MATPLOTLIB

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

In [86]: data = pd.read_csv('district.csv')

#top 10 data from dataset

Out[87]:

	district	active cases	confirmed cases	deceased	recovered
) Ahmadnagar	17	42	2	23
	l Yavatmal	69	79	0	10
:	2 Washim	1	2	0	1
;	3 Solapur	93	99	6	0
4	Sindhudurg	1	2	0	1
į	5 Satara	21	32	2	9
(Sangli	3	29	1	25
•	7 Ratnagiri	2	8	1	5
8	Raigarh	44	71	3	24
(Parbhani	1	2	0	1
10) Palghar	119	169	4	46
1	l Osmanabad	0	3	0	3
12	2 Nashik	179	197	12	6
13	3 Nandurbar	10	11	1	0
14	1 Nanded	3	3	0	0

#bottom 10 data from dataset

Out[88]:

	district	active cases	confirmed cases	deceased	recovered
19	Jalgaon	30	40	9	1
20	Hingoli	14	15	0	1
21	Gondiya	0	1	0	1
22	Dhule	22	25	3	0
23	Chandrapur	0	2	0	2
24	Buldana	3	21	1	17
25	Bid	0	1	0	1
26	Bhandara	1	1	0	0
27	Aurangabad	102	131	7	22
28	Amravati	17	28	7	4
29	Akola	30	39	1	8
30	Ahmadnagar	17	42	2	23
31	Mumbai	5679	7061	290	1092
32	Thane	755	943	16	172
33	Pune	912	1248	88	248

In [89]: ► data.describe
#it 'describes' the data and shows you how the dataset looks

Out[89]:	<pre><bound ases="" deceased<="" method="" n="" pre=""></bound></pre>		DFrame.describe of recovered	district	active cases	confirmed c
0 Ahmadnagar 1 Yavatmal			17	42	2	23
		_	69	79	0	10
		Washim	1	2	0	1
	3	Solapur	93	99	6	0
	4	Sindhudurg	1	2	0	1
	5	Satara	21	32	2	9
	6	Sangli	3	29	1	25
	7	Ratnagiri	2	8	1	5
	8	Raigarh	44	71	3	24
	9	Parbhani	1	2	0	1
	10	Palghar	119	169	4	46
	11	Osmanabad	0	3	0	3
	12	Nashik	179	197	12	6
	13	Nandurbar	10	11	1	0
	14	Nanded	3	3	0	0
	15	Nagpur	100	139	2	37
	16	Latur	3	12	1	8
	17	Kolhapur	10	14	0	4
	18	Buldana	3	21	1	17
	19	Jalgaon	30	40	9	1
	20	Hingoli	14	1 5	0	1
	21	Gondiya	0	1	0	1
	22	Dhule	22	25	3	0
	23	Chandrapur	0	2	0	2
	24	Buldana	3	21	1	17
	25	Bid	0	1	0	1
	26	Bhandara	1	1	0	0
	27	Aurangabad	102	131	7	22
	28	Amravati	17	28	7	4
	29	Akola	30	39	1	8
	30	Ahmadnagar	17	42	2	23
	31	Mumbai	5679	7061	290	1092
	32	Thane	755	943	16	172
	33	Pune	912	1248	88	248>

In [90]: ▶ print(data.shape[0])
#it will gives you No. of rows

34

In [91]: ▶ print(data.shape[1])
#it will gives you No. of columns

5

In [92]: ► data.index #shows range

Out[92]: RangeIndex(start=0, stop=34, step=1)

