







A Tutorial Introduction to Maxima

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Outline



Introduction

- Vectors
- Matrices and Linear Algebra

- Differential Calculus
- Taylor Series
- Symbolic Integration



(From the website) Maxima is a system for the manipulation of symbolic and numerical expressions, including differentiation, integration, Taylor series, Laplace transforms, ordinary differential equations, systems of linear equations, polynomials, sets, lists, vectors, matrices and tensors.



► Powerful Computer Algebra System (CAS) combining symbolic, numerical, and graphical capabilities



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- Cousin of the commercial Macsyma CAS (currently available without support)
- Completely Free and Open Source Software, written in LISP
- ▶ Fully customizable and extensible



maxima Native CLI

```
maxima 80x24

* ~ maxima

Maxima 5.37.2 http://maxima.sourceforge.net shome meca using Lisp GNU Common Lisp (GCL) GCL 2.6.12

Distributed under the GNU Public License. See the file COPYING. macscard.pdf Dedicated to the memory of William Schelter.

The function bug report() provides bug reporting information.

(%i1) A:matrix([1,2,3],[2,3,1],[4,3,5]);

[1 2 3 ]

[3 ]

[4 3 5 ]

(%i2) gamma:alpha+beta;
(%i2) gamma:alpha+beta;
(%i3)

[5]

[6]

[6]

[6]

[6]

[7]

[8]

[8]

[8]

[8]
```



maxima Native CLI xmaxima History:)



maxima Native CLI xmaxima History:) wxmaxima Wxwidgets

```
(%12) A:matrix([1,2,3],[2,3,1],[3,2,4]):
      gamma:alpha+beta:
(%01) 2 3 1
      3 2 4
(%o2) B+a
```



maxima Native CLI xmaxima History:) wxmaxima Wxwidgets imaxima Emacs!

```
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```



maxima Native CLI xmaxima History:) wxmaxima Wxwidgets imaxima Emacs!

Maxima Init File



- ▶ By default, the variable "maxima_userdir" stores the user directory (in Linux it is /.maxima")
- You will have to create this directory and a file "maxima-init.mac" inside it
- ► Try adding "disp("Greetings!")\$" in the file and fire up maxima

Command Summary



disp display string to stdout describe,? describe maxima command or variable apropos,?? inexact search for maxima command or variable

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Programming with Maxima

Some basics



- Statements terminated by a ";"
- Suppress output by terminating with a \$
- ► Variable assignment with ":"
- ► Function declaration with ":="
- ▶ Note: "=" is a symbol, not an operator!
- Lists indices go as 1,2,3,...
- "nouns" and "verbs"

Some basics



– Maxima

$$diff(sin(x^2),x);$$

$$2x\cos x^2$$

$$\frac{e^{-x} ((e^{2x} - 1) \cos x + (e^{2x} + 1) \sin x)}{4}$$

Basic Arithmetic



Handling literals

— Maxima

- Maxima

$$expand((1/2+sqrt(2/3))^2);$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{11}{12}$$

Basic Arithmetic



Handling literals

Maxima

```
expand((1/2+sqrt(2/3))^2), numer;
```

1.733163247594392

```
fpprec:20;
bfloat(expand(
  (1/2+sqrt(2/3))^2));
```

Maxima

1.7331632475943926994*B*0



Handling Symbolics

– Maxima

$$(x+3*y+x^2*y)^3;$$

$$\left(x+3y+x^2y\right)^3$$

— Maxima

expand(
$$(x+3*y+x^2*y)^3$$
);

$$x^{6}y^{3} + 9x^{4}y^{3} + 27x^{2}y^{3} + 27y^{3} + 3x^{5}y^{2} + 18x^{3}y^{2} + 27xy^{2} + 3x^{4}y + 9x^{2}y + x^{3}$$



Handling Symbolics

$$(x+3*y+x^2*y)^3);$$

$$27y^3 + 810y + \frac{8100}{y} + \frac{27000}{y^3}$$

$$\frac{27\,\left(100+300\,y^2+30\,y^4+y^6\right)}{y^3}$$



Handling Symbolics

— Maxima

$$\left[y = -\sqrt{10}\,i, y = \sqrt{10}\,i\right]$$



Handling Symbolics

— Maxima

$${\tt solve([x+y+z=4,y+z-2*x=5,z=4*x-3*y+t,t+y=z],[x,y,z,t]);}$$

$$\left[\left[x = -\frac{1}{3}, y = -\frac{1}{3}, z = \frac{14}{3}, t = 5 \right] \right]$$



Handling Symbolics

$$sum(1/n^2,n,0,N);$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{N} \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{13168189440000}$$

Commands Summary



