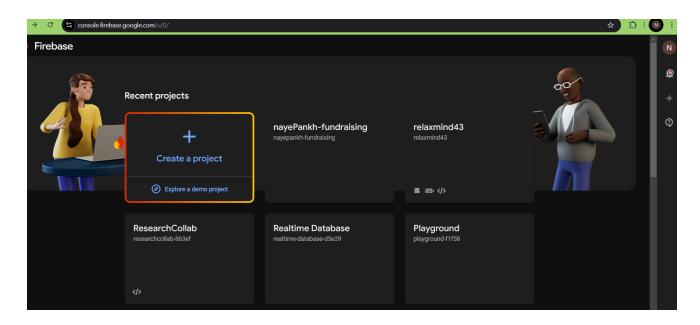
### **Step 1: Prerequisites**

Ensure you have the following:

- A **Google account** to access Firebase.
- Flutter installed on your system.
- Android Studio and Visual Studio Code installed.
- Xcode installed (for iOS development).
- Flutter and Dart plugins installed in Android Studio.
- Flutter extension installed in Visual Studio Code.

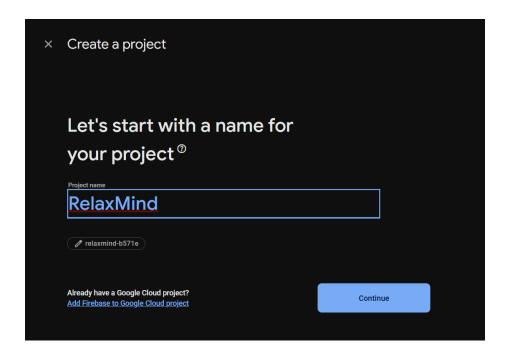
#### **Step 2: Create a New Flutter Project**

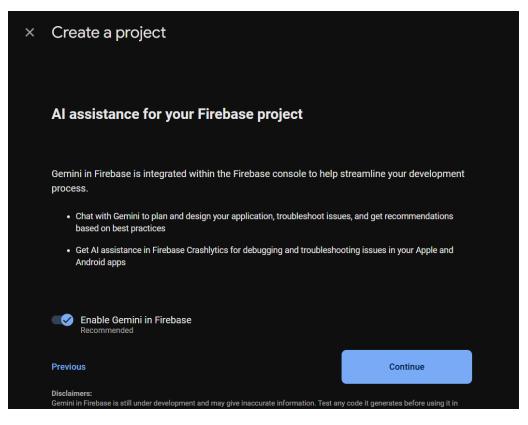
- Open a terminal and create a new Flutter project.
- Navigate to the project directory.

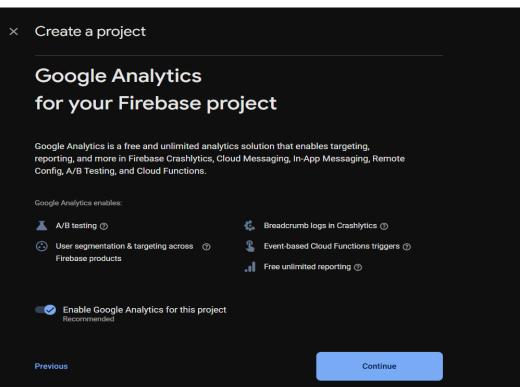


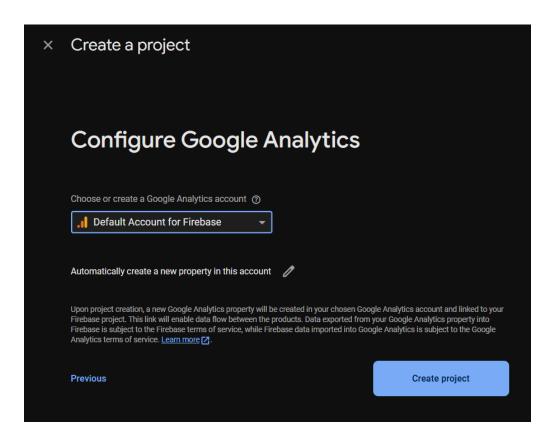
**Step 3: Create a Firebase Project** 

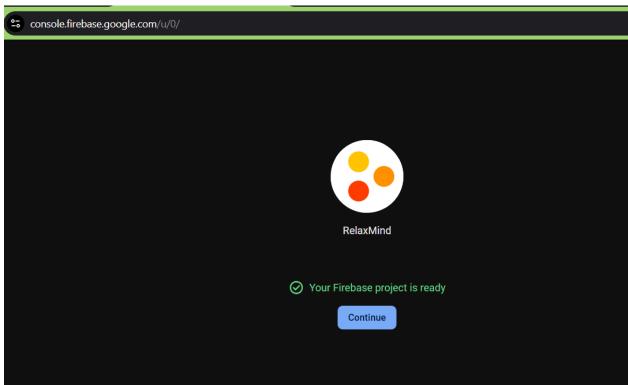
- 1. Go to the Firebase Console.
- 2. Click "Create a project" and provide a project name.
- 3. Choose whether to enable **Google Analytics** (optional).
- 4. Click "Continue" and wait for Firebase to set up the project.