In [93]: ▶ data.dtypes

#dtype is for data types, float is decimals

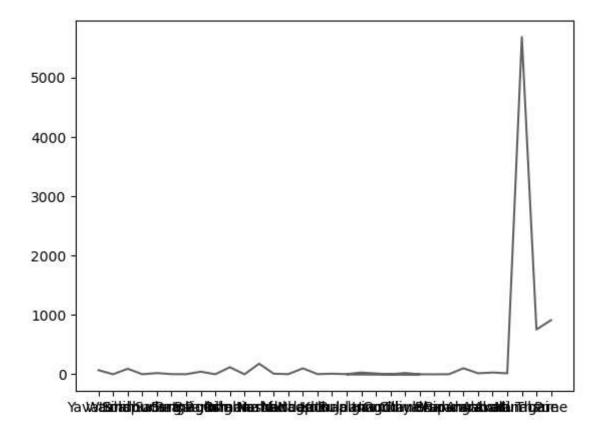
Out[93]: district object

active cases int64 confirmed cases int64 deceased int64 recovered int64

dtype: object

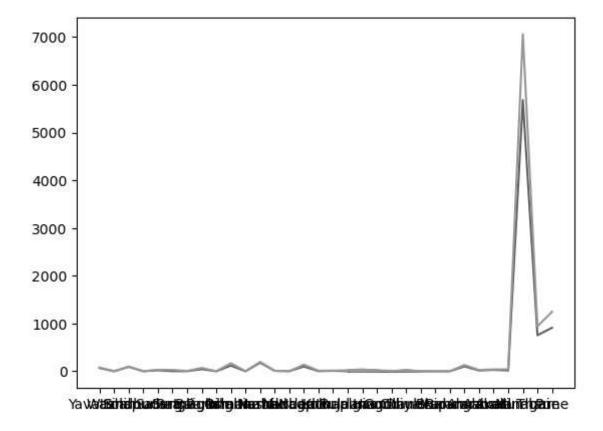
LINEGRAPH

Out[94]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x23388f3a550>]



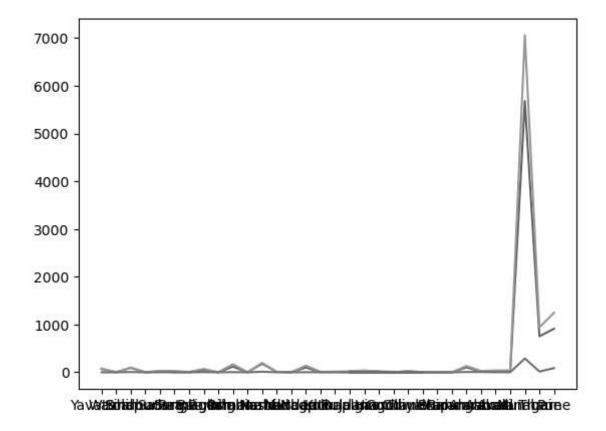
```
In [95]: ► #Line plot between District(X) and Active cases(Y)
plt.plot(X, Y)
#Line plot between District(X) and Confirmed cases(R)
plt.plot(X, R)
```

Out[95]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x23389cbca30>]



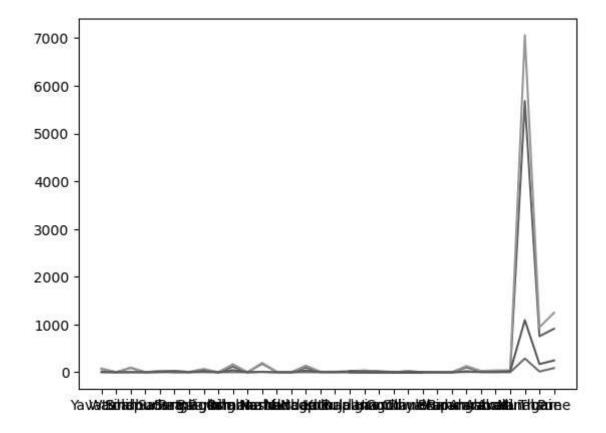
```
In [96]:  #Line plot between District(X) and Active cases(Y)
    plt.plot(X, Y)
    #Line plot between District(X) and Confirmed cases(R)
    plt.plot(X, R)
    #Line plot between District(X) and Recovered cases(D)
    plt.plot(X, D)
```

