

Übungsblatt 3

3.1 a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sigma'(z) &= \left(\frac{1}{1 + \exp(z)} \right)' \\
 &= \left((1 + e^{-z})^{-1} \right)' \\
 \text{Kettenregel} \quad &= (1 + e^{-z})' \cdot (-1) (1 + e^{-z})^{-2} \\
 &= \frac{+e^{-z}}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \\
 &= \frac{1 - 1 + e^{-z}}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \\
 &= \frac{1 \cdot (1 + e^{-z})}{(1 + e^{-z})(1 + e^{-z})} - \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2} \\
 &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} - \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-z})^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}} \right) \\
 &= \sigma(z) \cdot (1 - \sigma(z))
 \end{aligned}$$

3.1 b)

$$\text{softmax}(z)_j = \frac{e^{z_j}}{\sum_{k=1}^{10} e^{z_k}}$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{softmax}(z)_j}{\partial z_j} = \frac{\partial \frac{e^{z_j}}{\sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k}}}{\partial z_j}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{g(x)}{h(x)} \Rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{g'(x)h(x) - g(x)h'(x)}{h(x)^2}$$

$$\text{hier: } g_i = e^{z_i}$$

$$h_i = \sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k}$$

$$h_i' = e^{z_j}$$

$$\text{Wenn } i=j \text{ dann } g_i' = e^{z_i}$$

$$\text{Ansonsten } g_i' = 0$$

Wenn $i = \bar{j}$

$$= \frac{e^{z_{\bar{j}}} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k} - e^{z_{\bar{j}}} e^{z_i}}{\left(\sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k} \right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{e^{z_i}}{\sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k}} \cdot \frac{\sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k} - e^{z_{\bar{j}}}}{\sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k}}$$

$$= \text{softmax}(z)_i \cdot \left(1 - \text{softmax}(z)_{\bar{j}} \right)$$

Wenn $i \neq \bar{j}$

$$= \frac{0 \cdot \sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k} - e^{z_{\bar{j}}} e^{z_i}}{\left(\sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k} \right)^2}$$

$$= \frac{e^{z_i}}{\sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k}} \cdot \left(- \frac{e^{z_{\bar{j}}}}{\sum_{k=1}^N e^{z_k}} \right)$$

$$= \text{softmax}(z)_i \cdot \left(- \text{softmax}(z)_{\bar{j}} \right)$$

3.1 c)

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta_n^H &= \frac{\partial L}{\partial z_n^H} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial a_n} \cdot \frac{\partial a_n}{\partial z_n^H} \stackrel{\delta_{ij}=1, L_2}{i=j=n} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial a_n} \cdot (a_i \cdot (1 - a_n)) \\
&= \sum_{i=1} \left(-\frac{y_i}{a_i^H} \right) \cdot (a_i^H \cdot (1 - a_n^H)) = -\sum_{i=1} y_i (1 - a_n^H) \\
&= -y_n + \sum_{i=1} y_i a_n^H \stackrel{\text{One-Hot-Encoding}}{=} -y_n + a_n^H = a_n^H - y_n \\
&\Rightarrow \sum_{i=1} y_i = 1
\end{aligned}$$

3.1 d)

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta_n^L &= \frac{\partial L}{\partial z_n^L} = \sum_m \frac{\partial L}{\partial z_m^{L+1}} \cdot \frac{\partial z_m^{L+1}}{\partial z_n^L} = \sum_m \delta_m^{L+1} \cdot \frac{\partial z_m^{L+1}}{\partial z_n^L} \\
&= \sum_m \delta_m^{L+1} \cdot \sigma(z_n^L) (1 - \sigma(z_n^L)) \cdot w_{mn}^{L+1} \\
&= \underbrace{\sigma(z_n^L) (1 - \sigma(z_n^L))}_{=\sigma'(z_n^L) = h'(z_n^L)} \sum_m \delta_m^{L+1} \cdot w_{mn}^{L+1} \\
&= h'(z_n^L) \sum_m \delta_m^{L+1} \cdot w_{mn}^{L+1} \quad (10)
\end{aligned}$$