

# COMP 3311: Database Management Systems

## Tutorial 3 Relational Algebra (RA) and Structured Query Language (SQL)

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**Submission:** Upload this exercise worksheet by 11.59pm Friday (4 Mar) (Only one student needs to upload)

Employee(empId, employeeName, street, city)

Works(empId, companyName, salary)

Company(companyName, city)

Manages(employeeEmpId, managerEmpId)

**Exercise 1:** Find the names of employees who earn more than \$10,000 and live in Hong Kong.

**RA:**

$\pi_{\text{employeeName}} (\sigma_{\text{salary} > 10,000 \wedge \text{city} = \text{'HongKong'}} (\text{Employee} \bowtie \text{Works}))$

**SQL:** `select Employee.employeeName  
from Employee natural join Works  
where salary > 10000 and city = 'Hong Kong';`

**Exercise 2:** Find the names of the employees who are not managers.

**RA:**  $\pi_{\text{employeeName}} ((\pi_{\text{empId}, \text{employeeName}} (\text{Employee})) - (\pi_{\text{empId}, \text{employeeName}} (\text{Employee} \bowtie_{\text{Employee.empId} = \text{Manages.managerEmpId}} \text{Manages})))$

**SQL:** `select employeeName  
from ((select employeeId, employeeName  
from Employee)  
minus  
(select employeeId, employeeName  
from Employee, Manages  
where Employee.empId = Manages.managerEmpId))  
);`

**Exercise 3:** Find the names of all persons who work for First Bank Corporation and live in the city where the company is located.

**RA:**  $\pi_{\text{employeeName}} ((\text{Employee} \bowtie \text{Works}) \bowtie (\sigma_{\text{companyName} = \text{'FirstBankCorporation'}} (\text{Company})))$

**SQL:** `select employeeName  
from Employee natural join Works natural join Company  
where companyName = 'First Bank Corporation';`

**Exercise 4:** Construct only SQL queries to find all cities where employees live or where companies are located.

```
select city from Employee
union
select city from Company;
```

**Exercise 5:** Construct only SQL queries to find the names of all employees who work (in at least one company) and the city of the company in ascending order of employee names.

```
select employeeName, C.city
from Employee E, Works W, Company C
where C.companyName=W.companyName
      and E.empId=W.empId
order by employeeName asc;
```

**Exercise 6:** Construct only SQL queries to find the names and cities of employees who work for exactly one company.

```
select employeeName, city
from Employee E
where 1 = (select count(*)
           from Works
           where empId=E.empId);
```