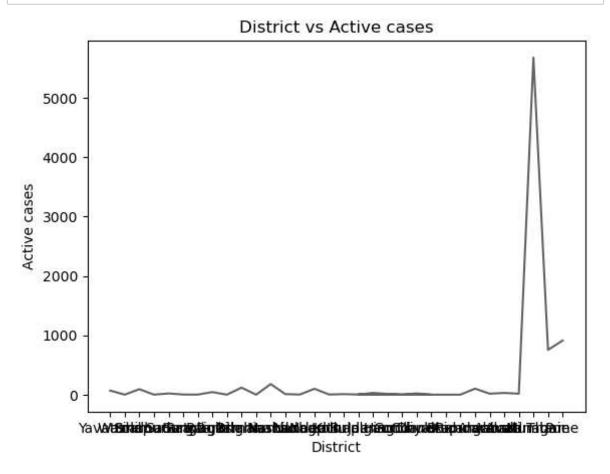
Out[96]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x2338964ce80>]

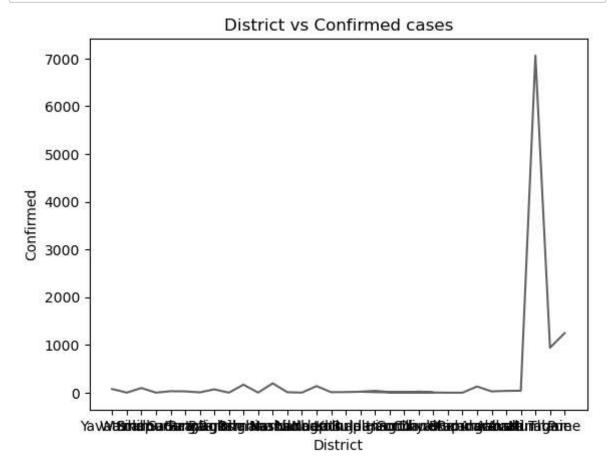


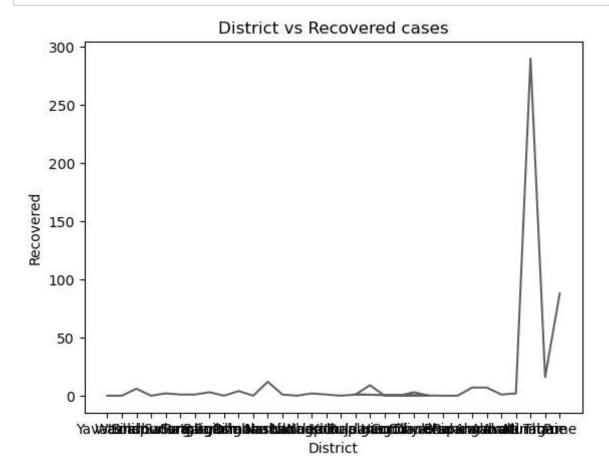
```
In [97]: #Line plot between District(X) and Active cases(Y)
plt.plot(X, Y)
#Line plot between District(X) and Confirmed cases(R)
plt.plot(X, R)
#Line plot between District(X) and Recovered cases(D)
plt.plot(X, D)
#Line plot between District(X) and Deceased cases(W)
plt.plot(X, W)
```

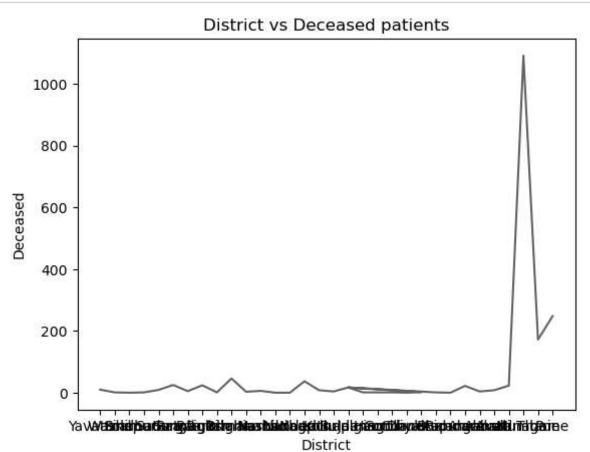
Out[97]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x2338979c430>]





