

# LibraGrad: Balancing Gradient Flow for Universally Better Vision Transformer Attributions

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## Abstract

*Why do gradient-based explanations struggle with Transformers, and how can we improve them? We identify gradient flow imbalances in Transformers that violate FullGrad-completeness, a critical property for attribution faithfulness that CNNs naturally possess. To address this issue, we introduce LibraGrad—a theoretically grounded post-hoc approach that corrects gradient imbalances through pruning and scaling of backward paths, without changing the forward pass or adding computational overhead. We evaluate LibraGrad using three metric families: Faithfulness, which quantifies prediction changes under perturbations of the most and least relevant features; Completeness Error, which measures attribution conservation relative to model outputs; and Segmentation AP, which assesses alignment with human perception. Extensive experiments across 8 architectures, 4 model sizes, and 4 datasets show that LibraGrad universally enhances gradient-based methods, outperforming existing white-box methods—including Transformer-specific approaches—across all metrics. We demonstrate superior qualitative results through two complementary evaluations: precise text-prompted region highlighting on CLIP models and accurate class discrimination between co-occurring animals on ImageNet-finetuned models—two settings on which existing methods often struggle. LibraGrad is effective even on the attention-free MLP-Mixer architecture, indicating potential for extension to other modern architectures. Our code is freely available at <https://github.com/NightMachinery/LibraGrad>.*

## 1. Introduction

Understanding how deep learning models make decisions is crucial for deploying them in critical applications such as healthcare and autonomous driving. Input attribution methods, which quantify the influence of individual input features on a model’s output [12, 47, 48, 66], help us understand a model’s decision for a single input and also serve

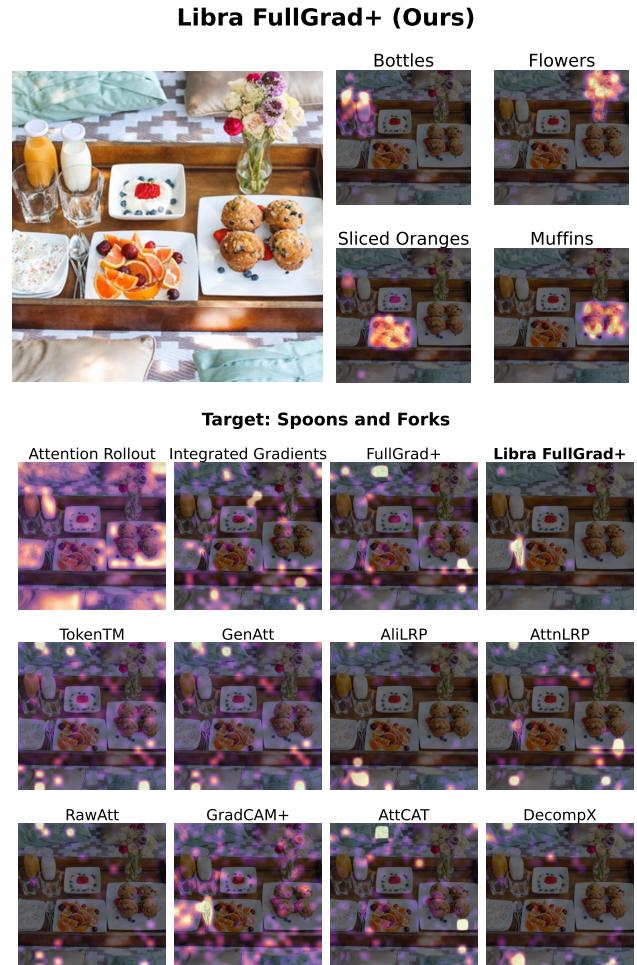


Figure 1. Qualitative comparison on EVA2-CLIP-Large. Our proposed Libra FullGrad+ generates prompt-specific attribution maps (top) and demonstrates improved localization compared to existing methods when explaining the model output for the “spoons and forks” prompt (bottom). For more qualitative examples, see Fig. 2 and Appendix C.

as building blocks for advanced explanation techniques like CRAFT [31].

In the field of CNN interpretability, gradient-based attribution techniques—particularly Integrated Gradients [77] and FullGrad [75]—established a foundation for model explanation. However, the architectural paradigm shift brought about by Vision Transformers (ViTs) [25, 82] has exposed limitations in these gradient-based methods, with attention-based attribution methods sometimes achieving more success. Hybrid methods, including GenAtt [16], TokenTM [87], and AttCAT [61], attempt to bridge this gap by integrating gradient and attention-based approaches. Nonetheless, significant challenges persist: these methods lack theoretical foundations, struggle to distinguish between classes effectively, produce noisy attribution maps, and often work only with specific model architectures.

In this work, we identify the root cause of the failure of gradient-based methods: unbalanced gradient flow during backpropagation leads to unfaithful attribution scores. We demonstrate that while classical CNNs naturally preserve proper gradient flow through their locally affine operations, several components in modern Transformers disrupt this property.

Our solution, LibraGrad, takes a different approach: instead of working around distorted gradients, it prevents the distortion from occurring in the first place by theoretically motivated pruning and scaling of backward paths, leaving the forward pass untouched. Our comprehensive experiments across 8 architectures, 4 model sizes, and 4 datasets show that this not only improves all gradient-based attribution methods but also reveals that specialized attention-gradient hybrids are unnecessary—once gradients flow properly, the general-purpose Libra FullGrad+ achieves superior or comparable performance. We also extend Integrated Gradients (IG) [77] and compose it with other gradient-based methods, and compare the universal improvement aspect of LibraGrad and IG, showing LibraGrad vastly outperforms IG. Furthermore, we theoretically prove that this is to be expected.

## 2. Background and Related Work

Given a multi-output neural model, let  $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a selected output function. For instance, if  $\text{Model}(x) = (p_1, \dots, p_k)$  represents class probabilities, we might choose  $f(x) = p_i$  to analyze the model’s prediction for the  $i$ -th class. An attribution method  $A$  generates relevance scores  $A(f)(x)_i$  for each feature  $x_i$ .

### 2.1. Gradient-Based Attribution Methods

**Input × Grad.** IxG [4, 71, 72] assigns feature relevance by  $\text{IxG}(f)(x) = x \odot \nabla_x f(x)$ , where  $\odot$  denotes element-wise multiplication.

**FullGrad.** Expanding on Input × Grad, FullGrad [75] includes not only the input features but also the bias terms of

each layer in the neural network. The FullGrad attribution map is calculated as:

$$\text{FullGrad}(f)(x_0) = \text{IxG}(f)(x_0) + \sum_{l=0}^{L-1} \sum_{b \in B_l} \text{IxG}(f_b)(b)$$

where  $\text{IxG}(f)(x_0)$  denotes the Input × Grad for the input  $x_0$ , and  $\text{IxG}(f_b)(b)$  is the Input × Grad attribution map of the sub-network  $f_b$  with a bias term  $b$  from layer  $l$  as the input. Also,  $f_b$  is the sub-network of  $f$  starting from the bias term  $b$  and going until the end of the model, whereas  $B_l$  denotes the set of all bias terms in layer  $l$ . FullGrad+  $\circ$  PLUS (henceforth FullGrad+) [49] is defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{FullGrad+}(f)(x_0) = \\ \sum_{l=0}^{L-1} \text{IxG}(f_l)(x_l) + \sum_{l=0}^{L-1} \sum_{b \in B_l} \text{IxG}(f_b)(b) \end{aligned}$$

where  $\text{IxG}(f_l)(x_l)$  is the Input × Grad attribution map of the sub-network  $f_l$  with input  $x_l$ . FullGrad+ aggregates the input attribution maps of each layer along with the attribution maps of all bias terms in each layer.

**Integrated Gradients.** IG [77] computes attributions w.r.t. a baseline input  $\bar{x}$  (e.g., zero):

$$\text{IG}(f)(x) = (x - \bar{x}) \odot \int_{\alpha=0}^1 \nabla_x f(\bar{x} + \alpha(x - \bar{x})) d\alpha$$

In practice, we approximate the integral using a 50-step Riemann summation.

### 2.2. Other Attribution Methods

In addition to the primary gradient-based methods above, we apply LibraGrad to several other general-purpose gradient methods, including HiResCAM [26], GradCAM  $\circ$  PLUS (henceforth GradCAM+) [41, 49, 67], and XGradCAM+  $\circ$  PLUS (henceforth XGradCAM+) [33, 49]. We further apply it to hybrid attention-gradient approaches specifically designed for Transformer architectures: GenAtt (also known as GAE) [16], TokenTM [87], and AttCAT [61]. To ensure a comprehensive evaluation, we also compare against attention-based attribution methods RawAtt [15, 17, 35], Attention Rollout [1], and DecompX-NoBias (henceforth DecompX) [52], as well as Transformer-specific Layer-Wise Relevance Propagation (LRP)-based [6] techniques Conservative-LRP (henceforth AliLRP) [3] and AttnLRP [2]. For a detailed overview of related work, see Appendix E.

## 3. Method

Understanding how input features contribute to a model’s output is a central goal of attribution methods. For gradient-based attributions to be faithful, they must accurately reflect

the influence of each input feature on the output. This requires decomposing model outputs into input and bias contributions, formalized as:

**Definition 1.** A function  $f$  is **FullGrad-complete** (or **FG-complete**) if, for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ ,

$$f(x) = J_x f \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f \cdot b_i,$$

where  $J_x f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  is the Jacobian matrix of  $f$  with respect to  $x$ , and  $J_{b_i} f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial b_i} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times d_i}$  are the Jacobian matrices of  $f$  with respect to the bias terms  $b_i$ .

FG-completeness ensures that the sum of the attributions equals the model’s output, leaving no unexplained residual. This is crucial for faithful interpretability, as it guarantees that all factors influencing the output are accounted for in the attribution scores, and no extraneous influence is attributed to the inputs. In the following sections, we:

- Establish that classical neural architectures are FG-complete, thereby explaining the historical success of gradient-based attribution on these models (§3.1).
- Identify non-locally-affine layers in Transformers that break FG-completeness (§3.2).
- Analyze how this causes gradient flow imbalance (§3.3).
- Develop theoretical solutions to restore balanced gradients, introducing *LibraGrad* (§3.4).
- Present practical implementations of LibraGrad for common Transformer components (§3.5).

Proofs of theorems and propositions are provided in Appendix A.2.

### 3.1. FG-Completeness of Classical Architectures

We begin by demonstrating that classical convolutional neural networks (CNNs) and multilayer perceptrons (MLPs) satisfy FG-completeness, which explains why gradient-based attribution methods are effective for these architectures. First, we introduce the concept of a locally affine function.

**Definition 2.** A function  $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  is **locally affine** at a point  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$  if there exists an open neighborhood  $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  containing  $x_0$ , a matrix  $W(x_0) \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ , and a vector  $b(x_0) \in \mathbb{R}^m$  such that

$$f(x) = W(x_0)x + b(x_0), \quad \forall x \in U.$$

Many activation functions used in neural networks, such as ReLU, are piecewise linear and therefore locally affine almost everywhere. Our next theorem shows that locally affine functions satisfy FG-completeness.

**Theorem 1.** Any locally affine function at  $x_0$  is FG-complete in a neighborhood of  $x_0$ .

Moreover, we can compose such functions and retain FG-completeness:

**Theorem 2.** The composition of a finite number of FG-complete functions is FG-complete.

Next, we show that FG-completeness is preserved under addition. This property is relevant for neural networks with residual connections, where the output of a layer is added to its input.

**Theorem 3.** Let  $f_1, f_2$  be FG-complete functions. Then their sum  $f = f_1 + f_2$  is FG-complete.

We can now assert that classical neural network architectures are FG-complete:

**Corollary 1.** Classical neural networks employ several types of affine transformations  $f(x) = Wx + b$ :

1. *Linear*:  $W \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ ,  $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$
2. *Convolutional*:  $W$  with spatial weight-sharing,  $b$  broadcast per channel
3. *Pooling*: AveragePool, Global-Average-Pool (special cases of Conv)
4. *BatchNorm (eval)*:  $W = \text{diag}(\gamma/\sigma)$ ,  $b = \beta - \mu\gamma/\sigma$
5. *LayerScale*:  $W = \text{diag}(\alpha)$ ,  $b = \beta$

Combined with piecewise-linear activations (Theorem 1) and skip connections (Theorem 3), these networks are FG-complete on  $\mathbb{R}^n \setminus S$  (Theorem 2), where  $S$  denotes the union of boundaries between linear regions

### 3.2. Non-Locally-Affine Layers in Transformers

Despite the FG-completeness of classical architectures, modern Transformer models introduce several non-locally-affine operations that disrupt this property:

1. **Gated Activations**: Functions like GELU and SiLU (Swish) [69] involve non-linear gating mechanisms.
2. **Attention Mechanisms**: Self-attention and cross-attention layers perform weighted averaging based on nonlinear attention scores.
3. **Multiplicative Feature Fusions**: Operations such as self-gating (e.g., SwiGLU [69], MambaOut [91]) involve element-wise multiplication of different feedforward branches.
4. **Normalizations**: LayerNorm divides by the standard deviation, introducing a division operation.

These operations involve multiplicative (of which division is a special case) interactions and non-linear transformations that break the linearity required for FG-completeness, leading to imbalanced gradient flow and attribution failures, as we will discuss in the next section.

### 3.3. Analysis of Gradient Flow Imbalance

We now analyze how each non-locally-affine operation affects gradient flow. First, consider the element-wise multiplication of two FG-complete functions:

**Proposition 1.** Let  $f_1, f_2$  be FG-complete functions and let  $f(x) = f_1(x) \odot f_2(x)$  be their element-wise product with Jacobians:

$$J_x f = \text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_x f_1 + \text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_x f_2$$

$$J_{b_i} f = \text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_1 + \text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_2$$

Then  $f$  is not FG-complete. Specifically:

$$J_x f \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f \cdot b_i = 2f(x)$$

So far, we've assumed both paths are FG-complete before multiplication. What happens when they're not? While each such case needs its own mathematical proof, multiplication tends to exacerbate any existing gradient flow imbalances rather than restore FG-completeness. Two key examples illustrate this: division (a non-linear multiplicative operation), which we analyze next, and SiLU, which Proposition 4 (in the Appendix) proves to lack FG-completeness.

**Proposition 2.** Let  $f_1, f_2$  be FG-complete functions with  $f_2$  non-zero. FullGrad vanishes to exactly zero on their element-wise quotient  $f(x) = f_1(x) \oslash f_2(x)$ .

Proposition 2 demanded FG-completeness of both terms—a condition LayerNorm's denominator fails to satisfy. Nevertheless, as we show next, this does not spare LayerNorm from vanishing FullGrad attributions.

**Proposition 3.** For the LayerNorm operation without affine parameters:

$$\text{LN}(x)_i = \frac{x_i - \mu}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 + \varepsilon}},$$

where  $\mu = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N x_k$  and  $\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N (x_k - \mu)^2$ , FullGrad approaches zero as  $\varepsilon$  approaches zero:

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} J_x \text{LN} \cdot x = 0.$$

### 3.4. LibraGrad: Theoretical Foundations

We now develop theoretical solutions to restore balanced gradient flow.

**Theorem 4.** Let  $f_1, f_2$  be FG-complete functions. Then their element-wise product  $f(x) = f_1(x) \odot f_2(x)$  is FG-complete when its Jacobians are defined with scaling coefficients  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  where  $a + b = 1$ :

$$J_x f = a[\text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_x f_1] + b[\text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_x f_2]$$

$$J_{b_i} f = a[\text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_1] + b[\text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_2]$$

**Theorem 5.** Let  $f_1, f_2$  be arbitrary functions (not necessarily FG-complete), and let  $f(x) = f_1(x) \odot f_2(x)$  be their element-wise product. Consider  $f$  with scaled Jacobians as defined in Theorem 4. Then:

Method	Computation	Memory
Input $\times$ Grad	$\mathcal{O}(1)$	$\mathcal{O}(\sqrt{\text{Layers}})$
Integrated Gradients	$\mathcal{O}(\text{Steps})$	$\mathcal{O}(\sqrt{\text{Layers}})$
DecompX	$\mathcal{O}(\text{Tokens})$	$\mathcal{O}(\text{Tokens})$
FullGrad+	$\mathcal{O}(1)$	$\mathcal{O}(\sqrt{\text{Layers}})$
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	$\mathcal{O}(1)$	$\mathcal{O}(\sqrt{\text{Layers}})$

Table 1. Computational and memory complexities of attribution methods relative to one forward pass [2, 21, 52, 75, 77].

1. When  $a = 0$ , yielding  $f(x) = [f_1(x)]_{\text{cst.}} \odot f_2(x)$  where  $[\cdot]_{\text{cst.}}$  is the constant operator that zeroes gradients,  $f$  is FG-complete if  $f_2$  is FG-complete.
2. By symmetry, when  $b = 0$ ,  $f$  is FG-complete if  $f_1$  is FG-complete.

When handling multiplicative interactions, we face a choice: ideally, we can scale gradients if both paths are FG-complete (Theorem 4), preserving information from both paths, or—when one path lacks FG-completeness—we can prune paths to restore FG-completeness by relying on just one FG-complete path (Theorem 5).

**Corollary 2.** Division can be made FG-complete by treating it as element-wise multiplication with a gradient-pruned non-linear reciprocal:  $f(x) = f_1(x) \odot [1/f_2(x)]_{\text{cst.}}$  which satisfies FG-completeness, by Theorem 5.

For division operations like those in LayerNorm, Corollary 2 shows how treating the denominator as constant in the backward pass restores proper gradient flow.

These theoretical results suggest a general principle: balanced gradient flow can be achieved through strategic pruning and scaling of backward paths, without modifying the forward computation. Such pruning and scaling can be achieved using the following two gradient manipulation operators:

**Constant Operator.** The constant operator  $[\cdot]_{\text{cst.}} : \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  satisfies:

$$[y]_{\text{cst.}} = y, \quad J_x[y]_{\text{cst.}} = 0$$

**SwapBackward.** The SwapBackward :  $(f, g) \mapsto h$  operator, where  $f, g, h : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ , is defined by:

$$h(x) = f(x), \quad J_x h = J_x g$$

Further theoretical insights about these operators, their computational complexity (unchanged compared to standard gradients, Table 1), and practical PyTorch implementations are available in Appendix A.1.

### 3.5. LibraGrad: Practical Implementation

**Libra Neural Operations.** We now define FG-complete versions of common non-affine operations:

**Libra Attention:** In attention mechanisms, we restrict gradient propagation to the value branch exclusively, rendering this operation locally affine and therefore FG-complete (Theorem 1):

$$\text{Libra-Attention}(Q, K, V) = [\text{softmax}(QK^T)]_{\text{est.}} \cdot V$$

**Libra Gated Activation:** For gated activations like GELU and SiLU, we discard the non-linear gate’s gradient:

$$\text{Libra-GatedActivation}(x) = x \odot [\text{NonLinearGate}(x)]_{\text{est.}}$$

**Libra Self-Gating:** In self-gating operations like SwiGLU, the input flows through dual parallel feedforward paths ( $f_1, f_2$ ) and reunifies via element-wise multiplication. To balance the gradient flow between branches, we scale each branch’s gradient by  $\frac{1}{2}$ :

$$\text{Libra-SelfGate}(x) = \text{SwapBackward}(f_1 \odot f_2, \frac{1}{2}(f_1 \odot f_2))(x)$$

**Libra LayerNorm:** Using Corollary 2 and the linearity of expectation ( $\mu = \mathbb{E}[x]$ ):

$$\text{Libra-LayerNorm}(x) = \frac{x - \mu}{[\sqrt{\sigma^2 + \varepsilon}]_{\text{est.}}}$$

**Corollary 3.** A Transformer architecture attains FG-completeness when all non-linear components—specifically its attention mechanisms, activation functions, self-gating operations, and LayerNorms—are replaced with their Libra counterparts.

**Universal Improvement.** While our theoretical discussion focuses on achieving FG-completeness, empirical results demonstrate that LibraGrad’s gradient balancing mechanism universally enhances gradient-based attribution methods. Intuitively, this is because standard gradient flow suffers from two fundamental flaws: it overemphasizes locally sensitive modules and assigns counterproductive negative signals to denominators in operations like LayerNorm.

## 4. Experiments

We evaluate LibraGrad through three complementary metrics: Faithfulness, Completeness Error, and Segmentation. For statistical validity, we report standard deviation upper bounds for all empirical results. In tables, we denote the best and second-best results in each column with bold and underline formatting, respectively.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	26.5	52.4	15.1	13.7	26.9
RawAtt	44.6	65.9	24.8	37.2	43.1
Attn. Rollout	35.4	62.2	21.5	21.2	35.1
AliLRP	33.3	64.1	19.2	19.0	33.9
AttnLRP	38.5	70.8	22.8	30.3	40.6
DecompX	37.8	67.7	21.6	22.5	37.4
Int. Gradients	35.4	66.6	23.8	20.7	36.6
Input $\times$ Grad	34.4	67.6	25.5	20.4	37.0
<b>w/ Libra</b>	<u>38.6</u>	<u>68.8</u>	<u>21.6</u>	<u>23.5</u>	<u>38.1</u>
AttCAT	46.9	82.3	31.1	37.3	49.4
<b>w/ Libra</b>	<u>63.5</u>	<u>87.3</u>	<u>40.9</u>	<u>55.3</u>	<u>61.8</u>
GenAtt	58.2	81.3	30.0	44.1	53.4
<b>w/ Libra</b>	<u>61.6</u>	<u>82.8</u>	<u>30.1</u>	<u>46.5</u>	<u>55.2</u>
TokenTM	56.8	79.3	28.0	44.0	52.0
<b>w/ Libra</b>	<u>59.1</u>	<u>80.0</u>	<u>28.0</u>	<u>45.4</u>	<u>53.1</u>
GradCAM+	45.6	75.8	24.0	32.6	44.5
<b>w/ Libra</b>	<u>61.4</u>	<u>83.4</u>	<u>34.7</u>	<u>47.8</u>	<u>56.8</u>
HiResCAM	45.4	74.2	22.2	18.0	39.9
<b>w/ Libra</b>	<u>56.7</u>	<u>79.7</u>	<u>30.1</u>	<u>39.4</u>	<u>51.5</u>
XGradCAM+	38.6	72.1	23.7	33.2	41.9
<b>w/ Libra</b>	<u>63.9</u>	<u>84.7</u>	<u>36.6</u>	<u>52.6</u>	<u>59.4</u>
FullGrad+	44.2	80.1	32.8	35.3	48.1
<b>w/ Libra</b>	<u>63.1</u>	<u>87.6</u>	<u>43.2</u>	<u>57.3</u>	<u>62.8</u>

Table 2. Cross-dataset analysis of Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels on ViT-B. All standard deviations were bounded by 0.1 (omitted for brevity).

### 4.1. Experimental Setup

Our evaluation spans two dimensions:

- Architectures:** Eight model families (ViT [25], EVA2 [28, 29, 76], BEiT2 [7, 59], FlexiViT [11], SigLIP<sup>1</sup> [92], CLIP [62], DeiT3 [80, 81], MLP-Mixer [79]), using their largest<sup>2</sup> ImageNet-1k [24] finetuned variants.
- Model Sizes:** All ViT variants: tiny (ViT-T), small (ViT-S), base (ViT-B), and large (ViT-L).

**Faithfulness Metrics.** We evaluate various attribution methods using faithfulness metrics, which quantify how accurately the attribution scores reflect the importance of input features in the model’s predictions. These widely used metrics [13, 20, 32, 49, 52, 54, 87] measure changes in model behavior as we progressively occlude input features in different orders. Here, we report the Most-Influential-

<sup>1</sup>SigLIP lacks a CLS token, making certain attention-based methods inapplicable.

<sup>2</sup>Huge for CLIP and DeiT3, large for others—except EVA2-S, chosen due to hardware constraints with larger EVA2 variants’ input resolutions.

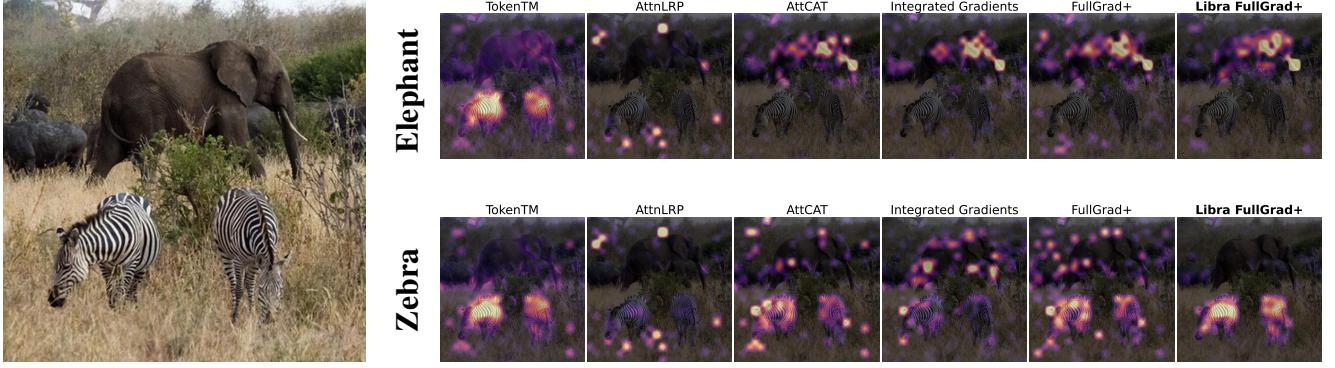


Figure 2. Cross-method comparison of class discriminativity on ViT-B. Cf. Fig. 1 and Appendix C.

First Deletion (MIF) metric with predicted labels and accuracy measurement, which tracks performance degradation when occluding features by decreasing attribution importance. Full details of this and related metrics (Least-Influential-First Deletion, LIF and Symmetric Relevance Gain, SRG) are provided in Appendix B.2, with comprehensive results on all metrics available in Appendix D.

We evaluate all architectures on the ImageNet [24] dataset—the standard benchmark in the attribution literature [17, 49, 87, 89]. On ViT-B, we also experiment with multiple other datasets: ImageNet-Hard [78], and following [22], MURA (a medical X-ray dataset) [63] and Oxford-IIIT Pet [58]. ImageNet-Hard is a challenging dataset combining images from various existing ImageNet variants: ImageNet-V2 [64], ImageNet-Sketch [84], ImageNet-C [36], ImageNet-R [37], ImageNet-ReAL [10], ImageNet-A [38], and ObjectNet [8]. We randomly select 1000 images from each dataset using a fixed seed.

**Completeness Error.** We use Completeness Error to verify theoretical guarantees and validate implementation correctness:

$$\text{CE}(f, x, A) = \left\| f(x) - \sum_{i=1}^n A(f)(x)_i \right\| \quad (1)$$

Lower CE values indicate better conservation of the model’s output in the attribution scores. As this is just a sanity check, we use only 100 random images from the ImageNet dataset. See Appendix B.1 for further details.

**Segmentation.** For segmentation, following [49], we opt for ImageNet-S [34], which encompasses 919 distinct classes, using a random subset of 5000 images from the validation set. Since segmentation masks provide ground truth annotations of object boundaries, they serve as an objective reference to evaluate how well feature attribution methods identify the truly relevant image regions that contribute to model predictions. See Appendix B.3 for further details.

## 4.2. Quantitative Results

Our evaluations demonstrate that LibraGrad universally enhances gradient-based attribution methods across all tested models, architectures, and datasets (see Appendix D for comprehensive results). Significant improvements are observed in both faithfulness and segmentation metrics (Tables 6 and 3), and Libra FullGrad achieves optimal Completeness Error (Table 4). These enhancements remain consistent across different model scales (Appendix D.3) and datasets (Table 2, Appendix D.4), and extend to the attention-free MLP-Mixer (Appendix D.5.1), validating that gradient flow imbalance, not attention mechanisms, is the core issue.

**Integrated Gradients.** We also extend IG [77] and compose it with other gradient-based methods, and compare the universal improvement aspect of LibraGrad and IG in Appendix D.1, showing that LibraGrad vastly outperforms IG. Due to numerical instability, the practical approximation of IG fails to meet its theoretical promise of completeness relative to the zero baseline (Table 4). Furthermore, we prove that the numerical instability observed is theoretically unavoidable for a fixed-step approximation (Proposition 5 in the Appendix).

**General-Purpose Methods Are Enough.** Once gradient flow is corrected, the general-purpose FullGrad+ outperforms Transformer-specific methods like GenAtt, TokenTM, and AttCAT across most metrics and models, with only a few exceptions where its performance remains competitive. This suggests that specialized architectures may not require specialized attribution methods when gradient flow is properly balanced.

**Ablation Studies.** Our ablation study (Table 5) reveals three key insights: First, while gated activations theoretically break FG-completeness (Proposition 4), their prac-

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	42.0 $\pm$ 0.4	37.7 $\pm$ 0.3	39.8 $\pm$ 0.4	39.8 $\pm$ 0.4	33.0 $\pm$ 0.3	37.8 $\pm$ 0.3	37.8 $\pm$ 0.3	38.3 $\pm$ 0.3
RawAtt	40.2 $\pm$ 0.4	59.0 $\pm$ 0.3	47.6 $\pm$ 0.3	49.8 $\pm$ 0.3	-	41.6 $\pm$ 0.3	49.7 $\pm$ 0.3	48.0 $\pm$ 0.3
Attention Rollout	39.9 $\pm$ 0.3	45.3 $\pm$ 0.3	42.2 $\pm$ 0.3	42.2 $\pm$ 0.3	-	51.7 $\pm$ 0.4	34.1 $\pm$ 0.3	42.6 $\pm$ 0.3
AliLRP	42.7 $\pm$ 0.4	58.7 $\pm$ 0.3	43.9 $\pm$ 0.3	49.6 $\pm$ 0.3	33.5 $\pm$ 0.3	38.1 $\pm$ 0.3	52.2 $\pm$ 0.3	45.5 $\pm$ 0.3
AttnLRP	47.2 $\pm$ 0.3	73.1 $\pm$ 0.2	66.0 $\pm$ 0.3	43.4 $\pm$ 0.4	36.0 $\pm$ 0.3	50.9 $\pm$ 0.3	36.0 $\pm$ 0.3	50.4 $\pm$ 0.3
DecompX	54.2 $\pm$ 0.3	60.0 $\pm$ 0.3	55.6 $\pm$ 0.3	59.2 $\pm$ 0.3	40.5 $\pm$ 0.3	55.0 $\pm$ 0.3	49.5 $\pm$ 0.3	53.4 $\pm$ 0.3
Integrated Gradients	46.6 $\pm$ 0.3	51.2 $\pm$ 0.3	46.7 $\pm$ 0.3	41.3 $\pm$ 0.4	41.6 $\pm$ 0.3	36.9 $\pm$ 0.3	38.9 $\pm$ 0.3	43.3 $\pm$ 0.3
Input $\times$ Grad	43.6 $\pm$ 0.4	42.5 $\pm$ 0.3	39.6 $\pm$ 0.4	41.4 $\pm$ 0.4	35.5 $\pm$ 0.3	36.8 $\pm$ 0.3	39.6 $\pm$ 0.3	39.9 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	53.6 $\pm$ 0.3	72.1 $\pm$ 0.3	54.8 $\pm$ 0.3	60.4 $\pm$ 0.3	39.9 $\pm$ 0.3	54.2 $\pm$ 0.3	49.0 $\pm$ 0.3	54.8 $\pm$ 0.3
AttCAT	44.9 $\pm$ 0.3	58.9 $\pm$ 0.3	52.2 $\pm$ 0.3	45.1 $\pm$ 0.3	37.6 $\pm$ 0.3	38.9 $\pm$ 0.3	41.7 $\pm$ 0.3	45.6 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	53.3 $\pm$ 0.3	75.1 $\pm$ 0.3	65.5 $\pm$ 0.3	74.4 $\pm$ 0.3	46.8 $\pm$ 0.3	61.7 $\pm$ 0.3	60.1 $\pm$ 0.3	62.4 $\pm$ 0.3
GenAtt	50.9 $\pm$ 0.3	42.3 $\pm$ 0.3	47.9 $\pm$ 0.3	75.1 $\pm$ 0.2	-	55.9 $\pm$ 0.3	66.2 $\pm$ 0.2	56.4 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	58.6 $\pm$ 0.3	44.3 $\pm$ 0.3	48.8 $\pm$ 0.3	79.4 $\pm$ 0.2	-	<b>76.2</b> $\pm$ 0.2	<b>76.5</b> $\pm$ 0.2	64.0 $\pm$ 0.3
TokenTM	50.0 $\pm$ 0.3	45.5 $\pm$ 0.3	56.0 $\pm$ 0.3	72.2 $\pm$ 0.2	-	58.6 $\pm$ 0.3	61.7 $\pm$ 0.2	57.3 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	53.9 $\pm$ 0.3	46.7 $\pm$ 0.3	54.2 $\pm$ 0.3	76.2 $\pm$ 0.2	-	71.5 $\pm$ 0.3	70.8 $\pm$ 0.2	62.2 $\pm$ 0.3
GradCAM+	52.1 $\pm$ 0.4	49.3 $\pm$ 0.4	53.5 $\pm$ 0.4	40.5 $\pm$ 0.4	44.3 $\pm$ 0.4	43.0 $\pm$ 0.4	60.3 $\pm$ 0.4	49.0 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	60.2 $\pm$ 0.4	79.8 $\pm$ 0.3	69.4 $\pm$ 0.4	50.2 $\pm$ 0.4	41.7 $\pm$ 0.3	47.4 $\pm$ 0.4	46.7 $\pm$ 0.4	56.5 $\pm$ 0.4
HiResCAM	38.5 $\pm$ 0.4	73.2 $\pm$ 0.3	60.8 $\pm$ 0.3	43.7 $\pm$ 0.3	36.3 $\pm$ 0.3	45.9 $\pm$ 0.3	41.3 $\pm$ 0.3	48.5 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	48.0 $\pm$ 0.3	76.5 $\pm$ 0.3	69.0 $\pm$ 0.3	<b>81.6</b> $\pm$ 0.3	47.5 $\pm$ 0.3	56.8 $\pm$ 0.3	76.3 $\pm$ 0.3	65.1 $\pm$ 0.3
XGradCAM+	46.9 $\pm$ 0.4	55.2 $\pm$ 0.4	49.0 $\pm$ 0.4	38.5 $\pm$ 0.4	43.0 $\pm$ 0.3	47.7 $\pm$ 0.4	48.9 $\pm$ 0.4	47.0 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	60.3 $\pm$ 0.4	<b>82.7</b> $\pm$ 0.3	<b>71.4</b> $\pm$ 0.3	63.3 $\pm$ 0.4	44.3 $\pm$ 0.4	73.3 $\pm$ 0.3	59.4 $\pm$ 0.3	65.0 $\pm$ 0.3
FullGrad+	44.2 $\pm$ 0.3	51.5 $\pm$ 0.3	47.4 $\pm$ 0.3	44.1 $\pm$ 0.3	37.7 $\pm$ 0.3	38.5 $\pm$ 0.3	40.6 $\pm$ 0.3	43.4 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>64.5</b> $\pm$ 0.3	79.4 $\pm$ 0.3	67.9 $\pm$ 0.3	75.1 $\pm$ 0.3	<b>51.7</b> $\pm$ 0.3	71.5 $\pm$ 0.3	65.1 $\pm$ 0.3	<b>67.9</b> $\pm$ 0.3

Table 3. Segmentation AP for different methods (and their Libra enhancements) across multiple models.

tical impact is minimal as they often operate in saturated regimes. Second, LayerNorm’s theoretically predicted vanishing attribution problem is empirically confirmed as the most significant factor. Finally, while bias terms are necessary for theoretical completeness, their practical impact is modest, suggesting that implementations can optionally omit them without severe consequences.

#### 4.3. Qualitative Analysis

We evaluate Libra FullGrad+ through two complementary scenarios: (1) text-prompted region attribution using CLIP models, demonstrating precise localization of prompted elements in complex scenes (Fig. 1, Appendix C.1), and (2) class discrimination on COCO [46] images, showing accurate distinction between co-occurring animals (Fig. 2, Appendix C.2). Both reinforce our quantitative findings that proper gradient flow enables general-purpose methods to outperform specialized approaches. Detailed protocols are in Appendix B.4.

## 5. Conclusion

We introduced LibraGrad, correcting gradient flow imbalances via pruning and scaling backward paths. FG-completeness, formalized here, ensures attributions decompose outputs faithfully. We prove that while classical CNNs were naturally FG-complete (explaining their historical success with gradient-based methods), several operations in modern Transformers break this property. We provide both theoretical proofs for restoring FG-completeness and practical solutions that require no forward-pass modifications. Empirically, LibraGrad universally enhances gradient-based attributions across architectures, model sizes, and datasets, enabling general-purpose methods like FullGrad+ to outperform Transformer-specific approaches. This suggests that specialized architectures may not require specialized attribution methods when gradient flow is properly balanced. Our qualitative results further validate this insight. Future work can explore compositions with other gradient-based methods, applications as a gradient regularizer, and extensions to emerging architectural innovations.

Method	ViT-L ↓	EVA2-S ↓	BEiT2-L ↓	FlexiViT-L ↓	SigLIP-L ↓	CLIP-H ↓	DeiT3-H ↓	Avg. ↓
Input × Grad	13.6 ± 0.3	8.9 ± 0.2	9.0 ± 0.1	7.1 ± 0.1	9.3 ± 0.1	1.3 ± 0.0	8.6 ± 0.1	8.3 ± 0.2
Integrated Gradients	8.5 ± 1.5	4.8 ± 0.1	6.7 ± 0.1	4.0 ± 0.4	5.1 ± 0.2	8.2 ± 0.1	6.4 ± 0.5	6.2 ± 0.6
DecompX	11.3 ± 1.3	911.2 ± 33.7	199.2 ± 10.4	5.5 ± 0.5	242.1 ± 28.7	16.7 ± 0.8	7.7 ± 0.6	199.1 ± 17.2
AliLRP	29.5 ± 4.1	1233.1 ± 46.7	139.4 ± 6.2	7.8 ± 0.3	69.0 ± 8.8	15.4 ± 1.4	18.1 ± 0.7	216.1 ± 18.2
AttnLRP	11.0 ± 0.5	2.2 ± 0.2	38.2 ± 2.1	4.3 ± 0.3	30.4 ± 1.7	2.9 ± 0.2	5.9 ± 0.2	13.6 ± 1.0
FullGrad	11.4 ± 0.7	9.5 ± 0.5	11.8 ± 0.5	19.8 ± 0.6	6.7 ± 0.4	7.3 ± 0.7	10.6 ± 0.3	11.0 ± 0.5
<b>Libra FullGrad</b>	<b>0.0 ± 0.0</b>							

Table 4. Completeness Error (lower is better) across models for attribution methods. CE for IG has been computed relative to the zero baseline. Methods without a theoretical basis for completeness (*e.g.*, Attention Rollout) are excluded, as their incompleteness is evident.

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)			MIF Deletion (Predicted)			Segmentation	
	Accuracy	AOPC		Accuracy	AOPC		AP	
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>74.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>45.5 ± 0.3</b>		<b>71.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>50.5 ± 0.2</b>		<b>79.4 ± 0.3</b>	
No Att.	68.0 ± 0.1 ( -8.2%)	40.8 ± 0.3 ( -10.5%)		65.2 ± 0.1 ( -9.1%)	45.5 ± 0.2 ( -10.0%)		72.2 ± 0.3 ( -9.1%)	
No LN	55.3 ± 0.1 ( -25.3%)	30.0 ± 0.3 ( -34.2%)		49.9 ± 0.1 ( -30.4%)	33.3 ± 0.2 ( -34.1%)		72.1 ± 0.3 ( -9.2%)	
No Att. & LN	63.6 ± 0.1 ( -14.1%)	36.6 ± 0.2 ( -19.7%)		61.2 ± 0.1 ( -14.7%)	41.1 ± 0.2 ( -18.6%)		66.2 ± 0.3 ( -16.7%)	
No Act.	74.0 ± 0.1 ( -0.1%)	45.4 ± 0.3 ( -0.3%)		71.6 ± 0.1 ( -0.3%)	50.4 ± 0.2 ( -0.4%)		79.3 ± 0.3 ( -0.2%)	
No Gate	69.8 ± 0.1 ( -5.7%)	41.9 ± 0.4 ( -8.0%)		67.0 ± 0.1 ( -6.6%)	46.7 ± 0.3 ( -7.5%)		71.1 ± 0.3 ( -10.5%)	
No Bias	73.9 ± 0.1 ( -0.2%)	45.3 ± 0.3 ( -0.4%)		71.5 ± 0.1 ( -0.3%)	50.3 ± 0.2 ( -0.4%)		79.2 ± 0.3 ( -0.3%)	
Normal FullGrad+	50.9 ± 0.1 ( -31.3%)	25.7 ± 0.2 ( -43.5%)		48.0 ± 0.1 ( -33.0%)	30.0 ± 0.2 ( -40.7%)		51.5 ± 0.3 ( -35.1%)	

Table 5. Ablation study on the EVA2-S model showing the impact of removing individual components from LibraGrad. Abbreviations used: Att. (Attention), LN (LayerNorm), Act. (Gated Activation Functions), Gate (SwiGLU Self-Gating).

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	29.5 ± 0.1	21.2 ± 0.1	18.3 ± 0.1	19.2 ± 0.1	32.8 ± 0.1	28.0 ± 0.1	29.0 ± 0.1	25.4 ± 0.1
RawAtt	39.1 ± 0.1	50.8 ± 0.1	29.5 ± 0.1	41.7 ± 0.1	-	42.5 ± 0.1	52.0 ± 0.1	42.6 ± 0.1
Attention Rollout	31.4 ± 0.1	41.1 ± 0.1	19.7 ± 0.1	23.2 ± 0.1	-	41.3 ± 0.1	31.2 ± 0.1	31.3 ± 0.1
AliLRP	33.2 ± 0.1	48.0 ± 0.1	26.2 ± 0.1	24.9 ± 0.1	55.4 ± 0.1	34.4 ± 0.1	56.3 ± 0.1	39.8 ± 0.1
AttnLRP	41.8 ± 0.1	63.5 ± 0.1	37.7 ± 0.1	21.8 ± 0.1	62.2 ± 0.1	46.7 ± 0.1	40.7 ± 0.1	44.9 ± 0.1
DecompX	38.9 ± 0.1	46.8 ± 0.1	31.7 ± 0.1	35.5 ± 0.1	51.1 ± 0.1	42.4 ± 0.1	47.2 ± 0.1	42.0 ± 0.1
Integrated Gradients	35.9 ± 0.1	34.8 ± 0.1	23.2 ± 0.1	22.3 ± 0.1	44.0 ± 0.1	31.0 ± 0.1	33.2 ± 0.1	32.1 ± 0.1
Input × Grad	33.9 ± 0.1	32.3 ± 0.1	21.8 ± 0.1	19.9 ± 0.1	40.8 ± 0.1	31.4 ± 0.1	35.1 ± 0.1	30.7 ± 0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>40.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>33.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>36.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>43.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>47.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>45.1 ± 0.1</b>
AttCAT	44.8 ± 0.1	54.1 ± 0.1	33.9 ± 0.1	41.9 ± 0.1	45.9 ± 0.1	39.0 ± 0.1	44.0 ± 0.1	43.4 ± 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>61.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>69.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>48.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>58.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>77.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>58.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>70.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.5 ± 0.1</b>
GenAtt	51.8 ± 0.1	40.7 ± 0.1	30.8 ± 0.1	53.0 ± 0.1	-	51.0 ± 0.1	64.6 ± 0.1	48.7 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>55.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>42.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>32.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>54.1 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>58.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>66.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.5 ± 0.1</b>
TokenTM	50.0 ± 0.1	44.7 ± 0.1	39.6 ± 0.1	49.3 ± 0.1	-	51.9 ± 0.1	63.3 ± 0.1	49.8 ± 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>52.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>46.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>38.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.0 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>57.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>65.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.7 ± 0.1</b>
GradCAM+	48.6 ± 0.1	47.1 ± 0.1	33.4 ± 0.1	28.7 ± 0.1	43.5 ± 0.1	33.0 ± 0.1	44.5 ± 0.1	39.8 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>56.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>67.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>37.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>33.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>47.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>36.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>48.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>46.7 ± 0.1</b>
HiResCAM	25.7 ± 0.1	59.1 ± 0.1	35.8 ± 0.1	23.8 ± 0.1	31.4 ± 0.1	37.6 ± 0.1	25.8 ± 0.1	34.2 ± 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>49.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>62.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>37.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>56.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>46.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>48.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>53.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>50.6 ± 0.1</b>
XGradCAM+	45.9 ± 0.1	50.2 ± 0.1	30.6 ± 0.1	26.6 ± 0.1	51.4 ± 0.1	39.4 ± 0.1	45.1 ± 0.1	41.3 ± 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>58.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>69.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>45.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>44.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>57.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>66.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>57.9 ± 0.1</b>
FullGrad+	45.1 ± 0.1	48.0 ± 0.1	29.0 ± 0.1	38.9 ± 0.1	43.6 ± 0.1	37.6 ± 0.1	41.9 ± 0.1	40.6 ± 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>62.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>50.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>59.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>73.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.2 ± 0.1</b>

Table 6. Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels across multiple models.

