ENGR222 Assignment 1

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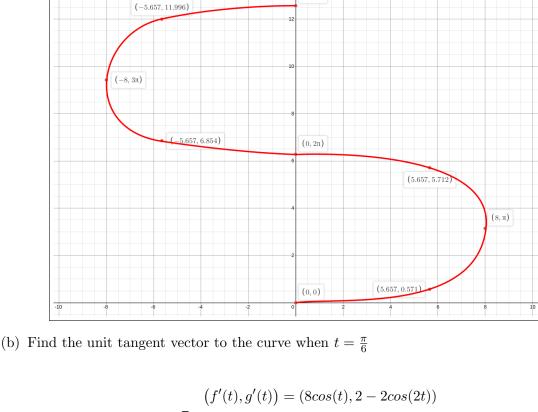
(x,y) = (8sin(t), 2t - sin(2t))

1. Consider the parametric equation:

(a) Determine the location at $t=0,\frac{\pi}{4},\frac{\pi}{2},\frac{3\pi}{4},\pi,\frac{5\pi}{4},\frac{3\pi}{2},\frac{7\pi}{4},2\pi$ and use this to draw a rough sketch of the curve.

over the interval $0 \le t \le 2\pi$

 $(0, 4\pi)$



Calculate the unit tangent vector:

$$\frac{(f'(t),g'(t))}{||(f'(t),g'(t))||} = \frac{(6.928203,1)}{\sqrt{6.928203^2+1}} = \left(\frac{6.928203}{7},\frac{1}{7}\right)$$
(c) Determine an equation describing the tangent line at $t=\frac{\pi}{6}$

 $t = \frac{\pi}{6} : (f'(t), g'(t)) = (6.928203, 1)$

 $= (f(t), g(t)) + t \frac{(f'(t), g'(t))}{||(f'(t), g'(t))||}$ $= (4, 0.181) + t \cdot \left(\frac{6.928203}{7}, \frac{1}{7}\right)$ $= \left(\frac{6.928203 \cdot t}{7} + 4, \frac{t}{7} + 0.181\right)$

(d) Determine an equation describing the normal line at
$$t = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$= (f(t), g(t)) + t \frac{(-g'(t), f'(t))}{||(f'(t), g'(t))||}$$

$$= (4, 0.181) + t \cdot \left(\frac{-1}{7}, \frac{6.928203}{7}\right)$$

$$= \left(4 - \frac{t}{7}, 0.181 + \frac{6.928203 \cdot t}{7}\right)$$

 $= \int_{0}^{2\pi} \sqrt{(8\cos(t))^2 + (2 - 2\cos(2t))^2} dt$ $= \int_{0}^{2\pi} \sqrt{64 \cos(t)^{2} + (2 - 2 \cos(2t))^{2}} dt$

(e) Calculate the arc length over the interval $0 \le t \le 2\pi$

 $L = \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{f'(t)^2 + g'(t)^2} dt$

$$= \int_{0}^{2\pi} \sqrt{4\cos(2t)^{2} + 24\cos(2t) + 36} \, dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2\pi} \sqrt{4\left(\cos(2t)^{2} + 6\cos(2t) + 9\right)} \, dt$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2\pi} \sqrt{4\left(\cos(2t) + 3\right)^{2}} \, dt$$

$$= 2 \int_{0}^{2\pi} (\cos(2t) + 3) \, dt$$

$$= \left|\sin(2t) + 6t\right|_{0}^{2\pi}$$

$$= (0 + 12\pi) - (0 + 0)$$

$$= 12\pi \approx 37.6991$$
2. Consider the curve described by the vector valued function
$$\bar{r}(t) = \frac{1}{4}(e^{2t} - 2t)\bar{i} + e^{t}\bar{j}$$
(a) Find a point on the curve for which $\bar{r}(t) \cdot \bar{j} = 2$

$$\bar{r}(t) \cdot \bar{j} = e^{t} = 2$$

$$t = \ln(2) = 0.693147$$

$$\bar{r}(\ln(2)) = (0.635, 2)$$

 $= \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{(32\cos(2t) + 32) + (4 + 4\cos(2t)^2 - 8\cos(2t))} dt$

 $\bar{r}'(t) = \frac{1}{4}(2e^{2t} - 2)\bar{i} + e^t\bar{j}$ $\bar{T}(t) = \frac{\bar{r}'(t)}{||\bar{r}'(t)||}$