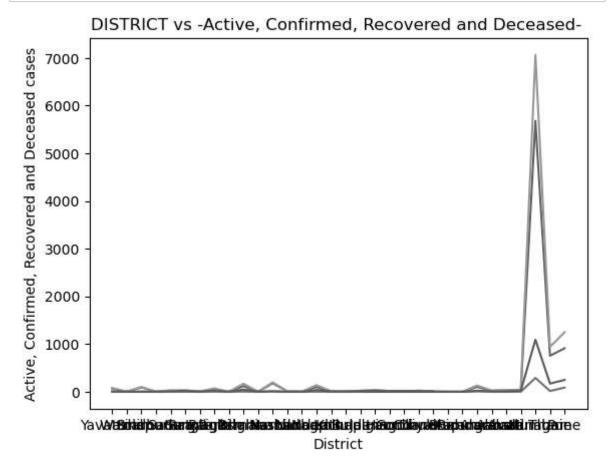




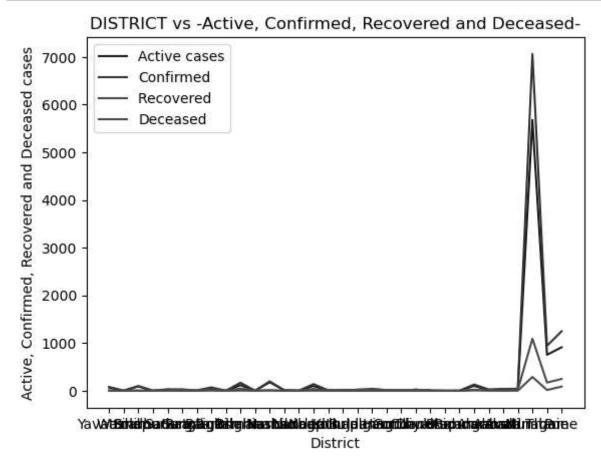


```
In [102]:  #Line plot between District(X) and Active cases(Y)
    plt.plot(X, Y)
    #Line plot between District(X) and Confirmed cases(R)
    plt.plot(X, R)
    #Line plot between District(X) and Recovered cases(D)
    plt.plot(X, D)
    #Line plot between District(X) and Deceased cases(W)
    plt.plot(X, W)

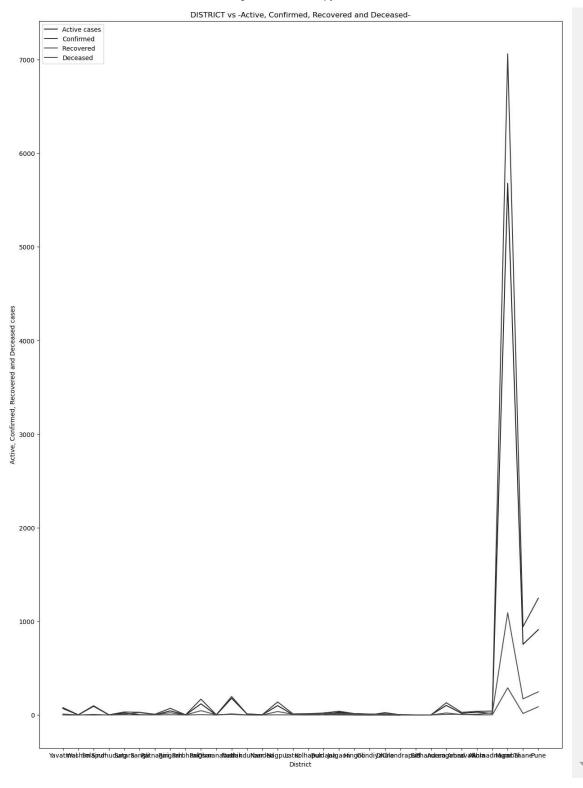
plt.xlabel('District')
    plt.ylabel('Active, Confirmed, Recovered and Deceased cases')
    plt.title('DISTRICT vs -Active, Confirmed, Recovered and Deceased- ')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [103]: # District vs Active cases
