ENGR122 Assignment 1

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DUE: 1pm 27 July 2018

- 1. Solve and factorise the following quadratic equations:
 - (a) $x^2 + 4x 21 = 0$
 - (b) $x^2 = 1$
 - (c) $2z^2 z 1 = 0$
 - (d) $4s^2 2 = s$
 - (e) $x^2 + 1 = 0$
 - (f) $-x^2 3x 4 = 0$
- 2. Calculate the roots of the equation

$$3x^3 - 11x^2 + 16x - 12 = 0,$$

given x = 2 is a root.

3. Solve the quadratic inequality

$$x^2 + 2x - 8 < 0$$

- 4. Write down the complex conjugates of the following complex numbers:
 - (a) -11 8i
 - (b) 5 + 3i
 - (c) 2i
- 5. If $z_1 = 3 + 2i$ and $z_2 = 4 8i$ find
 - (a) $z_1 + z_2$
 - (b) $z_1 z_2$
 - (c) $z_2 z_1$
 - (d) $z_1 z_2$

- (e) z_1/z_2
- 6. Express the following in the form a + bi
 - (a) $\frac{5+3i}{2+2i}$
 - (b) $\frac{-2+3i}{i}$
 - (c) (5+3i)(2-i)-(3+i)
 - (d) $(1-2i)^2$
 - (e) $\frac{5-8i}{3-4i}$
 - (f) $\frac{3}{3+2i} + \frac{1}{5-i}$
- 7. Plot the following complex numbers on an Argand diagram:
 - (a) $z_1 = -3 3i$
 - (b) $z_2 = 7 + 2i$
 - (c) $z_3 = 3$
 - (d) $z_4 = 3i$
- 8. Find the values of the real numbers x and y which satisfy the equation:

$$\frac{2+x-y\ i}{3x+y\ i} = 1+2i$$

- 9. Find $z = z_1 + z_2 z_3/(z_2 + z_3)$ when $z_1 = 2 + 3i$, $z_2 = 3 + 4i$ and $z_3 = -5 + 12i$.
- 10. Find z_3 in the form x + yi, where x and y are real numbers, given that

$$\frac{1}{z_3} = \frac{1}{z_1} + \frac{1}{z_1 z_2}$$

where $z_1 = 3 - 4i$ and $z_2 = 5 + 2i$.

The marks are 12,8,10,6,10,12,8,10,12,12 for questions 1-10. Total is 100.