```
diff symbolic differentiation
integrate symbolic integrations
  numer numerical result
  fpprec (variable) set floating point precision
  bfloat floating point representation
 expand expression
  factor factor expression
   subst substitute for variables
   solve solve system
```

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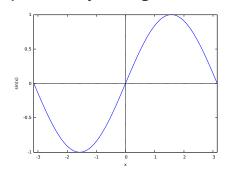
Programming with Maxima

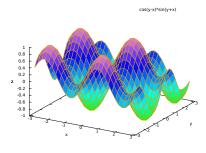


Explicit function plotting

```
plot2d(sin(x),[x,-\%pi,\%pi]);
plot3d(sin(x+y)*cos(x-y),[x,-\%pi,\%pi],[y,-\%pi,\%pi])
```

pointer: try adding "wx" as a prefix in wxmaxima

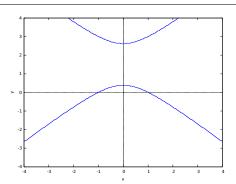






Implicit plots

```
load(implicit_plot);
implicit_plot(x^2=y^2-3*y+1,[x,-4,4],[y,-4,4],
[gnuplot preamble,"set\ zeroaxis"]);
```

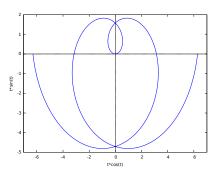




parametric plots

Maxima

```
r(t):=t;
plot2d([parametric,r(t)*cos(t),r(t)*sin(t),
[t,-2*\%pi,2*\%pi],[nticks,80]],[x,-7,7]);
```





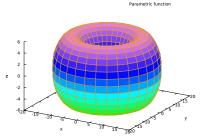
```
expr_1:cos(y)*(12.0+6*cos(x));

expr_2:sin(y)*(12.0+6*cos(x));

expr_3:6*sin(x);

plot3d([expr_1,expr_2,expr_3],

[x,0,2*\%pi],[y,0,2*\%pi],[gnuplot_pm3d,true]);
```

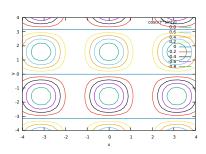




Misc

```
- Maxima
```

```
set_plot_option([gnuplot_preamble,"set\ cntrparam
levels\ 12"]);
contour_plot(sin(y)*cos(x)^2,[x,-4,4],[y,-4,4]);
```





Discontinuous function

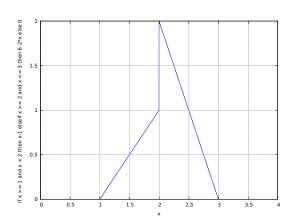
$$g(x) := \mathbf{if} \ x \ge 1 \land (x$$

$$< 2) \ \mathbf{then} \ x - 1 \ \mathbf{elseif} \ x$$

$$\ge 2 \land (x$$

$$\le 3) \ \mathbf{then} \ 6 - 2 x \ \mathbf{else} \ 0$$





Commands Summary



```
plot2d 2d plots
    plot3d 3d plots
implicit_plot plotting implicit expressions
contour_plot contours
```

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Systems of equations



Maxima

```
apropos("solve");
```

[baksolve, desolve, funcsolve, globalsolve, linsolve, linsolvewarn, linsolve_by_lu, linsolve_params, solve, solvedecomposes, solveexplicit, solvefactors, solvenullwarn, solveradcan, solvetrigwarn, tmlinsolve]



linear systems