plt.plot(X, Y, label="Active cases", color ="blue")
# District vs Confirmed cases
plt.plot(X, R, label="Confirmed", color = "purple")
# District vs Recovered cases
plt.plot(X, D, label="Recovered " , color ="Green")
# District vs Deceased patients
plt.plot(X, W, label="Deceased", color ="red")
plt.xlabel('District')
plt.ylabel('Active, Confirmed, Recovered and Deceased cases')
plt.title('DISTRICT vs -Active, Confirmed, Recovered and Deceased-')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

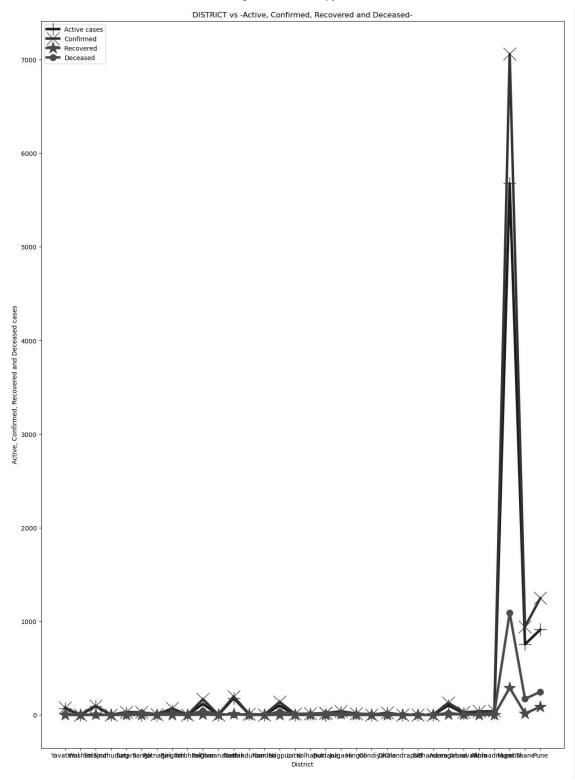


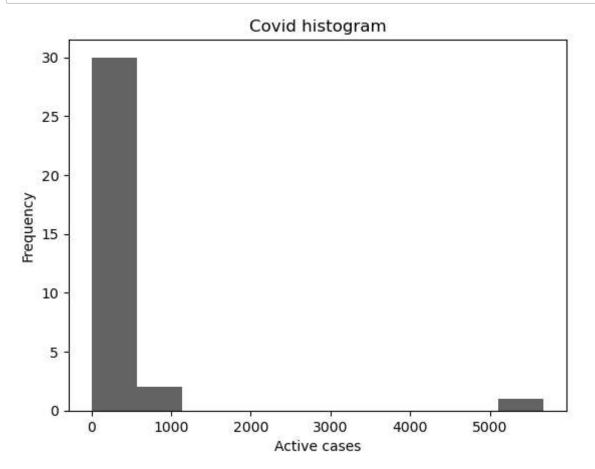
Adding legends to the graph



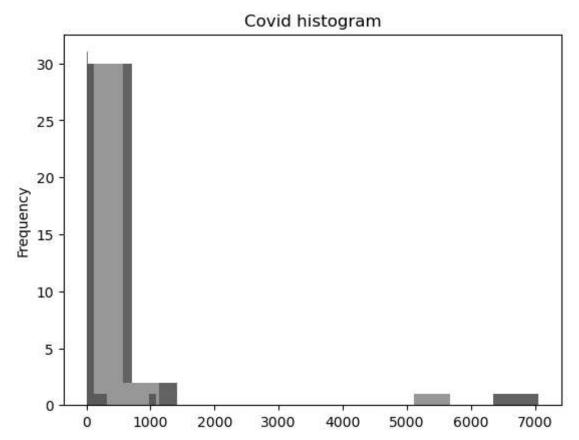
Customisation