 $\bar{N}(t) = \frac{1}{||\bar{T}'(t)||}$

 $\bar{T}'(t)$

(b) Determine the unit tangent vector to the curve (for arbitrary t)

(c) Determine the principal unit normal vector to the curve (for arbitrary t)
$$\bar{N}(t) = \frac{\bar{T}'(t)}{||\bar{T}'(t)||}$$

$$\bar{T}'(t) = \frac{2e^{2t}(e^{2t}+1) - 2e^{2t}(e^{2t}-1)}{(e^{2t}+1)^2} \bar{i} + \frac{2e^t(e^{2t}+1) - 2e^t \cdot 2e^{2t}}{(e^{2t}+1)^2} \bar{j}$$

$$\bar{T}'(t) = \frac{4e^{2t}}{(e^{2t}+1)^2} \bar{i} + \frac{2e^t - 2e^{3t}}{(e^{2t}+1)^2} \bar{j} \equiv \operatorname{sech}^2(t) \bar{i} + (-\operatorname{sech}(t) \tanh(t)) \bar{j}$$

 $=\frac{\frac{1}{4}(2e^{2t}-2)\bar{i}+e^{t}\bar{j}}{\sqrt{(\frac{1}{4}(2e^{2t}-2))^2+e^{2t}}}$

 $=\frac{(e^{2t}-1)}{(e^{2t}+1)}\bar{i}+\frac{2e^t}{(e^{2t}+1)}\bar{j}$

 $\bar{N}(t) = \frac{\operatorname{sech}(t)^{2} \bar{i} + (-\operatorname{sech}(t) \tanh(t)) \bar{j}}{\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}^{2}(t)}}$

(d) Determine the curvature of the curve (for arbitrary t)

 $||\bar{T}(t)|| = \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}^4(t) + (-\operatorname{sech}(t)\tanh(t))^2} = \sqrt{\operatorname{sech}^2(t)}$

$$\kappa(t) = \frac{||T'(t)||}{||\bar{r}'(t)||}$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{\operatorname{sech}^2(t)}}{(e^{2t}+1)}$$
(e) Determine the arc length of the curve over $0 \le t \le 3$

$$L = \int_0^3 ||\bar{r}'(t)||$$

$$= 2\int_0^3 (e^{2t}+1) \, \mathrm{d}t$$

$$= \left|\frac{1}{4}(e^{2t}+2t)\right|_0^3$$

$$= \frac{1}{4}((e^6+6)-(1+0))$$

= 102.107

(f'(t), g'(t), h'(t)) = (3, 1, -5)

(f(t), g(t), h(t)) = (3t, t - 2, -5t + 7)

 $||(f'(t), g'(t), h'(t))|| = \sqrt{3^2 + 1^2 + (-5)^2} = \sqrt{35}$

 $s = \int_0^t ||\bar{r}'(u)|| du = \int_0^t \sqrt{35} du$

 $= \left| \sqrt{35} \, \mathbf{u} \, \right|_{0}^{t} = \sqrt{35} t$ $t = \frac{1}{\sqrt{35}}s$

(a) Determine the arc length parametrisation of:

with t=0 as the starting/reference point

3. Quick questions

$$(f(s),g(s),h(s)) = \left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{35}}s,\frac{1}{\sqrt{35}}s-2,\frac{-5}{\sqrt{35}}s+7\right)$$
 Determine the arc length parametrisation of:
$$\bar{r}(t) = (5\cos(t)+3)\bar{i} + (-5\sin(t)+2)\bar{j}$$
 using $t=0$ as the starting/reference point
$$\bar{r}'(t) = (-5\sin(t))\bar{i} + (-5\cos(t))\bar{j}$$

$$||\bar{r}'(t)|| = \sqrt{(-5\sin(t))^2 + (-5\cos(t))^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{25(\sin(t)^2 + \cos(t))^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{25}\sqrt{1} = 5$$

 $s = \int_0^t ||\bar{r}'(t)|| du = \int_0^t 5 du$

 $\bar{r}(s) = \left(5\cos\left(\frac{s}{5}\right) + 3\right)\bar{i} + \left(-5\sin\left(\frac{s}{5}\right) + 2\right)\bar{j}$