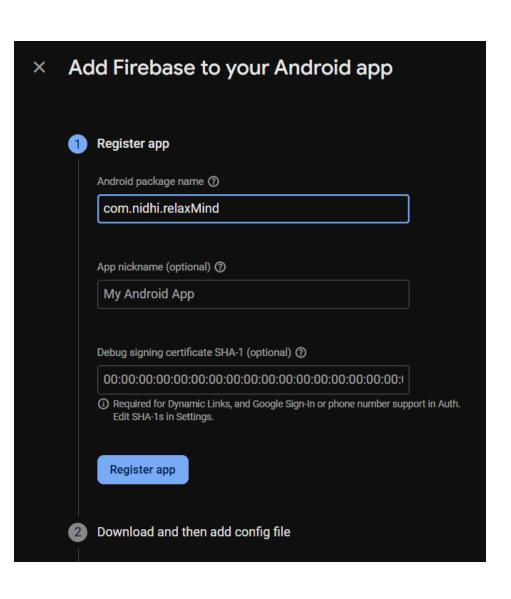
Step 4: Add Firebase to Android

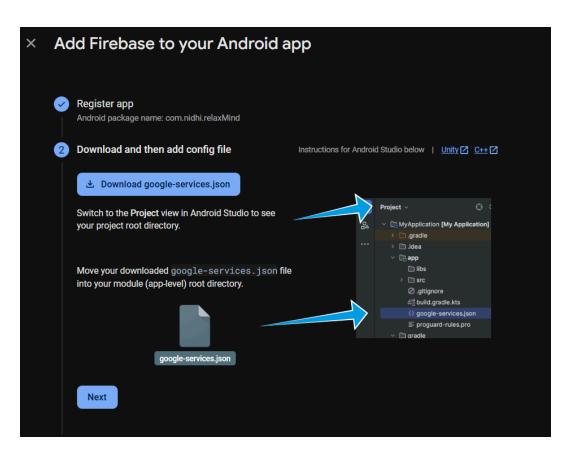
- 1. In Firebase, select **Android** and register your app.
- 2. Enter the **Android package name** (must match the one in your app).
- 3. Download the **google-services.json** file from Firebase.
- 4. Move the file to the appropriate location in your Flutter project.
- 5. Update the project's build configuration files to include Firebase dependencies.
- 6. Run the Flutter app on an Android device or emulator to verify the setup.

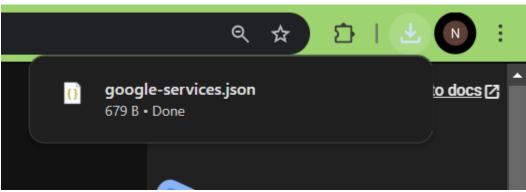
## Step 5: Add Firebase to iOS

- 1. In Firebase, select **iOS** and register your app.
- 2. Enter the iOS Bundle ID (should match the one in your project).
- 3. Open the iOS project in Xcode and update the **Bundle Identifier**.
- 4. Download the GoogleService-Info.plist file from Firebase.
- 5. Move the file into the correct directory inside your Xcode project.
- 6. Ensure Firebase is initialized properly for iOS.







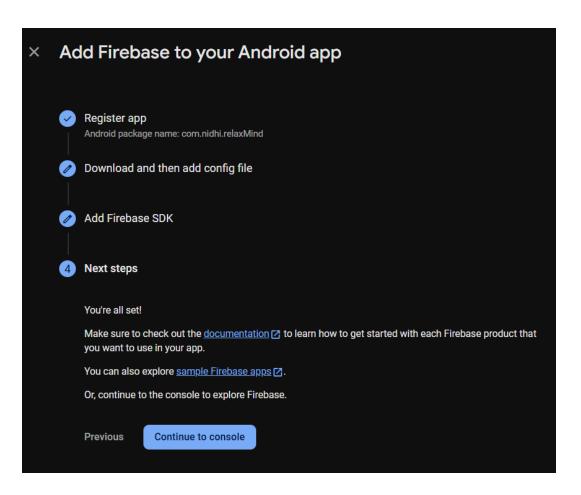


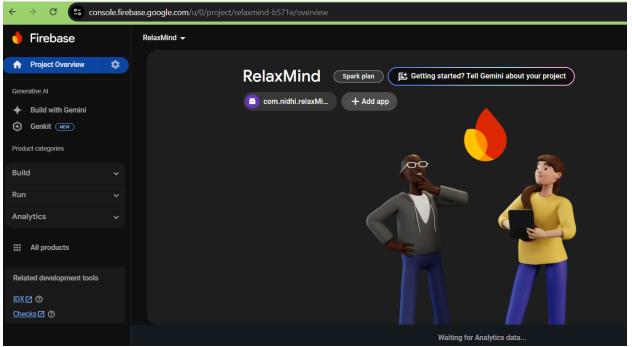
any Firebase SDKs that you want to use in your app: Module (app-level) Gradle file (ct>/<app-module>/build.gradle.kts): plugins { id("com.android.application") // Add the Google services Gradle plugin dependencies { // Import the Firebase BoM implementation(platform("com.google.firebase:firebase-bom:33.10.0")) // TODO: Add the dependencies for Firebase products you want to use // When using the BoM, don't specify versions in Firebase dependencies implementation("com.google.firebase:firebase-analytics") // Add the dependencies for any other desired Firebase products // https://firebase.google.com/docs/android/setup#available-libraries

2. Then, in your module (app-level) build.gradle.kts file, add both the google-services plugin and

3. After adding the plugin and the desired SDKs, sync your Android project with Gradle files.

By using the Firebase Android BoM, your app will always use compatible Firebase library versions. Learn more 🔀





#### Step 6: Run the Flutter App

- 1. Run the Flutter app on a real device or simulator.
- 2. Check the Firebase dashboard to confirm that the app is successfully connected.

**Conclusion:** Successfully setting up Firebase with Flutter enables seamless backend integration for mobile applications. By following the step-by-step process of creating a Firebase project, registering Android and iOS apps, and configuring dependencies, developers can establish a reliable connection between their app and Firebase services. Running the Flutter app and verifying Firebase integration ensures that authentication, database, and other services function correctly, enhancing app development efficiency.