```
— Maxima
```

```
eq1:x+y=8*a*x-z+4*5;\ eq2:y+z*\%pi=4*x;
eq3:x-y+z=4;
linsolve([eq1,eq2,eq3],[x,y,z]);
```

$$\begin{bmatrix} x = -\frac{8+12\pi}{(4+4\pi) \ a-\pi-4}, y = -\frac{32+8\pi+16\pi a}{(4+4\pi) \ a-\pi-4}, \\ z = \frac{16a-40}{(4+4\pi) \ a-\pi-4} \end{bmatrix}$$



Algebraic Equation (analytic solution)

--- Maxima

$$solve(a*x^2+b*x+c=0,x);$$

$$\left[x = -\frac{b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}, x = \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac} - b}{2a} \right]$$



Substitute values

---- Maxima

```
sol:solve(a*x^2+b*x+c=0,x);
radcan(subst([a=1,b=2,c=3],sol[1]));
```

$$x = -\sqrt{2}i - 1$$



System of algebraic equations

Maxima

$$f(x):=x^2-1;$$

solve([f(x/y)=0,f(x*y)=0],[x,y]);

$$f(x) := x^2 - 1$$

$$\begin{split} & \left[\left[x = -1, y = 1 \right], \left[x = 1, y = -1 \right], \left[x = -i, y = -i \right], \left[x = i, y = i \right], \left[x = -i, y = i \right], \left[x = i, y = -i \right], \left[x = -1, y = -1 \right], \left[x = 1, y = 1 \right] \right] \end{split}$$

Maxima



Polynomials & Numerical solutions

```
allroots(x^5+x^2-x+8=0);
```

Maxima

```
 \begin{aligned} [x &= 0.9189543576112322\,i + 1.179427901164746, \\ x &= 1.179427901164746 - 0.9189543576112322\,i, \\ x &= 1.427958893635229\,i - 0.3522627040736663, \\ x &= -1.427958893635229\,i - 0.3522627040736663, \\ x &= -1.65433039418216] \end{aligned}
```



Checking Solution

— Maxima

$$f(x):=x^3+x^2-x+8$$
 sol:allroots($f(x)$)\$ expand(map(f,sol));

$$\begin{split} \left[x^3 + x^2 - x + 8 &= 4.440892098500626 \\ &\times 10^{-16} \, i + 1.77635683940025 \times 10^{-15}, \\ x^3 + x^2 - x + 8 &= 1.77635683940025 \times 10^{-15} \\ &- 4.440892098500626 \times 10^{-16} \, i, x^3 + x^2 - x + 8 = 0.0 \right] \end{split}$$



```
— Maxima
```

```
load(newton);
newton(x^7-5*x^6+4*x^4-
5*x^2+x+2,0);
```

– Maxima

$$-5.763042928902195_B \times 10^{-1}$$

$$8.194213634964119_B \times 10^{-1}$$

Commands Summary



```
apropos apropos search
```

linsolve solve linear systems

solve solve algebraic equations

subst substitute values to expressions

allroots numerically estimate all roots of a polynomial

kill "kill(a,b,c);" lets you delete unwanted variables

map map the solutions to a function

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Vectors



```
Maxima
```

```
load(vector);
functions;
```

```
[dimension (), type (arg), coordsystem (sys), cross(a,
 (b), grad (s), div (v), curl (a), laplacian (a), dotdel (v)
 b), christoffel (), curlgrad (s), graddiv (v), divcurl (v)]
```

Vectors



Maxima

Maxima

$$\begin{aligned} & [y1\,z2 - y2\,z1, \\ & x2\,z1 - x1\,z2, x1\,y2 - x2\,y1] \end{aligned}$$

$$z1 z2 + y1 y2 + x1 x2$$



```
load(diag);
A:matrix([a,b,c],[d,e,f],[g,h,i]);
col(A,1);
row(A,2);
invert(A);
transpose(A);
determinant(A);
list_matrix_entries(A);
```

Row major!

Maxima

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Matrix Products