```
In [105]:
           ▶ plt.figure(figsize=(15,21))
              # District vs Active cases
              # By writing linewidth, we can increase or decrease the width of the line in
              # By writing marker, we can designate the end point of the line graph as a ma
              plt.plot(X, Y, label="Active cases", color ="blue", linewidth = 4, marker = '+
              # District vs Confirmed cases
              plt.plot(X, R, label="Confirmed", color = "purple", linewidth = 4, marker = 'x'
              # District vs Recovered cases
              plt.plot(X, D, label="Recovered " , color ="Green", linewidth = 4, marker ='*
              # District vs Deceased patients
              plt.plot(X, W, label="Deceased", color ="red", linewidth = 4, marker ='.', m
              plt.xlabel('District')
              plt.ylabel('Active, Confirmed, Recovered and Deceased cases')
              plt.title('DISTRICT vs -Active, Confirmed, Recovered and Deceased-')
              plt.legend()
              plt.show()
```

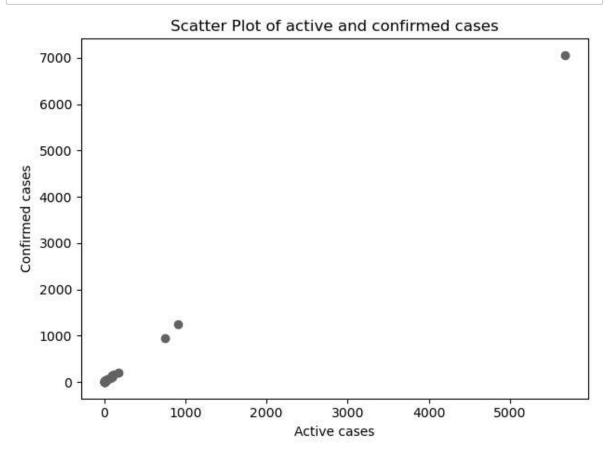


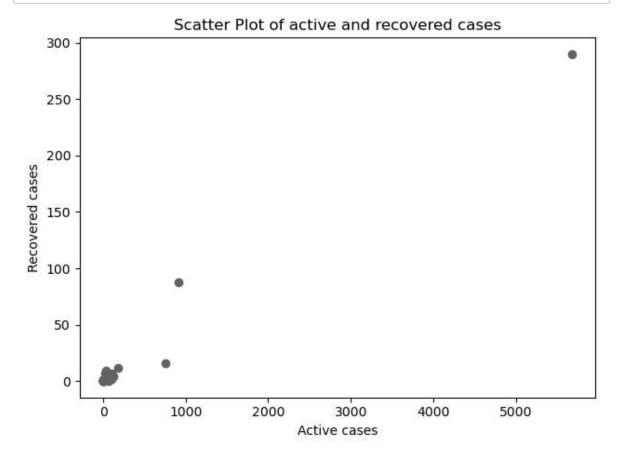


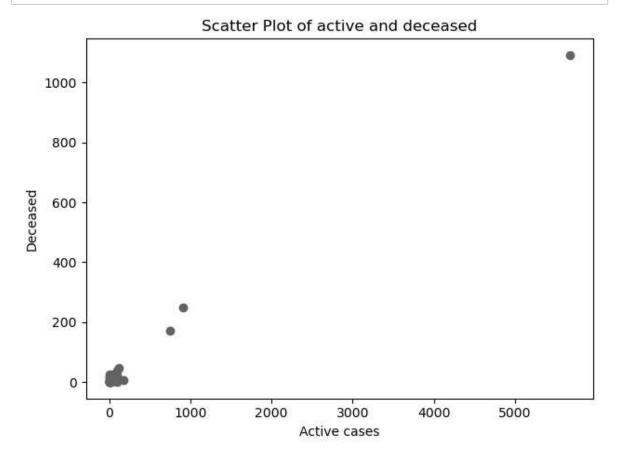
Histogram



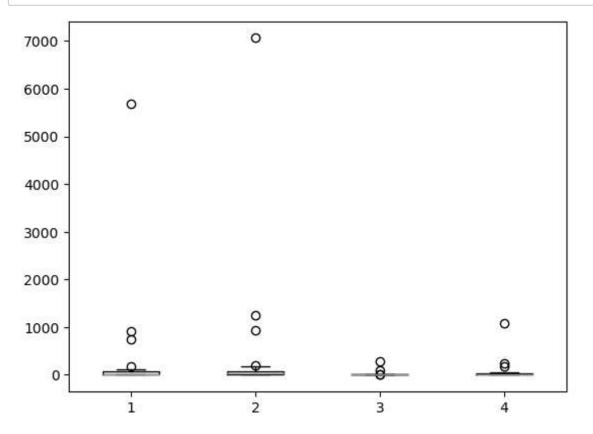
Scatter plot







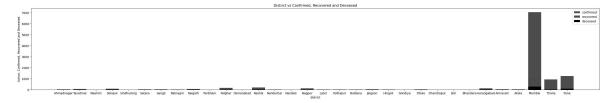
BoxPlot



Bar graph

