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theory Problem-1
 imports Complex-Main
begin
Consider a set S of n \geq 3 positive real numbers. Show that at most n - 2 distinct
integer powers of 3 can be expressed as a sum of three distinct elements of S.
definition intpow3 where
 intpow3 \ x \longleftrightarrow (\exists \ k :: int. \ 3 \ powr \ k = x)
lemma card3-distinct[elim]:
  card \{a, b, c\} = 3 \Longrightarrow a \neq b \land b \neq c \land c \neq a
  by (metis One-nat-def add-Suc-right add-cancel-left-right card.empty card.insert card-2-iff
equalityI finite.intros(1) insert-subset nat.simps(3) numeral-eq-Suc one-add-one order-refl pred-numeral-simps(3))+
definition threepows where
 threepows S = \{a + b + c \mid a \ b \ c. \ \{a, b, c\} \subseteq S \land card \ \{a, b, c\} = 3 \land intpow3 \ (a + b + c)\}
lemma threepows-mono:
 A \subseteq B \Longrightarrow threepows A \subseteq threepows B
 by (auto simp: threepows-def)
lemma threepows-intpow3:
 x \in threepows S \Longrightarrow intpow3 x
 by (auto simp: threepows-def)
lemma threepowsI[intro]:
 assumes \{a, b, c\} \subseteq S and card \{a, b, c\} = 3 and intpow3 (a + b + c)
 shows a + b + c \in threepows S
 using assms by (auto simp: threepows-def)
lemma threepowsE[elim]:
 assumes x \in threepows S
 assumes \bigwedge a\ b\ c.\ x=a+b+c \Longrightarrow \{a,\ b,\ c\}\subseteq S \Longrightarrow card\ \{a,\ b,\ c\}=3 \Longrightarrow intpow3\ (a
+ b + c) \Longrightarrow P x
 shows P x
 using assms by (auto simp: threepows-def)
{\bf lemma}\ three pows-trivial:
 assumes card S < 3 and finite S
 shows threepows S = \{\}
proof (rule ccontr)
 assume threepows S \neq \{\}
 then obtain x where x \in threepows S by auto
 thus False
 proof (rule threepowsE)
   \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b \ c
   assume \{a, b, c\} \subseteq S \ card \ \{a, b, c\} = 3
   have card \{a, b, c\} \leq card S
     using \langle finite S \rangle \langle \{a, b, c\} \subseteq S \rangle by (intro\ card-mono)
     using \langle card \{a, b, c\} = 3 \rangle \langle card S < 3 \rangle by simp
 qed
qed
lemma threepows-largest:
 fixes k::int
 assumes 3 powr k \in threepows S
 obtains a where a \in S and a \ge 3 powr (k - 1)
proof -
  {
   assume \nexists a. \ a \in S \land a \geq 3 \ powr \ (k-1)
   then have *: a \in S \Longrightarrow a < 3 \ powr \ (k-1) \ for \ a \ by \ auto
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have x \in threepows S \Longrightarrow x < 3 * 3 powr (k-1) for x
   proof (erule threepowsE)
     \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b \ c
     assume \{a, b, c\} \subseteq S and x = a + b + c
     with * have a < 3 powr (k-1) and b < 3 powr (k-1) and c < 3 powr (k-1)
      by auto
     thus x < 3 * 3 powr (k - 1)
       unfolding \langle x = a + b + c \rangle by simp
   with assms have 3 powr k < 3 * 3 powr (k - 1)
   hence False by (simp add: powr-mult-base)
 thus thesis using that by blast
qed
theorem problem1:
 fixes S :: real \ set
 assumes card S \geq 3
 assumes \bigwedge x. \ x \in S \Longrightarrow x > 0
 shows card (threepows S) \le card S - 2
 using assms
proof (induction card S arbitrary: S rule: less-induct)
 case less
 then have finite S
   using card-infinite by fastforce
 show ?case
 proof (cases card (threepows S) = \theta)
   {f case}\ {\it False}
   then have finite (threepows S) and threepows S \neq \{\}
     by (auto intro: card-ge-0-finite)
   then have Max (threepows S) \in threepows S
     by (intro Max-in)
   with threepows-intpow3 intpow3-def obtain k::int where k: 3 powr k = Max (threepows S)
     by blast
   let ?discard = \{x \in S. \ x \ge 3 \ powr \ (k-1)\}
   have threepows S - \{Max \ (threepows \ S)\} = threepows \ (S - ?discard)
