

RWorksheet_Callanga#3b.

2022-11-23

#1. Create a data frame using the table below.

#1) a. Write the codes.

```
data <- data.frame(  
  Respondents = c(1:20),  
  
  Sex = c(2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2),  
  
  Fathers_Occupation = c(1, 3, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 1, 3, 2, 1, 3, 3, 1,  
    3, 1, 2, 1),  
  Persons_at_Home = c(5, 7, 3, 8, 5, 9, 6, 7, 8, 4, 7, 5, 4, 7, 8, 8,  
    3, 11, 7, 6),  
  Siblings_at_School = c(6, 4, 4, 1, 2, 1, 5, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2, 5, 5, 2, 1,  
    2, 5, 3, 2),  
  Types_of_Houses = c(1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3,  
    3, 3, 2)  
)  
data
```

##	Respondents	Sex	Fathers_Occupation	Persons_at_Home	Siblings_at_School
## 1	1	2	1	5	6
## 2	2	2	3	7	4
## 3	3	1	3	3	4
## 4	4	2	3	8	1
## 5	5	2	1	5	2
## 6	6	2	2	9	1
## 7	7	2	3	6	5
## 8	8	2	1	7	3
## 9	9	2	1	8	1
## 10	10	2	1	4	2
## 11	11	1	3	7	3
## 12	12	2	2	5	2
## 13	13	2	1	4	5
## 14	14	2	3	7	5
## 15	15	2	3	8	2
## 16	16	2	1	8	1
## 17	17	2	3	3	2
## 18	18	2	1	11	5
## 19	19	1	2	7	3
## 20	20	2	1	6	2
##	Types_of_Houses				
## 1	1				
## 2	2				

```
## 3      3
## 4      1
## 5      1
## 6      3
## 7      3
## 8      1
## 9      2
## 10     3
## 11     2
## 12     3
## 13     2
## 14     2
## 15     3
## 16     3
## 17     3
## 18     3
## 19     3
## 20     2
```

#1) b. Describe the data. Get the structure or the summary of the data

```
summary(data)
```

```
## Respondents      Sex      Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home
## Min.   : 1.00   Min.   :1.00   Min.   :1.00   Min.   : 3.0
## 1st Qu.: 5.75   1st Qu.:2.00   1st Qu.:1.00   1st Qu.: 5.0
## Median :10.50   Median :2.00   Median :2.00   Median : 7.0
## Mean   :10.50   Mean   :1.85   Mean   :1.95   Mean   : 6.4
## 3rd Qu.:15.25   3rd Qu.:2.00   3rd Qu.:3.00   3rd Qu.: 8.0
## Max.   :20.00   Max.   :2.00   Max.   :3.00   Max.   :11.0
## Siblings_at_School Types_of_Houses
## Min.   :1.00     Min.   :1.0
## 1st Qu.:2.00     1st Qu.:2.0
## Median :2.50     Median :2.5
## Mean   :2.95     Mean   :2.3
## 3rd Qu.:4.25     3rd Qu.:3.0
## Max.   :6.00     Max.   :3.0
```

#1) c. Is the mean number of siblings attending is 5? #Answer: NO

#1) d.Extract the 1st two rows and then all the columns using the subsetting # functions. Write the codes and its output.

```
data1 <- subset(data[1:2, 1:6])
data1
```

```
## Respondents Sex Fathers_Occupation Persons_at_Home Siblings_at_School
## 1      1 2      1      5      6
## 2      2 2      3      7      4
## Types_of_Houses
## 1      1
## 2      2
```

#1) e.Extract 3rd and 5th row with 2nd and 4th column. Write the codes and its result. #functions. Write the codes and its output.

```
data2 <- subset(data[c(3,5), c(2,4)])
data2
```

```
##   Sex Persons_at_Home
## 3   1                 3
## 5   2                 5
```

#1) f. Select the variable types of houses then store the vector that results #as types_houses. Write the codes.

```
data3 <- data$Types_of_Houses
data3
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 2 3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2
```

#1) g. Select only all Males respondent that their father occupation was farmer. #Write the codes and its output.

#as types_houses. Write the codes.

```
data4 <- subset(data[c(1:20), c(2,3)])
data4
```

```
##   Sex Fathers_Occupation
## 1   2                   1
## 2   2                   3
## 3   1                   3
## 4   2                   3
## 5   2                   1
## 6   2                   2
## 7   2                   3
## 8   2                   1
## 9   2                   1
## 10  2                   1
## 11  1                   3
## 12  2                   2
## 13  2                   1
## 14  2                   3
## 15  2                   3
## 16  2                   1
## 17  2                   3
## 18  2                   1
## 19  1                   2
## 20  2                   1
```

```
data5 <- data4[data$Fathers_Occupation == '1',]
data5
```

```
##      Sex Fathers_Occupation
## 1      2                1
## 5      2                1
## 8      2                1
## 9      2                1
## 10     2                1
## 13     2                1
## 16     2                1
## 18     2                1
## 20     2                1
```

#1) h. Select only all females respondent that have greater than or equal to #5 number of siblings attending school. Write the codes and its outputs.

```
data6 <- subset(data[c(1:20), c(2,5)])
data6
```

```
##      Sex Siblings_at_School
## 1      2                6
## 2      2                4
## 3      1                4
## 4      2                1
## 5      2                2
## 6      2                1
## 7      2                5
## 8      2                3
## 9      2                1
## 10     2                2
## 11     1                3
## 12     2                2
## 13     2                5
## 14     2                5
## 15     2                2
## 16     2                1
## 17     2                2
## 18     2                5
## 19     1                3
## 20     2                2
```

```
data7 <- data6[data6$Siblings_at_School >= '5',]
data7
```

```
##      Sex Siblings_at_School
## 1      2                6
## 7      2                5
## 13     2                5
## 14     2                5
## 18     2                5
```

#2. Write a R program to create an empty data frame. Using the following codes:

#2) Write a R program to create an empty data frame. Using the following #codes:

```
df = data.frame(Ints=integer(),
                Doubles=double(), Characters=character(),
                Logicals=logical(),
                Factors=factor(),
                stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
print("Structure of the empty dataframe:")
```

```
## [1] "Structure of the empty dataframe:"
```

```
print(str(df))
```

```
## 'data.frame':    0 obs. of  5 variables:
## $ Ints      : int
## $ Doubles   : num
## $ Characters: chr
## $ Logicals  : logi
## $ Factors   : Factor w/ 0 levels:
## NULL
```

#a. Describe the result

#Answer: The result is an empty data frame. It has 0 column and 5 #rows, as for factor it has a 0 levels.

#3. Interpret the graph.

#Answer: There are more negative comments than other comments.