```
1 #include <stdio.h>
  2 ir
3-{
     int main()
      int a = 10, b = 100;
      float c = 10.5, d = 100.5;
      printf("++a = %d \n", ++a);
      printf("--b = %d \n", --b);
      printf("++c = %f \n", ++c);
  9
      printf("--d = %f \n", --d);
 10
      return 0;
 11
Y / 3
                                                input
++a = 11
--b = 99
```

```
...Program finished with exit code 0 Press ENTER to exit console.
```

++c = 11.500000--d = 99.500000

```
#include <stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
3 - {
4
     int a = 5, b = 5, c = 10;
5
     printf("%d == %d is %d \n", a, b, a == b);
6
     printf("%d == %d is %d \n", a, c, a == c);
     printf("%d > %d is %d \n", a, b, a > b);
8
     printf("%d > %d is %d \n", a, c, a > c);
9
     printf("%d < %d is %d \n", a, b, a < b);</pre>
     printf("%d < %d is %d \n", a, c, a < c);</pre>
10
11
     printf("%d != %d is %d \n", a, b, a != b);
     printf("%d != %d is %d \n", a, c, a != c);
12
13
     printf("%d >= %d is %d \n", a, b, a >= b);
     printf("%d >= %d is %d \n", a, c, a >= c);
14
     printf("%d <= %d is %d \n", a, b, a <= b);</pre>
15
16
     printf("%d <= %d is %d \n", a, c, a <= c);</pre>
17
     return 0;
18
```

5 == 5 is 1 5 == 10 is 0 5 > 5 is 0 5 > 10 is 0 5 < 5 is 0 5 < 10 is 1 5 != 5 is 0 5 != 10 is 1 5 >= 5 is 1 5 >= 10 is 0 5 <= 5 is 1 5 <= 10 is 1 input

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
   int main()
3 - 4
     int a = 5, b = 5, c = 10, result;
     result = (a == b) && (c > b);
     printf("(a == b) && (c > b) is %d \n", result);
     result = (a == b) && (c < b);
     printf("(a == b) && (c < b) is %d \n", result);</pre>
     result = (a == b) || (c < b);
     printf("(a == b) || (c < b) is %d \n", result);</pre>
10
     result = (a != b) || (c < b);
11
     printf("(a != b) || (c < b) is %d \n", result);</pre>
12
13
     result = !(a != b);
    printf("!(a != b) is %d \n", result);
14
15
     result = !(a == b):
     printf("!(a == b) is %d \n", result);
16
17
     return 0:
18
```

✓ ✓ ¾ input

```
(a == b) && (c > b) is 1

(a == b) && (c < b) is 0

(a == b) || (c < b) is 1

(a != b) || (c < b) is 0

!(a != b) is 1

!(a == b) is 0
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
    int intType;
    float floatType;
    double doubleType;
    char charType;

printf("Size of int: %zu bytes\n", sizeof(intType));
    printf("Size of float: %zu bytes\n", sizeof(floatType));
    printf("Size of double: %zu bytes\n", sizeof(doubleType));
    printf("Size of char: %zu byte\n", sizeof(charType));
    return 0;
}
```

· · · input

Size of int: 4 bytes Size of float: 4 bytes Size of double: 8 bytes Size of char: 1 byte

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
1
    unsigned char num=22;
    printf("num>>1 = %d\n", num>> 1);
    return 0;
```

input

num >> 1 = 11

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
   unsigned char num=22;
   printf("num<<1 = %d\n", num<<1);
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

num << 1 = 44

```
#include <stdio.h>
  int main()
{
    int n1 = 65, n2 = 120, largest;
    largest = (n1 > n2) ? n1 : n2;
    printf("Largest number between %d and %d is %d" ,n1, n2, largest);
    return 0;
}
```

→ ∠ 3

input

Largest number between 65 and 120 is 120

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4
5    int n1 = 42, n2 = 60, n3 = 15, max;
6    max = (n1 > n2) ? (n1 > n3 ? n1 : n3) : (n2 > n3 ? n2 : n3);
7
8    printf("Largest number among %d, %d and %d is %d",n1, n2, n3, max);
9    return 0;
10 }
```

```
input
```

Largest number among 42, 60 and 15 is 60