     have Max (threepows S) \notin threepows (S - ?discard)
     proof
       assume Max (threepows S) \in threepows (S - ?discard)
       then obtain a where a \in S - ?discard and a \ge 3 powr (k - 1)
         unfolding k[symmetric] by (rule\ threepows-largest)
       thus False by simp
     qed
     moreover have threepows (S - ?discard) \subseteq threepows S
       by (intro threepows-mono; auto)
     moreover have x = Max \ (threepows \ S)
      if x \in threepows \ S and not\text{-}in\text{-}discard: x \notin threepows \ (S - ?discard) for x \in threepows \ (S - ?discard)
       using \langle x \in threepows S \rangle
     proof (rule threepowsE)
       \mathbf{fix} \ a \ b \ c
       assume x = a + b + c \{a, b, c\} \subseteq S card \{a, b, c\} = 3 intpow3 (a + b + c)
       have \{a, b, c\} \cap ?discard \neq \{\}
       proof
        assume \{a, b, c\} \cap ?discard = \{\}
         with \langle \{a, b, c\} \subseteq S \rangle have \{a, b, c\} \subseteq S - ?discard by simp
        hence a + b + c \in threepows (S - ?discard)
          using \langle card \{a, b, c\} = 3 \rangle \langle intpow3 (a + b + c) \rangle by (intro\ threepowsI)
         with \langle x = a + b + c \rangle and not-in-discard show False by simp
       then have a \ge 3 powr (k-1) \lor b \ge 3 powr (k-1) \lor c \ge 3 powr (k-1)
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by auto
      moreover from less.prems and \langle \{a, b, c\} \subseteq S \rangle have a > 0 \land b > 0 \land c > 0
        by simp
      ultimately have *: a + b + c > 3 powr (k - 1)
        by linarith
      have a + b + c \ge 3 powr k
      proof (intro leI notI)
        assume **: a + b + c < 3 powr k
        moreover from (intpow3\ (a+b+c)) obtain k'::int where a+b+c=3 powr k'
          unfolding intpow3-def by metis
        with * and ** have 3 powr (k-1) < 3 powr k' and 3 powr k' < 3 powr k
          bv auto
        hence k - 1 < k' and k' < k
          by auto
        thus False by auto
      \mathbf{qed}
      moreover from \langle x \in threepows S \rangle have x \leq Max (threepows S)
        using \langle finite\ (threepows\ S) \rangle by (intro\ Max.coboundedI;\ auto)
      ultimately show x = Max (threepows S)
        using \langle x = a + b + c \rangle and k by simp
     qed
     ultimately show ?thesis
      by auto
   qed
   hence card-threepows: card (threepows S) = Suc (card (threepows (S - ?discard)))
     by (metis \langle Max \ (threepows \ S) \in threepows \ S \rangle \langle finite \ (threepows \ S) \rangle \ card-Suc-Diff1)
   have ?discard \neq \{\}
   proof -
     from k \langle Max (threepows S) \in threepows S \rangle threepows-largest
     obtain a where a \in S and a \ge 3 powr (k-1)
     hence a \in ?discard by simp
     thus ?discard \neq \{\} by auto
   qed
   hence discard-strict: card (S - ?discard) < card S
     using \langle finite S \rangle by (intro\ psubset-card-mono;\ auto)
   show ?thesis
   proof (cases card (S - ?discard) < 3)
     {f case}\ True
     then have threepows (S - ?discard) = \{\}
      using \langle finite S \rangle by (intro threepows-trivial; auto)
     hence card (threepows S) = 1
      by (simp add: card-threepows)
     with \langle card \ S \geq 3 \rangle show ?thesis by simp
   next
     case False
     hence card (threepows (S - ?discard)) \le card (S - ?discard) - 2
      using discard-strict (finite S) by (intro less; auto)
     hence card (threepows S) \leq Suc (card (S - ?discard) - 2)
      unfolding card-threepows by simp
     then show ?thesis
      using discard-strict False by simp
   qed
 qed simp
qed
end
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