```
load(diag);
A:matrix([a,b,c],[d,e,f],[g,h,i]);
B:transpose(matrix([c,d,e]));
A.B;
A*A;
A^2;
A^2;
rank(A);
```



Matrix properties

Maxima

```
A: matrix([1,2],[4,5]);
eigenvectors(A);
```

$$\left[\left[\left[3-2\sqrt{3},2\sqrt{3}+3\right],\left[1,1\right]\right],\left[\left[\left[1,1-\sqrt{3}\right]\right],\left[\left[1,\sqrt{3}+1\right]\right]\right]\right]$$

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Other functionality

```
load(eigen);
load(linearalgebra);
```

Command Summary



matrix create a matrix col access column of a matrix row access row of a matrix transpose transpose of a matrix determinant obtain the determinant of a matrix rank obtain the rank of a matrix invert invert a matrix list_matrix_entries list out the matrix in row major eigenvectors obtain the eigen vectors

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Programming with Maxima



Independant variable specified

— Maxima

$$diff(x^n,x,2);$$

$$(n-1) n x^{n-2}$$

Unspecified independant variable

— Maxima

$$n x^{n-1} dx + x^n \log x dn$$



$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \mathbf{v}} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2} \left(\sin(x) \cos(y - x) \right)$$

— Maxima

$$diff(sin(x)*cos(y-x),x,2,y,1);$$

$$2\sin x \sin (y-x) + 2\cos x \cos (y-x)$$



— Maxima