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# LibraGrad: Balancing Gradient Flow for Universally Better Vision Transformer Attributions

## Supplementary Material

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## A. Method: Further Details

### A.1. Gradient Manipulation Operators

**Constant Operator.** The constant operator  $[\cdot]_{\text{cst.}} : \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  satisfies:

$$[y]_{\text{cst.}} = y, \quad J_x[y]_{\text{cst.}} = 0$$

**SwapBackward.** The SwapBackward :  $(f, g) \mapsto h$  operator, where  $f, g, h : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ , is defined by:

$$h(x) = f(x), \quad J_x h = J_x g$$

*Remark 1 (Duality).* These operators are dual: the constant operator can be implemented via SwapBackward by scaling to zero:

$$[y]_{\text{cst.}} \equiv \text{SwapBackward}(y, 0)$$

while SwapBackward can be constructed from the constant operator:

$$\text{SwapBackward}(f, g)(x) = [f(x)]_{\text{cst.}} + (g(x) - [g(x)]_{\text{cst.}})$$

*Remark 2 (PyTorch Implementation).* In PyTorch, the constant operator can be implemented using `detach`:

$$[y]_{\text{cst.}} \equiv y.\text{detach}()$$

For SwapBackward, we have two equivalent implementations:

1. Via duality:  $\text{SwapBackward}(f, g)(x) = f(x).\text{detach}() + (g(x) - g(x).\text{detach}())$
2. Via custom backward: Define an `autograd.Function` that returns  $f(x)$  in `forward` and propagates gradients as if it were  $g(x)$  in `backward`

Both implementations yield identical gradients, though the latter may be more computationally efficient, while the former may be easier to implement.

*Remark 3 (Computational Efficiency).* Both core operations of LibraGrad preserve or improve efficiency—constant operators reduce computation through pruning, while SwapBackward maintains original complexity regardless of implementation. See Table 1 for comparative analysis.

### A.2. Theorems

#### A.2.1. FullGrad-Completeness of Affine Functions

**Definition 3.** A function  $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  is **affine** if it can be expressed as  $f(x) = Wx + b$  for some matrix  $W \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  and vector  $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ .

**Theorem 6.** Any affine function  $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  is FG-complete.

*Proof.* Let  $f(x) = Wx + b$  be an affine function. The Jacobians are:

$$J_x f = W, \quad J_b f = I,$$

where  $I$  is the identity matrix. By direct computation:

$$J_x f \cdot x + J_b f \cdot b = Wx + b = f(x),$$

proving FG-completeness.  $\square$

### A.2.2. FullGrad-Completeness of Locally Affine Functions

**Definition 4.** A function  $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  is **locally affine** at a point  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}^n$  if there exists an open neighborhood  $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  containing  $x_0$ , a matrix  $W(x_0) \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ , and a vector  $b(x_0) \in \mathbb{R}^m$  such that

$$f(x) = W(x_0)x + b(x_0), \quad \forall x \in U.$$

**Example 1.** Consider the ReLU function  $\text{ReLU} : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $\text{ReLU}(x) = \max(0, x)$ . The ReLU function is locally affine at every point  $x_0 \neq 0$ :

- For  $x_0 > 0$ :  $\text{ReLU}(x) = x$  in a neighborhood, so  $W(x_0) = 1$ ,  $b(x_0) = 0$
- For  $x_0 < 0$ :  $\text{ReLU}(x) = 0$  in a neighborhood, so  $W(x_0) = 0$ ,  $b(x_0) = 0$

**Theorem 1.** Any locally affine function at  $x_0$  is FG-complete in a neighborhood of  $x_0$ .

*Proof.* Let  $f$  be locally affine at  $x_0$ . By definition, there exists an open neighborhood  $U$  of  $x_0$  and matrices  $W(x_0)$ ,  $b(x_0)$  such that for all  $x \in U$ :

$$f(x) = W(x_0)x + b(x_0)$$

This is an affine function in  $U$ , and thus by Theorem 6, it is FG-complete in  $U$ .  $\square$

### A.2.3. FullGrad-Completeness of Composition of Two Functions

**Theorem 7.** Let  $f_1, f_2$  be FG-complete functions. Then their composition  $f = f_2 \circ f_1$  is also FG-complete.

*Proof.* Let  $y = f_1(x)$ . By FG-completeness of  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ :

$$f_1(x) = J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_1 \cdot b_i$$

$$f_2(y) = J_y f_2 \cdot y + \sum_j J_{c_j} f_2 \cdot c_j$$

where  $b_i$  and  $c_j$  are bias terms in  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  respectively.

For the composition  $f = f_2 \circ f_1$ , by the chain rule:

$$J_x f = J_y f_2 \cdot J_x f_1$$

For bias terms  $b_i$  in  $f_1$ :

$$J_{b_i} f = J_y f_2 \cdot J_{b_i} f_1$$

For bias terms  $c_j$  in  $f_2$ :

$$J_{c_j} f = J_{c_j} f_2$$

Therefore:

$$\begin{aligned} J_x f \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f \cdot b_i + \sum_j J_{c_j} f \cdot c_j &= J_y f_2 \cdot J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_y f_2 \cdot J_{b_i} f_1 \cdot b_i + \sum_j J_{c_j} f_2 \cdot c_j \\ &= J_y f_2 \cdot (J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_1 \cdot b_i) + \sum_j J_{c_j} f_2 \cdot c_j \\ &= J_y f_2 \cdot f_1(x) + \sum_j J_{c_j} f_2 \cdot c_j \\ &= J_y f_2 \cdot y + \sum_j J_{c_j} f_2 \cdot c_j \\ &= f_2(y) = f_2(f_1(x)) = f(x) \end{aligned}$$

proving the FG-completeness of the composition.  $\square$

#### A.2.4. FullGrad-Completeness of Finite Function Compositions

**Theorem 2.** *The composition of a finite number of FG-complete functions is FG-complete.*

*Proof.* Let  $f = f_k \circ \dots \circ f_1$  be a composition of  $k$  FG-complete functions. We prove the result by induction on  $k$ .

**Base case ( $k = 1$ ):** A single FG-complete function is FG-complete by definition.

**Inductive hypothesis:** Assume the composition of  $n$  FG-complete functions is FG-complete.

**Inductive step:** Consider a composition of  $n + 1$  FG-complete functions:

$$g = f_{n+1} \circ f_n \circ \dots \circ f_1$$

Let  $h = f_n \circ \dots \circ f_1$ . By the inductive hypothesis,  $h$  is FG-complete. Then  $g = f_{n+1} \circ h$  is a composition of two FG-complete functions, which is FG-complete by Theorem 7.

By induction, the composition of any finite number of FG-complete functions is FG-complete.  $\square$

**Corollary 4.** *The composition of a finite number of locally affine functions at  $x_0$  is FG-complete in a neighborhood of  $x_0$ .*

#### A.2.5. FullGrad-Completeness of Function Addition

**Theorem 3.** *Let  $f_1, f_2$  be FG-complete functions. Then their sum  $f = f_1 + f_2$  is FG-complete.*

*Proof.* Since  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  are FG-complete, we have:

$$f_1(x) = J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_1 \cdot b_i$$

$$f_2(x) = J_x f_2 \cdot x + \sum_j J_{c_j} f_2 \cdot c_j$$

Then, for their sum  $f(x) = f_1(x) + f_2(x)$ , the Jacobians are:

$$J_x f = J_x f_1 + J_x f_2$$

$$J_{b_i} f = J_{b_i} f_1, \quad J_{c_j} f = J_{c_j} f_2$$

Therefore:

$$\begin{aligned} J_x f \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f \cdot b_i + \sum_j J_{c_j} f \cdot c_j &= (J_x f_1 + J_x f_2) \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_1 \cdot b_i + \sum_j J_{c_j} f_2 \cdot c_j \\ &= [J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_1 \cdot b_i] + [J_x f_2 \cdot x + \sum_j J_{c_j} f_2 \cdot c_j] \\ &= f_1(x) + f_2(x) \\ &= f(x) \end{aligned}$$

Thus,  $f$  is FG-complete.  $\square$

**Corollary 5.** *Let  $f$  be FG-complete. Then the residual connection defined by  $g(x) = x + f(x)$  is FG-complete.*

#### A.2.6. Gradient Flow in Element-Wise Multiplication

We first show that the naive approach to element-wise multiplication is not FG-complete.

**Proposition 1.** *Let  $f_1, f_2$  be FG-complete functions and let  $f(x) = f_1(x) \odot f_2(x)$  be their element-wise product with Jacobians:*

$$J_x f = \text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_x f_1 + \text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_x f_2$$

$$J_{b_i} f = \text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_1 + \text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_2$$

*Then  $f$  is not FG-complete. Specifically:*

$$J_x f \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f \cdot b_i = 2f(x)$$

*Proof.* Since  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  are FG-complete:

$$f_1(x) = J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_1 \cdot b_i$$

$$f_2(x) = J_x f_2 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_2 \cdot b_i$$

Computing  $J_x f \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f \cdot b_i$  with the standard Jacobians:

$$\begin{aligned} & [\text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_x f_1 + \text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_x f_2] \cdot x + \\ & \sum_i [\text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_1 + \text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_2] \cdot b_i \\ &= \text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot (J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_1 \cdot b_i) + \\ & \quad \text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot (J_x f_2 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_2 \cdot b_i) \\ &= \text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot f_1(x) + \text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot f_2(x) \\ &= f_2(x) \odot f_1(x) + f_1(x) \odot f_2(x) = 2f(x) \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the naive element-wise product yields twice the desired output in the FG-completeness equation, making it not FG-complete.  $\square$

However, by properly scaling the Jacobian terms, we can achieve FG-completeness:

**Theorem 4.** *Let  $f_1, f_2$  be FG-complete functions. Then their element-wise product  $f(x) = f_1(x) \odot f_2(x)$  is FG-complete when its Jacobians are defined with scaling coefficients  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  where  $a + b = 1$ :*

$$J_x f = a[\text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_x f_1] + b[\text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_x f_2]$$

$$J_{b_i} f = a[\text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_1] + b[\text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_2]$$

*Proof.* The proof follows the same structure as Proposition 1, but with scaled Jacobians:

$$\begin{aligned} & [a\text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_x f_1 + b\text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_x f_2] \cdot x + \\ & \sum_i [a\text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_1 + b\text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_2] \cdot b_i \\ &= a\text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot (J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_1 \cdot b_i) + \\ & \quad b\text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot (J_x f_2 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_2 \cdot b_i) \\ &= a\text{diag}(f_2(x)) \cdot f_1(x) + b\text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot f_2(x) \\ &= (a + b)(f_1(x) \odot f_2(x)) = f_1(x) \odot f_2(x) = f(x) \end{aligned}$$

where the last equality follows from  $a + b = 1$ , proving the FG-completeness of  $f$  with the scaled Jacobian definitions.  $\square$

**Theorem 5.** *Let  $f_1, f_2$  be arbitrary functions (not necessarily FG-complete), and let  $f(x) = f_1(x) \odot f_2(x)$  be their element-wise product. Consider  $f$  with scaled Jacobians as defined in Theorem 4. Then:*

1. When  $a = 0$ , yielding  $f(x) = [f_1(x)]_{\text{cst.}} \odot f_2(x)$  where  $[\cdot]_{\text{cst.}}$  is the constant operator that zeroes gradients,  $f$  is FG-complete if  $f_2$  is FG-complete.
2. By symmetry, when  $b = 0$ ,  $f$  is FG-complete if  $f_1$  is FG-complete.

*Proof.* Let  $a = 0$  (thus  $b = 1$ ). If  $f_2$  is FG-complete:

$$\begin{aligned} & [\text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_x f_2] \cdot x + \sum_i [\text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot J_{b_i} f_2] \cdot b_i \\ &= \text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot (J_x f_2 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i} f_2 \cdot b_i) \\ &= \text{diag}(f_1(x)) \cdot f_2(x) \\ &= f_1(x) \odot f_2(x) = f(x) \end{aligned}$$

proving the FG-completeness of  $f$ .  $\square$

#### A.2.7. Non-FG-Completeness of SiLU Activation

**Proposition 4.** *The SiLU activation function  $\text{SiLU}(x) = x \cdot \sigma(x)$ , where  $\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$  is the sigmoid function, is not FG-complete. Specifically, there exists  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  such that:*

$$J_x \text{SiLU} \cdot x \neq \text{SiLU}(x)$$

*Proof.* The Jacobian of SiLU is:

$$J_x \text{SiLU} = \sigma(x) + x\sigma'(x)$$

where  $\sigma'(x) = \sigma(x)(1 - \sigma(x))$  is the derivative of the sigmoid function.

Therefore:

$$\begin{aligned} J_x \text{SiLU} \cdot x &= x\sigma(x) + x^2\sigma'(x) \\ &= x\sigma(x) + x^2\sigma(x)(1 - \sigma(x)) \\ &= x\sigma(x)(1 + x(1 - \sigma(x))) \\ &= \text{SiLU}(x)(1 + x(1 - \sigma(x))) \\ &= \text{SiLU}(x)(1 + x - x\sigma(x)) \\ &= \text{SiLU}(x)(1 + x - \text{SiLU}(x)) \end{aligned}$$

For  $J_x \text{SiLU} \cdot x = \text{SiLU}(x)$ , we require:

$$\text{SiLU}(x)(1 + x - \text{SiLU}(x)) = \text{SiLU}(x)$$

Subtracting  $\text{SiLU}(x)$  from both sides:

$$\text{SiLU}(x)(1 + x - \text{SiLU}(x)) - \text{SiLU}(x) = 0$$

Simplifying:

$$\text{SiLU}(x)((1 + x - \text{SiLU}(x)) - 1) = 0$$

$$\text{SiLU}(x)(x - \text{SiLU}(x)) = 0$$

Thus, we require either  $\text{SiLU}(x) = 0$ , or  $x = \text{SiLU}(x)$ :

- $\text{SiLU}(x) = 0$ , which happens when  $x = 0$ , or when  $\sigma(x) = 0$ , requiring  $x \rightarrow -\infty$ , leading to  $\text{SiLU}(x) = x \cdot 0 = 0$ .
- $x = \text{SiLU}(x)$ , which occurs when  $\sigma(x) = 1$ , requiring  $x \rightarrow \infty$ .

For all other values of  $x$ , we have  $J_x \text{SiLU} \cdot x \neq \text{SiLU}(x)$ . For example, at  $x = 1$ :

$$\text{SiLU}(1) = 1 \cdot \sigma(1) \approx 0.731$$

$$J_x \text{SiLU} \cdot x = \text{SiLU}(1)(1 + 1 - \text{SiLU}(1)) \approx 0.731 \times (1 + 1 - 0.731) \approx 0.731 \times 1.269 \approx 0.928 \neq 0.731$$

proving that SiLU is not FG-complete.  $\square$

### A.2.8. Gradient Flow in Division

**Proposition 2.** Let  $f_1, f_2$  be FG-complete functions with  $f_2$  non-zero. FullGrad vanishes to exactly zero on their element-wise quotient  $f(x) = f_1(x) \oslash f_2(x)$ .

*Proof.* Since  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  are FG-complete, we have:

$$\begin{aligned} f_1(x) &= J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i^{(1)}} f_1 \cdot b_i^{(1)}, \\ f_2(x) &= J_x f_2 \cdot x + \sum_j J_{b_j^{(2)}} f_2 \cdot b_j^{(2)}. \end{aligned}$$

The Jacobian of  $f$  with respect to  $x$  is:

$$J_x f = \text{diag}\left(\frac{1}{f_2(x)}\right) J_x f_1 - \text{diag}\left(\frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)^2}\right) J_x f_2,$$

where  $\text{diag}(v)$  denotes a diagonal matrix with vector  $v$  on the diagonal and the fractions denote element-wise division.

Similarly, the Jacobians with respect to the biases are:

$$\begin{aligned} J_{b_i^{(1)}} f &= \text{diag}\left(\frac{1}{f_2(x)}\right) J_{b_i^{(1)}} f_1, \\ J_{b_j^{(2)}} f &= -\text{diag}\left(\frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)^2}\right) J_{b_j^{(2)}} f_2. \end{aligned}$$

Now, compute the FullGrad attributions of  $f$ :

$$\begin{aligned} J_x f \cdot x &+ \sum_i J_{b_i^{(1)}} f \cdot b_i^{(1)} + \sum_j J_{b_j^{(2)}} f \cdot b_j^{(2)} \\ &= \left[ \text{diag}\left(\frac{1}{f_2(x)}\right) J_x f_1 - \text{diag}\left(\frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)^2}\right) J_x f_2 \right] \cdot x \\ &\quad + \sum_i \text{diag}\left(\frac{1}{f_2(x)}\right) J_{b_i^{(1)}} f_1 \cdot b_i^{(1)} - \sum_j \text{diag}\left(\frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)^2}\right) J_{b_j^{(2)}} f_2 \cdot b_j^{(2)} \\ &= \text{diag}\left(\frac{1}{f_2(x)}\right) \left( J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i^{(1)}} f_1 \cdot b_i^{(1)} \right) \\ &\quad - \text{diag}\left(\frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)^2}\right) \left( J_x f_2 \cdot x + \sum_j J_{b_j^{(2)}} f_2 \cdot b_j^{(2)} \right) \\ &= \text{diag}\left(\frac{1}{f_2(x)}\right) \left( J_x f_1 \cdot x + \sum_i J_{b_i^{(1)}} f_1 \cdot b_i^{(1)} \right) \\ &\quad - \text{diag}\left(\frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)^2}\right) \left( J_x f_2 \cdot x + \sum_j J_{b_j^{(2)}} f_2 \cdot b_j^{(2)} \right) \\ &= \text{diag}\left(\frac{1}{f_2(x)}\right) f_1(x) - \text{diag}\left(\frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)^2}\right) f_2(x) \\ &= \frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)} - \frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)} = f(x) - f(x) = 0. \end{aligned}$$

□

**Corollary 2.** Division can be made FG-complete by treating it as element-wise multiplication with a gradient-pruned non-linear reciprocal:  $f(x) = f_1(x) \odot [1/f_2(x)]_{\text{cst}}$ , which satisfies FG-completeness, by Theorem 5.

### A.2.9. How Does FullGrad Behave on LayerNorm?

**Proposition 3.** For the LayerNorm operation without affine parameters:

$$LN(x)_i = \frac{x_i - \mu}{\sqrt{\sigma^2 + \varepsilon}},$$

where  $\mu = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N x_k$  and  $\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=1}^N (x_k - \mu)^2$ , FullGrad approaches zero as  $\varepsilon$  approaches zero:

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} J_x LN \cdot x = 0.$$

*Proof.* Let  $x \in \mathbb{R}^N$ . We decompose LayerNorm into two operations:

1. Centering:  $y = x - \mu \mathbf{1}$ , where  $\mathbf{1}$  is the vector of ones
2. Scaling:  $z = y/s$ , where  $s = \sqrt{\sigma^2 + \varepsilon}$

The Jacobian of centering is:

$$(J_x y)_{ij} = \delta_{ij} - \frac{1}{N}$$

which gives  $(J_x y \cdot x)_i = x_i - \mu = y_i$ .

The Jacobian of scaling is:

$$(J_y z)_{ij} = \frac{\delta_{ij}}{s} - \frac{y_i y_j}{Ns^3}$$

By the chain rule:

$$J_x LN \cdot x = J_y z \cdot J_x y \cdot x = J_y z \cdot y$$

Computing  $(J_y z \cdot y)_i$ :

$$\begin{aligned} (J_y z \cdot y)_i &= \sum_{j=1}^N \left( \frac{\delta_{ij}}{s} - \frac{y_i y_j}{Ns^3} \right) y_j \\ &= \frac{y_i}{s} - \frac{y_i}{Ns^3} \sum_{j=1}^N y_j^2 \\ &= \frac{y_i}{s} - \frac{y_i \sigma^2}{s^3} \\ &= \frac{y_i}{s} - \frac{y_i (s^2 - \varepsilon)}{s^3} \\ &= y_i \cdot \frac{\varepsilon}{s^3} \end{aligned}$$

Since  $s = \sqrt{\sigma^2 + \varepsilon} \geq \sqrt{\sigma^2}$  for all  $\varepsilon > 0$ , and  $y_i$  is independent of  $\varepsilon$ , we have for each component  $i$ :

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} (J_x LN \cdot x)_i = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} y_i \cdot \frac{\varepsilon}{s^3} = 0,$$

completing the proof.  $\square$

### A.2.10. Non-Viability of Integrated Gradients on LayerNorm

**Proposition 5.** For the LayerNorm operation without affine parameters as defined in Proposition 3, Integrated Gradients with a zero baseline approaches zero when approximated using an  $n$ -step (with  $n$  fixed) Riemann summation as  $\varepsilon$  approaches zero.

*Proof.* For any baseline  $\bar{x}$ , Integrated Gradients can be written as:

$$IG(x, \bar{x}) = \int_0^1 J_x LN(\bar{x} + \alpha(x - \bar{x})) \cdot (x - \bar{x}) d\alpha$$

Using an  $n$ -step Riemann sum approximation:

$$\text{IG}(x, \bar{x}) \approx \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n J_x \text{LN}\left(\bar{x} + \frac{k}{n}(x - \bar{x})\right) \cdot (x - \bar{x})$$

Setting  $\bar{x} = 0$ :

$$\text{IG}(x, 0) \approx \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n J_x \text{LN}\left(\frac{k}{n}x\right) \cdot x$$

From Proposition 3, we know that for any input  $x'$ :

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} J_x \text{LN}(x') \cdot x' = 0$$

For each step  $k$  in the Riemann sum, let  $x_k = \frac{k}{n}x$ . We can exchange the limit with the finite sum:

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \text{IG}(x, 0) &\approx \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n J_x \text{LN}\left(\frac{k}{n}x\right) \cdot x \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} J_x \text{LN}(x_k) \cdot x \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{k}{n} J_{x_k} \text{LN}(x_k) \cdot x \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} J_{x_k} \text{LN}(x_k) \cdot x_k \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n 0 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

where we applied Proposition 3 to  $x_k$ .

□

## B. Detailed Experimental Setup

### B.1. Empirical Completeness Evaluation

Consider an attribution method  $A$  that assigns relevance scores  $A(f)(x)_i$  to each input feature  $x_i$  relative to model  $f$  (see §2 for notation). The Completeness Error (CE) is defined as:

$$\text{CE}(f, x, A) = \left\| f(x) - \sum_{i=1}^n A(f)(x)_i \right\| \quad (2)$$

Lower CE values indicate better conservation of the model’s output in the attribution scores. We say  $A$  is complete on a given architecture  $f$  when  $\text{CE} = 0$ . While our theoretical analysis proves that Transformers exhibit FG-completeness under our modifications, we perform empirical validation to: (1) verify the theoretical guarantees, (2) validate implementation correctness, and (3) demonstrate how prior methods fail to achieve completeness. As this is just a sanity check, we use only 100 random images from the ImageNet dataset [24], and set the attribution target to the predicted logit of the model.

### B.2. Faithfulness Metrics

We evaluate attribution methods through faithfulness metrics that quantify how well attribution scores reflect the true importance of input features to model predictions. These widely used metrics [13, 20, 32, 49, 52, 54, 87] measure changes in model behavior as we progressively occlude input features in different orders. For a given feature ordering  $\pi$  and occlusion fraction  $s/n$  (where  $n$  is the total number of features), we compute the area under curve:

$$\text{AUC}[\pi] = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{s=0}^n v^{\text{perf}}(x_{\Pi(s)}) \quad (3)$$

where  $\Pi(s)$  represents keeping only the first  $s$  features according to ordering  $\pi$ , and  $v^{\text{perf}}(x_{\Pi(s)})$  measures model performance on this partially occluded input. This can be either classification accuracy (more robust to outliers) or the change in predicted probability for the target class (called AOPC, more granular). Both measures can use either ground truth or predicted target classes.

The Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) metric measures performance degradation when occluding features in order of decreasing attribution scores:

$$\text{MIF}[\phi] = \text{AUC}[\pi^\phi] \quad (4)$$

where  $\pi^\phi$  orders features by decreasing attribution values. Since lower MIF scores indicate better attributions (faster performance degradation), we normalize it as:

$$\text{MIF}_{\text{norm}}[\phi] = 100 - \text{MIF}[\phi] \quad (5)$$

The Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) metric measures performance when occluding features in order of increasing attribution scores:

$$\text{LIF}[\phi] = \text{AUC}[(\pi^\phi)^r] \quad (6)$$

where  $(\pi^\phi)^r$  is the reverse ordering. LIF can be interpreted as a counterfactual metric - features with the most negative attribution scores often contribute to competing classes, so their removal can actually increase the target class probability. Since higher LIF scores already indicate better attributions (slower degradation when removing negative contributors), it requires no normalization.

The Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) measure [13] is defined as the average of both metrics:

$$\text{SRG}[\phi] = \frac{\text{LIF}[\phi] + \text{MIF}_{\text{norm}}[\phi]}{2} \quad (7)$$

In this work, we primarily focus on MIF with predicted labels and accuracy measurement, as our goal is to identify positive feature contributions to model predictions rather than counterfactual explanations. We report comprehensive results using both accuracy and AOPC metrics for MIF, LIF and SRG using both ground truth and predicted labels in Appendix D.

### B.2.1. True Token Masking

Instead of simply overlaying a color mask, we choose to completely exclude the masked patches from the model’s input (for models that support token exclusion) [22, 49]. At the same time, we preserve accurate positional encodings for the unmasked patches. We term this strategy *True Token Masking*. The conventional method of using the color black (or simply zeroing the tokens in text-based Transformers) for patch masking encounters several issues:

- If a patch is predominantly black, painting it black does not effectively eliminate its informational content. For instance, a black drawing on a white background would remain mostly unchanged.
- Patches might serve computational functions, such as acting as a scratchpad for the model’s internal processes. Masking these with black does not prevent the model from using them for such purposes.
- Introducing a black mask can create artifacts in the image, potentially leading to out-of-distribution data, which affects the model’s performance.

### B.3. Human Interpretability Evaluation

Although lacking a strong theoretical justification, human interpretability evaluations serve as effective sanity checks and provide a quantitative measure that aligns with intuitive inferences drawn from qualitative examples of attribution methods. Following the zero-shot segmentation setup proposed by [17, 49, 87], we report the Average Precision (AP) metric. This evaluation requires a dataset with ground truth labels for the target class. Notably, AP is invariant to shift and scale transformations, mirroring the properties of our faithfulness metrics.

## B.4. Qualitative Evaluation

Our qualitative evaluation comprises two complementary scenarios, each designed to assess different aspects of attribution quality:

**Text-Prompted Attribution on CLIP.** CLIP models are trained to output similarity scores between image-text pairs, enabling flexible zero-shot queries through natural language prompts. Our first evaluation scenario uses the text-image similarity scores output by CLIP models as attribution targets. For each test image, we systematically probe different regions and concepts using targeted text prompts, enabling a detailed assessment of each attribution method’s ability to locate described elements within complex scenes.

**Multi-Class Discrimination.** Using ImageNet-finetuned models, we evaluate class discriminativity on carefully selected images from the COCO 2017 training set [46]. We specifically focus on images containing both zebras and elephants within the same frame, with both animals clearly visible and not significantly occluded. Given the rarity of such co-occurrences, our evaluation encompasses all available instances. The attribution target is set to the output class probabilities of “Zebra” and “African Elephant”. This choice is motivated by several factors:

- Prior work [40, 49] has established these animals as effective test cases for attribution evaluation.
- ImageNet has a single class for zebras and three classes for elephants, which is in contrast to most other animals that can have tens of different fine-grained ImageNet classes.
- They co-occur in nature.
- Their distinct visual characteristics help verify that attributions are truly class-specific rather than merely highlighting salient regions.

**Method Selection.** We showcase three categories of attribution methods: fundamental gradient-based approaches (Integrated Gradients and FullGrad+), our proposed Libra FullGrad+, and contemporary Transformer-specific methods (AttCAT, AttnLRP, and TokenTM). The latter group was selected based on strong performance on quantitative metrics. Between TokenTM and GenAtt, which generate nearly identical attribution maps, we employ TokenTM as the more recent formulation.

### B.4.1. Qualitative Visualization Method

To visualize attribution maps:

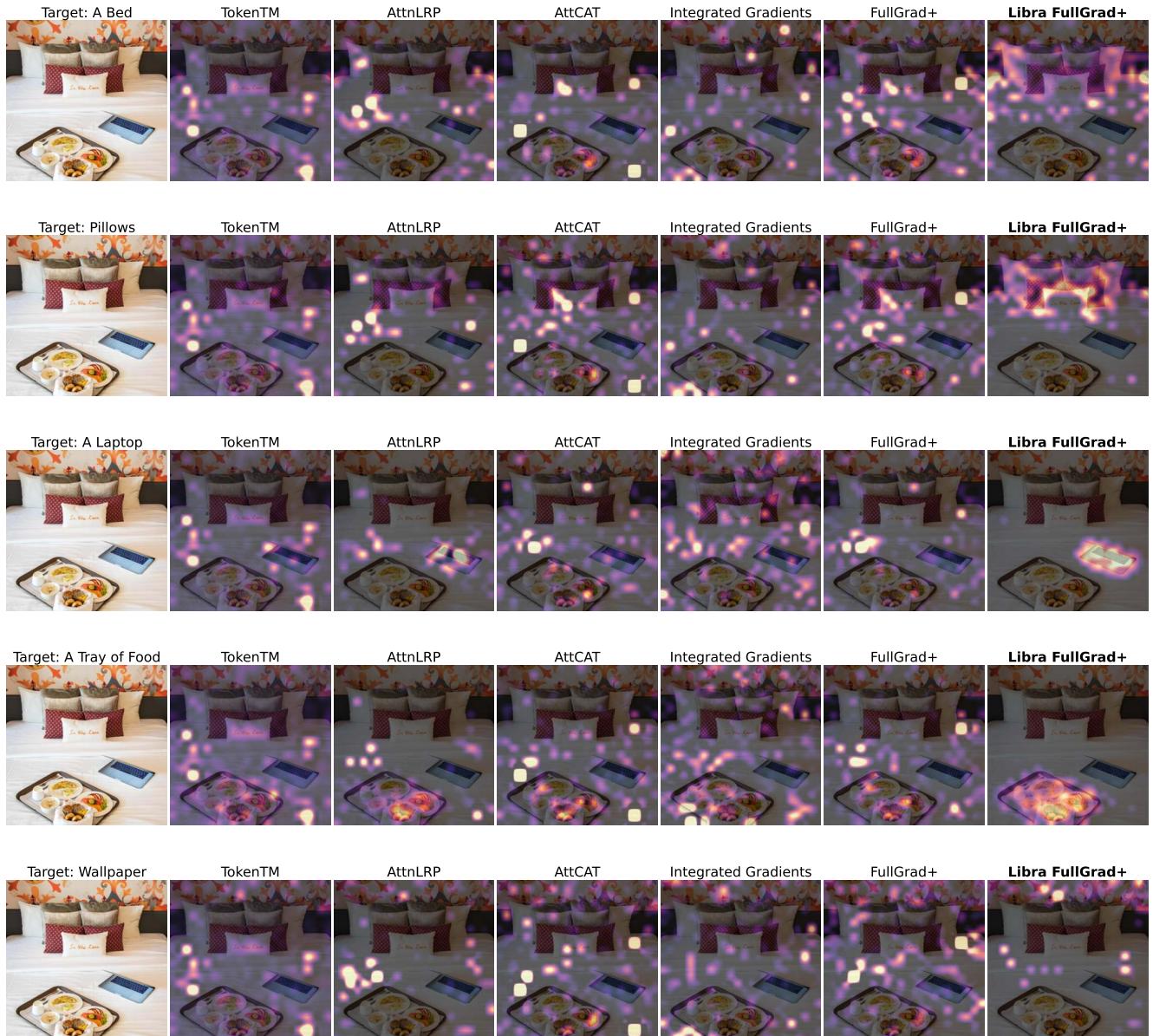
1. **Negative Value Removal:** We first apply ReLU to remove negative attribution scores, as we focus on positive feature contributions.
2. **Robust Scaling:** Rather than using absolute maximum values which can be sensitive to outliers, we compute the 99th percentile of the attribution scores. We then scale the values by dividing by this robust maximum.
3. **Spatial Upsampling:** The token-level attribution map is upsampled to the original image resolution using bicubic interpolation.
4. **Range Normalization:** Finally, we clamp values to  $[0, 1]$ .

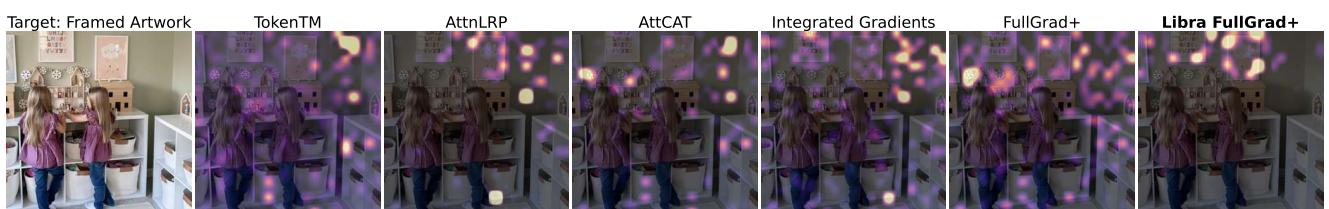
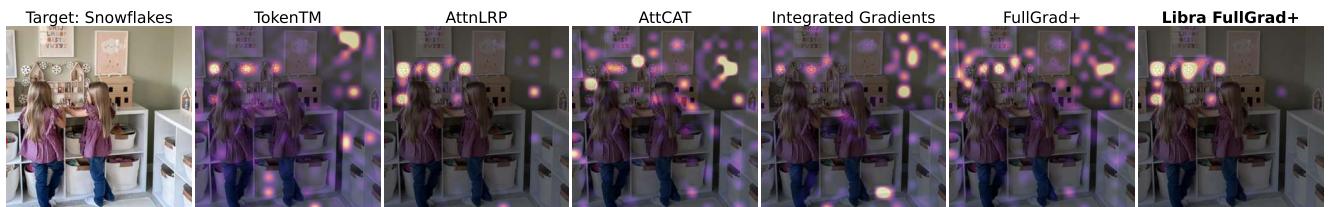
## C. Qualitative Results

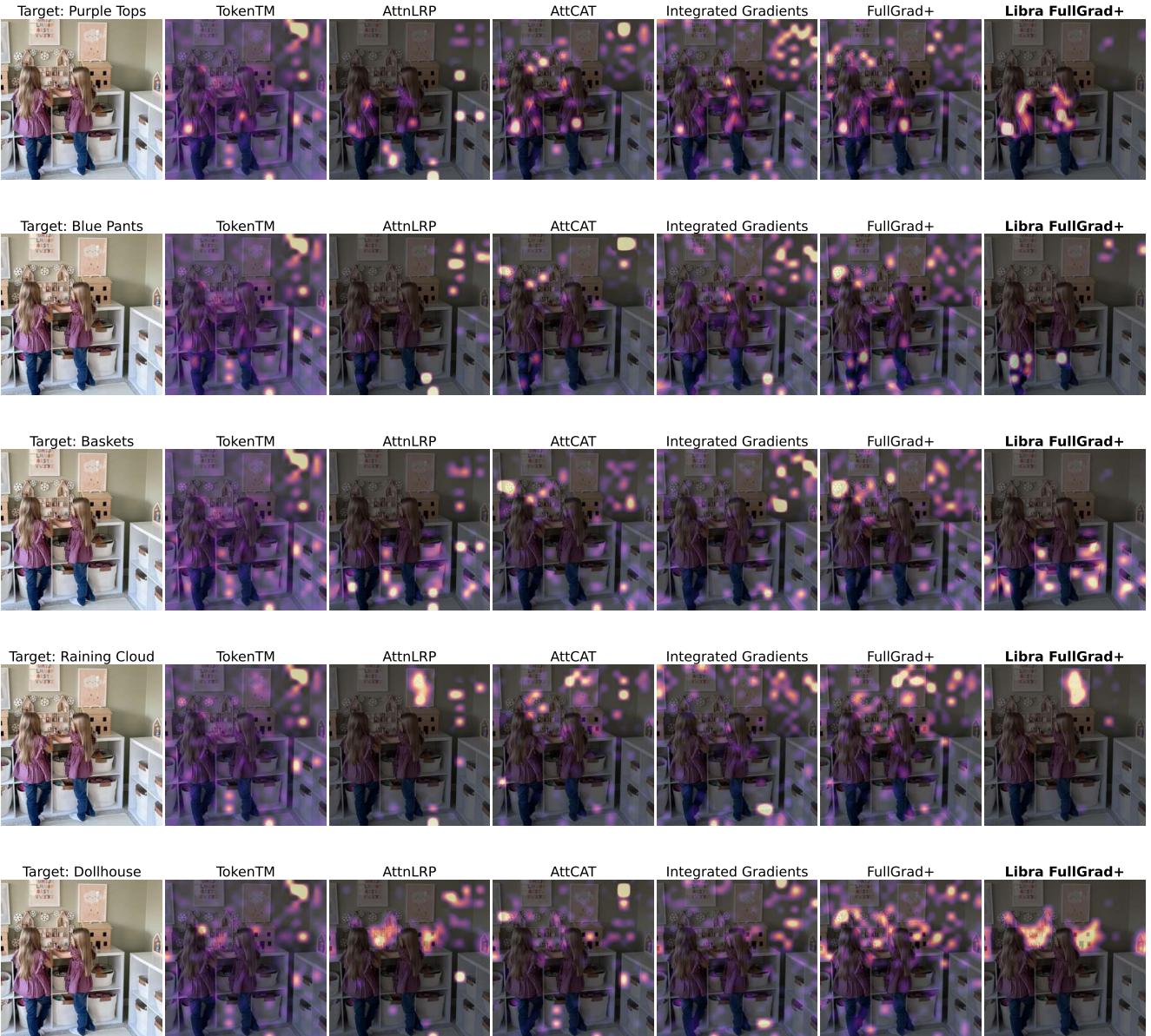
Following the evaluation protocol in Appendix B.4, we present a comprehensive qualitative analysis below.

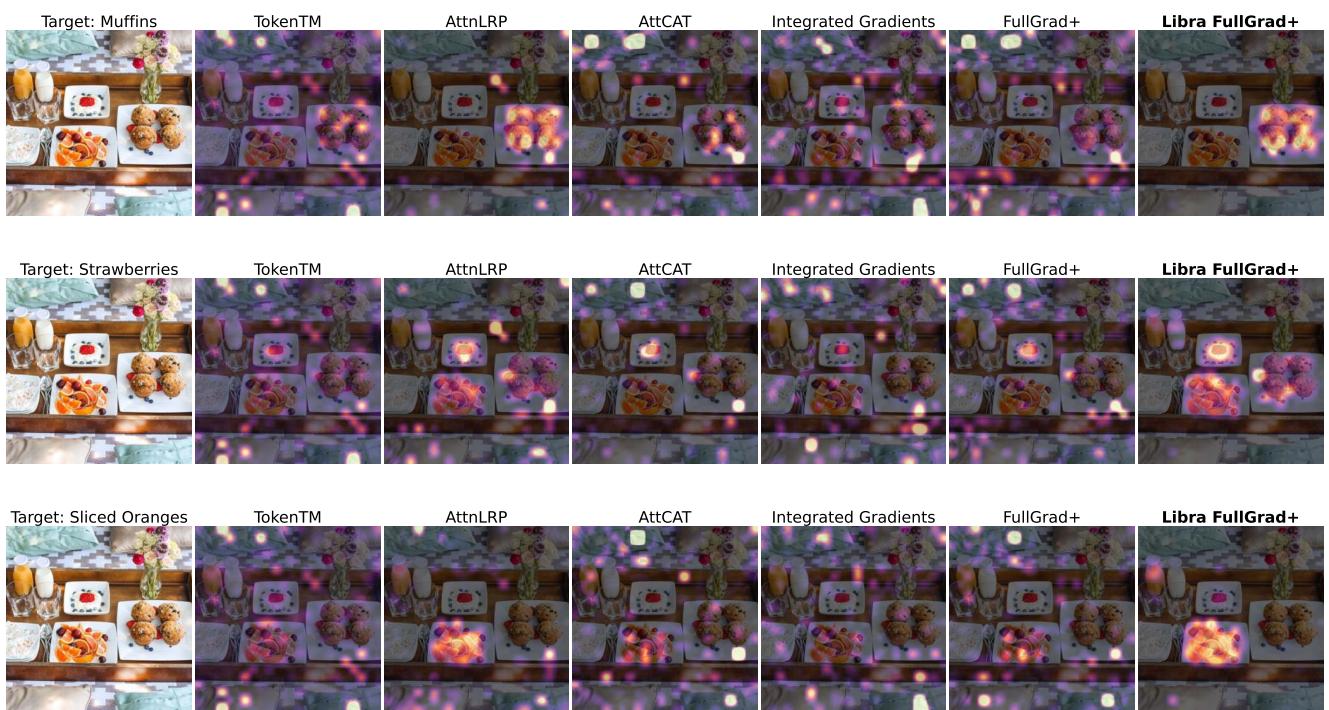
### C.1. Text-Prompted Qualitative Examples on EVA2-CLIP-Large

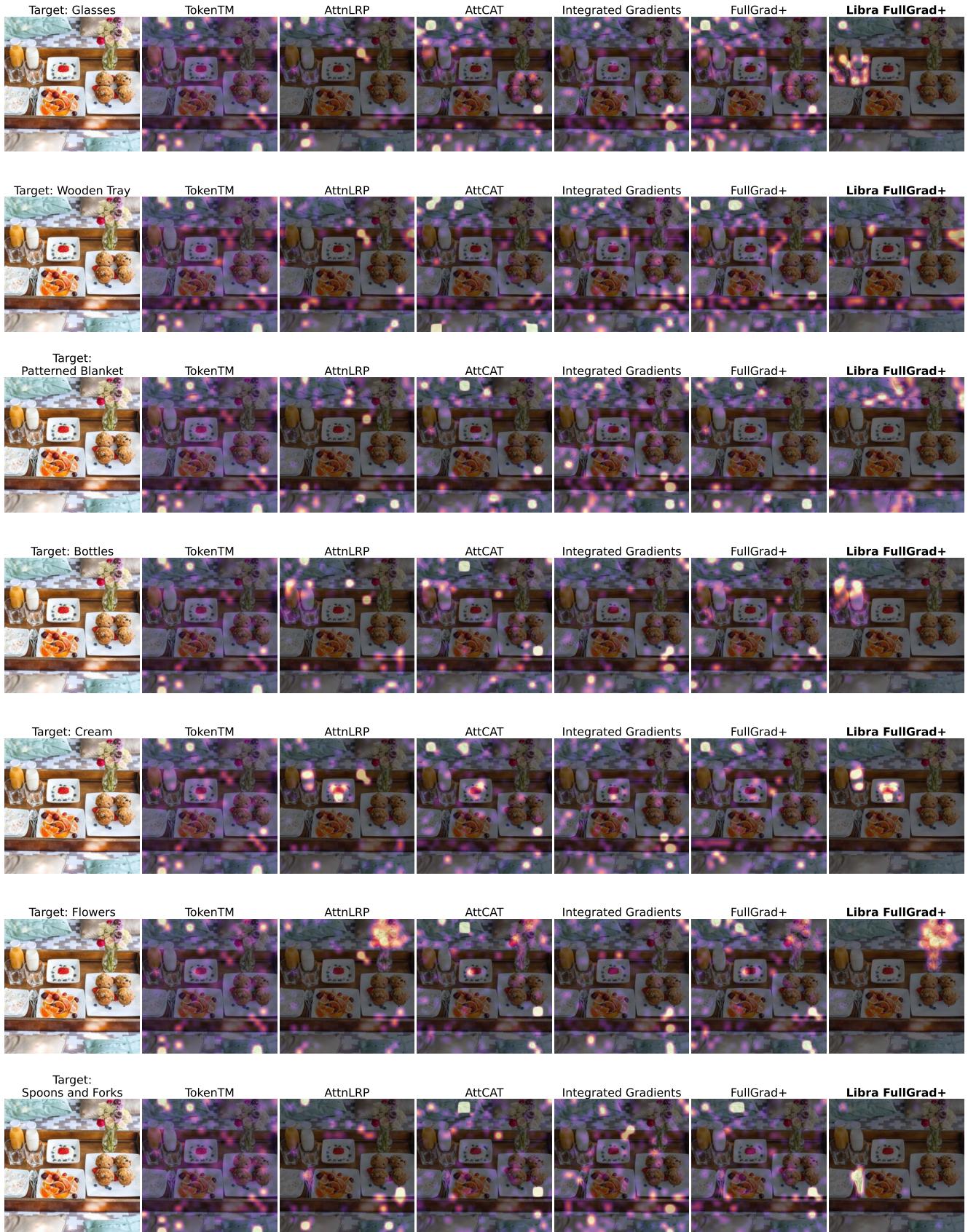
Our first evaluation scenario uses EVA2-CLIP-Large’s text-image similarity scores as attribution targets. For each test image, we systematically probe different regions and concepts using targeted text prompts, enabling a detailed assessment of each attribution method’s ability to locate described elements within complex scenes.



