

Started on Wednesday, 27 March 2024, 5:47 PM

State Finished

Completed on Wednesday, 27 March 2024, 5:56 PM

Time taken 8 mins 25 secs

Grade 10.00 out of 10.00 (**100**%)

Correct

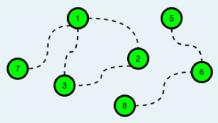
Mark 10.00 out of 10.00

Determine the minimum cost to provide library access to all citizens of HackerLand. There are n cities numbered from 1 to n. Currently there are no libraries and the cities are not connected. Bidirectional roads may be built between any city pair listed in cities. A citizen has access to a library if:

- · Their city contains a library.
- They can travel by road from their city to a city containing a library.

Example

The following figure is a sample map of HackerLand where the dotted lines denote possible roads:



$$\begin{split} c_road &= 2 \\ c_lib &= 3 \\ cities &= [[1,7],[1,3],[1,2],[2,3],[5,6],[6,8]] \end{split}$$

The cost of building any road is $cc_road = 2$, and the cost to build a library in any city is $c_lib = 3$. Build 5 roads at a cost of $5 \times 2 = 10$ and 2 libraries for a cost of 6. One of the available roads in the cycle $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 1$ is not necessary.

There are **q** queries, where each query consists of a map of HackerLand and value of **c_lib** and **c_road**. For each query, find the minimum cost to make libraries accessible to all the citizens.

Function Description

Complete the function roadsAndLibraries in the editor below.

roadsAndLibraries has the following parameters:

- int n: integer, the number of cities
- int c_lib: integer, the cost to build a library
- int c_road: integer, the cost to repair a road
- $int \ cities[m][2]$: each cities[i] contains two integers that represent cities that can be connected by a new road

Returns

- int: the minimal cost

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer \boldsymbol{q} , that denotes the number of queries.

The subsequent lines describe each query in the following format:

- The first line contains four space-separated integers that describe the respective values of **n**, **m**, **c_lib** and **c_road**, the number of cities, number of roads, cost of a library and cost of a road.
- Each of the next m lines contains two space-separated integers, u[i] and v[i], that describe a bidirectional road that can be built to connect cities u[i] and v[i].

Constraints

- $1 \le q \le 10$
- $1 \le n \le 10^5$
- $\stackrel{-}{\bullet} 0 \leq m \leq min(10^5, \frac{n \cdot (n-1)}{2})$
- $1 \le c_road, c_lib \le 10^5$
- $1 \leq u[i], v[i] \leq n$
- Each road connects two distinct cities.

For example:



Input				Result
2				4
3	3	2	1	12
1	2			
3	1			
2	3			
6	6	2	5	
1	3			
3	4			
2	4			
1	2			
2	3			
5	6			

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
string first_multiple_input_temp;
86
87
             getline(cin, first_multiple_input_temp);
88
89
             vector<string> first_multiple_input = split(rtrim(first_multiple_input_temp));
90
             int n = stoi(first_multiple_input[0]);
91
92
93
             int m = stoi(first_multiple_input[1]);
94
95
             int c_lib = stoi(first_multiple_input[2]);
96
97
             int c_road = stoi(first_multiple_input[3]);
98
99
             vector<vector<int>>> cities(m);
100
             for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
101
102
103
                 cities[i].resize(2);
104
105
                 string cities_row_temp_temp;
106
                 getline(cin, cities_row_temp_temp);
107
108
                 vector<string> cities_row_temp = split(rtrim(cities_row_temp_temp));
109
                 for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
110
111
112
                     int cities_row_item = stoi(cities_row_temp[j]);
113
114
                     cities[i][j] = cities_row_item;
115
116
             }
117
118
             long result = roadsAndLibraries(n, c_lib, c_road, cities);
119
120
             cout << result << "\n";</pre>
121
122
123
         return 0;
124
125
126
     string ltrim(const string &str)
127
128
         string s(str);
129
130
         s.erase(
131
             s.begin(),
             find_if(s.begin(), s.end(), not1(ptr_fun<int, int>(isspace))));
132
133
134
         return s;
135
136
137 | string rtrim(const string &str)
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	2 3 3 2 1 1 2 3 1 2 3 6 6 2 5 1 3 3 4 2 4 1 2 2 3 5 6	12	4 12	~
~	5 9 2 91 84 8 2 2 9 5 5 9 92 23 2 1 5 3 5 1 3 4 4 1 5 2 4 2 8 3 10 55 6 4 3 2 7 1 1 0 5 3 2 0 102 1	805 184 80 5 204	805 184 80 5 204	*
~	1 5 3 6 1 1 2 1 3 1 4	15	15	~

Passed all tests! ✓

► Show/hide question author's solution (Cpp)



Correct
Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