```
declare(a,constant);
depends([x,y],t);
diff(x^2+a*y^2,t);
```

$$2\,a\,y\,\left(\frac{d\,y}{d\,t}\right) + 2\,x\,\left(\frac{d\,x}{d\,t}\right)$$

Try out "properties(a);" & "propvars(constant);"



Maxima

$$gp:diff(x^(2/3),x);$$

 $limit(gp,x,0,plus);$

– Maxima

$$\frac{2}{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$\infty$$



infinity



— Maxima

– Maxima -

$$dydx(cos(x^2-y^2),x,y);$$

$$\mathrm{dydx}\left(\mathrm{expr},x,y\right) \,:= \frac{\mathrm{diff}\left(\mathrm{expr},x\right)}{\mathrm{diff}\left(\mathrm{expr},y\right)}$$

$$-\frac{x}{y}$$



— Maxima

$$f(0) + \left(\frac{df(x)}{dx}\Big|_{x=0}\right) x + \frac{\left(\frac{d^2f(x)}{dx^2}\Big|_{x=0}\right) x^2}{2} + \frac{\left(\frac{d^3f(x)}{dx^3}\Big|_{x=0}\right) x^3}{6} + \cdots$$



— Maxima

$$1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} - \frac{x^6}{720} + \frac{x^8}{40320} - \frac{x^{10}}{3628800} + \cdots$$
$$x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} - \frac{x^7}{5040} + \frac{x^9}{362880} + \cdots$$



— Maxima

taylor(cos(x+y),[x,y],[0,0],[2,4]); factor(ratsimp(
$$\$$
));

$$1 - \frac{y^2 + 2yx + x^2}{2} + \frac{y^4 + 4y^3x + 6y^2x^2 + 4yx^3 + x^4}{24} + \cdots$$

$$\frac{24 - 12\,{x}^{2} + {x}^{4} - 24\,x\,y + 4\,{x}^{3}\,y - 12\,{y}^{2} + 6\,{x}^{2}\,{y}^{2} + 4\,x\,{y}^{3} + {y}^{4}}{24}$$

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Maxima

$$taylor(sin(x+y),[x,0,4],[y,0,4]);$$

$$y - \frac{y^3}{6} + \dots + \left(\frac{y^4}{24} - \frac{y^2}{2} + 1 + \dots\right) x + \left(\frac{y^3}{12} - \frac{y}{2} + \dots\right) x^2 + \left(-\frac{y^4}{144} + \frac{y^2}{12} - \frac{1}{6} + \dots\right) x^3 + \left(-\frac{y^3}{144} + \frac{y}{24} + \dots\right) x^4 + \dots$$

Nidish Narayanaa B (IIST) Maxima



Maxima

$$\int f(x) dx$$

– Maxima

$$\frac{\cos(3x) - 9\cos x}{12}$$



Maxima

— Maxima

$$integrate(x^2*exp(-x^2),x);$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(x)}{4} - \frac{x\,e^{-x^2}}{2}$$

0.2332527106719843



Maxima

Maxima

$$2 \int x \left(1+x^2\right)^3 dx$$

$$\int u^3 du$$



Maxima

ev(exprc, nouns);

— Maxima

$$\frac{u^4}{4}$$

$$\frac{(1+x^2)^4}{4}$$

Command Summary



diff differentiate expression
grind "non-pretty" output
display2d set to true for pretty output
declare declare a symbol as constant
depends establish dependency
integrate integrate expression
changevar apply a change of variable

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factoring and expanding polynomials

$$factor(x^2+2*x+1);$$

$$(1+x)^2$$

$$x^2 + 2x + 1$$



Trigonometric expressions

---- Maxima

Maxima

1

$$\cos x \, \cos (3 \, y) - \sin x \, \sin (3 \, y)$$



Rational expressions

ratsimp(
$$(x^2+2*x+1)/(x+1)+1/(4*x+3)$$
);

– Maxima

$$\frac{4+7x+4x^2}{4x+3}$$

$$\frac{4x^2}{4x+3} + \frac{7x}{4x+3} + \frac{4}{4x+3}$$



Complex exponentials

demoivre:true;
exp(a+b*\%i);

Maxima

- Maxima -

demoivre:false;
exp(a+b*\%i);

$$e^a (i \sin b + \cos b)$$

 e^{a+ib}



expand(expr,p,n);

-- Maxima expand((x+1)^5+(x+1)^(-5)

– Maxima -

expand(
$$(x+1)^5+(x+1)^(-5)$$
,5,3);

$$\frac{1}{x^5 + 5x^4 + 10x^3 + 10x^2 + 5x + 1} + (1+x)^5$$

$$\frac{1}{(1+x)^5} + x^5 + 5x^4 + 10x^3 + 10x^2 + 5x + 1$$



Partial fractions

— Maxima

$$partfrac(1/(x^2+3*x+2),x);$$

$$\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{x+2}$$



Expressions with logs, exponentials and radicals

Maxima

$$radcan((log(x+x^2)- radcan((\e^x-1 log(x))^a/log(1+x)^(a/2)); (1+\e^(x/2)));$$

$$(\log\left(1+x\right))^{\frac{a}{2}}$$

$$e^{\frac{x}{2}} - 1$$



- Maxima

Simplification with rules

Maxima

expr: $\sin(x^2+y^2)-\sin(3*x)$; eq1: $x^2+y^2-x=0$;

$$\sin\left(x^2 + y^2\right) - \sin\left(3\,x\right)$$

$$\sin x = y$$

$$y^2 + x^2 - x = 0$$

$$y - \sin(3x)$$

Command Summary



- ratsimp simplify rational expressions
- ratexpand expand rational expressions
 - trigsimp converts all trigonometric quantities in terms of \sin and \cos terms
- trigreduce Reduces powers of trigonometric quantities to terms with highest power one
- trigexpand expand trigonometric terms in terms of \sin and \cos
 - radcan simplify expressions with logs, exponentials and radicals

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Programming with Maxima



$$P_0(x) = 1$$

$$P_1(x) = x$$

$$nP_n(x) = (2n-1)xP_{n-1}(x) - (n-1)P_{n-2}(x)$$

```
Legendre1(n, x) := block ( [],
  if n = 0
    then 1
  else if n = 1
    then x
  else ((2*n - 1)*x*Legendre1 (n - 1, x)
    - (n - 1) *Legendre1 (n - 2, x)) / n )
```

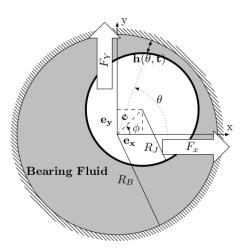
What has NOT been covered



- Numerical Integration
- ▶ FFT
- ODEs
- Advanced plotting
- Orthonormal series and transforms
- Inequalities
- Programming with Maxima

A quick example I





Required,

$$\begin{cases} F_X \\ F_Y \end{cases}$$

and derivatives $\dfrac{\partial}{\partial e_x}$, $\dfrac{\partial}{\partial e_y}$, $\dfrac{\partial}{\partial \dot{e_x}}$, and $\dfrac{\partial}{\partial \dot{e_y}}$

A quick example II



$$F_r = -\mu R L \left(\frac{L}{c}\right)^2 \left[(\omega - 2\dot{\phi}) \frac{\epsilon^2}{(1 - \epsilon^2)^2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{(1 + 2\epsilon^2)\dot{\epsilon}}{(1 - \epsilon^2)^{5/2}} \right]$$
$$F_t = \mu R L \left(\frac{L}{c}\right)^2 \left[(\omega - 2\dot{\phi}) \frac{\pi}{4} \frac{\epsilon}{(1 - \epsilon^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{2\epsilon\dot{\epsilon}}{(1 - \epsilon^2)^2} \right]$$

```
depends([e],t)$
ex:0.3*50.8e 6*cos(%pi/4)$
ey:0.3*50.8e 6*cos(%pi/4)$
exd:0.1*ex*omega$
eyd:0.1*ey*omega$
epsilon:sqrt(e[x]**2+e[y]**2)/c$
phi:atan2(e[x],e[y])$
```

A quick example III



```
Fr: mu*R*L*(L/c)**2*((omega 2* diff(phi,t))*
epsilon **2/(1 epsilon **2) **2 + \%pi*(1+2*epsilon **2)*
diff(epsilon,t)/(2*(1 epsilon**2)**(5/2)))$
Ft: mu*R*L*(L/c)**2*((omega 2* diff(phi, t))*
\% pi*epsilon / (4*(1 \text{ epsilon} **2)**(3/2)) +
2*epsilon*diff(epsilon,t)/(1epsilon**2)**2)$
Fx:radcan(Fr*cos(phi) Ft*sin(phi))$
Fy:radcan(Fr*sin(phi)+Ft*cos(phi))$
FxFy: transpose (matrix ([Fx, Fy]))$
```

A quick example IV



Setting up imaxima on emacs I



```
(add-to-list 'load-path "/usr/share/maxima/5.37.2/emacs")
(autoload 'maxima-mode "maxima" "Maxima mode" t)
(autoload 'imaxima "imaxima"
        "Frontend for maxima with Image support" t)
(autoload 'maxima "maxima" "Maxima interaction" t)
(autoload 'imath-mode "imath"
        "Imath mode for math formula input" t)
(setg imaxima-use-maxima-mode-flag t)
(add-to-list 'auto-mode-alist '("\\.ma[cx]" . maxima-mode))
(setq imaxima-fnt-size "Large")
(autoload 'emaxima-mode "emaxima" "Emaxima" t)
(add-hook 'emaxima-mode-hook 'emaxima-mark-file-as-emaxima)
(setq emaxima-abbreviations-allowed t)
```

Setting up imaxima on emacs II

U:@**- *maxima*



File Edit Options Buffers Tools Maxima YASnippet Complete In/Out Signals Help (%o19) (%i20) wxplot2d((x-2)*x*(x+2),[x,-5,5],[y,-20,20]); plot2d: some values were clipped. 15 10 5 0 -5 -10 -15 -20 -2 (%o20) (%i21)

L133 (Inferior Maxima: run Golden VHl wg company yas Helm Compiling) [94.4%]2:11PM 0.88

Useful Links



- 1. http://maxima.sourceforge.net/
- 2. https://sourceforge.net/projects/wxmaxima/
 (recommended front end)
- 3. http://web.csulb.edu/~woollett/ (great resources)

Thank You!



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