 $= \left| 5 \text{ u} \right|_0^t = 5t$

(c) Find the unit tangent vector to:

at $t = \frac{\pi}{3}$

$$\bar{r}(t) = (\sqrt{2}\cos(t))\bar{i} + (\sin(t))\bar{j} + (\sin(t))\bar{k}$$

$$\bar{T}(t) = \frac{\bar{r}'(t)}{||\bar{r}'(t)||}$$

$$\bar{r}'(t) = (-\sqrt{2}\sin(t))\bar{i} + (\cos(t))\bar{j} + (\cos(t))\bar{k}$$

$$||\bar{r}'(t)|| = \sqrt{(-\sqrt{2}\sin(t))^2 + (\cos(t))^2 + (\cos(t))^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{2}\sin^2(t) + 2\cos^2(t)$$

$$= \sqrt{2}\sqrt{1} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\bar{T}(t) = \frac{(-\sqrt{2}\sin(t))\bar{i} + (\cos(t))\bar{j} + (\cos(t))\bar{k}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\bar{T}\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{(-\sqrt{2}\sin(\frac{\pi}{3}))\bar{i} + (\cos(\frac{\pi}{3}))\bar{j} + (\cos(\frac{\pi}{3}))\bar{k}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

 $\bar{r}'(t) = \bar{i} - 3t^2\bar{i} + 2t\bar{k}$ $\bar{r}''(t) = 0\bar{i} - 6t\bar{j} + 2\bar{k}$

 $\bar{r}'(t) \times \bar{r}''(t) = \begin{vmatrix} \bar{i} & \bar{j} & \bar{k} \\ 1 & -3t^2 & 2t \\ 0 & -6t & 2 \end{vmatrix}$

 $\bar{T}\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{\left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}\right)\bar{i} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\bar{j} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\bar{k}}{\sqrt{2}}$

 $\bar{B}(t) = \frac{\bar{r}'(t) \times \bar{r}''(t)}{||\bar{r}'(t) \times \bar{r}''(t)||}$

 $\bar{r}(t) = t\bar{i} - t^3\bar{j} + t^2\bar{k}$

(d) An alternative formula for the binormal vector is:

Use this to find the binormal vector to:

At the point t=1

$$= 6t^{2}\bar{i} - 2\bar{j} - 6t\bar{k}$$

$$||\bar{r}'(t) \times \bar{r}''(t)|| = \sqrt{36t^{4} + 4 + 36t^{2}}$$

$$\bar{B}(t) = \frac{6t^{2}\bar{i} - 2\bar{j} - 6t\bar{k}}{\sqrt{36t^{4} + 4 + 36t^{2}}}$$

 $= \begin{vmatrix} -3t^2 & 2t \\ -6t & 2 \end{vmatrix} \bar{i} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2t \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \bar{j} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -3t^2 \\ 0 & -6t \end{vmatrix} \bar{k}$

$$\bar{r}(t) = (3\sin(t) + 2)\bar{i} + (2\cos(t) + 1)\bar{j}$$

$$\kappa(t) = \frac{||\bar{r}'(t) \times \bar{r}''(t)||}{||\bar{r}'(t)||^3}$$

 $\bar{B}(1) = \frac{6\bar{i} - 2\bar{j} - 6\bar{k}}{\sqrt{76}}$

(e) Find the minimum and maximum curvature for the curve described by:

$$\bar{r}''(t) = -3\sin(t)\bar{i} - 2\cos(t)\bar{j}$$

$$\bar{r}'(t) \times \bar{r}''(t) = \begin{vmatrix} \bar{i} & \bar{j} \\ 3\cos(t) & -2\sin(t) \\ -3\sin(t) & -2\cos(t) \end{vmatrix} \bar{k}$$

 $\bar{r}'(t) = 3\cos(t)\bar{i} - 2\sin(t)\bar{j}$

$$= (-6\cos^{2}(t) - 6\sin^{2}(t))$$

$$||\bar{r}'(t) \times \bar{r}''(t)|| = \sqrt{-6^{2}} = 6$$

$$= \sqrt{5\cos^2(t) + 4}$$

$$\kappa(t) = \frac{6}{\left(\sqrt{5\cos^2(t) + 4}\right)^3}$$

 $= \sqrt{9\cos^2(t) + 4\sin^2(t)}$

 $||\bar{r}'(t)|| = \sqrt{(3\cos(t))^2 + (-2\sin(t))^2}$