```
In [112]:
              data = pd.read_csv('district.csv')
              #datacalling
              x=data['district']
              y=data['confirmed cases']
              h=data['recovered']
              j=data['deceased']
              #assigning each parameter to an alphabate
              plt.figure(figsize=(35,5))
              #assigning graph size
              plt.bar(x,y,color=['red'],label="confirmed")
              #confirmed cases districtwise indicating with red color
              plt.bar(x,h,color=['green'],label="recovered")
              #recovered cases districtwise indicating with green color
              plt.bar(x,j,color=['black'],label="deceased")
              #deceased cases districtwise indicating with black color
              plt.xlabel("district")
              #labeling x-axis
              plt.ylabel("Active, Confirmed, Recovered and Deceased")
              #labeling y-axis
              plt.title('District vs Confirmed, Recovered and Deceased')
              #giving title to graph
              plt.legend()
              #visulization of legend
```

Out[112]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x233899398b0>



Out[113]:	district			
	Ahmadnagar	0	1 7	
	· ·	30	17	
	Akola	29	30	
	Amravati	28	1 7	
	Aurangabad	27	102	
	Bhandara	26	1	
	Bid	25	0	
	Buldana	18	3	
		24	3	
	Chandrapur	23	0	
	Dhule	22	22	
	Gondiya	21	0	
	Hingoli	20	14	
	Jalgaon	19	30	
	Kolhapur	17	10	
	Latur	16	3	
	Mumbai	31	5679	
	Nagpur	1 5	100	
	Nanded	14	3	
	Nandurbar	13	10	
	Nashik	12	179	
	Osmanabad	11	0	
	Palghar	10	119	
	Parbhani	9	1	
	Pune	33	912	
	Raigarh	8	44	
	Ratnagiri	7	2	
	Sangli	6	3	
	Satara	5	21	
	Sindhudurg	4	1	
	Solapur	3	93	
	Thane	32	755	
	Washim	2	1	
	Yavatmal	1	69	
	Name: activ	e case	s. dtvne:	int64

Name: active cases, dtype: int64

In [114]:

data.groupby(by="active cases")["recovered"].nlargest(5)
#sorting of recovered cases from active cases

Out[114]:	active cases					
	0		11	3	3	
			23	2	2	
			21		L	
			25		L	
	1		2	1	L	
			4		L	
			9	-	L	
			26	(9	
	2		7		5	
	3		6	25	5	
			18	17	7	
			24	17	7	
			16	8	3	
			14	(9	
	10		17	4	1	
			13	(9	
	14		20	-	l	
	17		0	23	3	
			30	23	3	
			28	4	1	
	21		5	9	Ð	
	22		22	(9	
	30		29	8	3	
			19		L	
	44		8	24	1	
	69		1	16	3	
	93		3	(9	
	100		15	37	7	
	102		27	22	2	
	119		10	46	5	
	179		12	6	5	
	755		32	172	2	
	912		33	248	3	
	5679		31	1092	2	
	Name:	recover	ed,	dtype:	int64	

localhost:8889/notebooks/GBU assignment Nidhi.ipynb

```
data = pd.DataFrame({'District': ['Mumbai', 'Pune', 'Thane', 'Nashik', 'Palgh')
In [115]:
                                     'Recovered':[1092,248,172,6,46]})
              #assigning values of top 5 districts with active cases
              ax = data.plot(x="District",y="active",kind="bar", color="orange")
              #ploting active cases destrictwise
              data.plot(x="District", y="Recovered", kind="bar", ax=ax, color="green")
              #ploting recovered cases destrictwise
              plt.ylabel("Active and Recovered cases")
              #labeling y-axis
              plt.title('District vs Top 5 Active and Recovered cases')
              #giving title to graph
   Out[115]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'District vs Top 5 Active and Recovered cases')
                                District vs Top 5 Active and Recovered cases
                                                                             active
                                                                              Recovered
                  5000
                Active and Recovered cases
                  4000
                   3000
                  2000
```

In []: