Statistical analysis of economic indicators and production rate of major crops for finding out the co-relation and impact of them on overall economic growth based on Machine Learning

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Overview

In this project, we will analyze the inter-relations of economic indicators [Inflation Rate, Consumption, Savings, Sectoral Growth Rate, Foreign trade and Performance of Government], production rate of Major Crops and their impact on overall economy specially on Gross Domestic Product (**GDP**) and Gross National Income (**GNI**) from 2012-2016 through machine learning approach.

Goals

- Judging the overall health of the economy.
- Finding out the individual impacts of indicators on economy.
- Predicting the future movement of economy.
- Making business plan and investment decisions.

Methodology Dataset

- Daily-Total-Rainfall-Till-Jun-2014
- Rice-Export-Data

- Rice-Import-Data
- Bangladesh-literacy-rate
- Bangladesh-population-growth-ratio
- GDP-growth-rate-in-Bangladesh
- rice-export-2010-2015
- Area under cultivation of different crops 2014-15
- Consumption at current prices 2012-16
- Foreign trade performance 2012-16
- GDP at Current and Constant Market Prices 2012-16
- GNI at Current and Constant Market Places 2012-16
- Investment as percentage of GDP 2012-16
- Performance of government 2012-16
- Production of Major Crops 2010-16
- Savings and Investments 2012-16
- Sectoral Growth rate of GDP at constant Prices 2012-16
- Sectoral Growth Rate of GDP at Current Prices (Agriculture) 2012-16
- Shares of Public and Private Investment 2007-16
- Total Foreign Exchange Reserve 2012-16

Data Collection

All datasets were collected from http://data.gov.bd/

Balancing Dataset

All datasets were minimized to the timeline of 2012-2016.

Impact of Features

Private investment had an adverse impact on GDP and GNI where public investment showed a positive impact on economy. Private consumption and public consumption both had a positive influence. Economy was dependent on Agricultural for a certain time after that it was moved to Industry and was dependent on Service growth rate from the beginning of 2012. Besides, investment had a great impact on economy. Rise of major crops production flourished our economy but after the industrial dependency jute production showed a good impact. However, Budget deficit was proportional to the economic growth. Taxes didn't have a significant impact on economy. Domestic and National savings as well as foreign exchange also had a positive impact. Export and import got lessened with the development of economy and rainfall couldn't affect export and import of crops at a large extent. Population growth is not in favour of GDP growth. Lastly, GDP highly depends on literacy rate also.

Model Building and Training

DecisionTreeRegressor, ExtraTreesClassifier, LinearRegression, RandomForestRegressor and Convolutional Neural Network were applied on dataset. Datasets were splited into Training and Testing sets before applying the models. LinearRegression performed best among them with minimum Mean-Square Error.

Required Tools

Project was done on **Anaconda** Platform in **Python** Language.