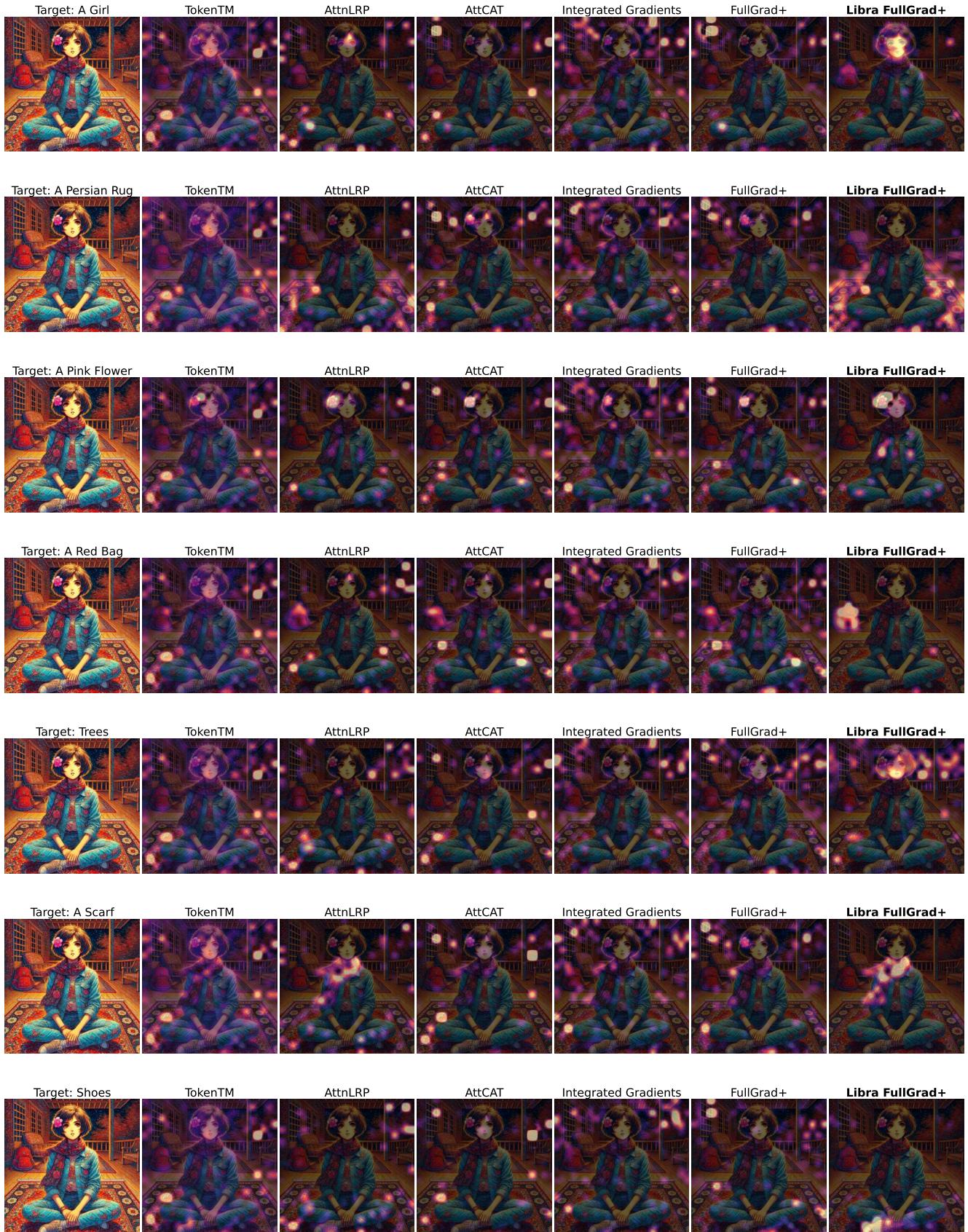


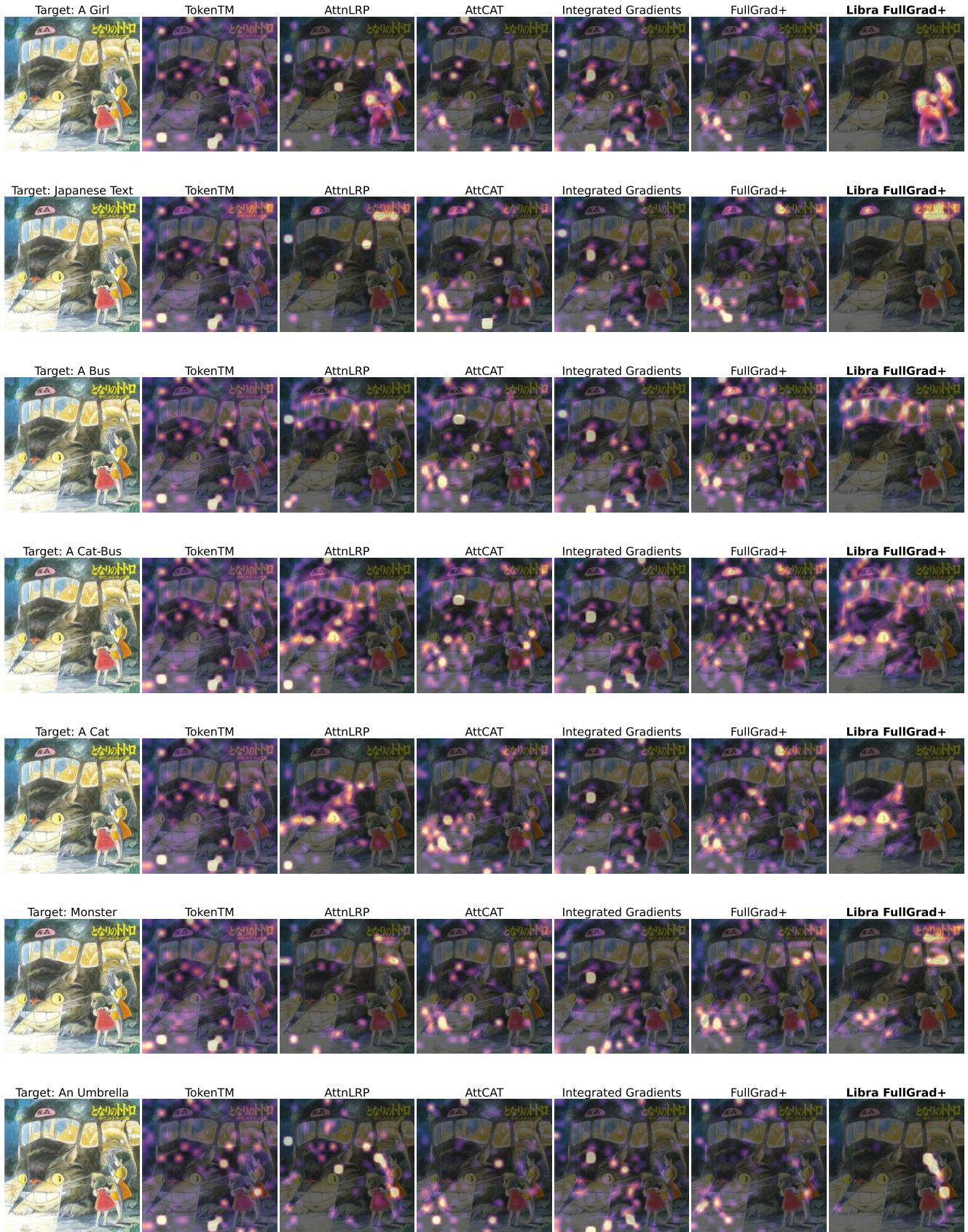


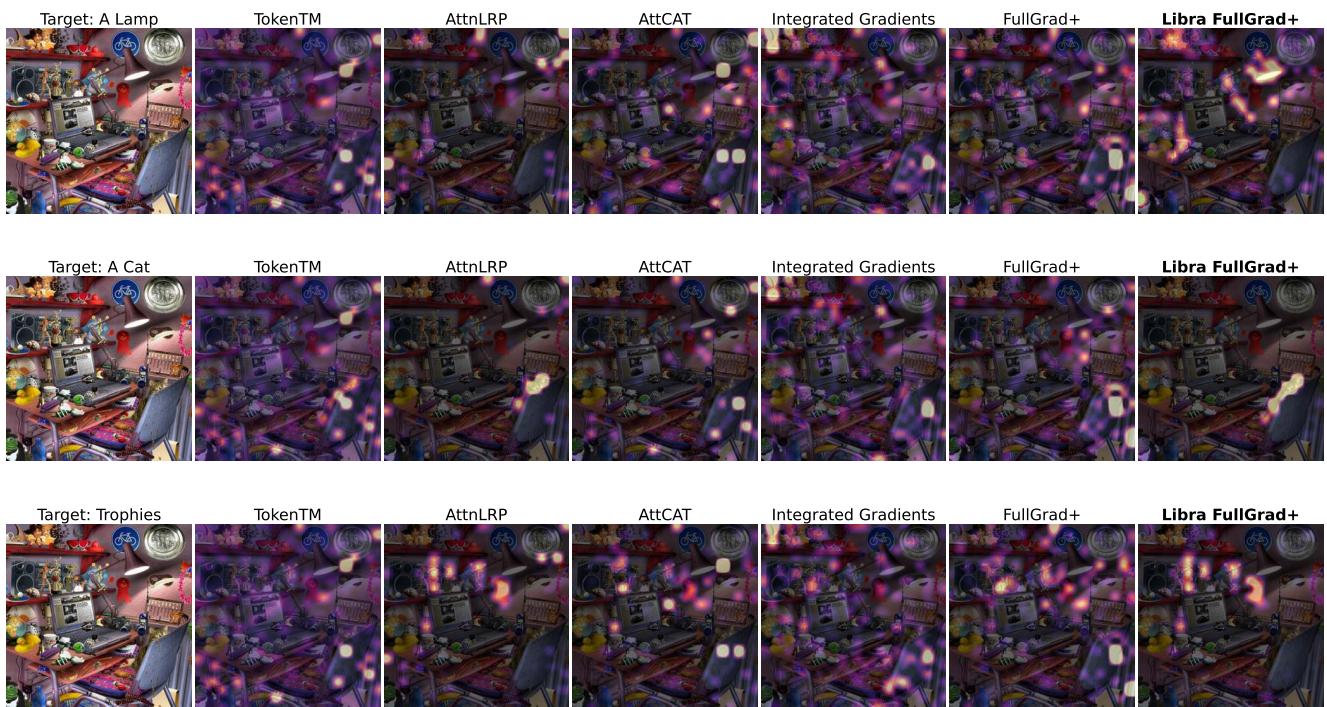


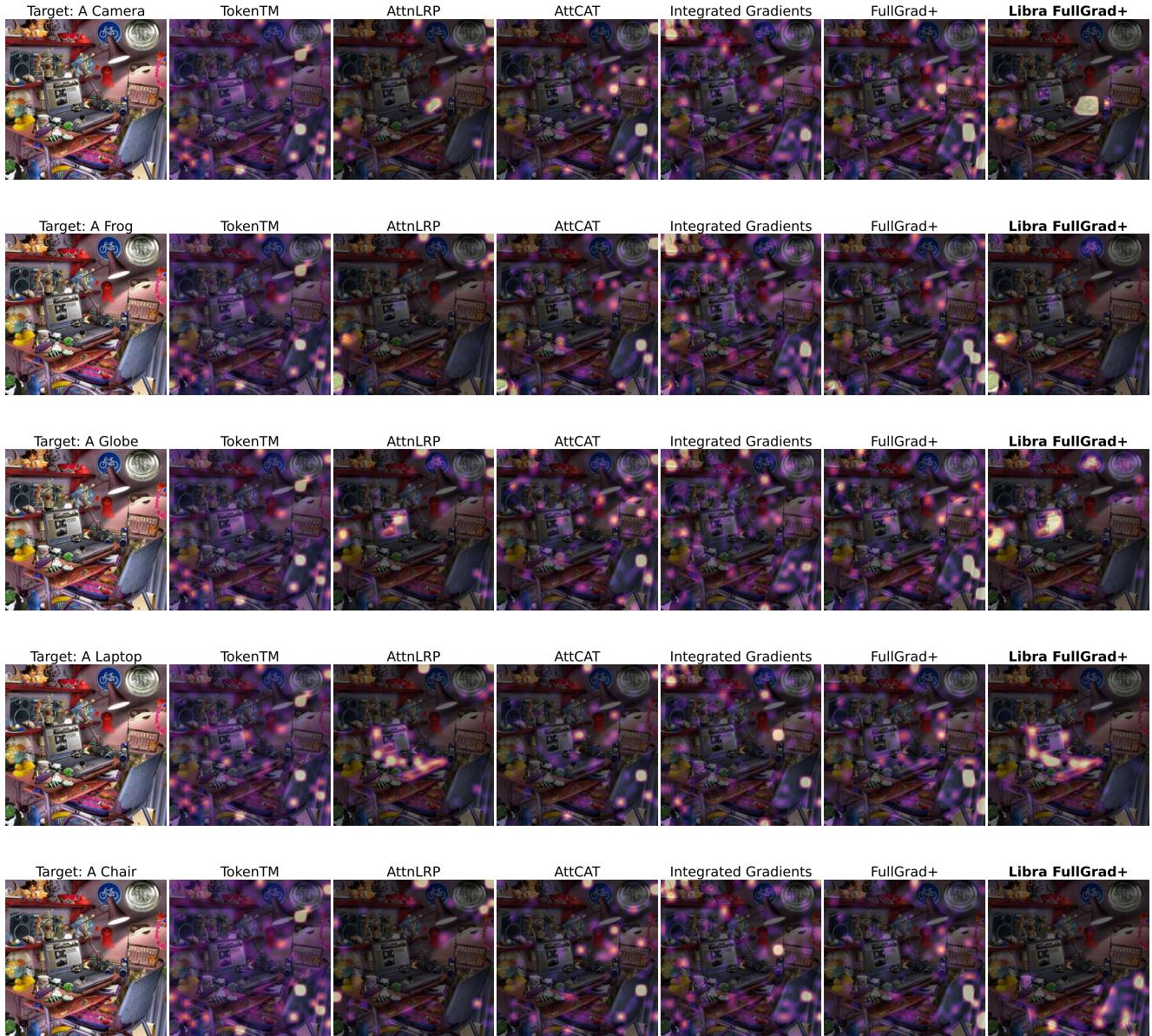


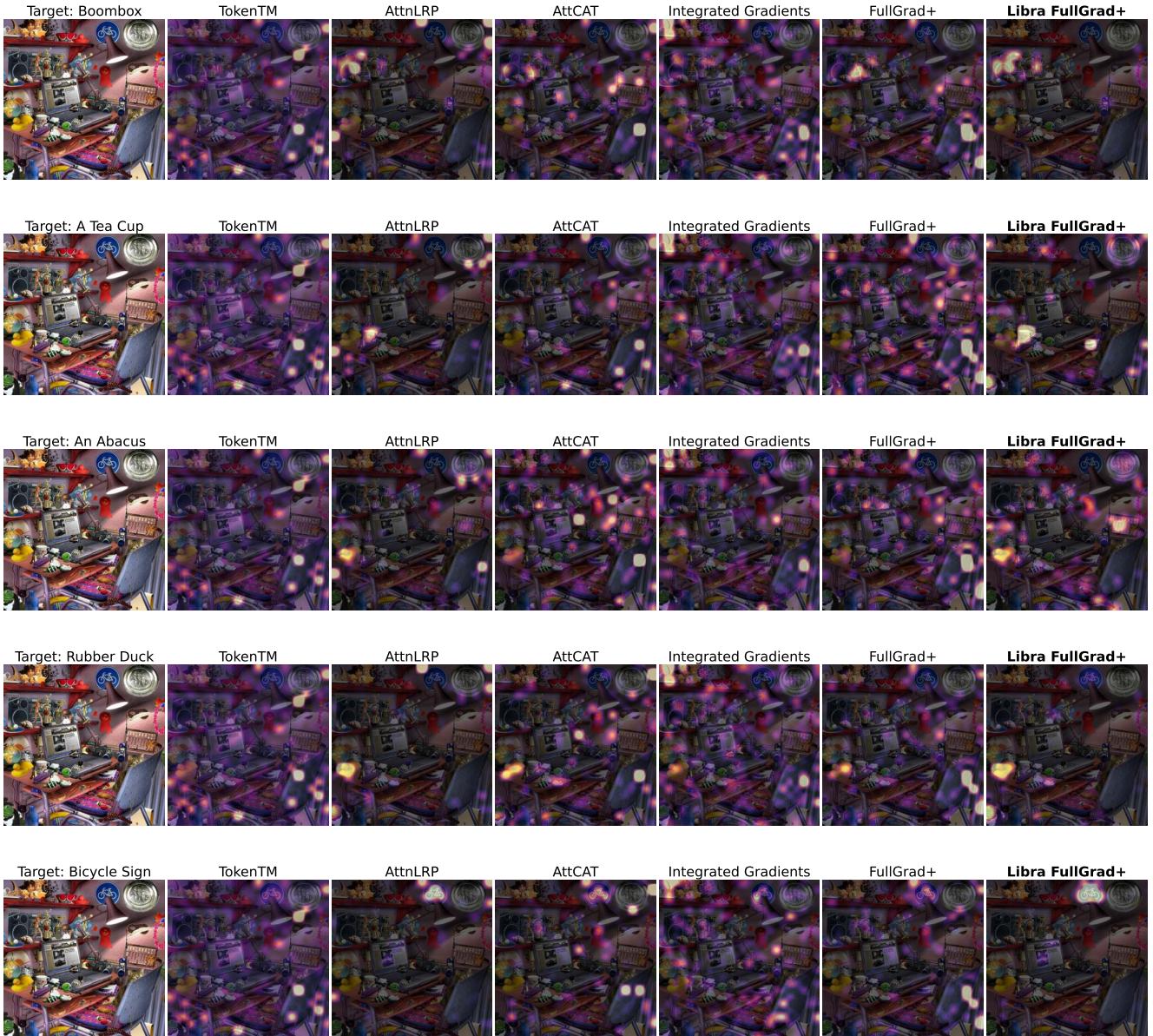








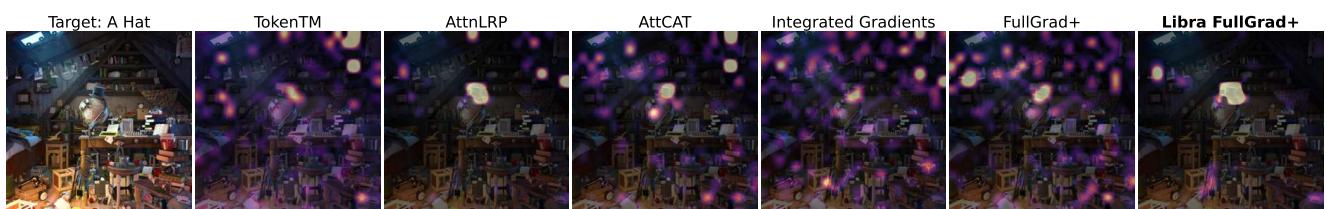


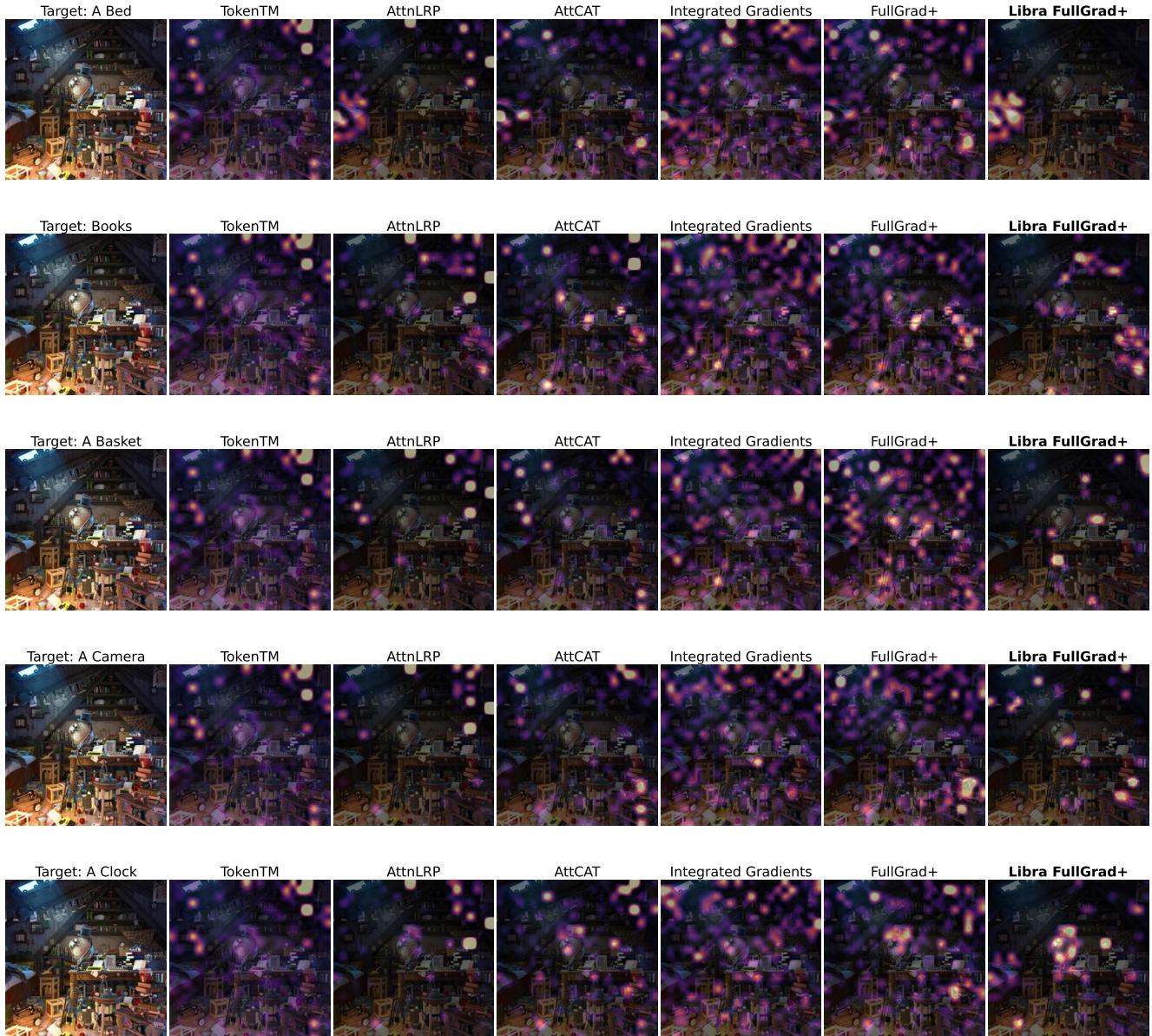


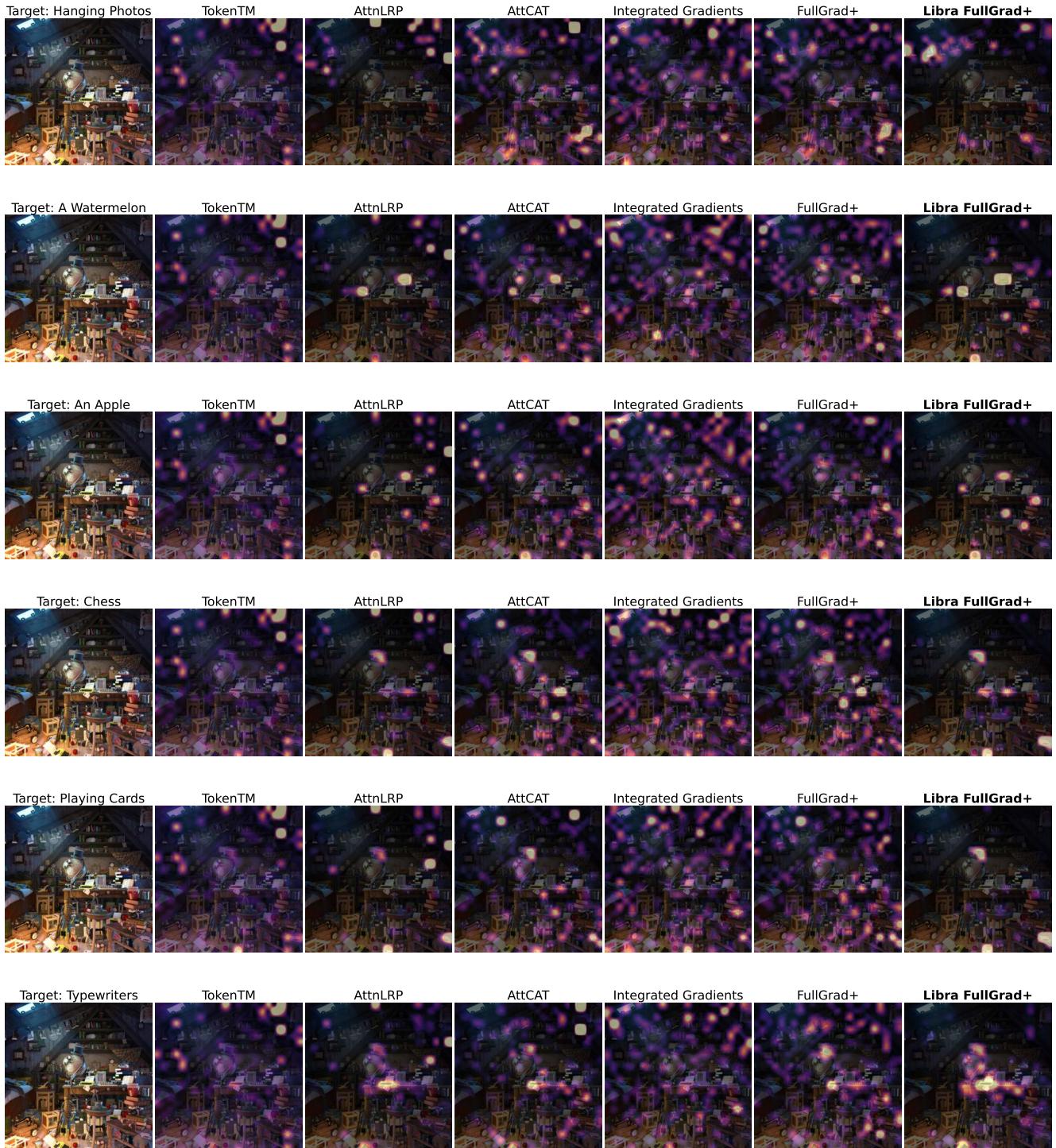


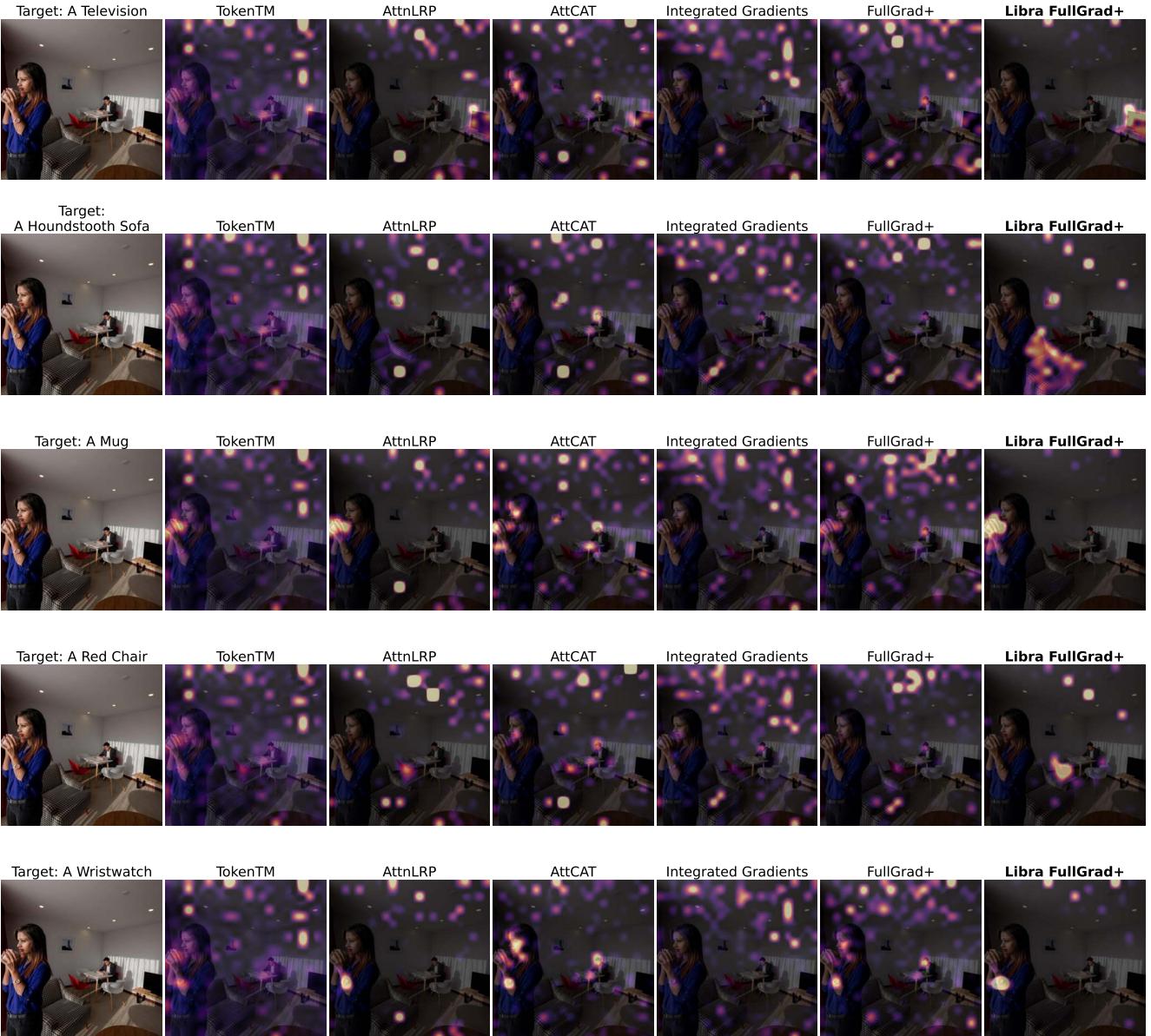




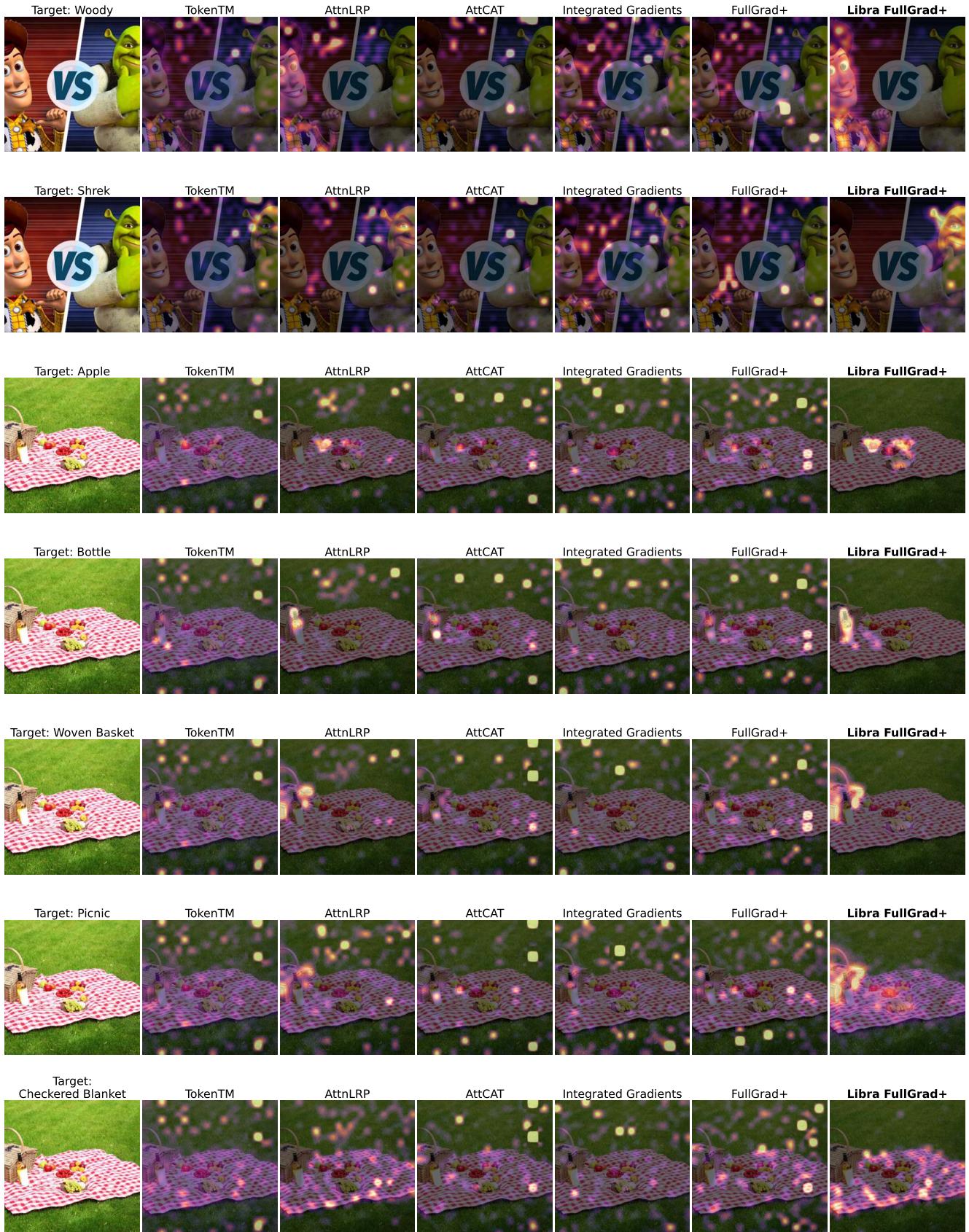


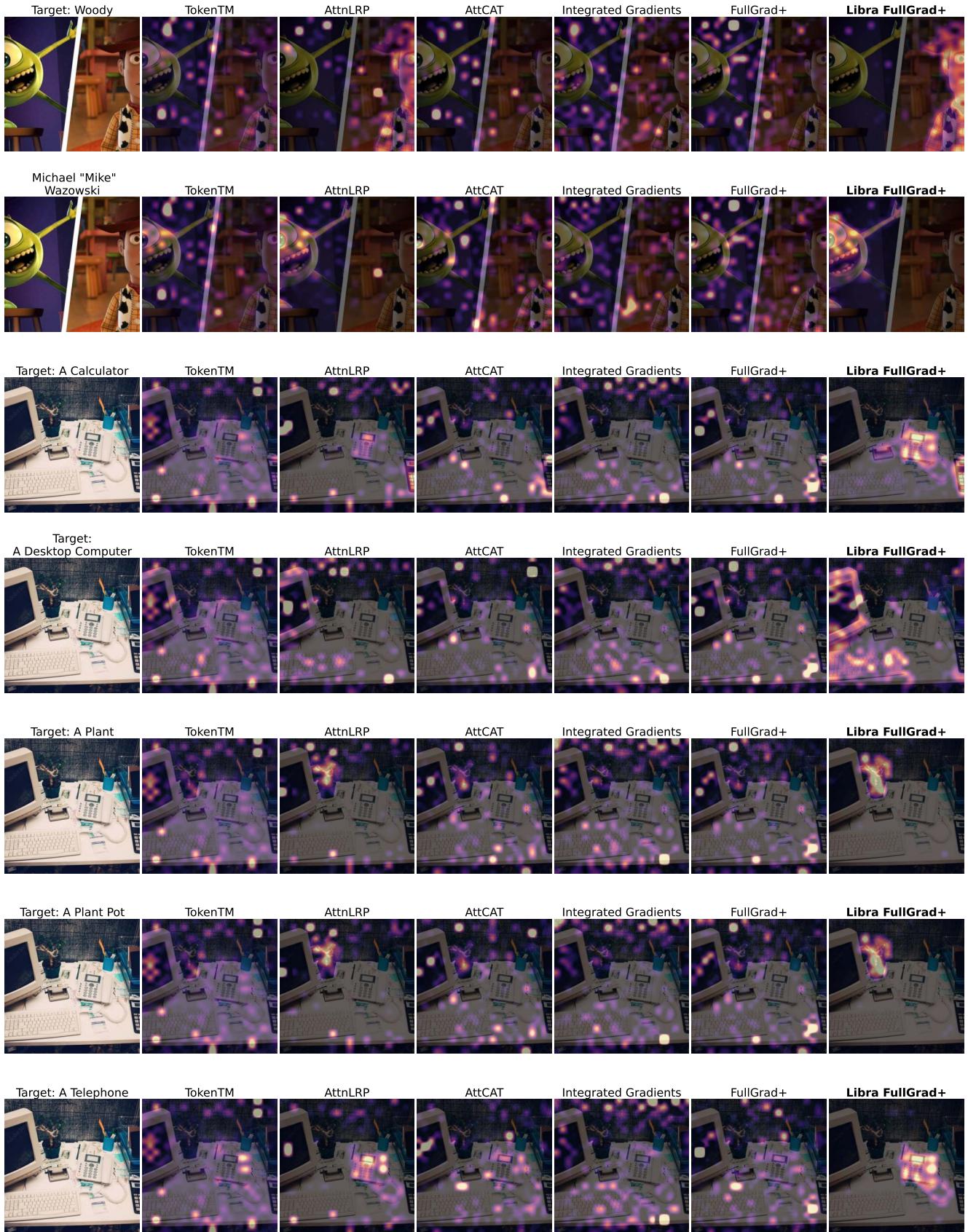


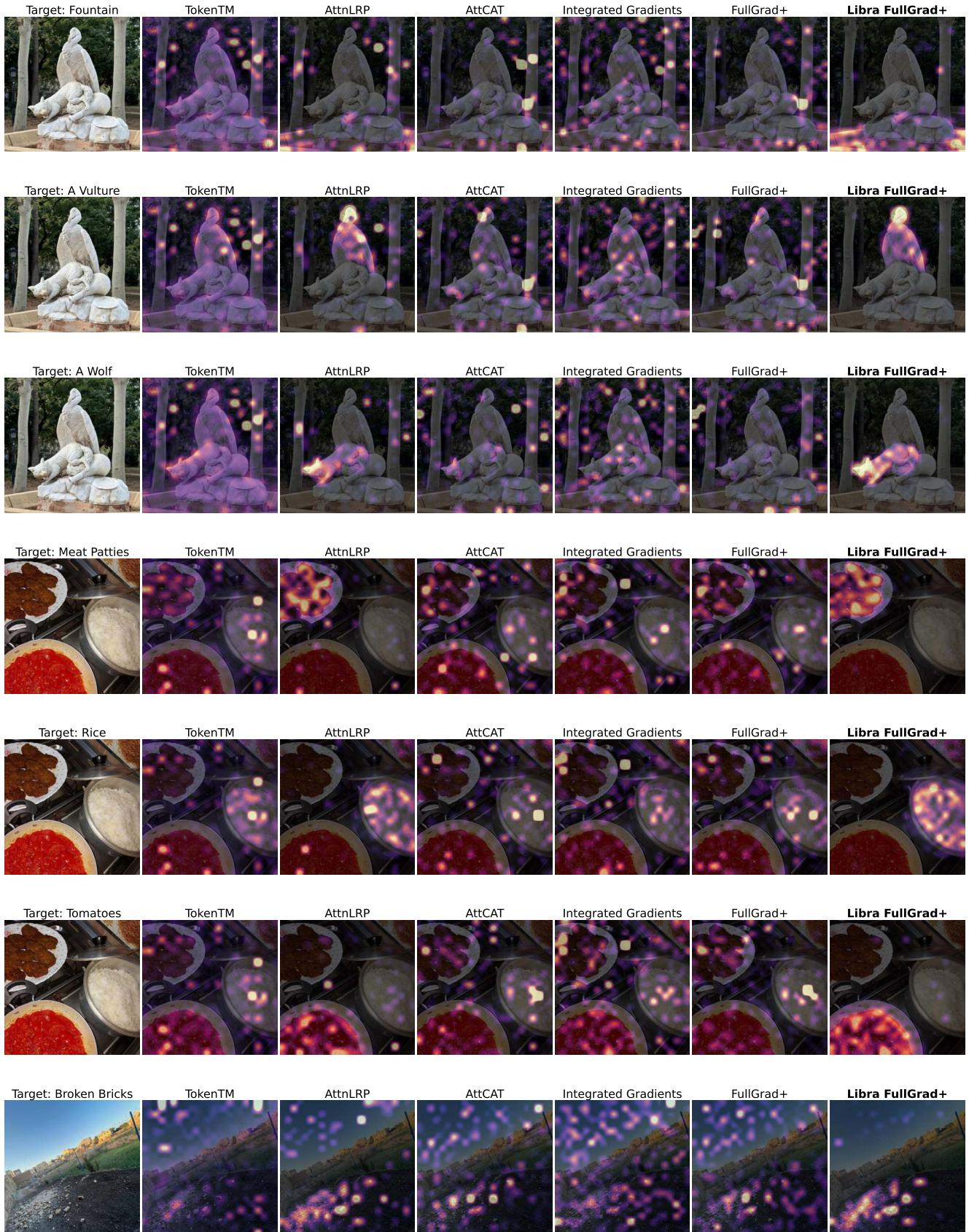








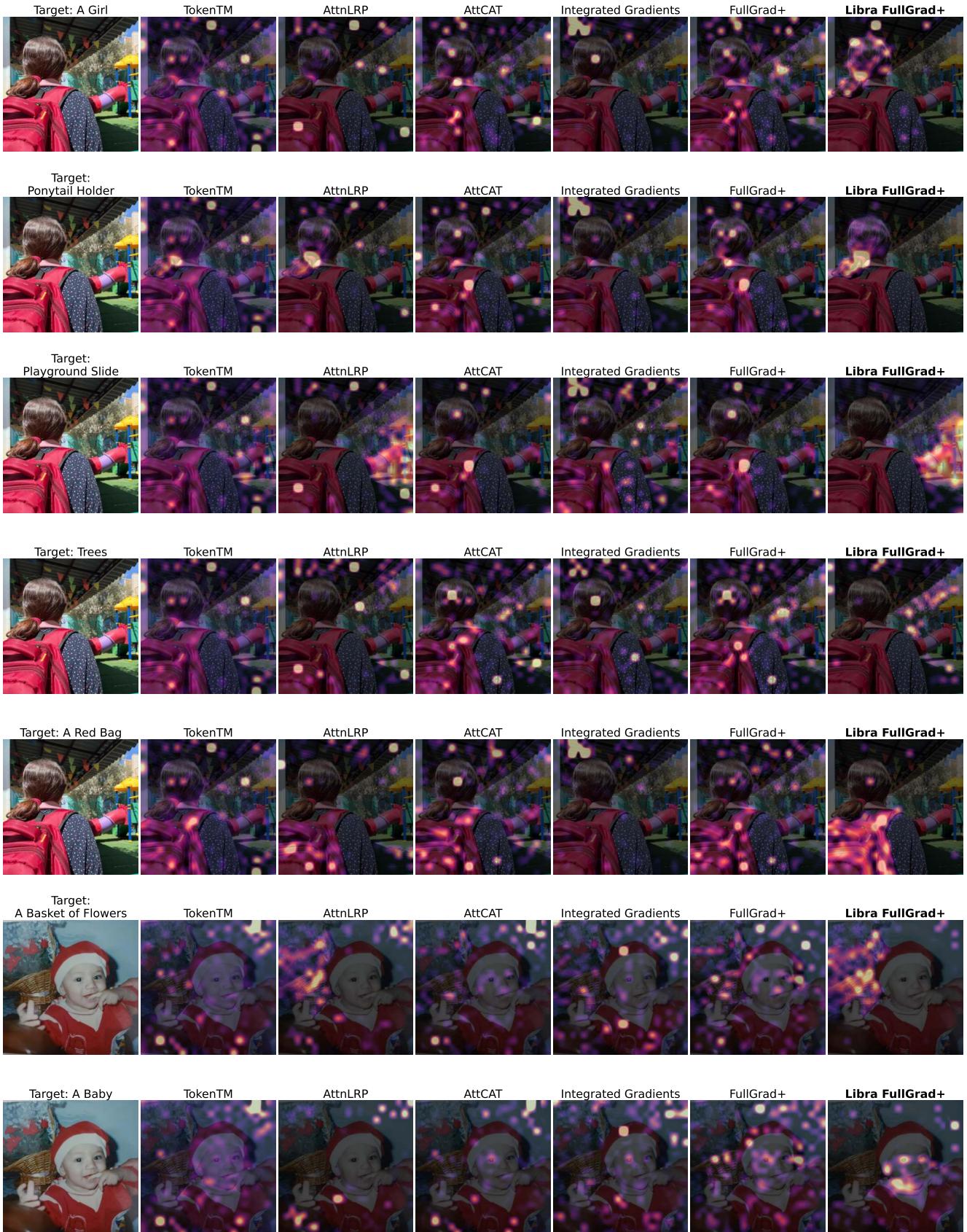


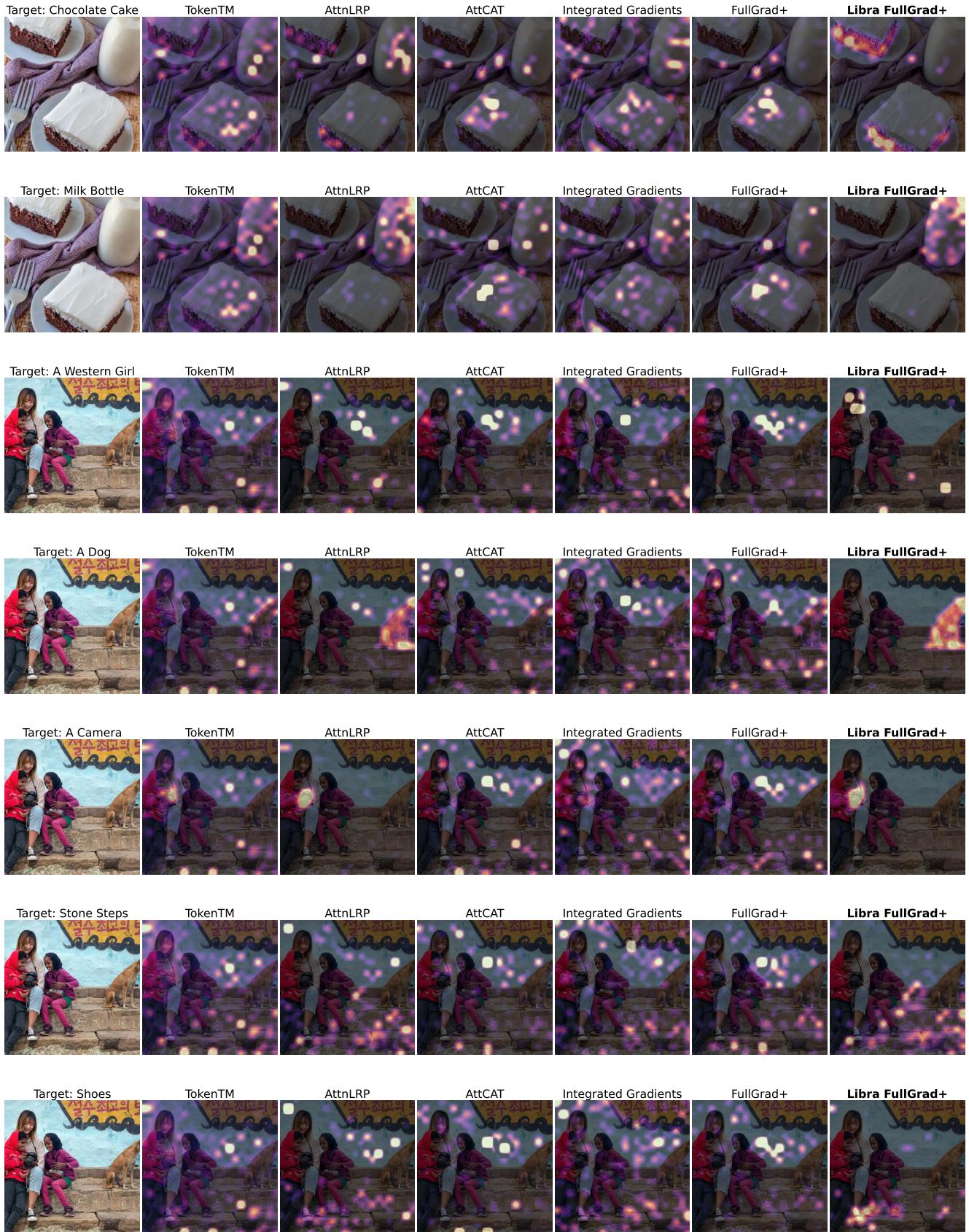




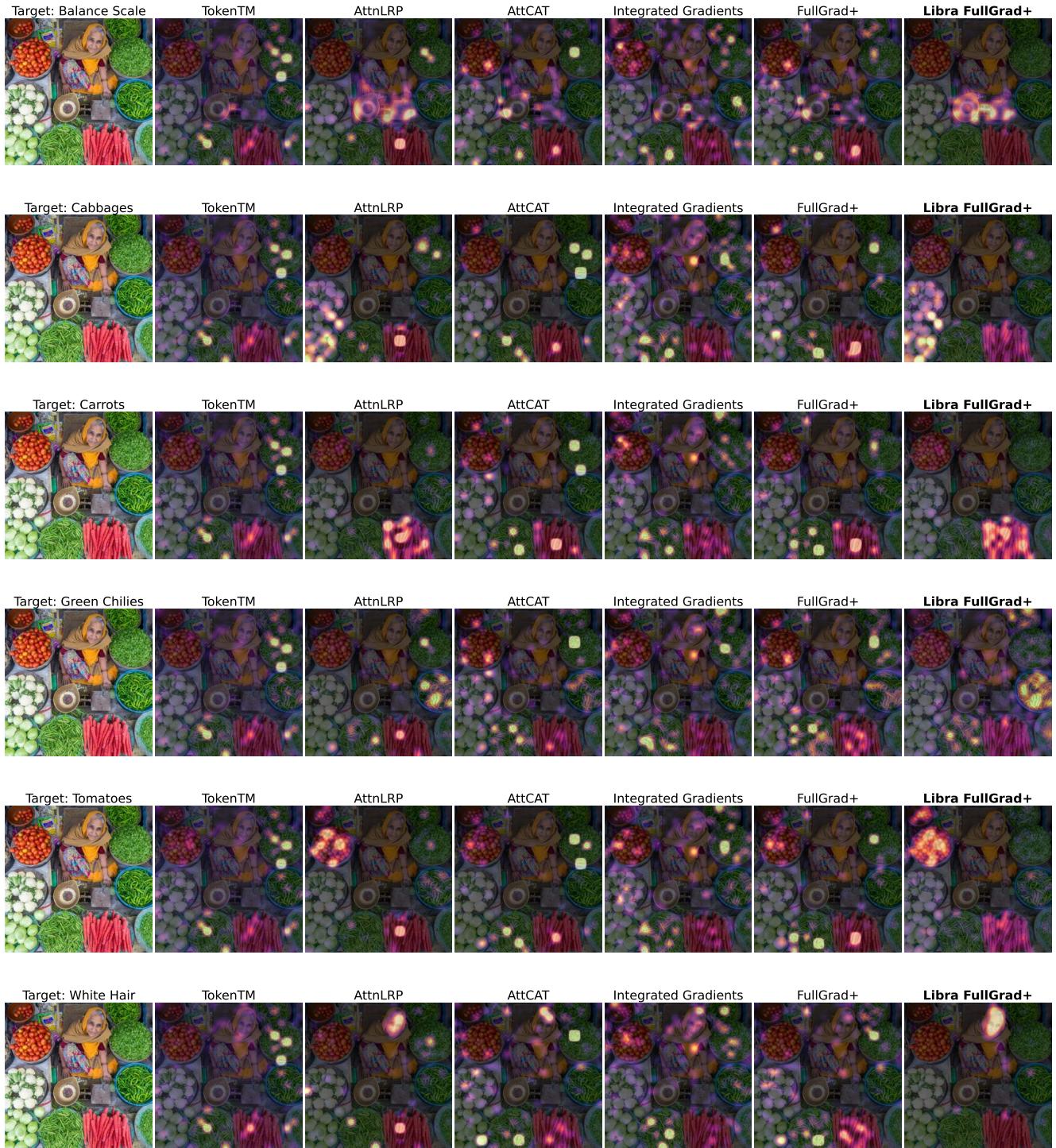






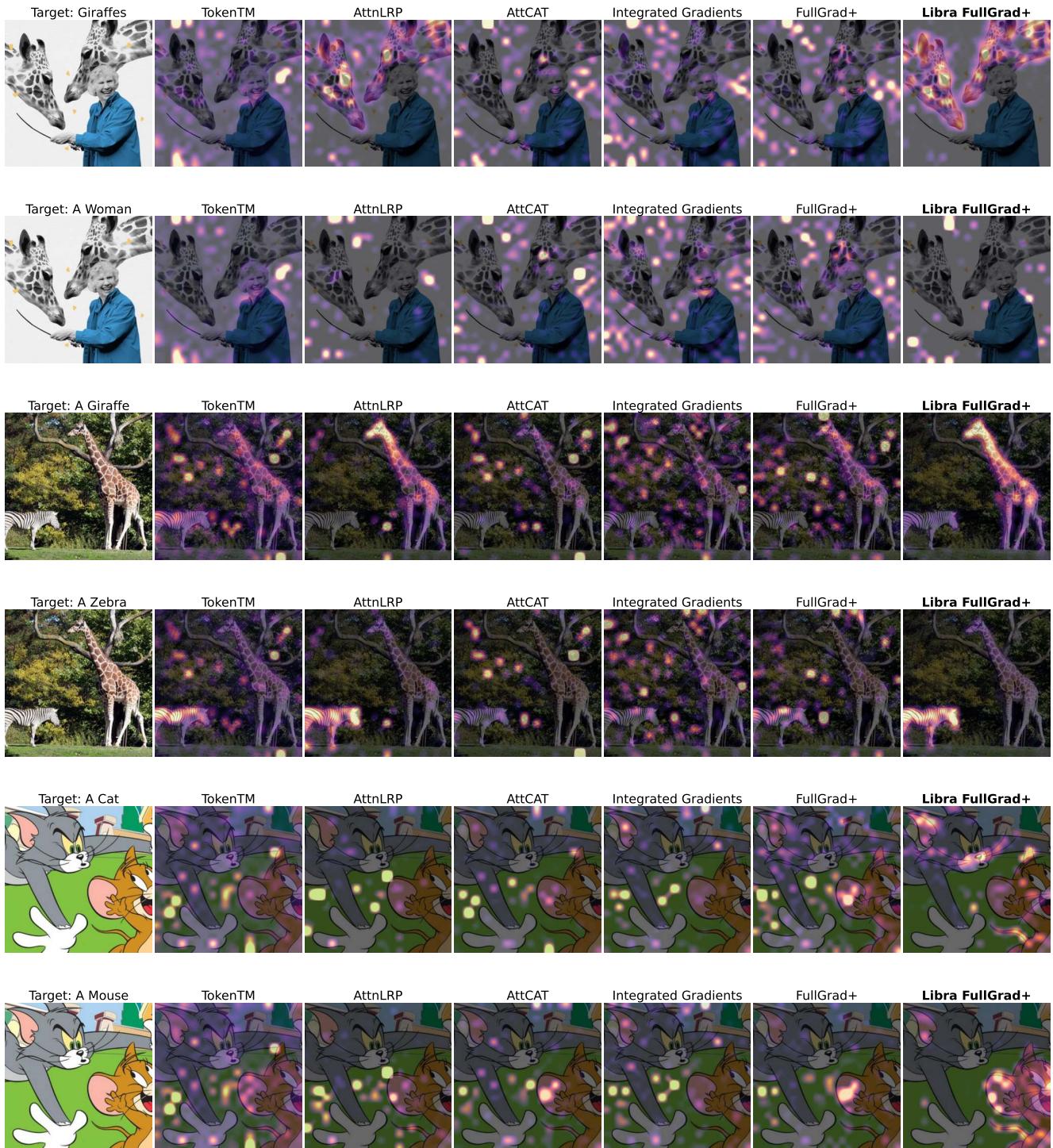


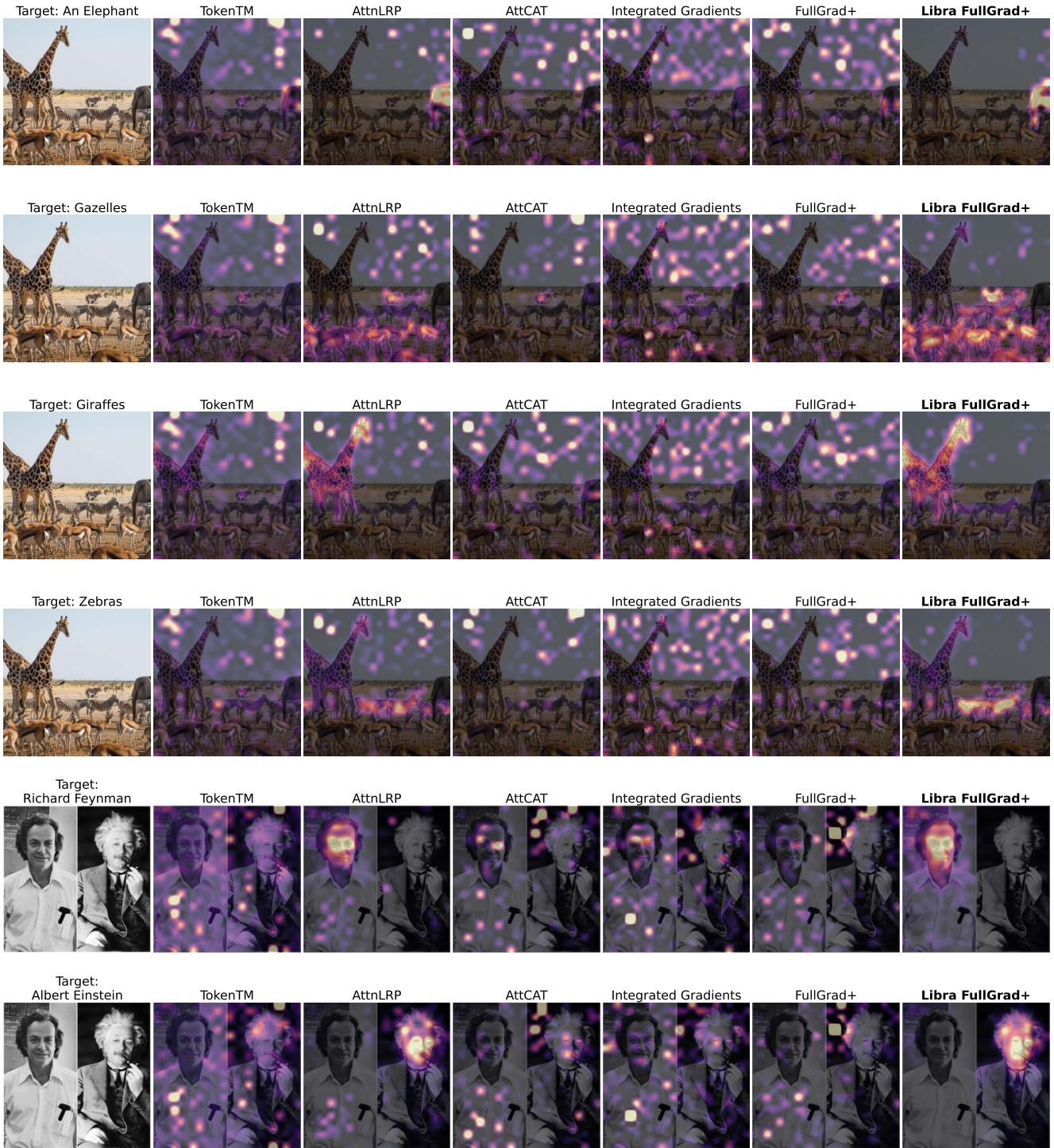




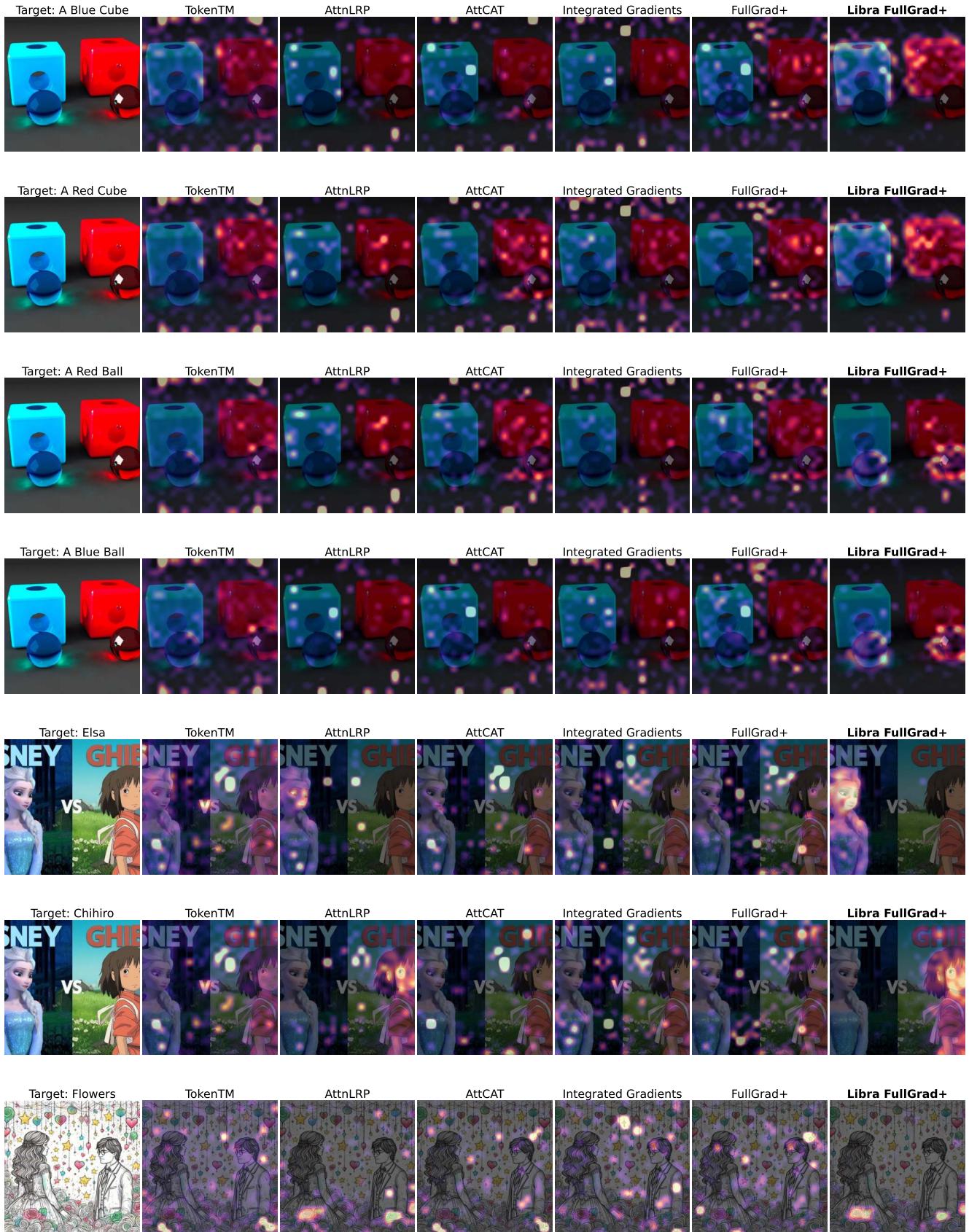


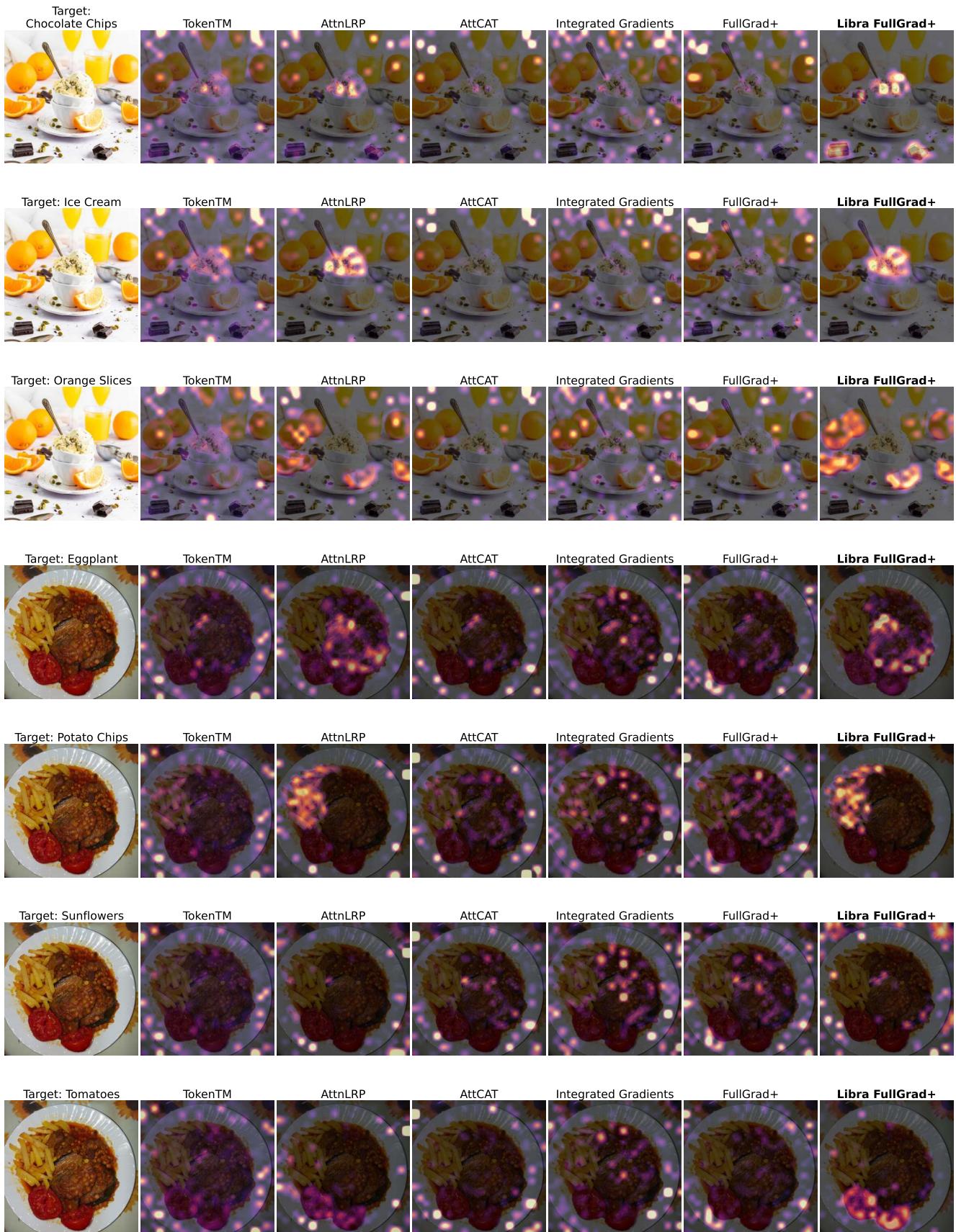


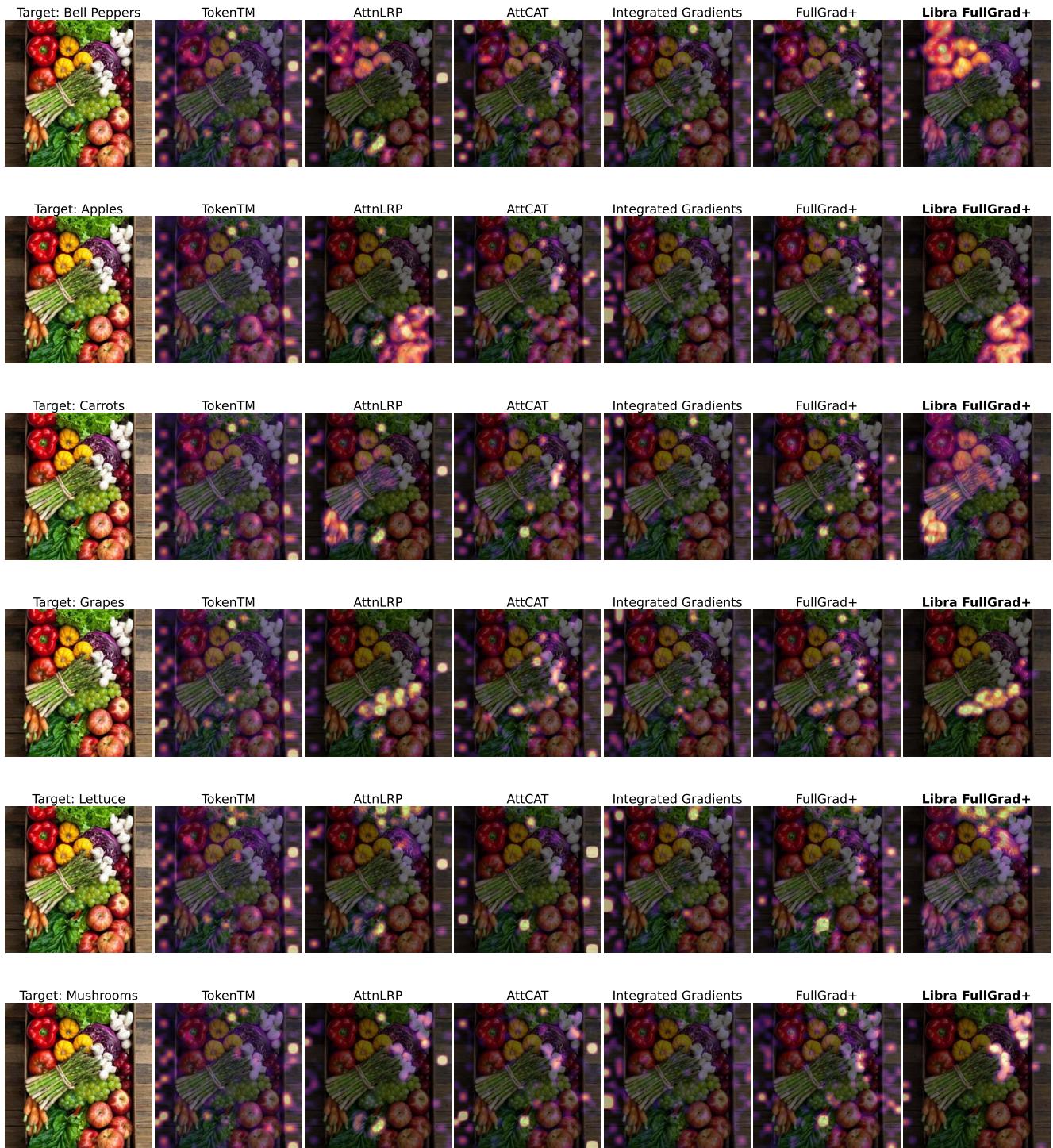


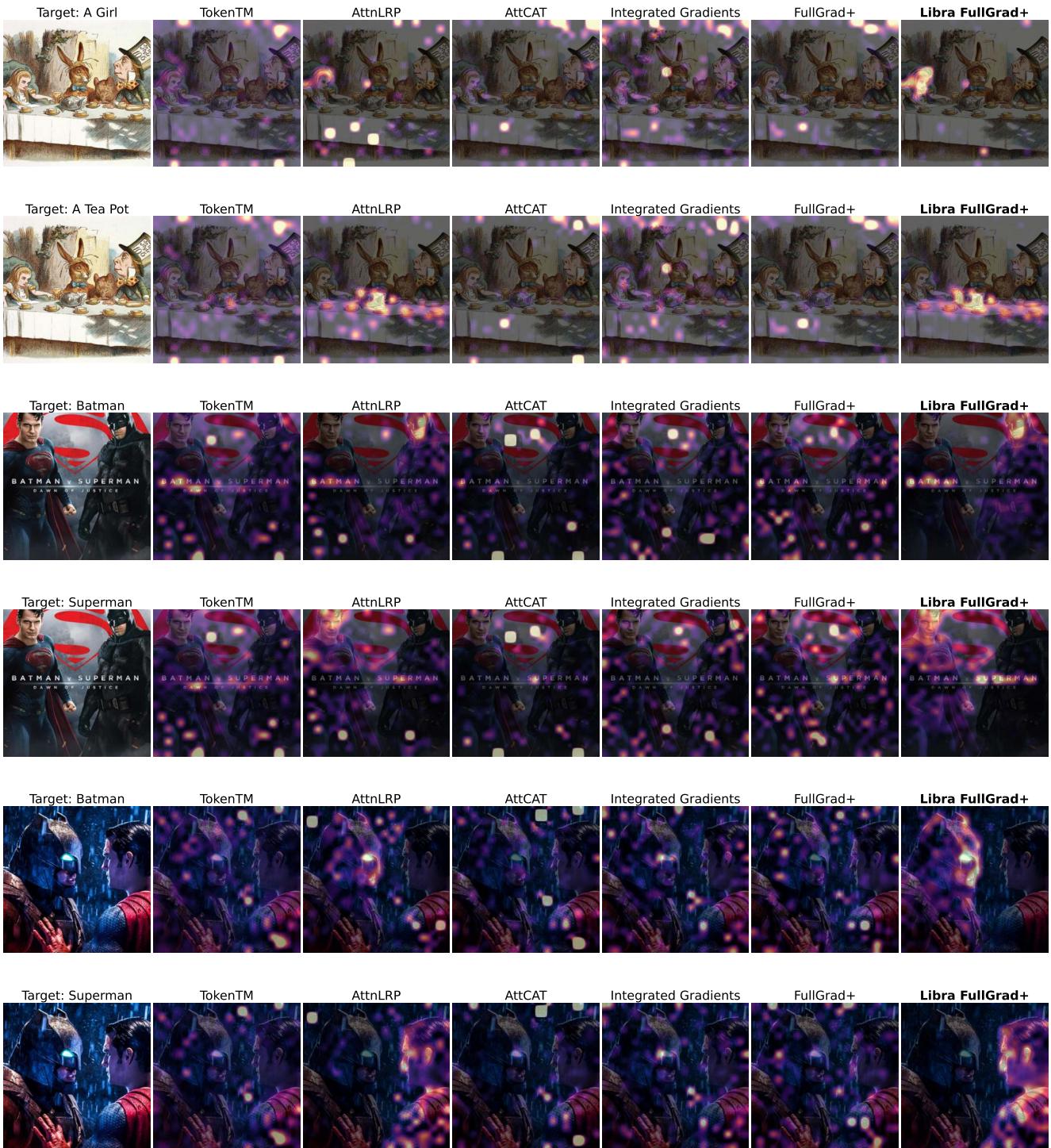


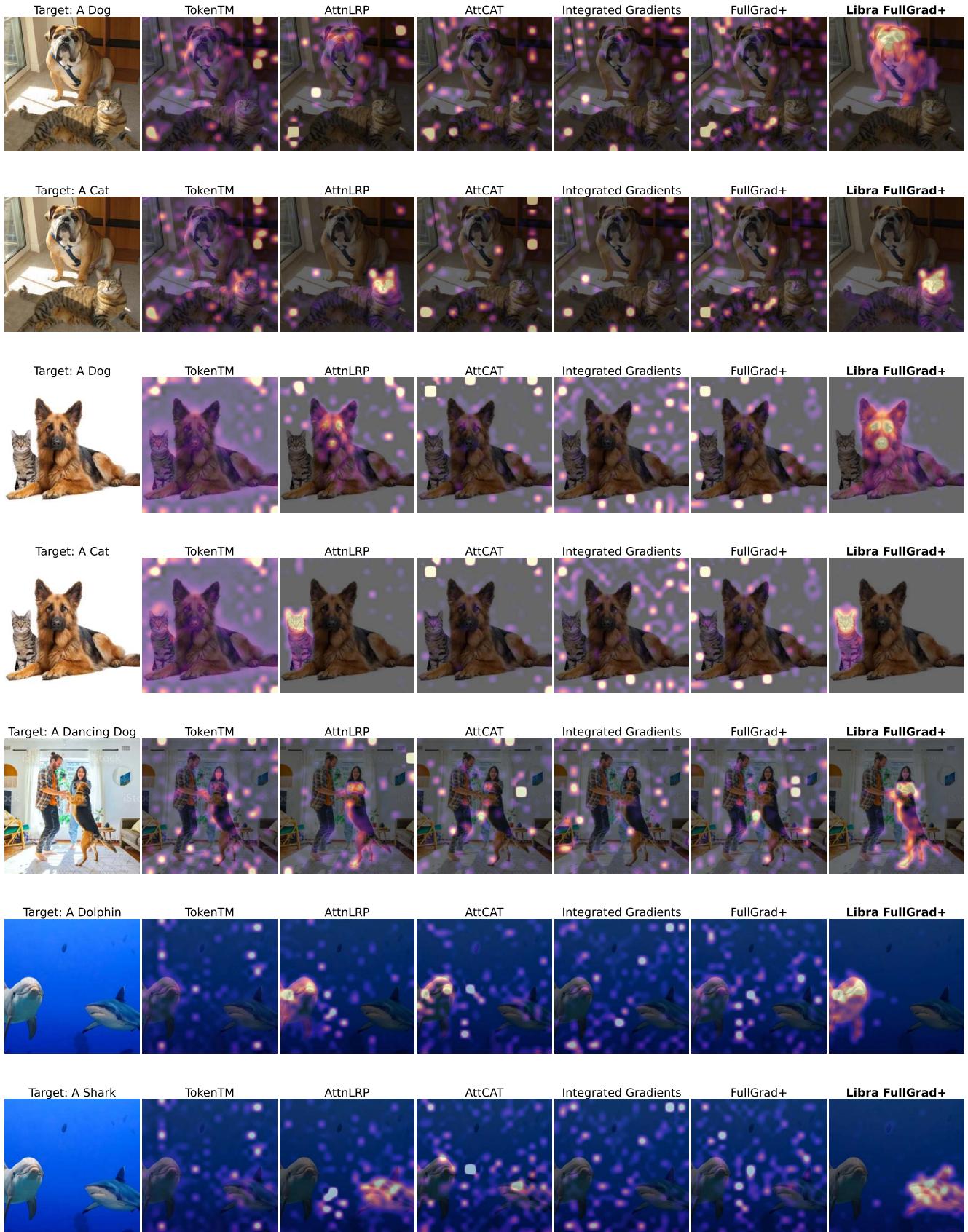










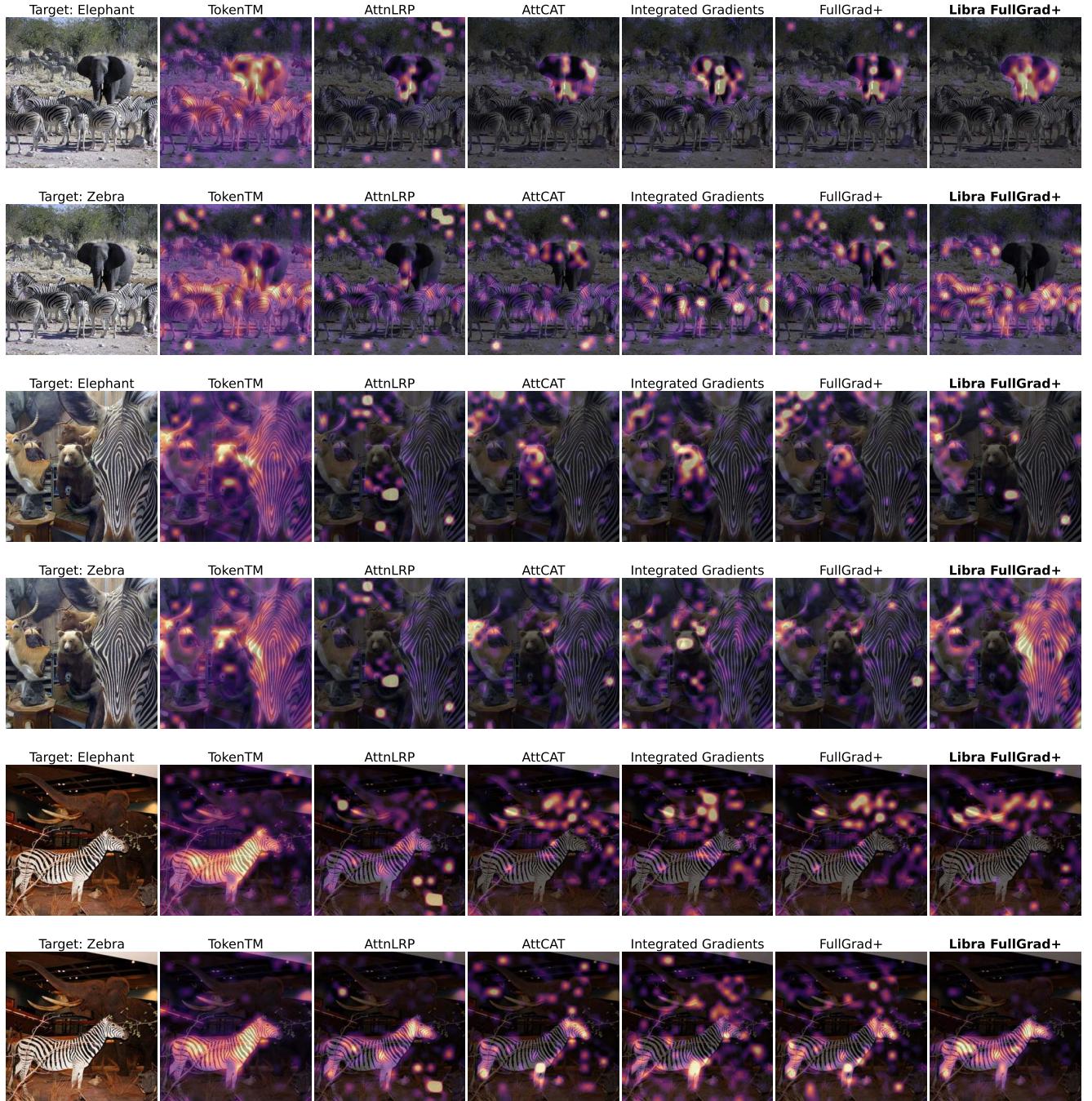


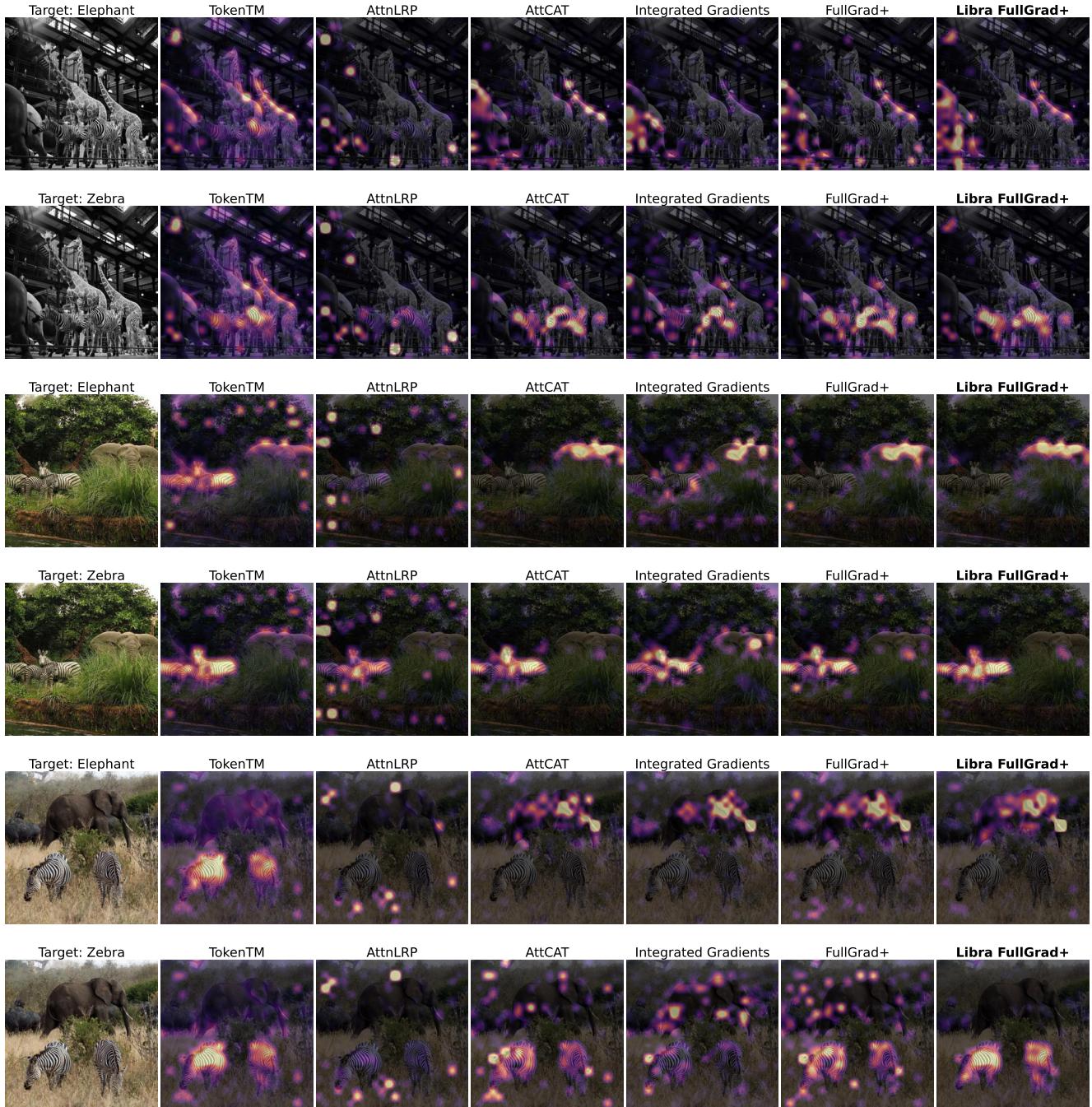


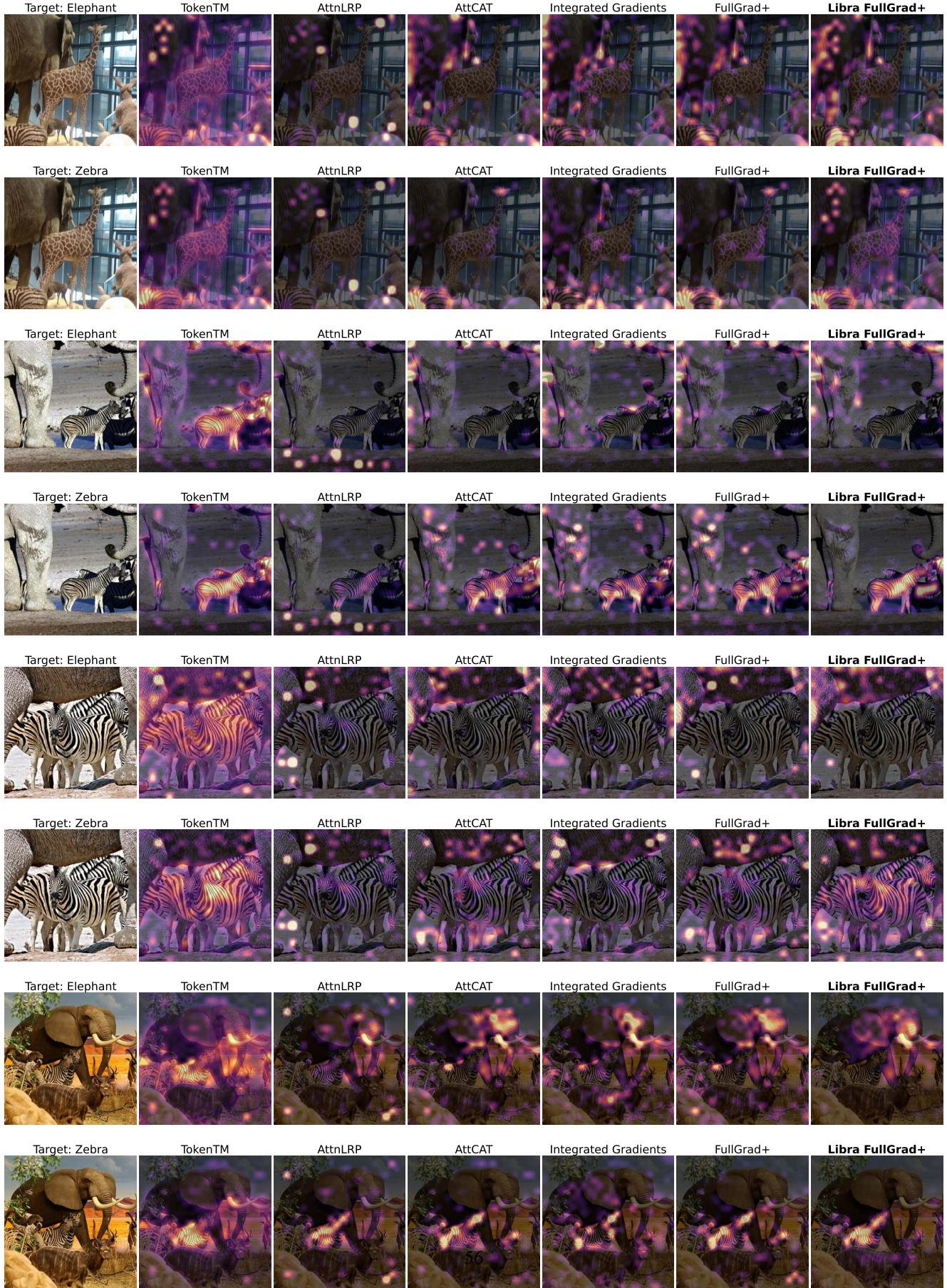
## C.2. A Comparative Study of Elephant-Zebra Multi-Class Attribution on COCO

Following Appendix B.4, we assess attribution methods' ability to generate class-discriminative explanations on ImageNet-finetuned models, focusing on challenging scenes containing co-occurring elephants and zebras.

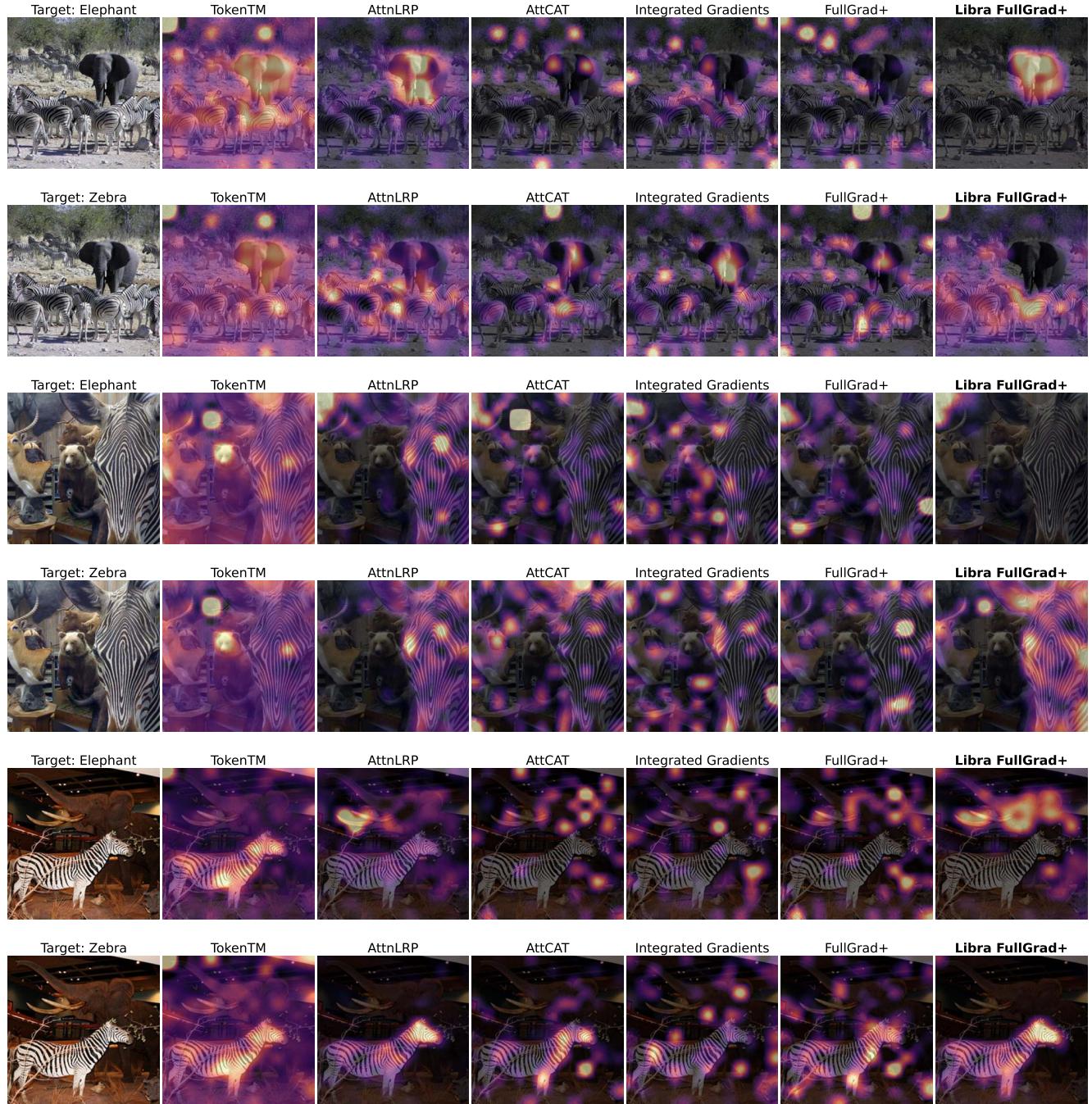
### C.2.1. Elephant-Zebra Qualitative Comparison on ViT-B

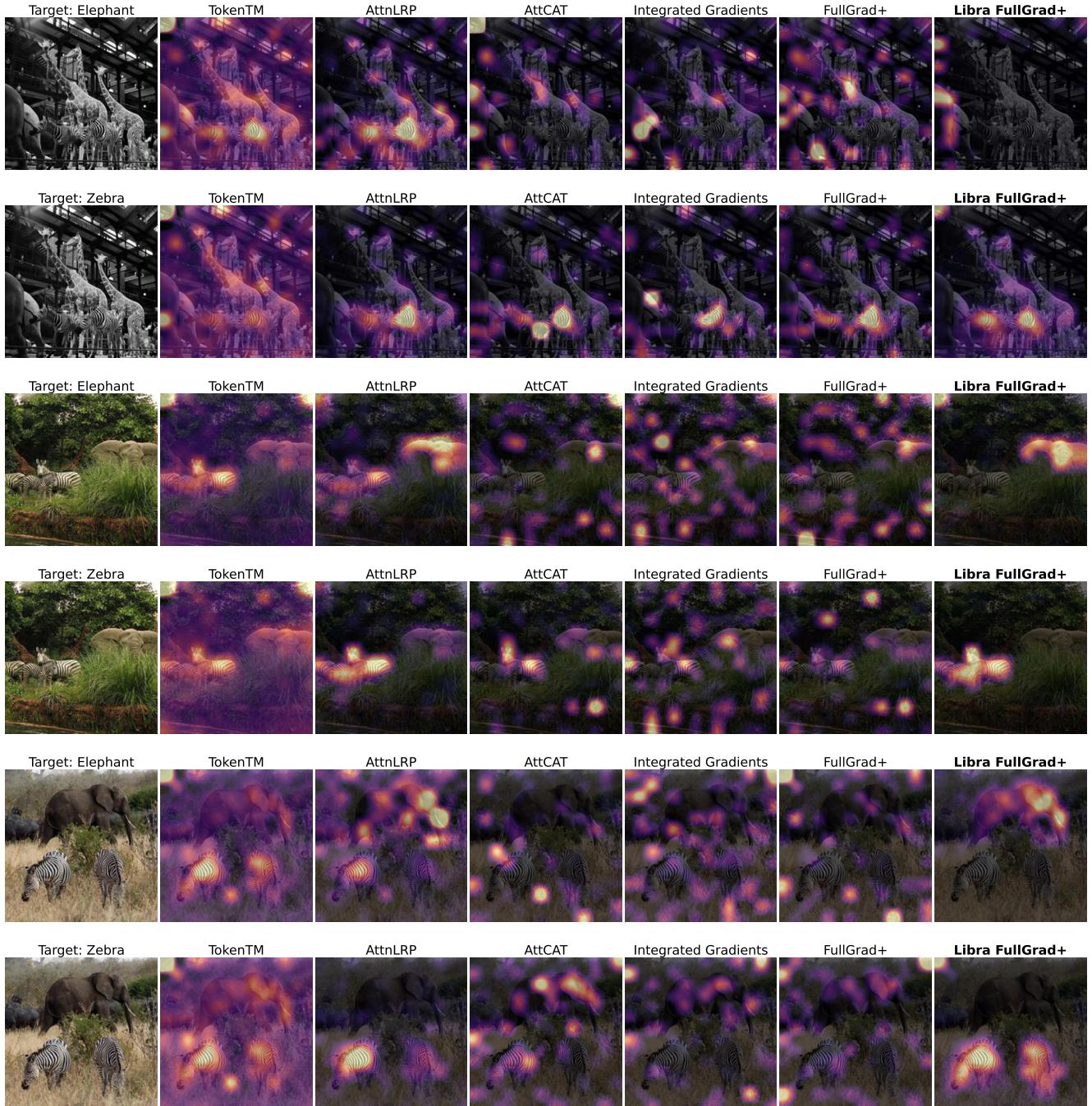


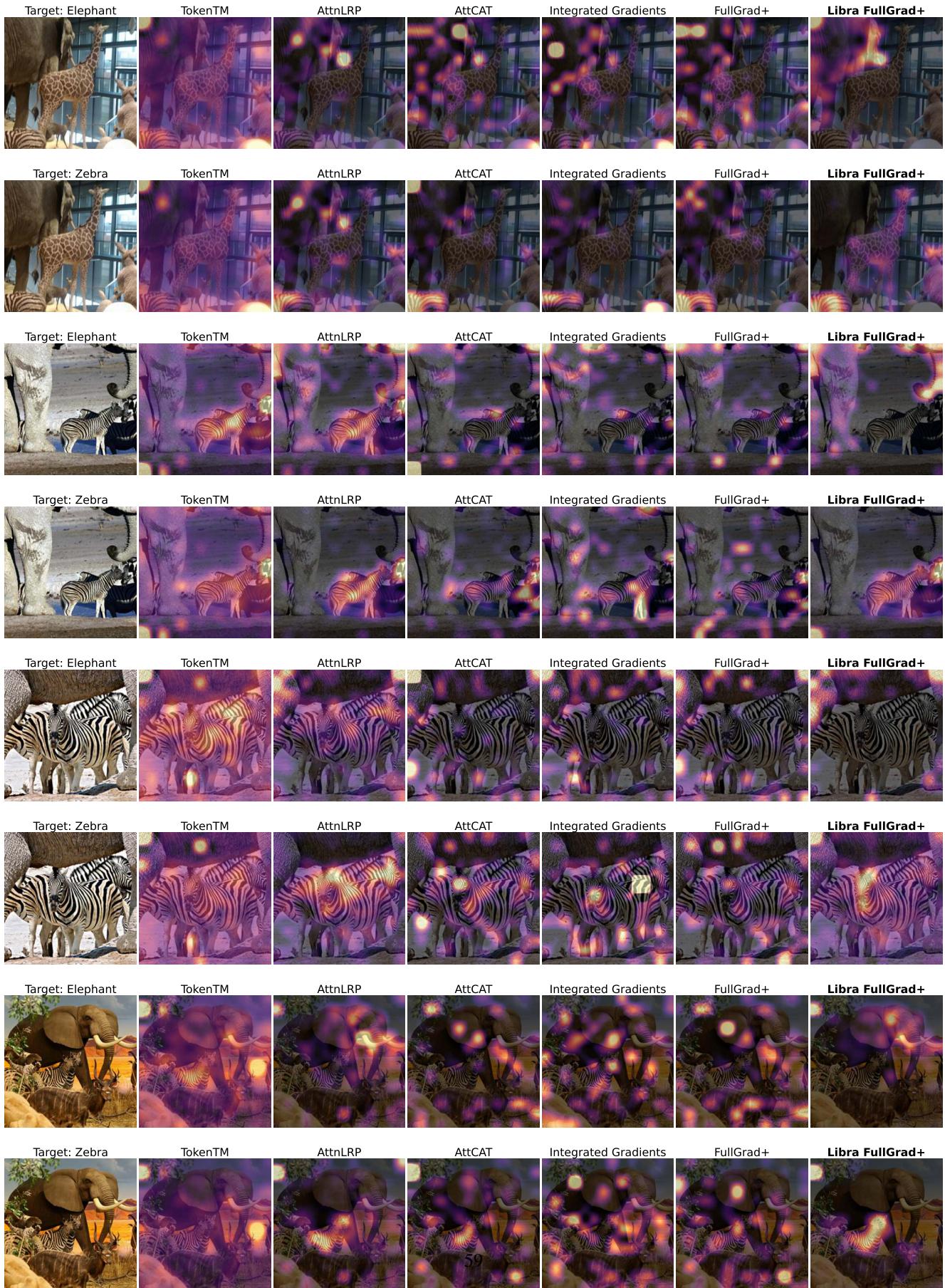




### C.2.2. Elephant-Zebra Qualitative Comparison on BEiT2-L







## D. Quantitative Results

### D.1. Comparison of Compositions With LibraGrad Versus Integrated Gradients

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	36.9 ±0.1	14.1 ±0.2	29.5 ±0.1	15.8 ±0.2	42.0 ±0.4
RawAtt	45.4 ±0.1	22.9 ±0.3	39.1 ±0.1	25.3 ±0.2	40.2 ±0.4
Attention Rollout	39.0 ±0.1	16.5 ±0.3	31.4 ±0.1	18.3 ±0.3	39.9 ±0.3
AliLRP	39.8 ±0.1	17.2 ±0.3	33.2 ±0.1	19.2 ±0.2	42.7 ±0.4
AttnLRP	47.1 ±0.1	24.8 ±0.3	41.8 ±0.1	27.6 ±0.3	47.2 ±0.3
DecompX	44.4 ±0.1	22.6 ±0.3	38.9 ±0.1	25.3 ±0.3	54.2 ±0.3
TokenTM	54.9 ±0.1	31.8 ±0.3	50.0 ±0.1	34.9 ±0.3	50.0 ±0.3
Input × Grad	40.1 ±0.1	17.5 ±0.3	33.9 ±0.1	19.6 ±0.2	43.6 ±0.4
Int. Gradients	46.3 ±0.1 ( <b>+15.4%</b> )	23.1 ±0.3 ( <b>+32.1%</b> )	35.9 ±0.1 ( <b>+6.1%</b> )	21.9 ±0.2 ( <b>+11.6%</b> )	46.6 ±0.3 ( <b>+6.9%</b> )
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>45.9 ±0.1 (<b>+14.4%</b>)</b>	<b>23.4 ±0.3 (<b>+33.5%</b>)</b>	<b>40.5 ±0.1 (<b>+19.6%</b>)</b>	<b>26.1 ±0.3 (<b>+33.1%</b>)</b>	<b>53.6 ±0.3 (<b>+22.9%</b>)</b>
AttCAT	48.7 ±0.1	25.7 ±0.3	44.8 ±0.1	29.0 ±0.3	44.9 ±0.3
Int. AttCAT	53.4 ±0.1 ( <b>+9.7%</b> )	29.3 ±0.3 ( <b>+13.9%</b> )	43.2 ±0.1 ( <b>-3.6%</b> )	27.7 ±0.3 ( <b>-4.2%</b> )	50.3 ±0.3 ( <b>+12.1%</b> )
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>64.7 ±0.1 (<b>+33.0%</b>)</b>	<b>40.5 ±0.3 (<b>+57.3%</b>)</b>	<b>61.3 ±0.1 (<b>+36.9%</b>)</b>	<b>44.5 ±0.3 (<b>+53.6%</b>)</b>	<b>53.3 ±0.3 (<b>+18.8%</b>)</b>
GenAtt	56.4 ±0.1	33.2 ±0.3	51.8 ±0.1	36.5 ±0.3	50.9 ±0.3
Int. GenAtt	52.7 ±0.1 ( <b>-6.6%</b> )	29.3 ±0.4 ( <b>-11.9%</b> )	43.6 ±0.1 ( <b>-15.9%</b> )	28.6 ±0.3 ( <b>-21.5%</b> )	49.1 ±0.3 ( <b>-3.6%</b> )
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>59.7 ±0.1 (<b>+5.9%</b>)</b>	<b>36.2 ±0.3 (<b>+8.9%</b>)</b>	<b>55.4 ±0.1 (<b>+6.8%</b>)</b>	<b>39.6 ±0.3 (<b>+8.7%</b>)</b>	<b>58.6 ±0.3 (<b>+15.1%</b>)</b>
TokenTM	54.9 ±0.1	31.8 ±0.3	50.0 ±0.1	34.9 ±0.3	50.0 ±0.3
Int. TokenTM	53.3 ±0.1 ( <b>-2.8%</b> )	30.3 ±0.3 ( <b>-4.9%</b> )	46.4 ±0.1 ( <b>-7.2%</b> )	31.7 ±0.3 ( <b>-9.3%</b> )	49.5 ±0.3 ( <b>-0.9%</b> )
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>57.3 ±0.1 (<b>+4.5%</b>)</b>	<b>34.2 ±0.3 (<b>+7.4%</b>)</b>	<b>52.5 ±0.1 (<b>+5.0%</b>)</b>	<b>37.4 ±0.3 (<b>+7.1%</b>)</b>	<b>53.9 ±0.3 (<b>+7.9%</b>)</b>
GradCAM+	53.4 ±0.1	30.0 ±0.3	48.6 ±0.1	33.0 ±0.2	52.1 ±0.4
Int. GradCAM+	47.9 ±0.1 ( <b>-10.3%</b> )	24.1 ±0.2 ( <b>-19.8%</b> )	41.4 ±0.1 ( <b>-14.7%</b> )	25.8 ±0.3 ( <b>-21.7%</b> )	50.0 ±0.4 ( <b>-4.0%</b> )
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>60.9 ±0.1 (<b>+14.0%</b>)</b>	<b>36.7 ±0.3 (<b>+22.0%</b>)</b>	<b>56.5 ±0.1 (<b>+16.2%</b>)</b>	<b>40.1 ±0.3 (<b>+21.8%</b>)</b>	<b>60.2 ±0.4 (<b>+15.5%</b>)</b>
HiResCAM	32.7 ±0.1	10.6 ±0.2	25.7 ±0.1	12.2 ±0.2	38.5 ±0.4
Int. HiResCAM	31.2 ±0.1 ( <b>-4.5%</b> )	9.1 ±0.3 ( <b>-14.0%</b> )	26.4 ±0.1 ( <b>+2.8%</b> )	12.4 ±0.2 ( <b>+1.2%</b> )	38.4 ±0.4 ( <b>-0.2%</b> )
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>54.0 ±0.1 (<b>+65.2%</b>)</b>	<b>30.2 ±0.3 (<b>+186.3%</b>)</b>	<b>49.0 ±0.1 (<b>+90.7%</b>)</b>	<b>33.2 ±0.3 (<b>+171.8%</b>)</b>	<b>48.0 ±0.3 (<b>+24.8%</b>)</b>
XGradCAM+	50.9 ±0.1	27.7 ±0.3	45.9 ±0.1	30.5 ±0.3	46.9 ±0.4
Int. XGradCAM+	48.4 ±0.1 ( <b>-4.9%</b> )	24.7 ±0.2 ( <b>-10.7%</b> )	40.2 ±0.1 ( <b>-12.3%</b> )	25.2 ±0.3 ( <b>-17.6%</b> )	48.0 ±0.4 ( <b>+2.4%</b> )
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>63.0 ±0.1 (<b>+23.6%</b>)</b>	<b>38.6 ±0.3 (<b>+39.2%</b>)</b>	<b>58.8 ±0.1 (<b>+28.1%</b>)</b>	<b>42.2 ±0.3 (<b>+38.3%</b>)</b>	<b>60.3 ±0.4 (<b>+28.6%</b>)</b>
FullGrad+	49.1 ±0.1	25.8 ±0.3	45.1 ±0.1	28.9 ±0.3	44.2 ±0.3
Int. FullGrad+	52.5 ±0.1 ( <b>+7.0%</b> )	28.3 ±0.3 ( <b>+9.5%</b> )	42.1 ±0.1 ( <b>-6.6%</b> )	26.6 ±0.3 ( <b>-7.9%</b> )	49.1 ±0.3 ( <b>+11.2%</b> )
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>65.5 ±0.1 (<b>+33.5%</b>)</b>	<b>41.2 ±0.3 (<b>+59.5%</b>)</b>	<b>62.4 ±0.1 (<b>+38.5%</b>)</b>	<b>45.3 ±0.3 (<b>+56.5%</b>)</b>	<b>64.5 ±0.3 (<b>+46.0%</b>)</b>

Table 7. Comparison of gradient-based attribution methods and their compositions with LibraGrad and Integrated Gradients (Int. Gradients, IG) on the ViT-L model. Metrics reported are faithfulness (Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing with LibraGrad universally enhances the performance of existing methods more effectively than composing with IG.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	62.9 ±0.1	85.4 ±0.2	70.2 ±0.1	83.7 ±0.2
RawAtt	60.3 ±0.1	83.3 ±0.2	67.6 ±0.1	81.5 ±0.1
Attention Rollout	61.9 ±0.1	84.1 ±0.2	68.3 ±0.1	81.9 ±0.2
AliLRP	65.4 ±0.1	87.7 ±0.2	72.5 ±0.1	85.9 ±0.2
AttnLRP	70.3 ±0.1	92.9 ±0.2	77.6 ±0.1	91.3 ±0.2
DecompX	68.8 ±0.1	91.0 ±0.2	75.8 ±0.1	89.3 ±0.2
TokenTM	68.9 ±0.1	91.6 ±0.2	77.3 ±0.1	90.3 ±0.2
Input × Grad	65.8 ±0.1	88.4 ±0.2	72.8 ±0.1	86.7 ±0.1
Int. Gradients	71.1 ±0.1 (+8.1%)	93.3 ±0.2 (+5.5%)	73.5 ±0.1 (+0.9%)	88.4 ±0.2 (+1.9%)
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>70.1 ±0.1 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>92.0 ±0.2 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>76.7 ±0.1 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>90.2 ±0.2 (+4.0%)</b>
AttCAT	71.8 ±0.1	94.3 ±0.2	77.5 ±0.1	92.6 ±0.2
Int. AttCAT	75.2 ±0.1 (+4.8%)	97.5 ±0.2 (+3.5%)	76.6 ±0.1 (-1.1%)	92.2 ±0.2 (-0.5%)
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>76.3 ±0.1 (+6.2%)</b>	<b>98.5 ±0.2 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>82.2 ±0.1 (+6.1%)</b>	<b>97.1 ±0.2 (+4.8%)</b>
GenAtt	70.0 ±0.1	92.8 ±0.2	78.2 ±0.1	91.5 ±0.2
Int. GenAtt	69.3 ±0.1 (-1.0%)	91.7 ±0.2 (-1.1%)	74.6 ±0.1 (-4.5%)	88.0 ±0.2 (-3.8%)
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>70.9 ±0.1 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>93.2 ±0.2 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>78.8 ±0.1 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>92.0 ±0.2 (+0.5%)</b>
TokenTM	68.9 ±0.1	91.6 ±0.2	77.3 ±0.1	90.3 ±0.2
Int. TokenTM	69.0 ±0.1 (+0.2%)	91.5 ±0.2 (-0.1%)	76.1 ±0.1 (-1.5%)	89.0 ±0.2 (-1.4%)
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>69.4 ±0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>92.1 ±0.2 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>77.8 ±0.1 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>90.8 ±0.2 (+0.6%)</b>
GradCAM+	70.5 ±0.1	92.9 ±0.2	76.8 ±0.1	91.0 ±0.2
Int. GradCAM+	69.0 ±0.1 (-2.2%)	91.0 ±0.2 (-2.1%)	73.2 ±0.1 (-4.7%)	87.6 ±0.2 (-3.7%)
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>72.6 ±0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>94.4 ±0.2 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>79.1 ±0.1 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>92.7 ±0.2 (+1.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	53.6 ±0.1	76.7 ±0.2	59.3 ±0.1	74.2 ±0.3
Int. HiResCAM	50.7 ±0.1 (-5.5%)	74.3 ±0.3 (-3.2%)	60.4 ±0.1 (+1.9%)	75.0 ±0.3 (+1.0%)
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>67.4 ±0.1 (+25.7%)</b>	<b>90.0 ±0.2 (+17.3%)</b>	<b>73.8 ±0.1 (+24.4%)</b>	<b>88.0 ±0.2 (+18.6%)</b>
XGradCAM+	69.5 ±0.1	92.1 ±0.2	75.7 ±0.1	90.1 ±0.2
Int. XGradCAM+	69.1 ±0.1 (-0.6%)	91.1 ±0.2 (-1.0%)	72.2 ±0.1 (-4.7%)	86.8 ±0.2 (-3.7%)
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>73.5 ±0.1 (+5.7%)</b>	<b>95.3 ±0.2 (+3.5%)</b>	<b>80.0 ±0.1 (+5.6%)</b>	<b>93.7 ±0.2 (+3.9%)</b>
FullGrad+	71.5 ±0.1	93.8 ±0.2	76.8 ±0.1	91.8 ±0.2
Int. FullGrad+	74.8 ±0.1 (+4.7%)	97.1 ±0.2 (+3.5%)	76.0 ±0.1 (-1.0%)	91.5 ±0.2 (-0.4%)
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>76.8 ±0.1 (+7.5%)</b>	<b>98.9 ±0.2 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>82.6 ±0.1 (+7.6%)</b>	<b>97.4 ±0.2 (+6.0%)</b>

Table 8. Comparison of gradient-based attribution methods and their compositions with LibraGrad and IG on the ViT-L model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	49.7 $\pm$ 0.2	49.8 $\pm$ 0.1	49.8 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	52.9 $\pm$ 0.1	53.1 $\pm$ 0.2	53.3 $\pm$ 0.1	53.4 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	50.4 $\pm$ 0.1	50.3 $\pm$ 0.3	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	50.1 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	52.6 $\pm$ 0.1	52.4 $\pm$ 0.2	52.8 $\pm$ 0.1	52.5 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	58.7 $\pm$ 0.1	58.8 $\pm$ 0.3	59.7 $\pm$ 0.1	59.5 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	56.6 $\pm$ 0.1	56.8 $\pm$ 0.3	57.4 $\pm$ 0.1	57.3 $\pm$ 0.2
TokenTM	61.9 $\pm$ 0.1	61.7 $\pm$ 0.3	63.6 $\pm$ 0.1	62.6 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	53.0 $\pm$ 0.1	53.0 $\pm$ 0.2	53.3 $\pm$ 0.1	53.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Int. Gradients	58.7 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+10.9%</b> )	58.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+9.9%</b> )	54.7 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+2.6%</b> )	55.1 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+3.7%</b> )
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	58.0 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+9.5%</b> )	57.7 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+8.9%</b> )	58.6 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+9.9%</b> )	58.2 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+9.4%</b> )
AttCAT	60.2 $\pm$ 0.1	60.0 $\pm$ 0.2	61.2 $\pm$ 0.1	60.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Int. AttCAT	64.3 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+6.8%</b> )	63.4 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+5.7%</b> )	59.9 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-2.0%</b> )	60.0 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>-1.4%</b> )
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	70.5 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+17.0%</b> )	69.5 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+15.8%</b> )	71.8 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+17.4%</b> )	70.8 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+16.4%</b> )
GenAtt	63.2 $\pm$ 0.1	63.0 $\pm$ 0.2	65.0 $\pm$ 0.1	64.0 $\pm$ 0.2
Int. GenAtt	61.0 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-3.5%</b> )	60.5 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>-4.0%</b> )	59.1 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-9.1%</b> )	58.3 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>-8.9%</b> )
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	65.3 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+3.3%</b> )	64.7 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+2.7%</b> )	67.1 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+3.2%</b> )	65.8 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+2.8%</b> )
TokenTM	61.9 $\pm$ 0.1	61.7 $\pm$ 0.3	63.6 $\pm$ 0.1	62.6 $\pm$ 0.2
Int. TokenTM	61.2 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-1.1%</b> )	60.9 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>-1.3%</b> )	61.2 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-3.7%</b> )	60.3 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>-3.6%</b> )
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	63.4 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+2.4%</b> )	63.1 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+2.3%</b> )	65.2 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+2.4%</b> )	64.1 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+2.4%</b> )
GradCAM+	62.0 $\pm$ 0.1	61.5 $\pm$ 0.3	62.7 $\pm$ 0.1	62.0 $\pm$ 0.2
Int. GradCAM+	58.5 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-5.7%</b> )	57.5 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>-6.4%</b> )	57.3 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-8.6%</b> )	56.7 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>-8.5%</b> )
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	66.7 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+7.7%</b> )	65.5 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+6.6%</b> )	67.8 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+8.1%</b> )	66.4 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+7.2%</b> )
HiResCAM	43.2 $\pm$ 0.1	43.6 $\pm$ 0.2	42.5 $\pm$ 0.1	43.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Int. HiResCAM	41.0 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-5.1%</b> )	41.7 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>-4.5%</b> )	43.4 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+2.2%</b> )	43.7 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+1.0%</b> )
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	60.7 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+40.7%</b> )	60.1 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+37.7%</b> )	61.4 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+44.4%</b> )	60.6 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+40.3%</b> )
XGradCAM+	60.2 $\pm$ 0.1	59.9 $\pm$ 0.3	60.8 $\pm$ 0.1	60.3 $\pm$ 0.2
Int. XGradCAM+	58.8 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-2.4%</b> )	57.9 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>-3.3%</b> )	56.2 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-7.5%</b> )	56.0 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>-7.2%</b> )
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	68.2 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+13.3%</b> )	66.9 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+11.8%</b> )	69.4 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+14.1%</b> )	68.0 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+12.6%</b> )
FullGrad+	60.3 $\pm$ 0.1	59.8 $\pm$ 0.2	60.9 $\pm$ 0.1	60.4 $\pm$ 0.2
Int. FullGrad+	63.7 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+5.6%</b> )	62.7 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+4.8%</b> )	59.1 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>-3.1%</b> )	59.0 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>-2.2%</b> )
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	71.2 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+18.1%</b> )	70.0 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+17.1%</b> )	72.5 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+19.0%</b> )	71.3 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+18.1%</b> )

Table 9. Comparison of gradient-based attribution methods and their compositions with LibraGrad and IG on the ViT-L model.

## D.2. Across Models

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	29.5 ± 0.1	21.2 ± 0.1	18.3 ± 0.1	19.2 ± 0.1	32.8 ± 0.1	28.0 ± 0.1	29.0 ± 0.1	25.4 ± 0.1
RawAtt	39.1 ± 0.1	50.8 ± 0.1	29.5 ± 0.1	41.7 ± 0.1	-	42.5 ± 0.1	52.0 ± 0.1	42.6 ± 0.1
Attention Rollout	31.4 ± 0.1	41.1 ± 0.1	19.7 ± 0.1	23.2 ± 0.1	-	41.3 ± 0.1	31.2 ± 0.1	31.3 ± 0.1
AliLRP	33.2 ± 0.1	48.0 ± 0.1	26.2 ± 0.1	24.9 ± 0.1	55.4 ± 0.1	34.4 ± 0.1	56.3 ± 0.1	39.8 ± 0.1
AttnLRP	41.8 ± 0.1	63.5 ± 0.1	37.7 ± 0.1	21.8 ± 0.1	62.2 ± 0.1	46.7 ± 0.1	40.7 ± 0.1	44.9 ± 0.1
DecompX	38.9 ± 0.1	46.8 ± 0.1	31.7 ± 0.1	35.5 ± 0.1	51.1 ± 0.1	42.4 ± 0.1	47.2 ± 0.1	42.0 ± 0.1
Integrated Gradients	35.9 ± 0.1	34.8 ± 0.1	23.2 ± 0.1	22.3 ± 0.1	44.0 ± 0.1	31.0 ± 0.1	33.2 ± 0.1	32.1 ± 0.1
Input × Grad	33.9 ± 0.1	32.3 ± 0.1	21.8 ± 0.1	19.9 ± 0.1	40.8 ± 0.1	31.4 ± 0.1	35.1 ± 0.1	30.7 ± 0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>40.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>33.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>36.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>43.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>47.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>45.1 ± 0.1</b>
AttCAT	44.8 ± 0.1	54.1 ± 0.1	33.9 ± 0.1	41.9 ± 0.1	45.9 ± 0.1	39.0 ± 0.1	44.0 ± 0.1	43.4 ± 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>61.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>69.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>48.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>58.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>77.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>58.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>70.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.5 ± 0.1</b>
GenAtt	51.8 ± 0.1	40.7 ± 0.1	30.8 ± 0.1	53.0 ± 0.1	-	51.0 ± 0.1	64.6 ± 0.1	48.7 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>55.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>42.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>32.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>54.1 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>58.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>66.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.5 ± 0.1</b>
TokenTM	50.0 ± 0.1	44.7 ± 0.1	39.6 ± 0.1	49.3 ± 0.1	-	51.9 ± 0.1	63.3 ± 0.1	49.8 ± 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>52.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>46.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>38.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.0 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>57.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>65.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.7 ± 0.1</b>
GradCAM+	48.6 ± 0.1	47.1 ± 0.1	33.4 ± 0.1	28.7 ± 0.1	43.5 ± 0.1	33.0 ± 0.1	44.5 ± 0.1	39.8 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>56.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>67.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>37.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>33.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>47.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>36.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>48.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>46.7 ± 0.1</b>
HiResCAM	25.7 ± 0.1	59.1 ± 0.1	35.8 ± 0.1	23.8 ± 0.1	31.4 ± 0.1	37.6 ± 0.1	25.8 ± 0.1	34.2 ± 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>49.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>62.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>37.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>56.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>46.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>48.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>53.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>50.6 ± 0.1</b>
XGradCAM+	45.9 ± 0.1	50.2 ± 0.1	30.6 ± 0.1	26.6 ± 0.1	51.4 ± 0.1	39.4 ± 0.1	45.1 ± 0.1	41.3 ± 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>58.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>69.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>45.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>44.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>57.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>66.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>57.9 ± 0.1</b>
FullGrad+	45.1 ± 0.1	48.0 ± 0.1	29.0 ± 0.1	38.9 ± 0.1	43.6 ± 0.1	37.6 ± 0.1	41.9 ± 0.1	40.6 ± 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>62.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>50.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>59.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>73.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.2 ± 0.1</b>

Table 10. Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	36.9 ± 0.1	29.9 ± 0.1	25.1 ± 0.1	28.8 ± 0.1	39.0 ± 0.1	34.3 ± 0.1	35.6 ± 0.1	32.8 ± 0.1
RawAtt	45.4 ± 0.1	55.4 ± 0.1	34.2 ± 0.1	47.3 ± 0.1	-	46.9 ± 0.1	56.1 ± 0.1	47.6 ± 0.1
Attention Rollout	39.0 ± 0.1	47.0 ± 0.1	26.0 ± 0.1	31.7 ± 0.1	-	46.4 ± 0.1	37.1 ± 0.1	37.9 ± 0.1
AliLRP	39.8 ± 0.1	52.8 ± 0.1	31.9 ± 0.1	32.5 ± 0.1	58.8 ± 0.1	40.0 ± 0.1	59.6 ± 0.1	45.1 ± 0.1
AttnLRP	47.1 ± 0.1	66.6 ± 0.1	42.1 ± 0.1	30.3 ± 0.1	64.7 ± 0.1	50.8 ± 0.1	45.4 ± 0.1	49.6 ± 0.1
DecompX	44.4 ± 0.1	51.6 ± 0.1	36.5 ± 0.1	42.0 ± 0.1	54.5 ± 0.1	46.7 ± 0.1	51.6 ± 0.1	46.8 ± 0.1
Integrated Gradients	46.3 ± 0.1	46.2 ± 0.1	31.7 ± 0.1	31.4 ± 0.1	52.7 ± 0.1	37.1 ± 0.1	43.7 ± 0.1	41.3 ± 0.1
Input × Grad	40.1 ± 0.1	37.9 ± 0.1	28.2 ± 0.1	28.5 ± 0.1	44.4 ± 0.1	37.5 ± 0.1	40.4 ± 0.1	36.7 ± 0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>45.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>67.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>37.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>42.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>54.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>47.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>52.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>49.7 ± 0.1</b>
AttCAT	48.7 ± 0.1	56.9 ± 0.1	38.4 ± 0.1	45.3 ± 0.1	48.3 ± 0.1	42.5 ± 0.1	48.2 ± 0.1	46.9 ± 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>64.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>72.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>52.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>72.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>66.3 ± 0.1</b>
GenAtt	56.4 ± 0.1	46.3 ± 0.1	35.6 ± 0.1	57.2 ± 0.1	-	54.4 ± 0.1	67.2 ± 0.1	52.9 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>59.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>47.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>37.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>58.3 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>61.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>69.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>55.6 ± 0.1</b>
TokenTM	54.9 ± 0.1	50.4 ± 0.1	43.9 ± 0.1	54.3 ± 0.1	-	55.4 ± 0.1	66.2 ± 0.1	54.2 ± 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>57.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>42.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>55.7 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>60.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>68.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>56.0 ± 0.1</b>
GradCAM+	53.4 ± 0.1	50.6 ± 0.1	38.4 ± 0.1	35.8 ± 0.1	47.6 ± 0.1	38.6 ± 0.1	49.5 ± 0.1	44.8 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>60.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>69.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>42.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>40.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>41.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>52.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>51.3 ± 0.1</b>
HiResCAM	32.7 ± 0.1	63.1 ± 0.1	40.3 ± 0.1	31.2 ± 0.1	37.1 ± 0.1	42.3 ± 0.1	32.5 ± 0.1	39.9 ± 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>54.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>65.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>41.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>60.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>50.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>52.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>57.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>54.5 ± 0.1</b>
XGradCAM+	50.9 ± 0.1	53.7 ± 0.1	35.6 ± 0.1	33.4 ± 0.1	54.8 ± 0.1	44.2 ± 0.1	49.1 ± 0.1	46.0 ± 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>63.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>49.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>49.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>66.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>60.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>68.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.4 ± 0.1</b>
FullGrad+	49.1 ± 0.1	50.9 ± 0.1	34.4 ± 0.1	43.0 ± 0.1	46.6 ± 0.1	41.4 ± 0.1	45.8 ± 0.1	44.4 ± 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>65.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>74.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>53.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>62.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>75.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>73.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>66.9 ± 0.1</b>

Table 11. Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) Accuracy evaluated using ground-truth labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	15.8 ± 0.2	8.2 ± 0.2	6.8 ± 0.1	6.4 ± 0.2	19.1 ± 0.2	12.7 ± 0.2	19.2 ± 0.2	12.6 ± 0.2
RawAtt	25.3 ± 0.2	33.9 ± 0.3	17.5 ± 0.2	26.5 ± 0.3	-	23.3 ± 0.2	37.2 ± 0.2	27.3 ± 0.2
Attention Rollout	18.3 ± 0.3	24.9 ± 0.3	8.6 ± 0.1	9.7 ± 0.2	-	22.5 ± 0.3	21.9 ± 0.2	17.7 ± 0.2
AliLRP	19.2 ± 0.2	31.3 ± 0.3	13.9 ± 0.2	10.5 ± 0.2	40.0 ± 0.3	17.3 ± 0.2	41.7 ± 0.2	24.8 ± 0.2
AttnLRP	27.6 ± 0.3	44.2 ± 0.2	25.0 ± 0.2	8.3 ± 0.2	46.2 ± 0.3	26.4 ± 0.2	31.7 ± 0.2	29.9 ± 0.2
DecompX	25.3 ± 0.3	30.7 ± 0.3	19.4 ± 0.2	20.7 ± 0.2	35.7 ± 0.2	23.5 ± 0.2	35.9 ± 0.2	27.3 ± 0.2
Integrated Gradients	21.9 ± 0.2	19.3 ± 0.2	11.9 ± 0.1	9.4 ± 0.2	28.8 ± 0.2	15.0 ± 0.2	22.8 ± 0.2	18.4 ± 0.2
Input × Grad	19.6 ± 0.2	17.0 ± 0.2	10.3 ± 0.1	6.5 ± 0.2	26.0 ± 0.2	15.2 ± 0.2	25.1 ± 0.2	17.1 ± 0.2
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>26.1 ± 0.3</b>	<b>44.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>20.2 ± 0.2</b>	<b>21.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>35.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>24.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>36.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>29.7 ± 0.2</b>
AttCAT	29.0 ± 0.3	35.3 ± 0.3	21.0 ± 0.2	22.6 ± 0.3	30.9 ± 0.2	21.3 ± 0.1	32.3 ± 0.3	27.5 ± 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>44.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>48.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>34.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>39.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>59.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>34.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>52.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>44.9 ± 0.2</b>
GenAtt	36.5 ± 0.3	24.3 ± 0.2	19.2 ± 0.2	35.1 ± 0.3	-	29.6 ± 0.2	48.1 ± 0.2	32.1 ± 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>39.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>25.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>20.7 ± 0.3</b>	<b>36.7 ± 0.3</b>	-	<b>34.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>49.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>34.5 ± 0.3</b>
TokenTM	34.9 ± 0.3	28.3 ± 0.3	26.8 ± 0.3	32.7 ± 0.3	-	30.1 ± 0.2	47.2 ± 0.2	33.3 ± 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>37.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>28.8 ± 0.3</b>	<b>25.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>34.4 ± 0.3</b>	-	<b>34.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>48.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>34.8 ± 0.3</b>
GradCAM+	33.0 ± 0.2	29.0 ± 0.3	20.1 ± 0.2	13.1 ± 0.2	28.1 ± 0.2	16.2 ± 0.2	31.8 ± 0.2	24.5 ± 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>40.1 ± 0.3</b>	<b>46.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>24.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>18.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>31.9 ± 0.3</b>	<b>18.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>35.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>30.7 ± 0.3</b>
HiResCAM	12.2 ± 0.2	40.1 ± 0.2	22.3 ± 0.2	9.0 ± 0.2	17.5 ± 0.2	19.7 ± 0.2	17.4 ± 0.2	19.7 ± 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>33.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>42.9 ± 0.2</b>	<b>23.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>38.1 ± 0.3</b>	<b>30.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>27.9 ± 0.2</b>	<b>39.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>33.7 ± 0.2</b>
XGradCAM+	30.5 ± 0.3	31.9 ± 0.2	17.9 ± 0.2	9.9 ± 0.2	37.8 ± 0.2	21.3 ± 0.2	31.8 ± 0.2	25.9 ± 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>42.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>48.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>31.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>27.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>46.3 ± 0.3</b>	<b>34.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>49.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>39.8 ± 0.3</b>
FullGrad+	28.9 ± 0.3	30.0 ± 0.2	16.6 ± 0.2	20.8 ± 0.3	29.0 ± 0.2	20.5 ± 0.2	30.0 ± 0.3	25.1 ± 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>45.3 ± 0.3</b>	<b>50.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>35.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>39.8 ± 0.3</b>	<b>55.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>36.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>53.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>45.2 ± 0.2</b>

Table 12. Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) AOPC evaluated using predicted labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	14.1 ± 0.2	6.6 ± 0.2	5.6 ± 0.2	5.2 ± 0.2	17.3 ± 0.2	11.2 ± 0.2	16.6 ± 0.2	10.9 ± 0.2
RawAtt	22.9 ± 0.3	30.3 ± 0.3	15.3 ± 0.2	23.6 ± 0.3	-	21.0 ± 0.2	33.3 ± 0.3	24.4 ± 0.3
Attention Rollout	16.5 ± 0.3	22.0 ± 0.4	7.2 ± 0.1	8.2 ± 0.2	-	20.5 ± 0.3	19.0 ± 0.2	15.5 ± 0.3
AliLRP	17.2 ± 0.3	27.7 ± 0.4	12.4 ± 0.2	8.8 ± 0.2	36.6 ± 0.3	15.7 ± 0.2	37.3 ± 0.3	22.2 ± 0.3
AttnLRP	24.8 ± 0.3	39.6 ± 0.3	22.6 ± 0.3	6.6 ± 0.2	42.4 ± 0.3	24.0 ± 0.3	28.1 ± 0.3	26.9 ± 0.3
DecompX	22.6 ± 0.3	27.0 ± 0.4	17.3 ± 0.3	18.1 ± 0.2	32.6 ± 0.2	21.3 ± 0.2	32.2 ± 0.3	24.4 ± 0.3
Integrated Gradients	23.1 ± 0.3	21.0 ± 0.3	12.5 ± 0.2	8.3 ± 0.2	30.0 ± 0.2	13.5 ± 0.2	24.9 ± 0.3	19.1 ± 0.2
Input × Grad	17.5 ± 0.3	14.1 ± 0.2	9.0 ± 0.1	5.1 ± 0.2	23.2 ± 0.2	13.7 ± 0.2	21.9 ± 0.3	14.9 ± 0.2
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>23.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>39.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>18.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>18.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>32.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>21.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>32.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>26.6 ± 0.3</b>
AttCAT	25.7 ± 0.3	30.9 ± 0.2	18.9 ± 0.2	18.9 ± 0.3	27.4 ± 0.3	18.8 ± 0.2	28.6 ± 0.3	24.2 ± 0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>40.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>43.8 ± 0.3</b>	<b>31.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>35.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>55.0 ± 0.3</b>	<b>31.7 ± 0.3</b>	<b>47.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>40.8 ± 0.3</b>
GenAtt	33.2 ± 0.3	21.2 ± 0.2	17.0 ± 0.3	31.4 ± 0.3	-	26.8 ± 0.2	43.3 ± 0.3	28.8 ± 0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>36.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>22.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>18.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>32.9 ± 0.3</b>	-	<b>31.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>45.0 ± 0.3</b>	<b>31.1 ± 0.3</b>
TokenTM	31.8 ± 0.3	25.1 ± 0.3	24.3 ± 0.3	29.3 ± 0.3	-	27.4 ± 0.3	42.6 ± 0.3	30.1 ± 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>34.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>25.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>23.1 ± 0.3</b>	<b>30.9 ± 0.3</b>	-	<b>31.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>44.1 ± 0.3</b>	<b>31.5 ± 0.3</b>
GradCAM+	30.0 ± 0.3	25.1 ± 0.3	18.2 ± 0.2	10.9 ± 0.2	25.4 ± 0.3	14.5 ± 0.2	28.3 ± 0.3	21.8 ± 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>36.7 ± 0.3</b>	<b>41.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>22.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>15.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>28.8 ± 0.3</b>	<b>16.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>31.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>27.5 ± 0.3</b>
HiResCAM	10.6 ± 0.2	36.1 ± 0.2	20.1 ± 0.2	7.2 ± 0.2	15.7 ± 0.2	17.6 ± 0.2	15.0 ± 0.2	17.5 ± 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>30.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>38.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>21.2 ± 0.2</b>	<b>34.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>27.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>25.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>35.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>30.4 ± 0.3</b>
XGradCAM+	27.7 ± 0.3	27.9 ± 0.2	16.0 ± 0.2	7.8 ± 0.2	34.5 ± 0.3	19.2 ± 0.2	27.9 ± 0.3	23.0 ± 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>38.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>43.3 ± 0.3</b>	<b>28.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>24.1 ± 0.3</b>	<b>42.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>31.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>44.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>36.0 ± 0.3</b>
FullGrad+	25.8 ± 0.3	25.7 ± 0.2	14.9 ± 0.2	17.5 ± 0.3	25.8 ± 0.3	18.1 ± 0.2	26.2 ± 0.3	22.0 ± 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>41.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>45.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>32.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>35.8 ± 0.3</b>	<b>50.7 ± 0.3</b>	<b>33.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>48.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>41.1 ± 0.3</b>

Table 13. Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) AOPC evaluated using ground-truth labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	70.2 ± 0.1	79.0 ± 0.1	81.7 ± 0.1	80.7 ± 0.1	67.1 ± 0.1	72.4 ± 0.1	70.7 ± 0.1	74.5 ± 0.1
RawAtt	67.6 ± 0.1	82.7 ± 0.1	83.7 ± 0.1	82.6 ± 0.1	-	76.0 ± 0.1	78.4 ± 0.1	78.5 ± 0.1
Attention Rollout	68.3 ± 0.1	78.8 ± 0.1	75.6 ± 0.1	72.7 ± 0.1	-	74.6 ± 0.1	64.5 ± 0.1	72.4 ± 0.1
AliLRP	72.5 ± 0.1	87.2 ± 0.1	84.5 ± 0.1	84.7 ± 0.1	77.0 ± 0.1	75.3 ± 0.1	86.1 ± 0.1	81.0 ± 0.1
AttnLRP	77.6 ± 0.1	87.5 ± 0.0	85.7 ± 0.1	77.9 ± 0.1	82.2 ± 0.1	83.3 ± 0.1	80.8 ± 0.1	82.2 ± 0.1
DecompX	75.8 ± 0.1	85.8 ± 0.1	84.9 ± 0.1	86.2 ± 0.1	78.1 ± 0.1	81.7 ± 0.1	83.1 ± 0.1	82.2 ± 0.1
Integrated Gradients	73.5 ± 0.1	83.5 ± 0.1	84.2 ± 0.1	77.7 ± 0.1	75.6 ± 0.1	69.4 ± 0.1	74.6 ± 0.1	76.9 ± 0.1
Input × Grad	72.8 ± 0.1	84.0 ± 0.1	82.0 ± 0.1	78.3 ± 0.1	71.6 ± 0.1	68.8 ± 0.1	77.7 ± 0.1	76.5 ± 0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>76.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>88.3 ± 0.0</b>	<b>85.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>86.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>78.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>82.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>83.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>83.1 ± 0.1</b>
AttCAT	77.5 ± 0.1	87.8 ± 0.0	<b>87.5 ± 0.0</b>	88.3 ± 0.0	76.6 ± 0.1	76.9 ± 0.1	80.5 ± 0.1	82.2 ± 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>82.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>88.3 ± 0.0</b>	<b>87.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>88.5 ± 0.0</b>	<b>85.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>83.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>87.7 ± 0.0</b>	<b>86.2 ± 0.1</b>
GenAtt	78.2 ± 0.1	80.7 ± 0.1	83.2 ± 0.1	87.0 ± 0.1	-	80.8 ± 0.1	85.7 ± 0.1	82.6 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>78.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>81.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>83.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>86.6 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>82.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>86.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>83.1 ± 0.1</b>
TokenTM	77.3 ± 0.1	82.1 ± 0.1	84.6 ± 0.1	86.0 ± 0.1	-	80.6 ± 0.1	85.0 ± 0.1	82.6 ± 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>77.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>81.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>83.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>85.8 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>81.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>85.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>82.7 ± 0.1</b>
GradCAM+	76.8 ± 0.1	82.8 ± 0.1	85.1 ± 0.1	72.3 ± 0.1	49.0 ± 0.1	69.4 ± 0.1	75.8 ± 0.1	73.0 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>79.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>86.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>84.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>67.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>70.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>78.5 ± 0.1</b>
HiResCAM	59.3 ± 0.1	86.1 ± 0.1	85.5 ± 0.1	78.7 ± 0.1	51.9 ± 0.1	77.9 ± 0.1	75.5 ± 0.1	73.5 ± 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>73.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>86.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>86.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>87.3 ± 0.0</b>	<b>68.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.5 ± 0.1</b>
XGradCAM+	75.7 ± 0.1	83.8 ± 0.1	84.3 ± 0.1	72.3 ± 0.1	60.6 ± 0.1	75.4 ± 0.1	77.1 ± 0.1	75.6 ± 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>80.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>86.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>85.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>85.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>81.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>86.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>83.0 ± 0.1</b>
FullGrad+	76.8 ± 0.1	86.8 ± 0.1	86.0 ± 0.1	87.8 ± 0.0	73.3 ± 0.1	76.2 ± 0.1	79.9 ± 0.1	81.0 ± 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>82.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>88.5 ± 0.0</b>	<b>86.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>88.3 ± 0.0</b>	<b>85.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>84.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>87.6 ± 0.0</b>	<b>86.4 ± 0.1</b>

Table 14. Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	62.9 ± 0.1	70.0 ± 0.1	74.6 ± 0.1	70.7 ± 0.1	61.1 ± 0.1	65.8 ± 0.1	64.2 ± 0.1	67.0 ± 0.1
RawAtt	60.3 ± 0.1	73.3 ± 0.1	76.6 ± 0.1	72.8 ± 0.1	-	68.7 ± 0.1	70.9 ± 0.1	70.4 ± 0.1
Attention Rollout	61.9 ± 0.1	70.1 ± 0.1	69.9 ± 0.1	65.0 ± 0.1	-	68.1 ± 0.1	59.0 ± 0.1	65.7 ± 0.1
AliLRP	65.4 ± 0.1	79.7 ± 0.1	78.0 ± 0.1	75.8 ± 0.1	70.8 ± 0.1	69.1 ± 0.1	79.5 ± 0.1	74.0 ± 0.1
AttnLRP	70.3 ± 0.1	78.8 ± 0.1	78.4 ± 0.1	68.9 ± 0.1	75.0 ± 0.1	76.8 ± 0.1	74.1 ± 0.1	74.6 ± 0.1
DecompX	68.8 ± 0.1	76.3 ± 0.1	77.6 ± 0.1	76.7 ± 0.1	71.3 ± 0.1	74.8 ± 0.1	75.8 ± 0.1	74.5 ± 0.1
Integrated Gradients	71.1 ± 0.1	82.0 ± 0.1	79.4 ± 0.1	70.2 ± 0.1	75.9 ± 0.1	63.3 ± 0.1	71.5 ± 0.1	73.3 ± 0.1
Input × Grad	65.8 ± 0.1	76.5 ± 0.1	75.5 ± 0.1	69.6 ± 0.1	67.4 ± 0.1	62.7 ± 0.1	71.9 ± 0.1	69.9 ± 0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>70.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>82.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>78.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>77.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.3 ± 0.1</b>
AttCAT	71.8 ± 0.1	<b>82.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>81.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>83.1 ± 0.1</b>	73.8 ± 0.1	72.3 ± 0.1	75.3 ± 0.1	77.3 ± 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>76.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>82.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>81.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>78.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>81.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.1 ± 0.1</b>
GenAtt	70.0 ± 0.1	71.9 ± 0.1	75.6 ± 0.1	77.3 ± 0.1	-	73.4 ± 0.1	76.9 ± 0.1	74.2 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>70.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>72.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>75.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>77.0 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>75.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>77.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>74.7 ± 0.1</b>
TokenTM	68.9 ± 0.1	73.3 ± 0.1	76.8 ± 0.1	76.0 ± 0.1	-	73.1 ± 0.1	76.2 ± 0.1	74.0 ± 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>69.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>72.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>75.7 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>74.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>74.1 ± 0.1</b>
GradCAM+	70.5 ± 0.1	77.3 ± 0.1	79.2 ± 0.1	64.7 ± 0.1	45.8 ± 0.1	63.8 ± 0.1	69.3 ± 0.1	67.2 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>72.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>78.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>72.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>62.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>65.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>74.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>72.3 ± 0.1</b>
HiResCAM	53.6 ± 0.1	79.3 ± 0.1	79.4 ± 0.1	70.0 ± 0.1	48.1 ± 0.1	72.4 ± 0.1	68.1 ± 0.1	67.3 ± 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>67.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>74.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>75.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>74.4 ± 0.1</b>
XGradCAM+	69.5 ± 0.1	78.3 ± 0.1	78.9 ± 0.1	65.0 ± 0.1	57.3 ± 0.1	69.7 ± 0.1	71.4 ± 0.1	70.0 ± 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>73.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>77.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>70.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>75.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.6 ± 0.1</b>
FullGrad+	71.5 ± 0.1	82.1 ± 0.1	79.9 ± 0.1	81.4 ± 0.1	70.4 ± 0.1	71.4 ± 0.1	74.6 ± 0.1	75.9 ± 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>76.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>82.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>81.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>81.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.4 ± 0.1</b>

Table 15. Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) Accuracy evaluated using ground-truth labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	83.7 ± 0.2	92.3 ± 0.2	93.2 ± 0.1	93.7 ± 0.1	81.0 ± 0.1	87.5 ± 0.2	81.1 ± 0.1	87.5 ± 0.2
RawAtt	81.5 ± 0.1	95.7 ± 0.1	94.9 ± 0.1	95.4 ± 0.1	-	90.0 ± 0.2	84.3 ± 0.2	90.3 ± 0.1
Attention Rollout	81.9 ± 0.2	91.9 ± 0.2	87.4 ± 0.2	86.2 ± 0.2	-	89.4 ± 0.2	74.8 ± 0.2	85.3 ± 0.2
AliLRP	85.9 ± 0.2	100.9 ± 0.1	95.5 ± 0.1	97.8 ± 0.1	89.8 ± 0.2	89.9 ± 0.1	96.0 ± 0.1	93.7 ± 0.1
AttnLRP	91.3 ± 0.2	101.9 ± 0.1	96.8 ± 0.1	90.9 ± 0.2	95.0 ± 0.1	96.1 ± 0.1	92.2 ± 0.2	94.9 ± 0.2
DecompX	89.3 ± 0.2	99.5 ± 0.1	96.3 ± 0.1	99.6 ± 0.1	90.5 ± 0.2	94.2 ± 0.2	93.4 ± 0.1	94.7 ± 0.1
Integrated Gradients	88.4 ± 0.2	99.8 ± 0.2	96.5 ± 0.2	91.9 ± 0.2	91.2 ± 0.2	85.7 ± 0.1	84.9 ± 0.2	91.2 ± 0.2
Input × Grad	86.7 ± 0.1	98.9 ± 0.2	93.5 ± 0.1	91.4 ± 0.2	87.6 ± 0.2	84.9 ± 0.1	87.8 ± 0.2	90.1 ± 0.2
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>90.2 ± 0.2</b>	<b>102.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>96.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>100.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>90.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>94.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>94.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>95.6 ± 0.1</b>
AttCAT	92.6 ± 0.2	<b>105.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>100.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>104.5 ± 0.2</b>	92.4 ± 0.2	94.8 ± 0.2	90.6 ± 0.2	97.2 ± 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>97.1 ± 0.2</b>	102.8 ± 0.1	97.9 ± 0.1	103.0 ± 0.1	<b>98.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>96.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>98.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>99.2 ± 0.1</b>
GenAtt	91.5 ± 0.2	94.0 ± 0.2	94.4 ± 0.1	99.7 ± 0.1	-	94.3 ± 0.2	93.6 ± 0.1	94.6 ± 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	92.0 ± 0.2	94.5 ± 0.2	94.3 ± 0.2	99.4 ± 0.1	-	94.5 ± 0.1	94.0 ± 0.1	94.8 ± 0.2
TokenTM	90.3 ± 0.2	95.2 ± 0.1	95.5 ± 0.1	98.5 ± 0.1	-	93.4 ± 0.1	93.0 ± 0.1	94.3 ± 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	90.8 ± 0.2	94.8 ± 0.2	94.6 ± 0.1	98.6 ± 0.1	-	93.6 ± 0.1	93.3 ± 0.2	94.3 ± 0.1
GradCAM+	91.0 ± 0.2	98.6 ± 0.2	97.1 ± 0.1	85.7 ± 0.2	60.7 ± 0.3	85.6 ± 0.2	84.4 ± 0.2	86.2 ± 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	92.7 ± 0.2	100.3 ± 0.1	95.6 ± 0.1	93.8 ± 0.1	80.8 ± 0.2	86.4 ± 0.2	89.8 ± 0.2	91.3 ± 0.2
HiResCAM	74.2 ± 0.3	101.0 ± 0.1	97.0 ± 0.1	91.2 ± 0.2	66.3 ± 0.3	92.7 ± 0.2	84.2 ± 0.1	86.6 ± 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	88.0 ± 0.2	100.5 ± 0.1	97.1 ± 0.1	101.6 ± 0.1	82.6 ± 0.2	94.1 ± 0.1	86.9 ± 0.2	93.0 ± 0.2
XGradCAM+	90.1 ± 0.2	99.7 ± 0.2	96.4 ± 0.1	84.7 ± 0.3	75.2 ± 0.3	90.6 ± 0.2	87.3 ± 0.2	89.2 ± 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	93.7 ± 0.2	100.3 ± 0.1	96.6 ± 0.1	99.0 ± 0.1	88.4 ± 0.2	93.9 ± 0.2	95.3 ± 0.1	95.3 ± 0.1
FullGrad+	91.8 ± 0.2	<b>104.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>98.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>103.2 ± 0.2</b>	89.3 ± 0.2	93.4 ± 0.2	90.1 ± 0.2	95.8 ± 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>97.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>103.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>98.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>103.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>98.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>96.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>98.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>99.3 ± 0.1</b>

Table 16. Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) AOPC evaluated using predicted labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	85.4 ± 0.2	93.5 ± 0.2	94.1 ± 0.1	94.7 ± 0.2	82.7 ± 0.2	88.8 ± 0.2	83.5 ± 0.2	89.0 ± 0.2
RawAtt	83.3 ± 0.2	96.9 ± 0.1	95.8 ± 0.1	96.6 ± 0.1	-	91.1 ± 0.1	86.3 ± 0.2	91.7 ± 0.1
Attention Rollout	84.1 ± 0.2	93.6 ± 0.2	89.1 ± 0.2	88.2 ± 0.2	-	90.7 ± 0.2	77.9 ± 0.3	87.3 ± 0.2
AliLRP	87.7 ± 0.2	102.6 ± 0.2	96.7 ± 0.1	98.9 ± 0.1	91.2 ± 0.2	91.3 ± 0.1	97.5 ± 0.2	95.1 ± 0.2
AttnLRP	92.9 ± 0.2	103.0 ± 0.1	97.8 ± 0.1	92.2 ± 0.2	96.0 ± 0.2	97.3 ± 0.2	94.2 ± 0.2	96.2 ± 0.2
DecompX	91.0 ± 0.2	100.4 ± 0.1	97.2 ± 0.1	100.6 ± 0.1	91.8 ± 0.2	95.4 ± 0.2	95.2 ± 0.2	95.9 ± 0.2
Integrated Gradients	93.3 ± 0.2	105.3 ± 0.2	98.8 ± 0.1	93.8 ± 0.2	97.0 ± 0.3	87.2 ± 0.1	91.2 ± 0.3	95.2 ± 0.2
Input × Grad	88.4 ± 0.2	100.0 ± 0.2	94.5 ± 0.1	92.8 ± 0.2	89.7 ± 0.3	86.5 ± 0.2	90.5 ± 0.2	91.8 ± 0.2
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>92.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>104.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>98.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>101.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>91.9 ± 0.3</b>	<b>96.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>95.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>97.2 ± 0.2</b>
AttCAT	94.3 ± 0.2	<b>107.2 ± 0.2</b>	<b>101.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>106.1 ± 0.2</b>	95.3 ± 0.3	96.3 ± 0.2	93.6 ± 0.2	99.1 ± 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>98.5 ± 0.2</b>	105.0 ± 0.1	99.2 ± 0.1	104.4 ± 0.1	<b>99.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>98.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>100.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>100.7 ± 0.2</b>
GenAtt	92.8 ± 0.2	95.3 ± 0.2	95.2 ± 0.1	100.8 ± 0.1	-	95.3 ± 0.2	94.9 ± 0.2	95.7 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	93.2 ± 0.2	95.9 ± 0.2	95.2 ± 0.2	100.5 ± 0.1	-	95.5 ± 0.1	95.3 ± 0.2	95.9 ± 0.1
TokenTM	91.6 ± 0.2	96.6 ± 0.2	96.2 ± 0.1	99.6 ± 0.1	-	94.5 ± 0.1	94.2 ± 0.2	95.4 ± 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	92.1 ± 0.2	96.3 ± 0.2	95.5 ± 0.1	99.6 ± 0.1	-	94.6 ± 0.1	94.6 ± 0.2	95.4 ± 0.1
GradCAM+	92.9 ± 0.2	100.8 ± 0.3	98.5 ± 0.2	87.5 ± 0.2	64.3 ± 0.4	87.4 ± 0.2	86.7 ± 0.2	88.3 ± 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	94.4 ± 0.2	102.6 ± 0.1	97.1 ± 0.1	95.5 ± 0.1	83.0 ± 0.3	88.4 ± 0.3	91.9 ± 0.2	93.3 ± 0.2
HiResCAM	76.7 ± 0.2	103.1 ± 0.2	98.3 ± 0.1	92.6 ± 0.2	69.4 ± 0.4	94.3 ± 0.2	86.2 ± 0.2	88.7 ± 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	90.0 ± 0.2	102.4 ± 0.2	98.4 ± 0.1	103.4 ± 0.1	84.8 ± 0.3	95.6 ± 0.1	89.8 ± 0.3	94.9 ± 0.2
XGradCAM+	92.1 ± 0.2	101.9 ± 0.3	97.9 ± 0.2	86.6 ± 0.3	78.4 ± 0.4	92.1 ± 0.2	89.9 ± 0.3	91.3 ± 0.3
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	95.3 ± 0.2	102.6 ± 0.1	98.0 ± 0.1	100.4 ± 0.1	89.8 ± 0.3	95.8 ± 0.1	97.0 ± 0.2	97.0 ± 0.2
FullGrad+	93.8 ± 0.2	<b>106.6 ± 0.3</b>	98.9 ± 0.1	104.3 ± 0.2	92.2 ± 0.3	95.0 ± 0.2	92.8 ± 0.2	97.7 ± 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>98.9 ± 0.2</b>	105.3 ± 0.2	99.3 ± 0.1	<b>104.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>99.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>98.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>100.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>100.9 ± 0.2</b>

Table 17. Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) AOPC evaluated using ground-truth labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	49.8 ± 0.1	50.1 ± 0.1	50.0 ± 0.1	49.9 ± 0.1	50.0 ± 0.1	50.2 ± 0.1	49.8 ± 0.1	50.0 ± 0.1
RawAtt	53.3 ± 0.1	66.8 ± 0.1	56.6 ± 0.1	62.1 ± 0.1	-	59.2 ± 0.1	65.2 ± 0.1	60.6 ± 0.1
Attention Rollout	49.9 ± 0.1	59.9 ± 0.1	47.7 ± 0.1	48.0 ± 0.1	-	58.0 ± 0.1	47.8 ± 0.1	51.9 ± 0.1
AliLRP	52.8 ± 0.1	67.6 ± 0.1	55.3 ± 0.1	54.8 ± 0.1	66.2 ± 0.1	54.8 ± 0.1	71.2 ± 0.1	60.4 ± 0.1
AttnLRP	59.7 ± 0.1	75.5 ± 0.1	61.7 ± 0.1	49.9 ± 0.1	72.2 ± 0.1	65.0 ± 0.1	60.8 ± 0.1	63.5 ± 0.1
DecompX	57.4 ± 0.1	66.3 ± 0.1	58.3 ± 0.1	60.9 ± 0.1	64.6 ± 0.1	62.1 ± 0.1	65.1 ± 0.1	62.1 ± 0.1
Integrated Gradients	54.7 ± 0.1	59.2 ± 0.1	53.7 ± 0.1	50.0 ± 0.1	59.8 ± 0.1	50.2 ± 0.1	53.9 ± 0.1	54.5 ± 0.1
Input × Grad	53.3 ± 0.1	58.2 ± 0.1	51.9 ± 0.1	49.1 ± 0.1	56.2 ± 0.1	50.1 ± 0.1	56.4 ± 0.1	53.6 ± 0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>58.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>59.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>62.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>65.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.1 ± 0.1</b>
AttCAT	61.2 ± 0.1	71.0 ± 0.1	60.7 ± 0.1	65.1 ± 0.1	61.2 ± 0.1	58.0 ± 0.1	62.3 ± 0.1	62.8 ± 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>71.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>78.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>67.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>73.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>81.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>74.9 ± 0.1</b>
GenAtt	65.0 ± 0.1	60.7 ± 0.1	57.0 ± 0.1	70.0 ± 0.1	-	65.9 ± 0.1	75.2 ± 0.1	65.6 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>67.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>58.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>70.4 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>70.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>67.3 ± 0.1</b>
TokenTM	63.6 ± 0.1	63.4 ± 0.1	62.1 ± 0.1	67.6 ± 0.1	-	66.2 ± 0.1	74.2 ± 0.1	66.2 ± 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>65.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>68.4 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>69.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>75.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>67.2 ± 0.1</b>
GradCAM+	62.7 ± 0.1	65.0 ± 0.1	59.2 ± 0.1	50.5 ± 0.1	46.2 ± 0.1	51.2 ± 0.1	60.1 ± 0.1	56.4 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>67.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>60.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>57.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>57.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>53.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>62.6 ± 0.1</b>
HiResCAM	42.5 ± 0.1	72.6 ± 0.1	60.6 ± 0.1	51.2 ± 0.1	41.7 ± 0.1	57.8 ± 0.1	50.7 ± 0.1	53.9 ± 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>61.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>74.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>57.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>67.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>65.5 ± 0.1</b>
XGradCAM+	60.8 ± 0.1	67.0 ± 0.1	57.4 ± 0.1	49.4 ± 0.1	56.0 ± 0.1	57.4 ± 0.1	61.1 ± 0.1	58.5 ± 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>69.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>78.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>65.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>70.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>69.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>70.5 ± 0.1</b>
FullGrad+	60.9 ± 0.1	67.4 ± 0.1	57.5 ± 0.1	63.3 ± 0.1	58.4 ± 0.1	56.9 ± 0.1	60.9 ± 0.1	60.8 ± 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>72.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>80.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>68.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>73.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>73.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>75.3 ± 0.1</b>

Table 18. Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	49.9 ± 0.1	50.0 ± 0.1	49.8 ± 0.1	49.8 ± 0.1	50.0 ± 0.1	50.0 ± 0.1	49.9 ± 0.1	49.9 ± 0.1
RawAtt	52.9 ± 0.1	64.3 ± 0.1	55.4 ± 0.1	60.1 ± 0.1	-	57.8 ± 0.1	63.5 ± 0.1	59.0 ± 0.1
Attention Rollout	50.4 ± 0.1	58.5 ± 0.1	47.9 ± 0.1	48.3 ± 0.1	-	57.2 ± 0.1	48.1 ± 0.1	51.8 ± 0.1
AliLRP	52.6 ± 0.1	66.2 ± 0.1	55.0 ± 0.1	54.1 ± 0.1	64.8 ± 0.1	54.5 ± 0.1	69.6 ± 0.1	59.5 ± 0.1
AttnLRP	58.7 ± 0.1	72.7 ± 0.1	60.3 ± 0.1	49.6 ± 0.1	69.8 ± 0.1	63.8 ± 0.1	59.7 ± 0.1	62.1 ± 0.1
DecompX	56.6 ± 0.1	64.0 ± 0.1	57.0 ± 0.1	59.3 ± 0.1	62.9 ± 0.1	60.8 ± 0.1	63.7 ± 0.1	60.6 ± 0.1
Integrated Gradients	58.7 ± 0.1	64.1 ± 0.1	55.6 ± 0.1	50.8 ± 0.1	64.3 ± 0.1	50.2 ± 0.1	57.6 ± 0.1	57.3 ± 0.1
Input × Grad	53.0 ± 0.1	57.2 ± 0.1	51.9 ± 0.1	49.0 ± 0.1	55.9 ± 0.1	50.1 ± 0.1	56.1 ± 0.1	53.3 ± 0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>58.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>74.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>58.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>60.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.0 ± 0.1</b>
AttCAT	60.2 ± 0.1	69.8 ± 0.1	60.1 ± 0.1	64.2 ± 0.1	61.0 ± 0.1	57.4 ± 0.1	61.8 ± 0.1	62.1 ± 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>70.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>77.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>66.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>79.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>69.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>77.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>73.2 ± 0.1</b>
GenAtt	63.2 ± 0.1	59.1 ± 0.1	55.6 ± 0.1	67.3 ± 0.1	-	63.9 ± 0.1	72.1 ± 0.1	63.5 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>65.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>60.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>56.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>67.6 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>68.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>73.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>65.2 ± 0.1</b>
TokenTM	61.9 ± 0.1	61.8 ± 0.1	60.3 ± 0.1	65.2 ± 0.1	-	64.3 ± 0.1	71.2 ± 0.1	64.1 ± 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>63.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>62.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>59.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>65.7 ± 0.1</b>	-	<b>67.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>72.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>65.0 ± 0.1</b>
GradCAM+	62.0 ± 0.1	64.0 ± 0.1	58.8 ± 0.1	50.2 ± 0.1	46.7 ± 0.1	51.2 ± 0.1	59.4 ± 0.1	56.0 ± 0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>66.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>75.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>60.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>56.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>56.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>53.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>61.8 ± 0.1</b>
HiResCAM	43.2 ± 0.1	71.2 ± 0.1	59.9 ± 0.1	50.6 ± 0.1	42.6 ± 0.1	57.3 ± 0.1	50.3 ± 0.1	53.6 ± 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>60.7 ± 0.1</b>	<b>72.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>60.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>70.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>56.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>66.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.5 ± 0.1</b>
XGradCAM+	60.2 ± 0.1	66.0 ± 0.1	57.3 ± 0.1	49.2 ± 0.1	56.0 ± 0.1	56.9 ± 0.1	60.2 ± 0.1	58.0 ± 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>68.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>76.0 ± 0.1</b>	<b>64.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>68.4 ± 0.1</b>	<b>68.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>74.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>69.0 ± 0.1</b>
FullGrad+	60.3 ± 0.1	66.5 ± 0.1	57.1 ± 0.1	62.2 ± 0.1	58.5 ± 0.1	56.4 ± 0.1	60.2 ± 0.1	60.2 ± 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>71.2 ± 0.1</b>	<b>78.3 ± 0.1</b>	<b>67.1 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.9 ± 0.1</b>	<b>77.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>71.5 ± 0.1</b>	<b>77.6 ± 0.1</b>	<b>73.6 ± 0.1</b>

Table 19. Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) Accuracy evaluated using ground-truth labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	49.8 ± 0.2	50.2 ± 0.2	50.0 ± 0.1	50.0 ± 0.2	50.0 ± 0.2	50.1 ± 0.2	50.1 ± 0.2	50.0 ± 0.2
RawAtt	53.4 ± 0.2	64.8 ± 0.2	56.2 ± 0.2	60.9 ± 0.2	-	56.7 ± 0.2	60.7 ± 0.2	58.8 ± 0.2
Attention Rollout	50.1 ± 0.2	58.4 ± 0.3	48.0 ± 0.2	48.0 ± 0.2	-	55.9 ± 0.2	48.3 ± 0.2	51.5 ± 0.2
AliLRP	52.5 ± 0.2	66.1 ± 0.2	54.7 ± 0.1	54.2 ± 0.1	64.9 ± 0.2	53.6 ± 0.2	68.8 ± 0.2	59.3 ± 0.2
AttnLRP	59.5 ± 0.2	73.1 ± 0.2	60.9 ± 0.2	49.6 ± 0.2	70.6 ± 0.2	61.3 ± 0.2	62.0 ± 0.2	62.4 ± 0.2
DecompX	57.3 ± 0.2	65.1 ± 0.2	57.8 ± 0.2	60.1 ± 0.1	63.1 ± 0.2	58.9 ± 0.2	64.7 ± 0.2	61.0 ± 0.2
Integrated Gradients	55.1 ± 0.2	59.6 ± 0.2	54.2 ± 0.2	50.7 ± 0.2	60.0 ± 0.2	50.3 ± 0.1	53.8 ± 0.2	54.8 ± 0.2
Input × Grad	53.2 ± 0.2	57.9 ± 0.2	51.9 ± 0.1	48.9 ± 0.2	56.8 ± 0.2	50.1 ± 0.1	56.4 ± 0.2	53.6 ± 0.2
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>58.2 ± 0.2</b>	<b>73.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>58.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>60.8 ± 0.1</b>	<b>63.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>59.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>65.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>62.7 ± 0.2</b>
AttCAT	60.8 ± 0.2	70.3 ± 0.2	60.5 ± 0.1	63.5 ± 0.3	61.7 ± 0.2	58.1 ± 0.2	61.5 ± 0.2	62.3 ± 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>70.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>75.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>66.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>71.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>79.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>65.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>75.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>72.0 ± 0.2</b>
GenAtt	64.0 ± 0.2	59.1 ± 0.2	56.8 ± 0.2	67.4 ± 0.2	-	62.0 ± 0.2	70.8 ± 0.2	63.3 ± 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>65.8 ± 0.3</b>	<b>60.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>57.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>68.0 ± 0.2</b>	-	<b>64.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>71.9 ± 0.2</b>	<b>64.6 ± 0.2</b>
TokenTM	62.6 ± 0.2	61.7 ± 0.2	61.2 ± 0.2	65.6 ± 0.2	-	61.8 ± 0.2	70.1 ± 0.2	63.8 ± 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>64.1 ± 0.3</b>	<b>61.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>60.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>66.5 ± 0.2</b>	-	<b>63.9 ± 0.2</b>	<b>71.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>64.6 ± 0.2</b>
GradCAM+	62.0 ± 0.2	63.8 ± 0.2	58.6 ± 0.2	49.4 ± 0.2	44.4 ± 0.3	50.9 ± 0.2	58.1 ± 0.2	55.3 ± 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>66.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>73.2 ± 0.2</b>	<b>59.9 ± 0.2</b>	<b>56.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>56.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>52.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>62.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>61.0 ± 0.2</b>
HiResCAM	43.2 ± 0.2	70.6 ± 0.2	59.6 ± 0.2	50.1 ± 0.2	41.9 ± 0.2	56.2 ± 0.2	50.8 ± 0.2	53.2 ± 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>60.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>71.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>60.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>69.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>56.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>61.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>63.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>63.3 ± 0.2</b>
XGradCAM+	60.3 ± 0.2	65.8 ± 0.2	57.2 ± 0.1	47.3 ± 0.3	56.5 ± 0.2	56.0 ± 0.2	59.6 ± 0.2	57.5 ± 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>68.0 ± 0.3</b>	<b>74.2 ± 0.2</b>	<b>64.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>63.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>67.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>64.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>72.2 ± 0.2</b>	<b>67.5 ± 0.2</b>
FullGrad+	60.4 ± 0.2	67.2 ± 0.2	57.3 ± 0.2	62.0 ± 0.2	59.2 ± 0.2	57.0 ± 0.2	60.1 ± 0.3	60.4 ± 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>71.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>76.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>66.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>71.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>76.7 ± 0.2</b>	<b>66.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>76.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>72.3 ± 0.2</b>

Table 20. Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) AOPC evaluated using predicted labels across multiple models.

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	49.7 ± 0.2	50.0 ± 0.2	49.8 ± 0.1	50.0 ± 0.2	50.0 ± 0.2	50.0 ± 0.2	50.0 ± 0.2	49.9 ± 0.2
RawAtt	53.1 ± 0.2	63.6 ± 0.2	55.6 ± 0.2	60.1 ± 0.2	-	56.1 ± 0.2	59.8 ± 0.2	58.0 ± 0.2
Attention Rollout	50.3 ± 0.3	57.8 ± 0.3	48.1 ± 0.2	48.2 ± 0.2	-	55.6 ± 0.3	48.4 ± 0.3	51.4 ± 0.2
AliLRP	52.4 ± 0.2	65.1 ± 0.3	54.6 ± 0.2	53.9 ± 0.1	63.9 ± 0.3	53.5 ± 0.2	67.4 ± 0.2	58.7 ± 0.2
AttnLRP	58.8 ± 0.3	71.3 ± 0.2	60.2 ± 0.2	49.4 ± 0.2	69.2 ± 0.3	60.6 ± 0.2	61.2 ± 0.3	61.5 ± 0.2
DecompX	56.8 ± 0.3	63.7 ± 0.3	57.3 ± 0.2	59.3 ± 0.2	62.2 ± 0.2	58.3 ± 0.2	63.7 ± 0.2	60.2 ± 0.2
Integrated Gradients	58.2 ± 0.3	63.1 ± 0.2	55.7 ± 0.2	51.1 ± 0.2	63.5 ± 0.3	50.3 ± 0.2	58.1 ± 0.3	57.1 ± 0.2
Input × Grad	53.0 ± 0.2	57.1 ± 0.2	51.7 ± 0.1	49.0 ± 0.2	56.4 ± 0.3	50.1 ± 0.2	56.2 ± 0.2	53.3 ± 0.2
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>57.7 ± 0.3</b>	<b>72.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>58.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>60.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>62.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>59.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>64.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>61.9 ± 0.2</b>
AttCAT	60.0 ± 0.2	69.0 ± 0.2	60.0 ± 0.2	62.5 ± 0.3	61.4 ± 0.3	57.5 ± 0.2	61.1 ± 0.3	61.6 ± 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>69.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>74.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>65.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>70.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>77.3 ± 0.3</b>	<b>64.9 ± 0.2</b>	<b>73.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>70.8 ± 0.2</b>
GenAtt	63.0 ± 0.2	58.2 ± 0.2	56.1 ± 0.2	66.1 ± 0.2	-	61.1 ± 0.2	69.1 ± 0.2	62.3 ± 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>64.7 ± 0.3</b>	<b>59.2 ± 0.2</b>	<b>56.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>66.7 ± 0.2</b>	-	<b>63.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>70.2 ± 0.2</b>	<b>63.5 ± 0.2</b>
TokenTM	61.7 ± 0.3	60.9 ± 0.2	60.3 ± 0.2	64.4 ± 0.2	-	60.9 ± 0.2	68.4 ± 0.2	62.8 ± 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>63.1 ± 0.3</b>	<b>61.0 ± 0.3</b>	<b>59.3 ± 0.3</b>	<b>65.3 ± 0.2</b>	-	<b>62.9 ± 0.2</b>	<b>69.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>63.5 ± 0.2</b>
GradCAM+	61.5 ± 0.3	62.9 ± 0.3	58.3 ± 0.2	49.2 ± 0.2	44.9 ± 0.3	51.0 ± 0.2	57.5 ± 0.2	55.0 ± 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>65.5 ± 0.3</b>	<b>72.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>59.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>55.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>55.9 ± 0.3</b>	<b>52.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>61.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>60.4 ± 0.2</b>
HiResCAM	43.6 ± 0.2	69.6 ± 0.2	59.2 ± 0.2	49.9 ± 0.2	42.5 ± 0.3	55.9 ± 0.2	50.6 ± 0.2	53.1 ± 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>60.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>70.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>59.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>68.8 ± 0.3</b>	<b>56.1 ± 0.3</b>	<b>60.5 ± 0.2</b>	<b>62.6 ± 0.3</b>	<b>62.6 ± 0.2</b>
XGradCAM+	59.9 ± 0.3	64.9 ± 0.3	56.9 ± 0.2	47.2 ± 0.3	56.4 ± 0.3	55.7 ± 0.2	58.9 ± 0.3	57.1 ± 0.3
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>66.9 ± 0.3</b>	<b>72.9 ± 0.2</b>	<b>63.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>62.3 ± 0.2</b>	<b>66.2 ± 0.3</b>	<b>63.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>70.6 ± 0.2</b>	<b>66.5 ± 0.2</b>
FullGrad+	59.8 ± 0.2	66.2 ± 0.3	56.9 ± 0.2	60.9 ± 0.3	59.0 ± 0.3	56.5 ± 0.2	59.5 ± 0.3	59.8 ± 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>70.0 ± 0.3</b>	<b>75.4 ± 0.3</b>	<b>65.8 ± 0.2</b>	<b>70.1 ± 0.2</b>	<b>75.0 ± 0.3</b>	<b>66.0 ± 0.2</b>	<b>74.4 ± 0.2</b>	<b>71.0 ± 0.2</b>

Table 21. Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) AOPC evaluated using ground-truth labels across multiple models.

### D.2.1. Segmentation Average Precision (AP)

Method	ViT-L	EVA2-S	BEiT2-L	FlexiViT-L	SigLIP-L	CLIP-H	DeiT3-H	Avg.
Random	$42.0 \pm 0.4$	$37.7 \pm 0.3$	$39.8 \pm 0.4$	$39.8 \pm 0.4$	$33.0 \pm 0.3$	$37.8 \pm 0.3$	$37.8 \pm 0.3$	$38.3 \pm 0.3$
RawAtt	$40.2 \pm 0.4$	$59.0 \pm 0.3$	$47.6 \pm 0.3$	$49.8 \pm 0.3$	-	$41.6 \pm 0.3$	$49.7 \pm 0.3$	$48.0 \pm 0.3$
Attention Rollout	$39.9 \pm 0.3$	$45.3 \pm 0.3$	$42.2 \pm 0.3$	$42.2 \pm 0.3$	-	$51.7 \pm 0.4$	$34.1 \pm 0.3$	$42.6 \pm 0.3$
AliLRP	$42.7 \pm 0.4$	$58.7 \pm 0.3$	$43.9 \pm 0.3$	$49.6 \pm 0.3$	$33.5 \pm 0.3$	$38.1 \pm 0.3$	$52.2 \pm 0.3$	$45.5 \pm 0.3$
AttnLRP	$47.2 \pm 0.3$	$73.1 \pm 0.2$	$66.0 \pm 0.3$	$43.4 \pm 0.4$	$36.0 \pm 0.3$	$50.9 \pm 0.3$	$36.0 \pm 0.3$	$50.4 \pm 0.3$
DecompX	$54.2 \pm 0.3$	$60.0 \pm 0.3$	$55.6 \pm 0.3$	$59.2 \pm 0.3$	$40.5 \pm 0.3$	$55.0 \pm 0.3$	$49.5 \pm 0.3$	$53.4 \pm 0.3$
Integrated Gradients	$46.6 \pm 0.3$	$51.2 \pm 0.3$	$46.7 \pm 0.3$	$41.3 \pm 0.4$	$41.6 \pm 0.3$	$36.9 \pm 0.3$	$38.9 \pm 0.3$	$43.3 \pm 0.3$
Input $\times$ Grad	$43.6 \pm 0.4$	$42.5 \pm 0.3$	$39.6 \pm 0.4$	$41.4 \pm 0.4$	$35.5 \pm 0.3$	$36.8 \pm 0.3$	$39.6 \pm 0.3$	$39.9 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	$53.6 \pm 0.3$	$72.1 \pm 0.3$	$54.8 \pm 0.3$	$60.4 \pm 0.3$	$39.9 \pm 0.3$	$54.2 \pm 0.3$	$49.0 \pm 0.3$	$54.8 \pm 0.3$
AttCAT	$44.9 \pm 0.3$	$58.9 \pm 0.3$	$52.2 \pm 0.3$	$45.1 \pm 0.3$	$37.6 \pm 0.3$	$38.9 \pm 0.3$	$41.7 \pm 0.3$	$45.6 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	$53.3 \pm 0.3$	$75.1 \pm 0.3$	$65.5 \pm 0.3$	$74.4 \pm 0.3$	$46.8 \pm 0.3$	$61.7 \pm 0.3$	$60.1 \pm 0.3$	$62.4 \pm 0.3$
GenAtt	$50.9 \pm 0.3$	$42.3 \pm 0.3$	$47.9 \pm 0.3$	$75.1 \pm 0.2$	-	$55.9 \pm 0.3$	$66.2 \pm 0.2$	$56.4 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	$58.6 \pm 0.3$	$44.3 \pm 0.3$	$48.8 \pm 0.3$	$79.4 \pm 0.2$	-	$76.2 \pm 0.2$	$76.5 \pm 0.2$	$64.0 \pm 0.3$
TokenTM	$50.0 \pm 0.3$	$45.5 \pm 0.3$	$56.0 \pm 0.3$	$72.2 \pm 0.2$	-	$58.6 \pm 0.3$	$61.7 \pm 0.2$	$57.3 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	$53.9 \pm 0.3$	$46.7 \pm 0.3$	$54.2 \pm 0.3$	$76.2 \pm 0.2$	-	$71.5 \pm 0.3$	$70.8 \pm 0.2$	$62.2 \pm 0.3$
GradCAM+	$52.1 \pm 0.4$	$49.3 \pm 0.4$	$53.5 \pm 0.4$	$40.5 \pm 0.4$	$44.3 \pm 0.4$	$43.0 \pm 0.4$	$60.3 \pm 0.4$	$49.0 \pm 0.4$
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	$60.2 \pm 0.4$	$79.8 \pm 0.3$	$69.4 \pm 0.4$	$50.2 \pm 0.4$	$41.7 \pm 0.3$	$47.4 \pm 0.4$	$46.7 \pm 0.4$	$56.5 \pm 0.4$
HiResCAM	$38.5 \pm 0.4$	$73.2 \pm 0.3$	$60.8 \pm 0.3$	$43.7 \pm 0.3$	$36.3 \pm 0.3$	$45.9 \pm 0.3$	$41.3 \pm 0.3$	$48.5 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	$48.0 \pm 0.3$	$76.5 \pm 0.3$	$69.0 \pm 0.3$	$81.6 \pm 0.3$	$47.5 \pm 0.3$	$56.8 \pm 0.3$	$76.3 \pm 0.3$	$65.1 \pm 0.3$
XGradCAM+	$46.9 \pm 0.4$	$55.2 \pm 0.4$	$49.0 \pm 0.4$	$38.5 \pm 0.4$	$43.0 \pm 0.3$	$47.7 \pm 0.4$	$48.9 \pm 0.4$	$47.0 \pm 0.4$
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	$60.3 \pm 0.4$	$82.7 \pm 0.3$	$71.4 \pm 0.3$	$63.3 \pm 0.4$	$44.3 \pm 0.4$	$73.3 \pm 0.3$	$59.4 \pm 0.3$	$65.0 \pm 0.3$
FullGrad+	$44.2 \pm 0.3$	$51.5 \pm 0.3$	$47.4 \pm 0.3$	$44.1 \pm 0.3$	$37.7 \pm 0.3$	$38.5 \pm 0.3$	$40.6 \pm 0.3$	$43.4 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	$64.5 \pm 0.3$	$79.4 \pm 0.3$	$67.9 \pm 0.3$	$75.1 \pm 0.3$	$51.7 \pm 0.3$	$71.5 \pm 0.3$	$65.1 \pm 0.3$	$67.9 \pm 0.3$

Table 22. Segmentation AP for different methods (and their Libra enhancements) across multiple models.

### D.3. Across Model Sizes

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	40.5 $\pm$ 0.1	33.8 $\pm$ 0.1	26.5 $\pm$ 0.1	29.5 $\pm$ 0.1	32.6 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	69.5 $\pm$ 0.1	58.7 $\pm$ 0.1	44.6 $\pm$ 0.1	39.1 $\pm$ 0.1	53.0 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	64.1 $\pm$ 0.1	45.1 $\pm$ 0.1	35.4 $\pm$ 0.1	31.4 $\pm$ 0.1	44.0 $\pm$ 0.1
AliLRP	64.4 $\pm$ 0.1	42.3 $\pm$ 0.1	33.3 $\pm$ 0.1	33.2 $\pm$ 0.1	43.3 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	69.7 $\pm$ 0.1	52.4 $\pm$ 0.1	38.5 $\pm$ 0.1	41.8 $\pm$ 0.1	50.6 $\pm$ 0.1
DecompX	70.4 $\pm$ 0.1	50.4 $\pm$ 0.1	37.8 $\pm$ 0.1	38.9 $\pm$ 0.1	49.4 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	57.1 $\pm$ 0.1	46.0 $\pm$ 0.1	35.4 $\pm$ 0.1	35.9 $\pm$ 0.1	43.6 $\pm$ 0.1
Input $\times$ Grad	55.6 $\pm$ 0.1	41.8 $\pm$ 0.1	34.4 $\pm$ 0.1	33.9 $\pm$ 0.1	41.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>70.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+27.2%)</b>	<b>49.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+18.0%)</b>	<b>38.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.0%)</b>	<b>40.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.6%)</b>	<b>49.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+20.2%)</b>
AttCAT	69.3 $\pm$ 0.1	58.9 $\pm$ 0.1	46.9 $\pm$ 0.1	44.8 $\pm$ 0.1	55.0 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>81.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.7%)</b>	<b>70.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.3%)</b>	<b>63.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+35.4%)</b>	<b>61.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+36.9%)</b>	<b>69.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+25.5%)</b>
GenAtt	77.1 $\pm$ 0.1	66.3 $\pm$ 0.1	58.2 $\pm$ 0.1	51.8 $\pm$ 0.1	63.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>78.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.7%)</b>	<b>68.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>61.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.8%)</b>	<b>55.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.8%)</b>	<b>65.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.0%)</b>
TokenTM	75.0 $\pm$ 0.1	65.2 $\pm$ 0.1	56.8 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.1	61.7 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>76.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>66.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.0%)</b>	<b>59.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.1%)</b>	<b>52.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.0%)</b>	<b>63.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.0%)</b>
GradCAM+	66.2 $\pm$ 0.1	55.5 $\pm$ 0.1	45.6 $\pm$ 0.1	48.6 $\pm$ 0.1	54.0 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>72.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.1%)</b>	<b>66.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.7%)</b>	<b>61.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+34.8%)</b>	<b>56.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.2%)</b>	<b>64.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.2%)</b>
HiResCAM	39.0 $\pm$ 0.1	29.5 $\pm$ 0.1	45.4 $\pm$ 0.1	25.7 $\pm$ 0.1	34.9 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>69.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+79.1%)</b>	<b>63.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+114.7%)</b>	<b>56.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+24.8%)</b>	<b>49.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+90.7%)</b>	<b>59.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+71.1%)</b>
XGradCAM+	67.5 $\pm$ 0.1	55.9 $\pm$ 0.1	38.6 $\pm$ 0.1	45.9 $\pm$ 0.1	52.0 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>77.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>68.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+22.4%)</b>	<b>63.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+65.6%)</b>	<b>58.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+28.1%)</b>	<b>67.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+29.0%)</b>
FullGrad+	65.9 $\pm$ 0.1	55.8 $\pm$ 0.1	44.2 $\pm$ 0.1	45.1 $\pm$ 0.1	52.7 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>81.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+24.0%)</b>	<b>70.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+25.8%)</b>	<b>63.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+42.9%)</b>	<b>62.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+38.5%)</b>	<b>69.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+31.5%)</b>

Table 23. How Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	50.1 $\pm$ 0.1	41.8 $\pm$ 0.1	34.5 $\pm$ 0.1	36.9 $\pm$ 0.1	40.8 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	74.0 $\pm$ 0.1	63.1 $\pm$ 0.1	50.1 $\pm$ 0.1	45.4 $\pm$ 0.1	58.2 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	68.7 $\pm$ 0.1	51.2 $\pm$ 0.1	41.9 $\pm$ 0.1	39.0 $\pm$ 0.1	50.2 $\pm$ 0.1
AliLRP	68.9 $\pm$ 0.1	48.9 $\pm$ 0.1	39.8 $\pm$ 0.1	39.8 $\pm$ 0.1	49.4 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	73.4 $\pm$ 0.1	57.7 $\pm$ 0.1	44.5 $\pm$ 0.1	47.1 $\pm$ 0.1	55.7 $\pm$ 0.1
DecompX	74.0 $\pm$ 0.1	56.0 $\pm$ 0.1	44.0 $\pm$ 0.1	44.4 $\pm$ 0.1	54.6 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	69.7 $\pm$ 0.1	56.9 $\pm$ 0.1	46.9 $\pm$ 0.1	46.3 $\pm$ 0.1	54.9 $\pm$ 0.1
Input $\times$ Grad	61.1 $\pm$ 0.1	47.9 $\pm$ 0.1	40.4 $\pm$ 0.1	40.1 $\pm$ 0.1	47.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>74.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+22.0%)</b>	<b>54.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.7%)</b>	<b>44.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.8%)</b>	<b>45.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.4%)</b>	<b>55.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.2%)</b>
AttCAT	72.6 $\pm$ 0.1	62.1 $\pm$ 0.1	50.4 $\pm$ 0.1	48.7 $\pm$ 0.1	58.5 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>83.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+15.2%)</b>	<b>73.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+18.5%)</b>	<b>66.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+31.7%)</b>	<b>64.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+33.0%)</b>	<b>72.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+23.3%)</b>
GenAtt	80.4 $\pm$ 0.1	69.7 $\pm$ 0.1	61.9 $\pm$ 0.1	56.4 $\pm$ 0.1	67.1 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>81.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>71.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>65.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.1%)</b>	<b>59.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.9%)</b>	<b>69.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.6%)</b>
TokenTM	78.8 $\pm$ 0.1	68.9 $\pm$ 0.1	60.6 $\pm$ 0.1	54.9 $\pm$ 0.1	65.8 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>79.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>70.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.1%)</b>	<b>62.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.6%)</b>	<b>57.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>67.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.7%)</b>
GradCAM+	70.5 $\pm$ 0.1	59.9 $\pm$ 0.1	50.5 $\pm$ 0.1	53.4 $\pm$ 0.1	58.6 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>76.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>70.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+17.0%)</b>	<b>65.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+29.3%)</b>	<b>60.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.0%)</b>	<b>68.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.5%)</b>
HiResCAM	48.0 $\pm$ 0.1	38.4 $\pm$ 0.1	50.4 $\pm$ 0.1	32.7 $\pm$ 0.1	42.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>74.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+54.3%)</b>	<b>67.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+75.5%)</b>	<b>60.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+20.6%)</b>	<b>54.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+65.2%)</b>	<b>64.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+51.2%)</b>
XGradCAM+	71.7 $\pm$ 0.1	60.3 $\pm$ 0.1	44.0 $\pm$ 0.1	50.9 $\pm$ 0.1	56.7 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>80.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.4%)</b>	<b>72.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.5%)</b>	<b>67.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+53.0%)</b>	<b>63.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+23.6%)</b>	<b>70.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+24.7%)</b>
FullGrad+	69.8 $\pm$ 0.1	59.6 $\pm$ 0.1	48.2 $\pm$ 0.1	49.1 $\pm$ 0.1	56.6 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>84.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+20.8%)</b>	<b>73.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+23.3%)</b>	<b>66.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+37.1%)</b>	<b>65.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+33.5%)</b>	<b>72.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+27.7%)</b>

Table 24. How Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) Accuracy evaluated using ground-truth labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	20.7 $\pm$ 0.2	18.6 $\pm$ 0.2	14.2 $\pm$ 0.2	15.8 $\pm$ 0.2	17.3 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	44.8 $\pm$ 0.3	41.2 $\pm$ 0.3	27.9 $\pm$ 0.3	25.3 $\pm$ 0.2	34.8 $\pm$ 0.3
Attention Rollout	39.8 $\pm$ 0.3	28.8 $\pm$ 0.2	21.2 $\pm$ 0.2	18.3 $\pm$ 0.3	27.0 $\pm$ 0.3
AliLRP	39.3 $\pm$ 0.2	26.2 $\pm$ 0.3	19.1 $\pm$ 0.2	19.2 $\pm$ 0.2	26.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	44.3 $\pm$ 0.3	35.2 $\pm$ 0.2	23.4 $\pm$ 0.2	27.6 $\pm$ 0.3	32.6 $\pm$ 0.3
DecompX	44.8 $\pm$ 0.3	33.6 $\pm$ 0.2	22.8 $\pm$ 0.2	25.3 $\pm$ 0.3	31.6 $\pm$ 0.3
Integrated Gradients	33.3 $\pm$ 0.2	29.3 $\pm$ 0.3	21.4 $\pm$ 0.2	21.9 $\pm$ 0.2	26.5 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	31.8 $\pm$ 0.2	25.0 $\pm$ 0.3	20.2 $\pm$ 0.2	19.6 $\pm$ 0.2	24.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>44.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+38.3%)</b>	<b>32.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+28.5%)</b>	<b>23.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.8%)</b>	<b>26.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+33.1%)</b>	<b>31.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+30.0%)</b>
AttCAT	42.0 $\pm$ 0.3	38.2 $\pm$ 0.3	28.8 $\pm$ 0.2	29.0 $\pm$ 0.3	34.5 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>52.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+24.1%)</b>	<b>48.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+28.0%)</b>	<b>41.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+44.2%)</b>	<b>44.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+53.6%)</b>	<b>46.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+35.6%)</b>
GenAtt	49.4 $\pm$ 0.3	46.3 $\pm$ 0.3	37.9 $\pm$ 0.2	36.5 $\pm$ 0.3	42.5 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>50.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.2%)</b>	<b>48.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+4.2%)</b>	<b>40.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>39.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+8.7%)</b>	<b>44.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+5.1%)</b>
TokenTM	48.3 $\pm$ 0.3	45.9 $\pm$ 0.3	37.4 $\pm$ 0.3	34.9 $\pm$ 0.3	41.6 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>49.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.9%)</b>	<b>47.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>38.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+3.8%)</b>	<b>37.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+7.1%)</b>	<b>43.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+3.8%)</b>
GradCAM+	40.1 $\pm$ 0.2	35.8 $\pm$ 0.3	27.6 $\pm$ 0.2	33.0 $\pm$ 0.2	34.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>46.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.7%)</b>	<b>46.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+28.7%)</b>	<b>39.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+43.5%)</b>	<b>40.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+21.8%)</b>	<b>43.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+26.2%)</b>
HiResCAM	19.5 $\pm$ 0.3	15.3 $\pm$ 0.2	28.5 $\pm$ 0.2	12.2 $\pm$ 0.2	18.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>44.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+125.6%)</b>	<b>44.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+190.6%)</b>	<b>37.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+29.6%)</b>	<b>33.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+171.8%)</b>	<b>39.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+110.0%)</b>
XGradCAM+	41.2 $\pm$ 0.2	36.2 $\pm$ 0.3	21.5 $\pm$ 0.2	30.5 $\pm$ 0.3	32.4 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>49.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+20.1%)</b>	<b>47.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+32.0%)</b>	<b>41.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+92.8%)</b>	<b>42.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+38.3%)</b>	<b>45.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+39.8%)</b>
FullGrad+	39.2 $\pm$ 0.3	36.1 $\pm$ 0.3	26.3 $\pm$ 0.2	28.9 $\pm$ 0.3	32.6 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>52.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+34.7%)</b>	<b>48.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+35.3%)</b>	<b>41.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+56.7%)</b>	<b>45.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+56.5%)</b>	<b>47.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+44.1%)</b>

Table 25. How Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) AOPC evaluated using predicted labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	17.0 $\pm$ 0.2	15.8 $\pm$ 0.3	12.3 $\pm$ 0.2	14.1 $\pm$ 0.2	14.8 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	38.6 $\pm$ 0.3	36.5 $\pm$ 0.3	25.0 $\pm$ 0.3	22.9 $\pm$ 0.3	30.7 $\pm$ 0.3
Attention Rollout	33.6 $\pm$ 0.3	25.1 $\pm$ 0.4	18.8 $\pm$ 0.3	16.5 $\pm$ 0.3	23.5 $\pm$ 0.3
AliLRP	33.4 $\pm$ 0.3	22.8 $\pm$ 0.3	16.7 $\pm$ 0.2	17.2 $\pm$ 0.3	22.5 $\pm$ 0.3
AttnLRP	37.8 $\pm$ 0.3	30.9 $\pm$ 0.3	20.8 $\pm$ 0.3	24.8 $\pm$ 0.3	28.6 $\pm$ 0.3
DecompX	38.2 $\pm$ 0.3	29.5 $\pm$ 0.3	20.3 $\pm$ 0.3	22.6 $\pm$ 0.3	27.7 $\pm$ 0.3
Integrated Gradients	32.8 $\pm$ 0.3	29.1 $\pm$ 0.3	22.5 $\pm$ 0.2	23.1 $\pm$ 0.3	26.9 $\pm$ 0.3
Input $\times$ Grad	26.3 $\pm$ 0.3	21.6 $\pm$ 0.3	17.7 $\pm$ 0.2	17.5 $\pm$ 0.3	20.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>37.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+42.6%)</b>	<b>28.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+30.4%)</b>	<b>20.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+17.4%)</b>	<b>23.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+33.5%)</b>	<b>27.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+32.2%)</b>
AttCAT	35.6 $\pm$ 0.3	33.4 $\pm$ 0.3	25.3 $\pm$ 0.2	25.7 $\pm$ 0.3	30.0 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>45.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+26.6%)</b>	<b>43.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+31.4%)</b>	<b>37.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+47.9%)</b>	<b>40.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+57.3%)</b>	<b>41.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+39.0%)</b>
GenAtt	42.7 $\pm$ 0.3	41.3 $\pm$ 0.3	34.2 $\pm$ 0.3	33.2 $\pm$ 0.3	37.8 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>43.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.3%)</b>	<b>43.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+4.6%)</b>	<b>36.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+6.8%)</b>	<b>36.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>39.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+5.4%)</b>
TokenTM	41.8 $\pm$ 0.3	40.8 $\pm$ 0.3	33.8 $\pm$ 0.3	31.8 $\pm$ 0.3	37.1 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>42.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.0%)</b>	<b>42.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+3.4%)</b>	<b>35.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>34.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+7.4%)</b>	<b>38.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+4.0%)</b>
GradCAM+	34.1 $\pm$ 0.3	31.5 $\pm$ 0.3	24.8 $\pm$ 0.2	30.0 $\pm$ 0.3	30.1 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>39.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+16.8%)</b>	<b>41.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+30.7%)</b>	<b>35.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+44.8%)</b>	<b>36.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+22.0%)</b>	<b>38.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+27.5%)</b>
HiResCAM	15.8 $\pm$ 0.3	13.1 $\pm$ 0.2	25.4 $\pm$ 0.3	10.6 $\pm$ 0.2	16.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>37.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+138.5%)</b>	<b>39.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+202.6%)</b>	<b>33.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+31.7%)</b>	<b>30.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+186.3%)</b>	<b>35.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+117.4%)</b>
XGradCAM+	35.1 $\pm$ 0.3	31.9 $\pm$ 0.4	19.0 $\pm$ 0.2	27.7 $\pm$ 0.3	28.4 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>42.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+21.7%)</b>	<b>42.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+34.1%)</b>	<b>37.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+98.6%)</b>	<b>38.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+39.2%)</b>	<b>40.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+42.3%)</b>
FullGrad+	33.1 $\pm$ 0.3	31.5 $\pm$ 0.3	23.1 $\pm$ 0.3	25.8 $\pm$ 0.3	28.4 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>45.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+37.8%)</b>	<b>43.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+39.0%)</b>	<b>37.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+60.9%)</b>	<b>41.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+59.5%)</b>	<b>41.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+47.8%)</b>

Table 26. How Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) AOPC evaluated using ground-truth labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	58.6 ±0.1	66.5 ±0.1	73.3 ±0.1	70.2 ±0.1	67.1 ±0.1
RawAtt	67.3 ±0.1	72.8 ±0.1	76.2 ±0.1	67.6 ±0.1	71.0 ±0.1
Attention Rollout	65.4 ±0.1	67.3 ±0.1	73.8 ±0.1	68.3 ±0.1	68.7 ±0.1
AliLRP	73.0 ±0.1	70.6 ±0.1	77.8 ±0.1	72.5 ±0.1	73.5 ±0.1
AttnLRP	74.3 ±0.1	77.3 ±0.1	78.7 ±0.1	77.6 ±0.1	77.0 ±0.1
DecompX	74.8 ±0.1	75.3 ±0.1	79.1 ±0.1	75.8 ±0.1	76.3 ±0.1
Integrated Gradients	66.9 ±0.1	73.9 ±0.1	78.0 ±0.1	73.5 ±0.1	73.1 ±0.1
Input × Grad	69.0 ±0.1	72.1 ±0.1	77.3 ±0.1	72.8 ±0.1	72.8 ±0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>74.8 ±0.1 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>74.3 ±0.1 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>80.2 ±0.1 (+3.8%)</b>	<b>76.7 ±0.1 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>76.5 ±0.1 (+5.1%)</b>
AttCAT	74.8 ±0.1	78.5 ±0.1	82.5 ±0.1	77.5 ±0.1	78.3 ±0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>77.9 ±0.1 (+4.2%)</b>	<b>81.0 ±0.1 (+3.2%)</b>	<b>86.7 ±0.1 (+5.1%)</b>	<b>82.2 ±0.1 (+6.1%)</b>	<b>81.9 ±0.1 (+4.6%)</b>
GenAtt	76.2 ±0.1	79.1 ±0.1	84.0 ±0.1	78.2 ±0.1	79.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>74.6 ±0.1 (-2.1%)</b>	<b>79.0 ±0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>84.4 ±0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>78.8 ±0.1 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>79.2 ±0.1 (-0.2%)</b>
TokenTM	74.2 ±0.1	77.2 ±0.1	83.1 ±0.1	77.3 ±0.1	77.9 ±0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>73.7 ±0.1 (-0.6%)</b>	<b>77.1 ±0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>83.2 ±0.1 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>77.8 ±0.1 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>78.0 ±0.1 (+0.0%)</b>
GradCAM+	65.1 ±0.1	71.9 ±0.1	78.5 ±0.1	76.8 ±0.1	73.1 ±0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>70.2 ±0.1 (+7.8%)</b>	<b>78.0 ±0.1 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>84.9 ±0.1 (+8.3%)</b>	<b>79.1 ±0.1 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>78.0 ±0.1 (+6.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	48.3 ±0.1	62.8 ±0.1	79.5 ±0.1	59.3 ±0.1	62.5 ±0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>68.0 ±0.1 (+40.8%)</b>	<b>76.1 ±0.1 (+21.2%)</b>	<b>82.7 ±0.1 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>73.8 ±0.1 (+24.4%)</b>	<b>75.2 ±0.1 (+20.3%)</b>
XGradCAM+	66.7 ±0.1	73.5 ±0.1	73.3 ±0.1	75.7 ±0.1	72.3 ±0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>72.8 ±0.1 (+9.0%)</b>	<b>78.5 ±0.1 (+6.8%)</b>	<b>85.4 ±0.1 (+16.6%)</b>	<b>80.0 ±0.1 (+5.6%)</b>	<b>79.2 ±0.1 (+9.5%)</b>
FullGrad+	73.4 ±0.1	77.6 ±0.1	81.6 ±0.1	76.8 ±0.1	77.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>78.8 ±0.1 (+7.3%)</b>	<b>81.0 ±0.1 (+4.4%)</b>	<b>87.0 ±0.0 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>82.6 ±0.1 (+7.6%)</b>	<b>82.4 ±0.1 (+6.5%)</b>

Table 27. How Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	49.2 ±0.1	57.7 ±0.1	65.2 ±0.1	62.9 ±0.1	58.8 ±0.1
RawAtt	55.2 ±0.1	63.9 ±0.1	67.5 ±0.1	60.3 ±0.1	61.7 ±0.1
Attention Rollout	54.4 ±0.1	58.6 ±0.1	65.9 ±0.1	61.9 ±0.1	60.2 ±0.1
AliLRP	63.1 ±0.1	62.5 ±0.1	69.9 ±0.1	65.4 ±0.1	65.2 ±0.1
AttnLRP	63.2 ±0.1	68.4 ±0.1	71.0 ±0.1	70.3 ±0.1	68.2 ±0.1
DecompX	63.3 ±0.1	66.5 ±0.1	71.1 ±0.1	68.8 ±0.1	67.4 ±0.1
Integrated Gradients	64.0 ±0.1	69.6 ±0.1	74.4 ±0.1	71.1 ±0.1	69.8 ±0.1
Input × Grad	58.6 ±0.1	64.2 ±0.1	69.9 ±0.1	65.8 ±0.1	64.6 ±0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>65.2 ±0.1 (+11.3%)</b>	<b>66.4 ±0.1 (+3.4%)</b>	<b>72.5 ±0.1 (+3.7%)</b>	<b>70.1 ±0.1 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>68.5 ±0.1 (+6.1%)</b>
AttCAT	66.5 ±0.1	71.9 ±0.1	76.8 ±0.1	71.8 ±0.1	71.7 ±0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>69.5 ±0.1 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>74.2 ±0.1 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>80.2 ±0.1 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>76.3 ±0.1 (+6.2%)</b>	<b>75.0 ±0.1 (+4.6%)</b>
GenAtt	63.6 ±0.1	69.6 ±0.1	74.8 ±0.1	70.0 ±0.1	69.5 ±0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>62.3 ±0.1 (-2.0%)</b>	<b>69.5 ±0.1 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>75.1 ±0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>70.9 ±0.1 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>69.4 ±0.1 (-0.1%)</b>
TokenTM	61.2 ±0.1	67.4 ±0.1	73.5 ±0.1	68.9 ±0.1	67.7 ±0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>60.8 ±0.1 (-0.6%)</b>	<b>67.4 ±0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>73.6 ±0.1 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>69.4 ±0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>67.8 ±0.1 (+0.1%)</b>
GradCAM+	57.9 ±0.1	65.0 ±0.1	72.0 ±0.1	70.5 ±0.1	66.3 ±0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>61.9 ±0.1 (+7.0%)</b>	<b>70.7 ±0.1 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>78.0 ±0.1 (+8.3%)</b>	<b>72.6 ±0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>70.8 ±0.1 (+6.7%)</b>
HiResCAM	42.4 ±0.1	55.8 ±0.1	71.9 ±0.1	53.6 ±0.1	55.9 ±0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>60.0 ±0.1 (+41.5%)</b>	<b>68.5 ±0.1 (+22.6%)</b>	<b>75.6 ±0.1 (+5.1%)</b>	<b>67.4 ±0.1 (+25.7%)</b>	<b>67.9 ±0.1 (+21.3%)</b>
XGradCAM+	59.5 ±0.1	66.3 ±0.1	67.0 ±0.1	69.5 ±0.1	65.6 ±0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>64.4 ±0.1 (+8.3%)</b>	<b>71.4 ±0.1 (+7.7%)</b>	<b>78.1 ±0.1 (+16.6%)</b>	<b>73.5 ±0.1 (+5.7%)</b>	<b>71.9 ±0.1 (+9.6%)</b>
FullGrad+	64.5 ±0.1	70.3 ±0.1	75.2 ±0.1	71.5 ±0.1	70.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>70.2 ±0.1 (+8.8%)</b>	<b>74.4 ±0.1 (+5.9%)</b>	<b>80.6 ±0.1 (+7.1%)</b>	<b>76.8 ±0.1 (+7.5%)</b>	<b>75.5 ±0.1 (+7.3%)</b>

Table 28. How Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) Accuracy evaluated using ground-truth labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	79.0 $\pm$ 0.2	81.8 $\pm$ 0.2	85.8 $\pm$ 0.2	83.7 $\pm$ 0.2	82.6 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	85.6 $\pm$ 0.2	87.2 $\pm$ 0.2	87.6 $\pm$ 0.1	81.5 $\pm$ 0.1	85.5 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	84.3 $\pm$ 0.2	82.4 $\pm$ 0.3	86.0 $\pm$ 0.2	81.9 $\pm$ 0.2	83.7 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	92.6 $\pm$ 0.2	85.8 $\pm$ 0.2	89.3 $\pm$ 0.2	85.9 $\pm$ 0.2	88.4 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	93.2 $\pm$ 0.2	92.8 $\pm$ 0.2	90.8 $\pm$ 0.1	91.3 $\pm$ 0.2	92.1 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	93.1 $\pm$ 0.2	90.3 $\pm$ 0.2	90.6 $\pm$ 0.1	89.3 $\pm$ 0.2	90.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	88.8 $\pm$ 0.2	90.1 $\pm$ 0.2	91.3 $\pm$ 0.1	88.4 $\pm$ 0.2	89.6 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	88.3 $\pm$ 0.2	87.8 $\pm$ 0.3	90.2 $\pm$ 0.1	86.7 $\pm$ 0.1	88.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>93.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.3%)</b>	<b>89.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.1%)</b>	<b>91.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.2%)</b>	<b>90.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>91.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.4%)</b>
AttCAT	95.3 $\pm$ 0.2	95.6 $\pm$ 0.2	96.6 $\pm$ 0.2	92.6 $\pm$ 0.2	95.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>98.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>97.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.3%)</b>	<b>99.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.7%)</b>	<b>97.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.8%)</b>	<b>98.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.2%)</b>
GenAtt	93.5 $\pm$ 0.2	92.9 $\pm$ 0.2	94.6 $\pm$ 0.1	91.5 $\pm$ 0.2	93.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>92.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-1.4%)</b>	<b>92.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>94.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>92.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>92.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.2%)</b>
TokenTM	91.3 $\pm$ 0.2	90.8 $\pm$ 0.2	93.3 $\pm$ 0.1	90.3 $\pm$ 0.2	91.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>90.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.9%)</b>	<b>90.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>93.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>90.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.6%)</b>	<b>91.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.0%)</b>
GradCAM+	84.3 $\pm$ 0.2	88.1 $\pm$ 0.2	91.5 $\pm$ 0.2	91.0 $\pm$ 0.2	88.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>89.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.2%)</b>	<b>93.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.4%)</b>	<b>96.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.2%)</b>	<b>92.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.8%)</b>	<b>93.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.9%)</b>
HiResCAM	71.3 $\pm$ 0.2	78.7 $\pm$ 0.3	91.7 $\pm$ 0.2	74.2 $\pm$ 0.3	79.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>86.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+20.8%)</b>	<b>91.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.7%)</b>	<b>94.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.8%)</b>	<b>88.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+18.6%)</b>	<b>89.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+13.8%)</b>
XGradCAM+	86.4 $\pm$ 0.2	89.5 $\pm$ 0.2	86.6 $\pm$ 0.2	90.1 $\pm$ 0.2	88.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>91.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.3%)</b>	<b>94.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.2%)</b>	<b>96.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.6%)</b>	<b>93.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.9%)</b>	<b>94.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.7%)</b>
FullGrad+	93.5 $\pm$ 0.2	94.3 $\pm$ 0.2	95.0 $\pm$ 0.2	91.8 $\pm$ 0.2	93.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>99.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.1%)</b>	<b>97.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.8%)</b>	<b>99.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.8%)</b>	<b>97.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.0%)</b>	<b>98.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.2%)</b>

Table 29. How Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) AOPC evaluated using predicted labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	82.8 $\pm$ 0.2	84.1 $\pm$ 0.2	87.5 $\pm$ 0.2	85.4 $\pm$ 0.2	84.9 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	88.1 $\pm$ 0.2	89.4 $\pm$ 0.2	89.2 $\pm$ 0.1	83.3 $\pm$ 0.2	87.5 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	87.2 $\pm$ 0.2	84.8 $\pm$ 0.2	87.9 $\pm$ 0.2	84.1 $\pm$ 0.2	86.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	95.0 $\pm$ 0.3	88.2 $\pm$ 0.2	90.9 $\pm$ 0.2	87.7 $\pm$ 0.2	90.4 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	95.6 $\pm$ 0.2	94.6 $\pm$ 0.2	92.4 $\pm$ 0.2	92.9 $\pm$ 0.2	93.8 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	95.4 $\pm$ 0.2	92.2 $\pm$ 0.2	92.2 $\pm$ 0.2	91.0 $\pm$ 0.2	92.7 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	96.3 $\pm$ 0.2	95.4 $\pm$ 0.2	95.7 $\pm$ 0.2	93.3 $\pm$ 0.2	95.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	90.8 $\pm$ 0.2	90.0 $\pm$ 0.3	91.8 $\pm$ 0.2	88.4 $\pm$ 0.2	90.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>96.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.2%)</b>	<b>92.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.1%)</b>	<b>93.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>92.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>93.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.4%)</b>
AttCAT	98.0 $\pm$ 0.2	97.7 $\pm$ 0.2	98.4 $\pm$ 0.2	94.3 $\pm$ 0.2	97.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>100.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>100.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>100.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>98.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>100.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.0%)</b>
GenAtt	95.4 $\pm$ 0.2	94.7 $\pm$ 0.2	95.7 $\pm$ 0.2	92.8 $\pm$ 0.2	94.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>94.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-1.1%)</b>	<b>94.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>96.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.3%)</b>	<b>93.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>94.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.1%)</b>
TokenTM	93.4 $\pm$ 0.2	92.7 $\pm$ 0.2	94.4 $\pm$ 0.1	91.6 $\pm$ 0.2	93.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>92.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.7%)</b>	<b>92.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>94.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>92.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>93.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.0%)</b>
GradCAM+	88.6 $\pm$ 0.2	90.5 $\pm$ 0.2	93.5 $\pm$ 0.2	92.9 $\pm$ 0.2	91.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>93.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.2%)</b>	<b>96.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.1%)</b>	<b>98.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.9%)</b>	<b>94.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>95.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.4%)</b>
HiResCAM	76.6 $\pm$ 0.3	81.8 $\pm$ 0.3	93.3 $\pm$ 0.2	76.7 $\pm$ 0.2	82.1 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>90.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+17.7%)</b>	<b>93.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>96.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>90.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+17.3%)</b>	<b>92.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.5%)</b>
XGradCAM+	90.5 $\pm$ 0.3	91.8 $\pm$ 0.2	88.9 $\pm$ 0.3	92.1 $\pm$ 0.2	90.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>95.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.6%)</b>	<b>96.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.1%)</b>	<b>98.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+10.8%)</b>	<b>95.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.5%)</b>	<b>96.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.2%)</b>
FullGrad+	96.3 $\pm$ 0.2	96.3 $\pm$ 0.2	96.6 $\pm$ 0.2	93.8 $\pm$ 0.2	95.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>101.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.7%)</b>	<b>100.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>101.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.8%)</b>	<b>98.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>100.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.9%)</b>

Table 30. How Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) AOPC evaluated using ground-truth labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	49.6 ±0.1	50.2 ±0.1	49.9 ±0.1	49.8 ±0.1	49.9 ±0.1
RawAtt	68.4 ±0.1	65.8 ±0.1	60.4 ±0.1	53.3 ±0.1	62.0 ±0.1
Attention Rollout	64.8 ±0.1	56.2 ±0.1	54.6 ±0.1	49.9 ±0.1	56.3 ±0.1
AliLRP	68.7 ±0.1	56.5 ±0.1	55.5 ±0.1	52.8 ±0.1	58.4 ±0.1
AttnLRP	72.0 ±0.1	64.9 ±0.1	58.6 ±0.1	59.7 ±0.1	63.8 ±0.1
DecompX	72.6 ±0.1	62.9 ±0.1	58.5 ±0.1	57.4 ±0.1	62.8 ±0.1
Integrated Gradients	62.0 ±0.1	59.9 ±0.1	56.7 ±0.1	54.7 ±0.1	58.3 ±0.1
Input × Grad	62.3 ±0.1	57.0 ±0.1	55.9 ±0.1	53.3 ±0.1	57.1 ±0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>72.8 ±0.1 (+16.8%)</b>	<b>61.8 ±0.1 (+8.5%)</b>	<b>59.4 ±0.1 (+6.3%)</b>	<b>58.6 ±0.1 (+9.9%)</b>	<b>63.1 ±0.1 (+10.6%)</b>
AttCAT	72.0 ±0.1	68.7 ±0.1	64.7 ±0.1	61.2 ±0.1	66.7 ±0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>79.4 ±0.1 (+10.2%)</b>	<b>75.7 ±0.1 (+10.1%)</b>	<b>75.1 ±0.1 (+16.1%)</b>	<b>71.8 ±0.1 (+17.4%)</b>	<b>75.5 ±0.1 (+13.2%)</b>
GenAtt	76.6 ±0.1	72.7 ±0.1	71.1 ±0.1	65.0 ±0.1	71.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>76.5 ±0.1 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>73.6 ±0.1 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>73.0 ±0.1 (+2.6%)</b>	<b>67.1 ±0.1 (+3.2%)</b>	<b>72.5 ±0.1 (+1.6%)</b>
TokenTM	74.6 ±0.1	71.2 ±0.1	70.0 ±0.1	63.6 ±0.1	69.8 ±0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>75.0 ±0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>71.8 ±0.1 (+0.9%)</b>	<b>71.1 ±0.1 (+1.7%)</b>	<b>65.2 ±0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>70.8 ±0.1 (+1.3%)</b>
GradCAM+	65.7 ±0.1	63.7 ±0.1	62.0 ±0.1	62.7 ±0.1	63.5 ±0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>71.5 ±0.1 (+9.0%)</b>	<b>72.2 ±0.1 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>73.2 ±0.1 (+18.0%)</b>	<b>67.8 ±0.1 (+8.1%)</b>	<b>71.2 ±0.1 (+12.1%)</b>
HiResCAM	43.7 ±0.1	46.2 ±0.1	62.5 ±0.1	42.5 ±0.1	48.7 ±0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>68.9 ±0.1 (+57.9%)</b>	<b>69.8 ±0.1 (+51.1%)</b>	<b>69.7 ±0.1 (+11.6%)</b>	<b>61.4 ±0.1 (+44.4%)</b>	<b>67.4 ±0.1 (+38.5%)</b>
XGradCAM+	67.1 ±0.1	64.7 ±0.1	55.9 ±0.1	60.8 ±0.1	62.1 ±0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>74.9 ±0.1 (+11.6%)</b>	<b>73.5 ±0.1 (+13.5%)</b>	<b>74.6 ±0.1 (+33.5%)</b>	<b>69.4 ±0.1 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>73.1 ±0.1 (+17.6%)</b>
FullGrad+	69.7 ±0.1	66.7 ±0.1	62.9 ±0.1	60.9 ±0.1	65.0 ±0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>80.3 ±0.1 (+15.2%)</b>	<b>75.6 ±0.1 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>75.0 ±0.1 (+19.4%)</b>	<b>72.5 ±0.1 (+19.0%)</b>	<b>75.9 ±0.1 (+16.6%)</b>

Table 31. How Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	49.6 ±0.1	49.7 ±0.1	49.9 ±0.1	49.9 ±0.1	49.8 ±0.1
RawAtt	64.6 ±0.1	63.5 ±0.1	58.8 ±0.1	52.9 ±0.1	60.0 ±0.1
Attention Rollout	61.6 ±0.1	54.9 ±0.1	53.9 ±0.1	50.4 ±0.1	55.2 ±0.1
AliLRP	66.0 ±0.1	55.7 ±0.1	54.8 ±0.1	52.6 ±0.1	57.3 ±0.1
AttnLRP	68.3 ±0.1	63.0 ±0.1	57.8 ±0.1	58.7 ±0.1	62.0 ±0.1
DecompX	68.6 ±0.1	61.3 ±0.1	57.6 ±0.1	56.6 ±0.1	61.0 ±0.1
Integrated Gradients	66.8 ±0.1	63.3 ±0.1	60.6 ±0.1	58.7 ±0.1	62.4 ±0.1
Input × Grad	59.8 ±0.1	56.1 ±0.1	55.1 ±0.1	53.0 ±0.1	56.0 ±0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>69.9 ±0.1 (+16.8%)</b>	<b>60.7 ±0.1 (+8.2%)</b>	<b>58.6 ±0.1 (+6.3%)</b>	<b>58.0 ±0.1 (+9.5%)</b>	<b>61.8 ±0.1 (+10.3%)</b>
AttCAT	69.5 ±0.1	67.0 ±0.1	63.6 ±0.1	60.2 ±0.1	65.1 ±0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>76.5 ±0.1 (+10.1%)</b>	<b>73.9 ±0.1 (+10.3%)</b>	<b>73.3 ±0.1 (+15.3%)</b>	<b>70.5 ±0.1 (+17.0%)</b>	<b>73.6 ±0.1 (+13.0%)</b>
GenAtt	72.0 ±0.1	69.6 ±0.1	68.4 ±0.1	63.2 ±0.1	68.3 ±0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>71.9 ±0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>70.6 ±0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>70.1 ±0.1 (+2.5%)</b>	<b>65.3 ±0.1 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>69.5 ±0.1 (+1.7%)</b>
TokenTM	70.0 ±0.1	68.2 ±0.1	67.1 ±0.1	61.9 ±0.1	66.8 ±0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>70.3 ±0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>68.8 ±0.1 (+1.0%)</b>	<b>68.2 ±0.1 (+1.7%)</b>	<b>63.4 ±0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>67.7 ±0.1 (+1.4%)</b>
GradCAM+	64.2 ±0.1	62.5 ±0.1	61.3 ±0.1	62.0 ±0.1	62.5 ±0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>69.3 ±0.1 (+8.0%)</b>	<b>70.4 ±0.1 (+12.8%)</b>	<b>71.7 ±0.1 (+17.0%)</b>	<b>66.7 ±0.1 (+7.7%)</b>	<b>69.6 ±0.1 (+11.3%)</b>
HiResCAM	45.2 ±0.1	47.1 ±0.1	61.2 ±0.1	43.2 ±0.1	49.2 ±0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>67.0 ±0.1 (+48.3%)</b>	<b>68.0 ±0.1 (+44.2%)</b>	<b>68.2 ±0.1 (+11.5%)</b>	<b>60.7 ±0.1 (+40.7%)</b>	<b>66.0 ±0.1 (+34.2%)</b>
XGradCAM+	65.6 ±0.1	63.3 ±0.1	55.5 ±0.1	60.2 ±0.1	61.2 ±0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>72.5 ±0.1 (+10.5%)</b>	<b>71.7 ±0.1 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>72.7 ±0.1 (+31.0%)</b>	<b>68.2 ±0.1 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>71.3 ±0.1 (+16.6%)</b>
FullGrad+	67.1 ±0.1	65.0 ±0.1	61.7 ±0.1	60.3 ±0.1	63.5 ±0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>77.2 ±0.1 (+15.0%)</b>	<b>74.0 ±0.1 (+13.9%)</b>	<b>73.3 ±0.1 (+18.8%)</b>	<b>71.2 ±0.1 (+18.1%)</b>	<b>73.9 ±0.1 (+16.4%)</b>

Table 32. How Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) Accuracy evaluated using ground-truth labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	49.9 $\pm$ 0.2	50.2 $\pm$ 0.2	50.0 $\pm$ 0.2	49.8 $\pm$ 0.2	50.0 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	65.2 $\pm$ 0.2	64.2 $\pm$ 0.3	57.8 $\pm$ 0.2	53.4 $\pm$ 0.2	60.1 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	62.1 $\pm$ 0.2	55.6 $\pm$ 0.2	53.6 $\pm$ 0.2	50.1 $\pm$ 0.2	55.3 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	66.0 $\pm$ 0.2	56.0 $\pm$ 0.3	54.2 $\pm$ 0.2	52.5 $\pm$ 0.2	57.2 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	68.8 $\pm$ 0.2	64.0 $\pm$ 0.2	57.1 $\pm$ 0.2	59.5 $\pm$ 0.2	62.3 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	69.0 $\pm$ 0.2	61.9 $\pm$ 0.2	56.7 $\pm$ 0.2	57.3 $\pm$ 0.2	61.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	61.1 $\pm$ 0.2	59.7 $\pm$ 0.3	56.3 $\pm$ 0.2	55.1 $\pm$ 0.2	58.1 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	60.0 $\pm$ 0.2	56.4 $\pm$ 0.3	55.2 $\pm$ 0.2	53.2 $\pm$ 0.2	56.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>68.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.8%)</b>	<b>60.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+8.0%)</b>	<b>57.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.9%)</b>	<b>58.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.4%)</b>	<b>61.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.1%)</b>
AttCAT	68.6 $\pm$ 0.2	66.9 $\pm$ 0.2	62.7 $\pm$ 0.2	60.8 $\pm$ 0.2	64.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>75.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.4%)</b>	<b>73.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+9.6%)</b>	<b>70.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.2%)</b>	<b>70.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+16.4%)</b>	<b>72.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+11.8%)</b>
GenAtt	71.5 $\pm$ 0.2	69.6 $\pm$ 0.2	66.3 $\pm$ 0.2	64.0 $\pm$ 0.2	67.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>71.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>70.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.2%)</b>	<b>67.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.1%)</b>	<b>65.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.8%)</b>	<b>68.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.5%)</b>
TokenTM	69.8 $\pm$ 0.2	68.3 $\pm$ 0.2	65.3 $\pm$ 0.2	62.6 $\pm$ 0.2	66.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>69.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>69.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.0%)</b>	<b>66.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>64.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>67.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.2%)</b>
GradCAM+	62.2 $\pm$ 0.2	62.0 $\pm$ 0.3	59.5 $\pm$ 0.2	62.0 $\pm$ 0.2	61.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>68.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.3%)</b>	<b>69.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.8%)</b>	<b>67.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>66.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.2%)</b>	<b>68.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+10.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	45.4 $\pm$ 0.2	47.0 $\pm$ 0.3	60.1 $\pm$ 0.2	43.2 $\pm$ 0.2	48.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>65.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+43.3%)</b>	<b>67.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+44.1%)</b>	<b>65.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.2%)</b>	<b>60.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+40.3%)</b>	<b>64.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+32.4%)</b>
XGradCAM+	63.8 $\pm$ 0.2	62.8 $\pm$ 0.3	54.1 $\pm$ 0.2	60.3 $\pm$ 0.2	60.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>70.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+10.8%)</b>	<b>71.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.9%)</b>	<b>69.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+27.7%)</b>	<b>68.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.6%)</b>	<b>69.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.6%)</b>
FullGrad+	66.3 $\pm$ 0.2	65.2 $\pm$ 0.3	60.7 $\pm$ 0.2	60.4 $\pm$ 0.2	63.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>76.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.5%)</b>	<b>73.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.5%)</b>	<b>70.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+16.0%)</b>	<b>71.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+18.1%)</b>	<b>72.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.2%)</b>

Table 33. How Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) AOPC evaluated using predicted labels varies with different model sizes.

