

# Predicting medical charges using machine learning

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## **Brief Description**

The purpose of this project is to conduct a regression analysis using machine learning, to predict medical cost of individuals based on certain criteria. These criteria are, if the individual is a smoker or not, has children, what their body mass index is, and where they are from. The train split train split will be utilised for the purpose of training our model and see how well it can fair in predicting.

#### Setting up the directory to work in

```
setwd('C://Users//Nigel Gondo//Documents//Portfolio Projects//ML')
```

### Importing csv file

```
df_insurance <- read.csv('insurance.csv')</pre>
head(df insurance)
                  bmi children smoker
                                        region
##
    age
           sex
                                                charges
## 1 19 female 27.900
                            0
                                 yes southwest 16884.924
## 2 18 male 33.770
                            1
                                 no southeast 1725.552
## 3 28
          male 33.000
                            3
                                  no southeast 4449.462
## 4 33 male 22.705
                            0
                                  no northwest 21984.471
## 5 32
          male 28.880
                            0
                                  no northwest
                                               3866.855
## 6 31 female 25.740
                                  no southeast 3756.622
```

#### Checking the structure of the dataset

```
## 'data.frame': 1338 obs. of 7 variables:
## $ age : int 19 18 28 33 32 31 46 37 37 60 ...
## $ sex : chr "female" "male" "male" ...
## $ bmi : num 27.9 33.8 33 22.7 28.9 ...
## $ children: int 0 1 3 0 0 0 1 3 2 0 ...
## $ smoker : chr "yes" "no" "no" ...
## $ region : chr "southwest" "southeast" "southeast" "northwest" ...
## $ charges : num 16885 1726 4449 21984 3867 ...
```



#### Checking for null values (no null values if it sums up to zero)

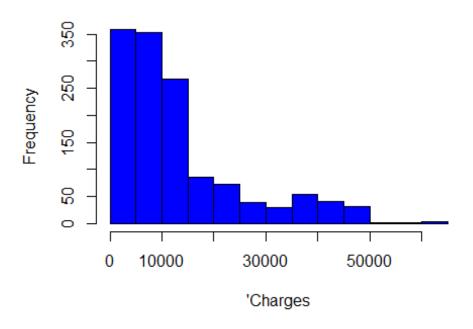
```
sum(is.null(df_insurance))
## [1] 0
```

## **Summary statistics and EDA**

```
summary(df_insurance)
##
                                          bmi
                                                        children
        age
                       sex
                                     Min.
##
  Min.
         :18.00
                   Length:1338
                                            :15.96
                                                     Min.
                                                            :0.000
  1st Qu.:27.00
                   Class :character
                                     1st Qu.:26.30
##
                                                     1st Qu.:0.000
## Median :39.00
                   Mode :character
                                     Median :30.40
                                                     Median :1.000
         :39.21
## Mean
                                     Mean
                                          :30.66
                                                     Mean
                                                            :1.095
## 3rd Qu.:51.00
                                     3rd Qu.:34.69
                                                     3rd Qu.:2.000
## Max.
         :64.00
                                     Max.
                                           :53.13
                                                     Max.
                                                           :5.000
##
      smoker
                         region
                                           charges
##
   Length:1338
                      Length:1338
                                        Min. : 1122
## Class :character
                      Class :character
                                        1st Qu.: 4740
## Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                        Median: 9382
##
                                        Mean :13270
##
                                        3rd Qu.:16640
##
                                        Max.
                                               :63770
hist(df_insurance$charges,
     main = 'Histogram for Medical Charges',
    xlab = "'Charges",
     border = 'black',
     col = 'blue',
```



# **Histogram for Medical Charges**



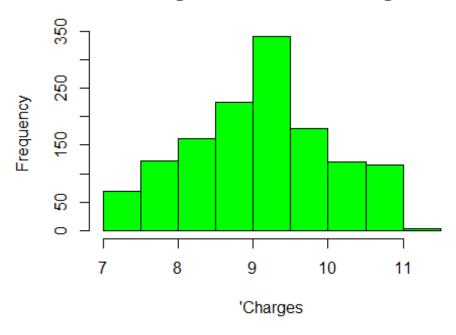
## creating a normally distributed column of charges

```
charges_norm_dist <- log(df_insurance$charges)

hist(charges_norm_dist,
    main = 'Histogram for Medical Charges',
    xlab = "'Charges",
    border = 'black',
    col = 'green',
    )</pre>
```

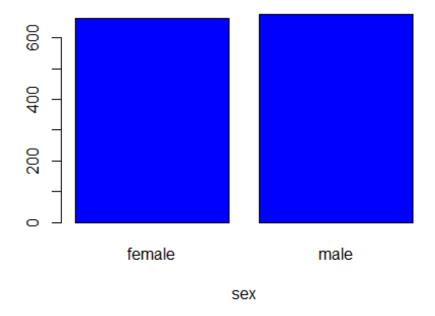


# **Histogram for Medical Charges**



## Bar chart showing gender count

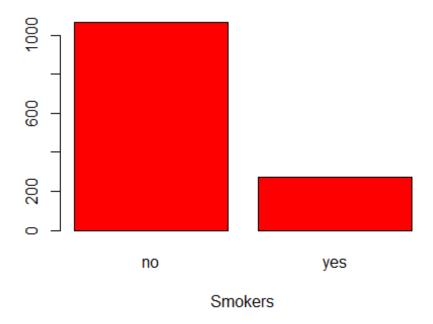




The number of male and females is about even

## Visualising smokers and non-smokers

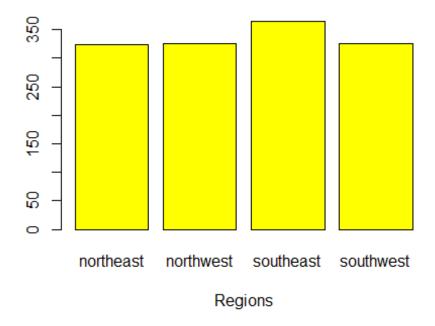




Non-smokers out number the smokers by more than 50%

## Visualising the different regions the clients are from





# **Creating dummy variables**

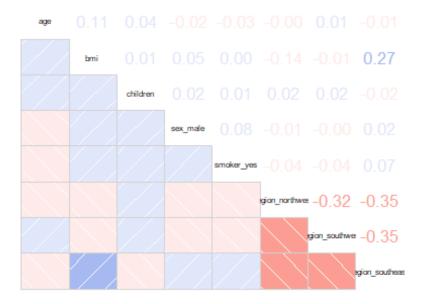


#### Creating data frame for regression

```
df insurance2 <- data.frame( age = df insurance$age,</pre>
                              bmi = df_insurance$bmi,
                              children = df insurance$children,
                              charges_norm_dist = charges_norm_dist,
                              sex_male = sex_male,
                              smoker_yes = smoker_yes,
                              region northwest = region northwest,
                              region_southwest = region_southwest,
                              region southeast = region southeast)
head(df_insurance2)
            bmi children charges_norm_dist sex_male smoker_yes
##
region_northwest
## 1 19 27.900
                        0
                                   9.734176
                                                    0
                                                               1
0
## 2 18 33.770
                        1
                                                               0
                                   7.453302
                                                    1
0
## 3 28 33.000
                        3
                                   8.400538
                                                    1
                                                               0
0
## 4 33 22.705
                        0
                                   9.998092
                                                    1
                                                               0
1
## 5 32 28.880
                        0
                                   8.260197
                                                               0
                                                    1
1
                        0
## 6 31 25.740
                                   8.231275
                                                    0
                                                               0
0
     region_southwest region_southeast
##
## 1
## 2
                    0
                                      1
                    0
## 3
                                      1
                    0
## 4
                                      0
## 5
                    0
                                      0
## 6
```

#### **Correlation map**





# Splitting the model in training and test data set



#### Modeling the data

```
#train$charges_norm_dist <- exp(train$charges_norm_dist)</pre>
model <- lm(charges_norm_dist ~.,</pre>
           data = train)
summary(model)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = charges_norm_dist ~ ., data = train)
##
## Residuals:
                                 3Q
##
       Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                         Max
## -1.07186 -0.19835 -0.04917 0.06598 2.16636
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                   7.0305581 0.0723960 97.112 < 2e-16
## (Intercept)
## age
                   0.0345816  0.0008721  39.655  < 2e-16 ***
## bmi
                   0.0133748 0.0020960 6.381 2.42e-10 ***
                   ## children
## sex male
                  ## smoker_yes
                   1.5543228 0.0302795 51.333 < 2e-16 ***
## region northwest -0.0637876 0.0349057 -1.827 0.067860 .
## region_southwest -0.1289522 0.0350271 -3.681 0.000241 ***
## region_southeast -0.1571967   0.0350828   -4.481   8.08e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4443 on 1329 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7679, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7666
## F-statistic: 549.8 on 8 and 1329 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

The R<sup>2</sup> of the testing set is reasonable as the measures of variability for the target variable is 76.7%. However the model can be considered to be under fitted.



## **Predicting the model**

```
pred <- predict(model, test)</pre>
modelEval <- cbind(test$charges_norm_dist,</pre>
colnames(modelEval) <- c('Actual', 'Predicted')</pre>
modelEval <- as.data.frame(modelEval)</pre>
head(modelEval)
##
       Actual Predicted
## 1 9.734176 9.486137
## 2 7.453302 7.973939
## 3 8.400538 8.513171
## 4 9.998092 8.336224
## 5 8.260197 8.384231
## 6 8.231275 8.289660
mse <- mean((modelEval$Actual - modelEval$Predicted)^2)</pre>
mse
## [1] 0.1960605
```

The mean squared error for both testing set is relatively low which which is about 19.6% respectively