1 Series I (September)

1.1 Problem 1

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theory SeriesI
 imports
   Complex-Main
   HOL-Analysis. Analysis
begin
Let a, b be real numbers. Let's assume that, for all real numbers x, y the
inequality |(ax+by)(ay+bx)| \le x^2+y^2 is satisfied. Show that a^2+b^2 \le 2.
theorem problem1:
 fixes a \ b :: real
 assumes given: \bigwedge x \ y :: real. \ |(a*x + b*y)*(a*y + b*x)| \le x^2 + y^2
 shows a^2 + b^2 \le 2
proof -
 from given [where x=1 and y=1] have (a+b)^2 \leq 2
   by (simp add: power2-eq-square)
 moreover from given [where x=1 and y=-1] have (a-b)^2 \leq 2
   by (simp add: power2-eq-square right-diff-distrib')
 ultimately have (a+b)^2 + (a-b)^2 \le 4 by auto
 moreover have (a+b)^2 + (a-b)^2 = 2*(a^2 + b^2) by algebra
 ultimately show a^2 + b^2 \le 2 by auto
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1.2 Problem 3

qed

Let's assume that a positive integer n has no divisor d that satisfies $\sqrt{n} \le d \le \sqrt[3]{n^2}$. Prove that n has a prime divisor $p > \sqrt[3]{n^2}$.

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theorem problem3:
 fixes n :: nat
 assumes [iff]: n \neq 0
 assumes divrange: \bigwedge d :: nat. sqrt n \leq d \implies d \leq n powr (2/3) \implies \neg d dvd n
 obtains p where prime p and p > n powr (2/3)
proof -
  have forbidden-range: \neg d dvd n if n powr (1/3) \le d and d \le n powr (2/3)
\mathbf{for}\ d\ ::\ nat
 proof
   assume d \ dvd \ n
   from that consider
   (low)\ n\ powr\ (1/3) \leq d\ d \leq sqrt\ n\ |
   (high) sqrt n \leq d d \leq n powr (2/3)
     by fastforce
   then show False
   proof cases
     from \langle d \ dvd \ n \rangle have mirror-divisor: (n \ div \ d) \ dvd \ n by auto
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have n/d \leq n / n \ powr \ (1/3)
     using low by (simp add: frac-le)
   also have ... = n powr 1 / n powr (1/3) by auto
   also have ... = n powr (2/3) by (simp del: powr-one flip: powr-diff)
   finally have n/d \le n \ powr \ (2/3).
   moreover from \langle d \ dvd \ n \rangle have n/d = n \ div \ d by auto
   ultimately have upper-bound: n \ div \ d \le n \ powr \ (2/3) by auto
   from \langle d \ dvd \ n \rangle have d \neq \theta
     by (meson \langle n \neq \theta \rangle dvd-\theta-left)
   hence n/d \ge n / sqrt n
     using low by (simp add: frac-le)
   also have n / sqrt n = sqrt n
     using real-div-sqrt \langle n \neq 0 \rangle by auto
   finally have n/d > sqrt n.
   hence lower-bound: n \ div \ d > sqrt \ n \ using \langle n/d = n \ div \ d \rangle by auto
   show False using divrange [of n div d] mirror-divisor
     and lower-bound upper-bound by auto
 \mathbf{next}
   case high
   then show False using divrange \langle d \ dvd \ n \rangle by auto
 qed
qed
have n > 1
proof -
 {
   assume n = 1
   with divrange [of 1] have \neg 1 dvd 1 by auto
   moreover have 1 \, dvd \, (1::nat) by auto
   ultimately have False by contradiction
 thus n > 1 using \langle n \neq \theta \rangle
   by fastforce
qed
let ?smalldivs = \{d. \ d \ dvd \ n \land d < n \ powr \ (1/3)\}
have finite ?smalldivs using finite-divisors-nat by fastforce
moreover have ?smalldivs \neq \{\} proof -
 have 1 \in ?smalldivs using \langle n > 1 \rangle by auto
 thus ?thesis by auto
qed
moreover define a where a = Max ?smalldivs
ultimately have a \in ?smalldivs using Max-in by auto
hence a < n \text{ powr } (1/3) and a \text{ dvd } n by auto
hence a \neq 0 using \langle n \neq 0 \rangle by algebra
have \bigwedge d. d dvd n \Longrightarrow d > a \Longrightarrow d \ge n powr (1/3)
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using Max-ge \langle finite ?smalldivs \rangle \langle ?smalldivs \neq \{\} \rangle a-def
   by (metis (no-types, lifting) mem-Collect-eq not-le)
 hence div-above-a: \bigwedge d. d dvd n \Longrightarrow d > a \Longrightarrow d > n powr (2/3)
   using forbidden-range
   by force
 note \langle a < n \ powr \ (1/3) \rangle
 also have n powr (1/3) < n powr 1 using (n > 1) by (intro powr-less-mono)
auto
 finally have a < n by auto
 hence n \ div \ a > 1
   using \langle a \ dvd \ n \rangle by fastforce
 then obtain p where prime p and p dvd (n div a)
   by (metis less-irrefl prime-factor-nat)
 hence p*a \ dvd \ n \ using \langle a \ dvd \ n \rangle and \langle n \ div \ a > 1 \rangle
   by (metis div-by-0 dvd-div-iff-mult gr-implies-not-zero)
  with div-above-a [of p*a] have p*a > n powr (2/3)
   using (prime p) and prime-nat-iff by fastforce
 moreover have a * n powr (1/3) < n powr (1/3) * n powr (1/3)
   using \langle a < n \ powr \ (1/3) \rangle by auto
 moreover have ... = n \ powr \ (2/3) by (simp \ flip: powr-add)
 ultimately have p*a > a*n powr (1/3) by simp
 hence p > n \ powr \ (1/3) \ using \langle a \neq \theta \rangle \ by \ simp
  hence p > n powr (2/3) using forbidden-range [of p] and \langle p * a \ dvd \ n \rangle by
force
 moreover note \langle prime p \rangle
 ultimately show ?thesis using that [of p] by auto
qed
\mathbf{end}
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