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	49.9 $\pm$ 0.2	49.9 $\pm$ 0.3	49.9 $\pm$ 0.2	49.7 $\pm$ 0.2	49.9 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	63.3 $\pm$ 0.3	63.0 $\pm$ 0.3	57.1 $\pm$ 0.2	53.1 $\pm$ 0.2	59.1 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	60.4 $\pm$ 0.3	54.9 $\pm$ 0.3	53.3 $\pm$ 0.2	50.3 $\pm$ 0.3	54.8 $\pm$ 0.3
AliLRP	64.2 $\pm$ 0.3	55.5 $\pm$ 0.3	53.8 $\pm$ 0.2	52.4 $\pm$ 0.2	56.5 $\pm$ 0.3
AttnLRP	66.7 $\pm$ 0.3	62.8 $\pm$ 0.3	56.6 $\pm$ 0.2	58.8 $\pm$ 0.3	61.2 $\pm$ 0.3
DecompX	66.8 $\pm$ 0.3	60.9 $\pm$ 0.3	56.3 $\pm$ 0.2	56.8 $\pm$ 0.3	60.2 $\pm$ 0.3
Integrated Gradients	64.6 $\pm$ 0.3	62.3 $\pm$ 0.3	59.1 $\pm$ 0.2	58.2 $\pm$ 0.3	61.0 $\pm$ 0.3
Input $\times$ Grad	58.5 $\pm$ 0.2	55.8 $\pm$ 0.3	54.8 $\pm$ 0.2	53.0 $\pm$ 0.2	55.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>67.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+14.4%)</b>	<b>60.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+7.6%)</b>	<b>56.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>57.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>60.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+8.8%)</b>
AttCAT	66.8 $\pm$ 0.3	65.5 $\pm$ 0.3	61.9 $\pm$ 0.2	60.0 $\pm$ 0.2	63.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>72.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.2%)</b>	<b>71.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+9.8%)</b>	<b>69.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+11.7%)</b>	<b>69.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+15.8%)</b>	<b>70.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+11.5%)</b>
GenAtt	69.1 $\pm$ 0.2	68.0 $\pm$ 0.3	65.0 $\pm$ 0.2	63.0 $\pm$ 0.2	66.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>69.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>68.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>66.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.0%)</b>	<b>64.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.7%)</b>	<b>67.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.4%)</b>
TokenTM	67.6 $\pm$ 0.2	66.8 $\pm$ 0.3	64.1 $\pm$ 0.2	61.7 $\pm$ 0.3	65.0 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>67.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>67.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.1%)</b>	<b>64.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.2%)</b>	<b>63.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.3%)</b>	<b>65.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.2%)</b>
GradCAM+	61.4 $\pm$ 0.3	61.0 $\pm$ 0.3	59.2 $\pm$ 0.2	61.5 $\pm$ 0.3	60.8 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>66.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>68.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.4%)</b>	<b>67.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>65.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>66.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+10.2%)</b>
HiResCAM	46.2 $\pm$ 0.3	47.4 $\pm$ 0.3	59.3 $\pm$ 0.2	43.6 $\pm$ 0.2	49.2 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>64.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+38.4%)</b>	<b>66.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+40.0%)</b>	<b>64.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.1%)</b>	<b>60.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+37.7%)</b>	<b>63.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+29.8%)</b>
XGradCAM+	62.8 $\pm$ 0.3	61.9 $\pm$ 0.3	53.9 $\pm$ 0.2	59.9 $\pm$ 0.3	59.6 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>69.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+10.1%)</b>	<b>69.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.6%)</b>	<b>68.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+26.2%)</b>	<b>66.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+11.8%)</b>	<b>68.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+14.8%)</b>
FullGrad+	64.7 $\pm$ 0.3	63.9 $\pm$ 0.3	59.8 $\pm$ 0.2	59.8 $\pm$ 0.2	62.1 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>73.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+13.9%)</b>	<b>72.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.6%)</b>	<b>69.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.6%)</b>	<b>70.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+17.1%)</b>	<b>71.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+14.7%)</b>

Table 34. How Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) AOPC evaluated using ground-truth labels varies with different model sizes.

### D.3.1. Segmentation Average Precision (AP)

Method	ViT-Tiny	ViT-Small	ViT-Base	ViT-Large	Avg.
Random	42.0 $\pm$ 0.4	41.9 $\pm$ 0.4	41.9 $\pm$ 0.4	42.0 $\pm$ 0.4	41.9 $\pm$ 0.4
RawAtt	60.2 $\pm$ 0.3	57.8 $\pm$ 0.3	46.9 $\pm$ 0.3	40.2 $\pm$ 0.4	51.3 $\pm$ 0.3
Attention Rollout	61.2 $\pm$ 0.4	47.1 $\pm$ 0.3	45.3 $\pm$ 0.3	39.9 $\pm$ 0.3	48.3 $\pm$ 0.3
AliLRP	54.5 $\pm$ 0.3	42.5 $\pm$ 0.4	43.8 $\pm$ 0.4	42.7 $\pm$ 0.4	45.9 $\pm$ 0.3
AttnLRP	59.7 $\pm$ 0.3	46.2 $\pm$ 0.3	42.0 $\pm$ 0.4	47.2 $\pm$ 0.3	48.8 $\pm$ 0.3
DecompX	60.0 $\pm$ 0.3	47.7 $\pm$ 0.3	44.3 $\pm$ 0.3	54.2 $\pm$ 0.3	51.6 $\pm$ 0.3
Integrated Gradients	52.4 $\pm$ 0.3	51.7 $\pm$ 0.3	47.5 $\pm$ 0.3	46.6 $\pm$ 0.3	49.6 $\pm$ 0.3
Input $\times$ Grad	50.6 $\pm$ 0.3	48.5 $\pm$ 0.3	44.8 $\pm$ 0.3	43.6 $\pm$ 0.4	46.9 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	57.1 $\pm$ 0.3 (+12.8%)	46.0 $\pm$ 0.3 (-5.1%)	44.4 $\pm$ 0.3 (-0.9%)	53.6 $\pm$ 0.3 (+22.9%)	50.3 $\pm$ 0.3 (+7.3%)
AttCAT	54.7 $\pm$ 0.3	49.8 $\pm$ 0.3	44.5 $\pm$ 0.3	44.9 $\pm$ 0.3	48.5 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	61.1 $\pm$ 0.3 (+11.7%)	56.0 $\pm$ 0.3 (+12.4%)	61.5 $\pm$ 0.3 (+38.3%)	53.3 $\pm$ 0.3 (+18.8%)	58.0 $\pm$ 0.3 (+19.6%)
GenAtt	71.1 $\pm$ 0.3	65.9 $\pm$ 0.2	71.0 $\pm$ 0.2	50.9 $\pm$ 0.3	64.7 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>75.0</b> $\pm$ 0.3 (+5.5%)	<u>71.0</u> $\pm$ 0.3 (+7.7%)	<b>77.5</b> $\pm$ 0.2 (+9.2%)	58.6 $\pm$ 0.3 (+15.1%)	<b>70.5</b> $\pm$ 0.3 (+9.0%)
TokenTM	70.8 $\pm$ 0.3	68.2 $\pm$ 0.2	70.2 $\pm$ 0.2	50.0 $\pm$ 0.3	64.8 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<u>73.7</u> $\pm$ 0.3 (+4.1%)	<b>71.4</b> $\pm$ 0.2 (+4.7%)	73.9 $\pm$ 0.2 (+5.2%)	53.9 $\pm$ 0.3 (+7.9%)	<u>68.2</u> $\pm$ 0.3 (+5.3%)
GradCAM+	48.4 $\pm$ 0.4	46.4 $\pm$ 0.4	50.2 $\pm$ 0.4	52.1 $\pm$ 0.4	49.3 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	56.3 $\pm$ 0.4 (+16.4%)	60.7 $\pm$ 0.4 (+30.8%)	72.1 $\pm$ 0.3 (+43.6%)	60.2 $\pm$ 0.4 (+15.5%)	62.3 $\pm$ 0.4 (+26.5%)
HiResCAM	50.6 $\pm$ 0.4	48.4 $\pm$ 0.4	59.0 $\pm$ 0.3	38.5 $\pm$ 0.4	49.1 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	63.8 $\pm$ 0.3 (+26.1%)	69.4 $\pm$ 0.3 (+43.2%)	72.6 $\pm$ 0.3 (+23.1%)	48.0 $\pm$ 0.3 (+24.8%)	63.4 $\pm$ 0.3 (+29.1%)
XGradCAM+	48.8 $\pm$ 0.4	45.4 $\pm$ 0.4	41.0 $\pm$ 0.4	46.9 $\pm$ 0.4	45.5 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	61.4 $\pm$ 0.4 (+26.0%)	62.3 $\pm$ 0.4 (+37.2%)	<u>75.0</u> $\pm$ 0.3 (+82.8%)	<u>60.3</u> $\pm$ 0.4 (+28.6%)	64.7 $\pm$ 0.4 (+42.3%)
FullGrad+	53.2 $\pm$ 0.3	50.0 $\pm$ 0.3	45.2 $\pm$ 0.3	44.2 $\pm$ 0.3	48.1 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	65.0 $\pm$ 0.3 (+22.2%)	59.6 $\pm$ 0.3 (+19.2%)	65.5 $\pm$ 0.3 (+44.8%)	<b>64.5</b> $\pm$ 0.3 (+46.0%)	63.6 $\pm$ 0.3 (+32.2%)

Table 35. How Segmentation AP varies with different model sizes.

#### D.4. Across Datasets

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	26.5 ±0.1	52.4 ±0.1	15.1 ±0.1	13.7 ±0.1	26.9 ±0.1
RawAtt	44.6 ±0.1	65.9 ±0.1	24.8 ±0.1	37.2 ±0.1	43.1 ±0.1
Attention Rollout	35.4 ±0.1	62.2 ±0.1	21.5 ±0.1	21.2 ±0.1	35.1 ±0.1
AliLRP	33.3 ±0.1	64.1 ±0.1	19.2 ±0.1	19.0 ±0.1	33.9 ±0.1
AttnLRP	38.5 ±0.1	70.8 ±0.1	22.8 ±0.1	30.3 ±0.1	40.6 ±0.1
DecompX	37.8 ±0.1	67.7 ±0.1	21.6 ±0.1	22.5 ±0.1	37.4 ±0.1
Integrated Gradients	35.4 ±0.1	66.6 ±0.1	23.8 ±0.1	20.7 ±0.1	36.6 ±0.1
Input × Grad	34.4 ±0.1	67.6 ±0.1	25.5 ±0.1	20.4 ±0.1	37.0 ±0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>38.6 ±0.1 (+12.0%)</b>	<b>68.8 ±0.1 (+1.8%)</b>	<b>21.6 ±0.1 (-15.1%)</b>	<b>23.5 ±0.1 (+15.4%)</b>	<b>38.1 ±0.1 (+3.1%)</b>
AttCAT	46.9 ±0.1	82.3 ±0.1	31.1 ±0.1	37.3 ±0.1	49.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>63.5 ±0.1 (+35.4%)</b>	<b>87.3 ±0.1 (+6.1%)</b>	<b>40.9 ±0.1 (+31.6%)</b>	<b>55.3 ±0.1 (+48.1%)</b>	<b>61.8 ±0.1 (+25.0%)</b>
GenAtt	58.2 ±0.1	81.3 ±0.1	30.0 ±0.1	44.1 ±0.1	53.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>61.6 ±0.1 (+5.8%)</b>	<b>82.8 ±0.1 (+1.8%)</b>	<b>30.1 ±0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>46.5 ±0.1 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>55.2 ±0.1 (+3.4%)</b>
TokenTM	56.8 ±0.1	79.3 ±0.1	28.0 ±0.1	44.0 ±0.1	52.0 ±0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>59.1 ±0.1 (+4.1%)</b>	<b>80.0 ±0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>28.0 ±0.1 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>45.4 ±0.1 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>53.1 ±0.1 (+2.1%)</b>
GradCAM+	45.6 ±0.1	75.8 ±0.1	24.0 ±0.1	32.6 ±0.1	44.5 ±0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>61.4 ±0.1 (+34.8%)</b>	<b>83.4 ±0.1 (+10.0%)</b>	<b>34.7 ±0.1 (+44.8%)</b>	<b>47.8 ±0.1 (+46.6%)</b>	<b>56.8 ±0.1 (+27.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	45.4 ±0.1	74.2 ±0.1	22.2 ±0.1	18.0 ±0.1	39.9 ±0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>56.7 ±0.1 (+24.8%)</b>	<b>79.7 ±0.1 (+7.4%)</b>	<b>30.1 ±0.1 (+35.7%)</b>	<b>39.4 ±0.1 (+119.0%)</b>	<b>51.5 ±0.1 (+28.9%)</b>
XGradCAM+	38.6 ±0.1	72.1 ±0.1	23.7 ±0.1	33.2 ±0.1	41.9 ±0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>63.9 ±0.1 (+65.6%)</b>	<b>84.7 ±0.1 (+17.3%)</b>	<b>36.6 ±0.1 (+54.6%)</b>	<b>52.6 ±0.1 (+58.4%)</b>	<b>59.4 ±0.1 (+41.8%)</b>
FullGrad+	44.2 ±0.1	80.1 ±0.1	32.8 ±0.1	35.3 ±0.1	48.1 ±0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>63.1 ±0.1 (+42.9%)</b>	<b>87.6 ±0.1 (+9.4%)</b>	<b>43.2 ±0.1 (+31.7%)</b>	<b>57.3 ±0.1 (+62.3%)</b>	<b>62.8 ±0.1 (+30.6%)</b>

Table 36. Cross-dataset analysis of Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	34.5 ±0.1	81.7 ±0.1	25.4 ±0.1	14.6 ±0.1	39.1 ±0.1
RawAtt	50.1 ±0.1	85.9 ±0.1	33.4 ±0.1	37.7 ±0.1	51.8 ±0.1
Attention Rollout	41.9 ±0.1	84.7 ±0.1	29.9 ±0.1	22.2 ±0.1	44.7 ±0.1
AliLRP	39.8 ±0.1	85.7 ±0.1	28.4 ±0.1	19.7 ±0.1	43.4 ±0.1
AttnLRP	44.5 ±0.1	88.2 ±0.1	31.6 ±0.1	30.9 ±0.1	48.8 ±0.1
DecompX	44.0 ±0.1	87.1 ±0.1	30.7 ±0.1	23.2 ±0.1	46.3 ±0.1
Integrated Gradients	46.9 ±0.1	89.5 ±0.1	35.6 ±0.1	27.5 ±0.1	49.9 ±0.1
Input × Grad	40.4 ±0.1	87.0 ±0.1	33.2 ±0.1	20.9 ±0.1	45.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>44.8 ±0.1 (+10.8%)</b>	<b>87.5 ±0.1 (+0.6%)</b>	<b>30.7 ±0.1 (-7.5%)</b>	<b>24.3 ±0.1 (+16.2%)</b>	<b>46.8 ±0.1 (+3.2%)</b>
AttCAT	50.4 ±0.1	91.8 ±0.1	37.8 ±0.1	37.6 ±0.1	54.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>66.4 ±0.1 (+31.7%)</b>	<b>94.4 ±0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>47.1 ±0.1 (+24.5%)</b>	<b>55.5 ±0.1 (+47.6%)</b>	<b>65.9 ±0.1 (+21.0%)</b>
GenAtt	61.9 ±0.1	92.0 ±0.1	37.8 ±0.1	44.5 ±0.1	59.1 ±0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>65.1 ±0.1 (+5.1%)</b>	<b>92.6 ±0.1 (+0.6%)</b>	<b>38.0 ±0.1 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>46.8 ±0.1 (+5.3%)</b>	<b>60.6 ±0.1 (+2.7%)</b>
TokenTM	60.6 ±0.1	90.9 ±0.1	36.1 ±0.1	44.4 ±0.1	58.0 ±0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>62.8 ±0.1 (+3.6%)</b>	<b>91.4 ±0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>36.0 ±0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>45.9 ±0.1 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>59.0 ±0.1 (+1.7%)</b>
GradCAM+	50.5 ±0.1	89.2 ±0.1	32.6 ±0.1	33.1 ±0.1	51.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>65.3 ±0.1 (+29.3%)</b>	<b>92.7 ±0.1 (+3.9%)</b>	<b>42.3 ±0.1 (+29.9%)</b>	<b>48.2 ±0.1 (+45.8%)</b>	<b>62.1 ±0.1 (+21.0%)</b>
HiResCAM	50.4 ±0.1	89.3 ±0.1	31.4 ±0.1	18.7 ±0.1	47.5 ±0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>60.8 ±0.1 (+20.6%)</b>	<b>91.4 ±0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>37.9 ±0.1 (+20.4%)</b>	<b>40.2 ±0.1 (+114.4%)</b>	<b>57.6 ±0.1 (+21.3%)</b>
XGradCAM+	44.0 ±0.1	87.8 ±0.1	32.4 ±0.1	33.5 ±0.1	49.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>67.4 ±0.1 (+53.0%)</b>	<b>93.2 ±0.1 (+6.2%)</b>	<b>43.4 ±0.1 (+34.1%)</b>	<b>52.8 ±0.1 (+57.6%)</b>	<b>64.2 ±0.1 (+29.9%)</b>
FullGrad+	48.2 ±0.1	90.5 ±0.1	39.1 ±0.1	35.6 ±0.1	53.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>66.1 ±0.1 (+37.1%)</b>	<b>94.7 ±0.1 (+4.6%)</b>	<b>48.7 ±0.1 (+24.5%)</b>	<b>57.5 ±0.1 (+61.6%)</b>	<b>66.7 ±0.1 (+25.1%)</b>

Table 37. Cross-dataset analysis of Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) Accuracy evaluated using ground-truth labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	14.2 $\pm$ 0.2	16.4 $\pm$ 0.2	4.2 $\pm$ 0.1	4.3 $\pm$ 0.1	9.8 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	27.9 $\pm$ 0.3	23.8 $\pm$ 0.2	14.9 $\pm$ 0.2	29.6 $\pm$ 0.3	24.0 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	21.2 $\pm$ 0.2	21.7 $\pm$ 0.2	10.8 $\pm$ 0.2	12.4 $\pm$ 0.2	16.5 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	19.1 $\pm$ 0.2	22.6 $\pm$ 0.2	8.5 $\pm$ 0.2	10.0 $\pm$ 0.2	15.1 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	23.4 $\pm$ 0.2	26.3 $\pm$ 0.2	12.1 $\pm$ 0.2	22.5 $\pm$ 0.2	21.1 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	22.8 $\pm$ 0.2	25.0 $\pm$ 0.2	10.9 $\pm$ 0.2	14.1 $\pm$ 0.2	18.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	21.4 $\pm$ 0.2	24.6 $\pm$ 0.3	13.8 $\pm$ 0.2	11.5 $\pm$ 0.2	17.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	20.2 $\pm$ 0.2	24.3 $\pm$ 0.2	14.1 $\pm$ 0.2	11.6 $\pm$ 0.2	17.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	23.4 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+15.8%</b> )	25.3 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+3.7%</b> )	10.9 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>-23.0%</b> )	15.1 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+30.0%</b> )	18.6 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+6.2%</b> )
AttCAT	28.8 $\pm$ 0.2	31.9 $\pm$ 0.2	19.6 $\pm$ 0.1	27.3 $\pm$ 0.4	26.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>41.5</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+44.2%</b> )	<b>35.5</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+11.2%</b> )	<b>28.9</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+47.7%</b> )	<b>44.9</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+64.7%</b> )	<b>37.7</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+40.2%</b> )
GenAtt	37.9 $\pm$ 0.2	32.2 $\pm$ 0.2	21.2 $\pm$ 0.2	35.7 $\pm$ 0.3	31.8 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	40.4 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+6.6%</b> )	33.1 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+2.6%</b> )	21.1 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>-0.6%</b> )	38.1 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+6.6%</b> )	33.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+4.4%</b> )
TokenTM	37.4 $\pm$ 0.3	31.3 $\pm$ 0.2	19.5 $\pm$ 0.2	36.1 $\pm$ 0.3	31.1 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	38.9 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+3.8%</b> )	31.7 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+1.4%</b> )	19.2 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>-1.7%</b> )	37.5 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+3.9%</b> )	31.8 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+2.4%</b> )
GradCAM+	27.6 $\pm$ 0.2	28.4 $\pm$ 0.2	12.8 $\pm$ 0.2	22.8 $\pm$ 0.3	22.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	39.6 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+43.5%</b> )	33.2 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+17.0%</b> )	22.4 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+75.5%</b> )	38.6 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+69.7%</b> )	33.5 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+46.3%</b> )
HiResCAM	28.5 $\pm$ 0.2	28.2 $\pm$ 0.2	11.8 $\pm$ 0.2	8.7 $\pm$ 0.2	19.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	37.0 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+29.6%</b> )	31.4 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+11.3%</b> )	19.2 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+63.0%</b> )	30.9 $\pm$ 0.4 ( <b>+254.4%</b> )	29.6 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+53.4%</b> )
XGradCAM+	21.5 $\pm$ 0.2	26.4 $\pm$ 0.2	12.3 $\pm$ 0.1	23.5 $\pm$ 0.3	20.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>41.5</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+92.8%</b> )	33.9 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+28.3%</b> )	25.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+104.9%</b> )	42.8 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+81.7%</b> )	35.8 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+71.1%</b> )
FullGrad+	26.3 $\pm$ 0.2	30.5 $\pm$ 0.2	20.7 $\pm$ 0.2	25.0 $\pm$ 0.3	25.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	41.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+56.7%</b> )	<b>35.6</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+16.6%</b> )	<b>30.5</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+47.1%</b> )	<b>46.7</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+86.8%</b> )	<b>38.5</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+50.2%</b> )

Table 38. Cross-dataset analysis of Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) AOPC evaluated using predicted labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	12.3 $\pm$ 0.2	6.6 $\pm$ 0.1	3.3 $\pm$ 0.1	4.1 $\pm$ 0.1	6.6 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	25.0 $\pm$ 0.3	9.5 $\pm$ 0.1	12.6 $\pm$ 0.3	29.1 $\pm$ 0.3	19.0 $\pm$ 0.3
Attention Rollout	18.8 $\pm$ 0.3	8.7 $\pm$ 0.1	8.6 $\pm$ 0.2	12.2 $\pm$ 0.2	12.1 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	16.7 $\pm$ 0.2	9.1 $\pm$ 0.1	7.1 $\pm$ 0.2	9.7 $\pm$ 0.2	10.7 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	20.8 $\pm$ 0.3	10.8 $\pm$ 0.2	10.4 $\pm$ 0.2	22.1 $\pm$ 0.2	16.0 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	20.3 $\pm$ 0.3	10.2 $\pm$ 0.1	9.5 $\pm$ 0.2	13.8 $\pm$ 0.2	13.4 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	22.5 $\pm$ 0.2	11.7 $\pm$ 0.1	14.5 $\pm$ 0.2	17.6 $\pm$ 0.3	16.6 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	17.7 $\pm$ 0.2	9.8 $\pm$ 0.1	12.0 $\pm$ 0.2	11.2 $\pm$ 0.2	12.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	20.8 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+17.4%</b> )	10.3 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+5.3%</b> )	9.5 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>-20.9%</b> )	14.8 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+32.2%</b> )	13.8 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+9.3%</b> )
AttCAT	25.3 $\pm$ 0.2	13.1 $\pm$ 0.1	16.7 $\pm$ 0.2	26.7 $\pm$ 0.3	20.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>37.5</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+47.9%</b> )	<b>14.9</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+14.0%</b> )	<b>25.6</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+53.0%</b> )	<b>44.3</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+65.8%</b> )	<b>30.6</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+49.3%</b> )
GenAtt	34.2 $\pm$ 0.3	13.5 $\pm$ 0.1	18.1 $\pm$ 0.3	35.2 $\pm$ 0.3	25.2 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	36.6 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+6.8%</b> )	13.8 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+2.8%</b> )	18.0 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>-0.2%</b> )	37.6 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+6.7%</b> )	26.5 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+5.0%</b> )
TokenTM	33.8 $\pm$ 0.3	12.9 $\pm$ 0.1	16.4 $\pm$ 0.3	35.6 $\pm$ 0.3	24.7 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	35.1 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+4.0%</b> )	13.1 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+2.0%</b> )	16.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>-1.5%</b> )	37.0 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+4.0%</b> )	25.4 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+2.8%</b> )
GradCAM+	24.8 $\pm$ 0.2	11.4 $\pm$ 0.1	11.0 $\pm$ 0.2	22.2 $\pm$ 0.3	17.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	35.9 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+44.8%</b> )	13.8 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+21.2%</b> )	20.1 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+82.2%</b> )	38.0 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+71.0%</b> )	27.0 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+55.3%</b> )
HiResCAM	25.4 $\pm$ 0.3	11.5 $\pm$ 0.1	10.4 $\pm$ 0.2	8.5 $\pm$ 0.2	13.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	33.4 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+31.7%</b> )	12.9 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+12.7%</b> )	17.0 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+63.5%</b> )	30.7 $\pm$ 0.4 ( <b>+260.3%</b> )	23.5 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+68.7%</b> )
XGradCAM+	19.0 $\pm$ 0.2	10.6 $\pm$ 0.1	10.6 $\pm$ 0.2	23.0 $\pm$ 0.3	15.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>37.7</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+98.6%</b> )	14.1 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+33.7%</b> )	22.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+108.5%</b> )	42.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+83.3%</b> )	29.0 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+83.8%</b> )
FullGrad+	23.1 $\pm$ 0.3	12.3 $\pm$ 0.1	17.7 $\pm$ 0.2	24.5 $\pm$ 0.3	19.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	37.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+60.9%</b> )	<b>15.0</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+22.4%</b> )	<b>26.9</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+51.7%</b> )	<b>46.1</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+88.1%</b> )	<b>31.3</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+61.3%</b> )

Table 39. Cross-dataset analysis of Most-Influential-First Deletion (MIF) AOPC evaluated using ground-truth labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	$73.3 \pm 0.1$	$47.0 \pm 0.1$	$85.8 \pm 0.1$	$85.8 \pm 0.1$	$72.9 \pm 0.1$
RawAtt	$76.2 \pm 0.1$	$52.0 \pm 0.1$	$85.7 \pm 0.1$	$86.0 \pm 0.1$	$75.0 \pm 0.1$
Attention Rollout	$73.8 \pm 0.1$	$49.8 \pm 0.1$	$84.1 \pm 0.1$	$82.4 \pm 0.1$	$72.5 \pm 0.1$
AliLRP	$77.8 \pm 0.1$	$53.5 \pm 0.1$	$87.0 \pm 0.1$	$87.7 \pm 0.0$	$76.5 \pm 0.1$
AttnLRP	$78.7 \pm 0.1$	$61.6 \pm 0.1$	$87.0 \pm 0.1$	$88.7 \pm 0.0$	$79.0 \pm 0.1$
DecompX	$79.1 \pm 0.1$	$56.8 \pm 0.1$	$87.7 \pm 0.0$	$88.1 \pm 0.0$	$77.9 \pm 0.1$
Integrated Gradients	$78.0 \pm 0.1$	$54.2 \pm 0.1$	$86.3 \pm 0.1$	$87.0 \pm 0.1$	$76.4 \pm 0.1$
Input $\times$ Grad	$77.3 \pm 0.1$	$55.9 \pm 0.1$	$88.2 \pm 0.0$	$88.7 \pm 0.0$	$77.5 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	$80.2 \pm 0.1$ (+3.8%)	$57.9 \pm 0.1$ (+3.5%)	$87.7 \pm 0.0$ (-0.5%)	$88.3 \pm 0.0$ (-0.5%)	$78.5 \pm 0.1$ (+1.3%)
AttCAT	$82.5 \pm 0.1$	$69.2 \pm 0.1$	$89.1 \pm 0.0$	$89.3 \pm 0.0$	$82.5 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	$86.7 \pm 0.1$ (+5.1%)	$75.9 \pm 0.1$ (+9.5%)	$89.4 \pm 0.0$ (+0.3%)	$89.3 \pm 0.0$ (+0.0%)	$85.3 \pm 0.1$ (+3.4%)
GenAtt	$84.0 \pm 0.1$	$65.7 \pm 0.1$	$88.3 \pm 0.0$	$88.7 \pm 0.0$	$81.7 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	$84.4 \pm 0.1$ (+0.4%)	$66.5 \pm 0.1$ (+1.1%)	$88.3 \pm 0.0$ (+0.1%)	$88.4 \pm 0.0$ (-0.3%)	$81.9 \pm 0.1$ (+0.2%)
TokenTM	$83.1 \pm 0.1$	$62.9 \pm 0.1$	$87.4 \pm 0.1$	$88.4 \pm 0.0$	$80.4 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	$83.2 \pm 0.1$ (+0.1%)	$63.0 \pm 0.1$ (+0.3%)	$87.5 \pm 0.0$ (+0.2%)	$88.2 \pm 0.0$ (-0.3%)	$80.5 \pm 0.1$ (+0.0%)
GradCAM+	$78.5 \pm 0.1$	$61.2 \pm 0.1$	$85.9 \pm 0.1$	$84.2 \pm 0.1$	$77.4 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	$84.9 \pm 0.1$ (+8.3%)	$68.6 \pm 0.1$ (+12.2%)	$88.6 \pm 0.0$ (+3.1%)	$88.4 \pm 0.0$ (+5.0%)	$82.6 \pm 0.1$ (+6.7%)
HiResCAM	$79.5 \pm 0.1$	$57.7 \pm 0.1$	$86.1 \pm 0.1$	$81.6 \pm 0.1$	$76.2 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	$82.7 \pm 0.1$ (+4.0%)	$62.0 \pm 0.1$ (+7.6%)	$87.8 \pm 0.0$ (+1.9%)	$86.2 \pm 0.1$ (+5.7%)	$79.7 \pm 0.1$ (+4.5%)
XGradCAM+	$73.3 \pm 0.1$	$58.9 \pm 0.1$	$85.8 \pm 0.1$	$85.2 \pm 0.1$	$75.8 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	$85.4 \pm 0.1$ (+16.6%)	$69.9 \pm 0.1$ (+18.5%)	$88.2 \pm 0.0$ (+2.8%)	$88.6 \pm 0.0$ (+4.0%)	$83.0 \pm 0.1$ (+9.5%)
FullGrad+	$81.6 \pm 0.1$	$67.3 \pm 0.1$	$89.5 \pm 0.0$	$89.3 \pm 0.0$	$81.9 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	$87.0 \pm 0.0$ (+6.6%)	$76.2 \pm 0.1$ (+13.4%)	$89.5 \pm 0.0$ (+0.0%)	$89.6 \pm 0.0$ (+0.3%)	$85.6 \pm 0.1$ (+4.5%)

Table 40. Cross-dataset analysis of Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	$65.2 \pm 0.1$	$18.6 \pm 0.1$	$75.2 \pm 0.1$	$84.9 \pm 0.1$	$61.0 \pm 0.1$
RawAtt	$67.5 \pm 0.1$	$19.5 \pm 0.1$	$75.9 \pm 0.1$	$85.0 \pm 0.1$	$62.0 \pm 0.1$
Attention Rollout	$65.9 \pm 0.1$	$19.8 \pm 0.1$	$75.0 \pm 0.1$	$81.6 \pm 0.1$	$60.6 \pm 0.1$
AliLRP	$69.9 \pm 0.1$	$21.5 \pm 0.1$	$77.8 \pm 0.1$	$86.9 \pm 0.1$	$64.0 \pm 0.1$
AttnLRP	$71.0 \pm 0.1$	$26.4 \pm 0.1$	$78.2 \pm 0.1$	$88.0 \pm 0.0$	$65.9 \pm 0.1$
DecompX	$71.1 \pm 0.1$	$22.6 \pm 0.1$	$78.7 \pm 0.1$	$87.1 \pm 0.1$	$64.9 \pm 0.1$
Integrated Gradients	$74.4 \pm 0.1$	$28.6 \pm 0.1$	$81.2 \pm 0.1$	$88.1 \pm 0.0$	$68.1 \pm 0.1$
Input $\times$ Grad	$69.9 \pm 0.1$	$23.4 \pm 0.1$	$80.4 \pm 0.1$	$88.2 \pm 0.0$	$65.5 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	$72.5 \pm 0.1$ (+3.7%)	$23.8 \pm 0.1$ (+1.6%)	$78.7 \pm 0.1$ (-2.0%)	$87.4 \pm 0.0$ (-0.9%)	$65.6 \pm 0.1$ (+0.2%)
AttCAT	$76.8 \pm 0.1$	$35.1 \pm 0.1$	$82.4 \pm 0.1$	$89.0 \pm 0.0$	$70.8 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	$80.2 \pm 0.1$ (+4.5%)	$35.8 \pm 0.1$ (+1.8%)	$83.2 \pm 0.1$ (+0.9%)	$88.9 \pm 0.0$ (+0.0%)	$72.0 \pm 0.1$ (+1.7%)
GenAtt	$74.8 \pm 0.1$	$25.4 \pm 0.1$	$78.3 \pm 0.1$	$87.8 \pm 0.0$	$66.6 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	$75.1 \pm 0.1$ (+0.4%)	$25.4 \pm 0.1$ (+0.1%)	$78.3 \pm 0.1$ (+0.0%)	$87.6 \pm 0.0$ (-0.3%)	$66.6 \pm 0.1$ (+0.0%)
TokenTM	$73.5 \pm 0.1$	$23.9 \pm 0.1$	$77.1 \pm 0.1$	$87.4 \pm 0.0$	$65.5 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	$73.6 \pm 0.1$ (+0.1%)	$24.3 \pm 0.1$ (+1.8%)	$77.1 \pm 0.1$ (+0.0%)	$87.2 \pm 0.1$ (-0.2%)	$65.6 \pm 0.1$ (+0.1%)
GradCAM+	$72.0 \pm 0.1$	$27.9 \pm 0.1$	$77.3 \pm 0.1$	$83.7 \pm 0.1$	$65.2 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	$78.0 \pm 0.1$ (+8.3%)	$30.2 \pm 0.1$ (+8.3%)	$80.9 \pm 0.1$ (+4.7%)	$87.9 \pm 0.0$ (+5.0%)	$69.3 \pm 0.1$ (+6.2%)
HiResCAM	$71.9 \pm 0.1$	$24.7 \pm 0.1$	$76.8 \pm 0.1$	$81.1 \pm 0.1$	$63.6 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	$75.6 \pm 0.1$ (+5.1%)	$26.6 \pm 0.1$ (+7.7%)	$80.1 \pm 0.1$ (+4.3%)	$85.5 \pm 0.1$ (+5.5%)	$67.0 \pm 0.1$ (+5.2%)
XGradCAM+	$67.0 \pm 0.1$	$26.9 \pm 0.1$	$77.1 \pm 0.1$	$84.8 \pm 0.1$	$64.0 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	$78.1 \pm 0.1$ (+16.6%)	$30.3 \pm 0.1$ (+12.3%)	$81.3 \pm 0.1$ (+5.5%)	$88.2 \pm 0.0$ (+4.0%)	$69.5 \pm 0.1$ (+8.6%)
FullGrad+	$75.2 \pm 0.1$	$32.3 \pm 0.1$	$83.2 \pm 0.1$	$88.9 \pm 0.0$	$69.9 \pm 0.1$
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	$80.6 \pm 0.1$ (+7.1%)	$36.1 \pm 0.1$ (+12.0%)	$84.0 \pm 0.1$ (+0.9%)	$89.1 \pm 0.0$ (+0.2%)	$72.4 \pm 0.1$ (+3.6%)

Table 41. Cross-dataset analysis of Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) Accuracy evaluated using ground-truth labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	85.8 $\pm$ 0.2	83.1 $\pm$ 0.2	96.2 $\pm$ 0.1	95.4 $\pm$ 0.1	90.1 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	87.6 $\pm$ 0.1	85.5 $\pm$ 0.2	96.6 $\pm$ 0.1	96.1 $\pm$ 0.1	91.5 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	86.0 $\pm$ 0.2	84.1 $\pm$ 0.2	94.9 $\pm$ 0.1	91.7 $\pm$ 0.2	89.2 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	89.3 $\pm$ 0.2	87.3 $\pm$ 0.2	98.5 $\pm$ 0.1	98.0 $\pm$ 0.1	93.3 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	90.8 $\pm$ 0.1	93.4 $\pm$ 0.2	98.7 $\pm$ 0.1	99.4 $\pm$ 0.1	95.6 $\pm$ 0.1
DecompX	90.6 $\pm$ 0.1	89.4 $\pm$ 0.2	99.4 $\pm$ 0.1	98.3 $\pm$ 0.1	94.4 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	91.3 $\pm$ 0.1	89.7 $\pm$ 0.2	99.2 $\pm$ 0.1	97.5 $\pm$ 0.1	94.4 $\pm$ 0.1
Input $\times$ Grad	90.2 $\pm$ 0.1	89.9 $\pm$ 0.2	100.5 $\pm$ 0.1	99.4 $\pm$ 0.1	95.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	91.3 $\pm$ 0.2 (+1.2%)	90.1 $\pm$ 0.2 (+0.2%)	99.4 $\pm$ 0.1 (-1.1%)	98.7 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.7%)	94.9 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.1%)
AttCAT	96.6 $\pm$ 0.2	102.1 $\pm$ 0.2	102.1 $\pm$ 0.1	100.9 $\pm$ 0.1	100.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	99.2 $\pm$ 0.1 (+2.7%)	105.6 $\pm$ 0.2 (+3.5%)	102.4 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.2%)	100.8 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.1%)	102.0 $\pm$ 0.1 (+1.6%)
GenAtt	94.6 $\pm$ 0.1	93.4 $\pm$ 0.2	99.3 $\pm$ 0.1	99.2 $\pm$ 0.1	96.6 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	94.8 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.2%)	93.4 $\pm$ 0.2 (+0.1%)	99.2 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.1%)	98.6 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.6%)	96.5 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.1%)
TokenTM	93.3 $\pm$ 0.1	91.1 $\pm$ 0.2	98.2 $\pm$ 0.1	98.7 $\pm$ 0.1	95.3 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	93.5 $\pm$ 0.2 (+0.2%)	91.3 $\pm$ 0.2 (+0.2%)	98.3 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.1%)	98.3 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.5%)	95.3 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.0%)
GradCAM+	91.5 $\pm$ 0.2	93.9 $\pm$ 0.2	96.9 $\pm$ 0.2	94.1 $\pm$ 0.2	94.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	96.2 $\pm$ 0.1 (+5.2%)	98.3 $\pm$ 0.2 (+4.6%)	100.6 $\pm$ 0.1 (+3.8%)	99.1 $\pm$ 0.1 (+5.3%)	98.6 $\pm$ 0.1 (+4.7%)
HiResCAM	91.7 $\pm$ 0.2	90.6 $\pm$ 0.2	97.6 $\pm$ 0.1	90.9 $\pm$ 0.2	92.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	94.3 $\pm$ 0.1 (+2.8%)	93.3 $\pm$ 0.2 (+3.0%)	99.8 $\pm$ 0.1 (+2.3%)	96.3 $\pm$ 0.2 (+5.9%)	95.9 $\pm$ 0.1 (+3.5%)
XGradCAM+	86.6 $\pm$ 0.2	92.5 $\pm$ 0.2	97.0 $\pm$ 0.1	95.5 $\pm$ 0.2	92.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	96.6 $\pm$ 0.1 (+11.6%)	99.0 $\pm$ 0.2 (+7.1%)	100.4 $\pm$ 0.1 (+3.5%)	99.5 $\pm$ 0.1 (+4.2%)	98.9 $\pm$ 0.1 (+6.5%)
FullGrad+	95.0 $\pm$ 0.2	99.8 $\pm$ 0.2	102.7 $\pm$ 0.1	100.8 $\pm$ 0.1	99.6 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	99.6 $\pm$ 0.1 (+4.8%)	106.3 $\pm$ 0.2 (+6.5%)	102.7 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.0%)	101.1 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.3%)	102.4 $\pm$ 0.1 (+2.8%)

Table 42. Cross-dataset analysis of Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) AOPC evaluated using predicted labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	87.5 $\pm$ 0.2	93.5 $\pm$ 0.1	97.0 $\pm$ 0.1	95.6 $\pm$ 0.1	93.4 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	89.2 $\pm$ 0.1	94.2 $\pm$ 0.1	97.7 $\pm$ 0.1	96.3 $\pm$ 0.2	94.4 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	87.9 $\pm$ 0.2	94.0 $\pm$ 0.1	96.4 $\pm$ 0.1	92.0 $\pm$ 0.2	92.6 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	90.9 $\pm$ 0.2	95.2 $\pm$ 0.1	99.9 $\pm$ 0.1	98.3 $\pm$ 0.1	96.1 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	92.4 $\pm$ 0.2	98.2 $\pm$ 0.1	100.4 $\pm$ 0.1	99.7 $\pm$ 0.1	97.7 $\pm$ 0.1
DecompX	92.2 $\pm$ 0.2	96.2 $\pm$ 0.1	100.9 $\pm$ 0.1	98.4 $\pm$ 0.1	96.9 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	95.7 $\pm$ 0.2	99.7 $\pm$ 0.1	103.7 $\pm$ 0.1	100.0 $\pm$ 0.1	99.8 $\pm$ 0.1
Input $\times$ Grad	91.8 $\pm$ 0.2	96.6 $\pm$ 0.1	102.6 $\pm$ 0.1	99.9 $\pm$ 0.1	97.7 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	93.1 $\pm$ 0.2 (+1.4%)	96.5 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.1%)	100.9 $\pm$ 0.1 (-1.7%)	99.0 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.8%)	97.4 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.4%)
AttCAT	98.4 $\pm$ 0.2	104.1 $\pm$ 0.1	105.0 $\pm$ 0.1	101.4 $\pm$ 0.1	102.2 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	100.8 $\pm$ 0.2 (+2.4%)	104.4 $\pm$ 0.2 (+0.4%)	105.7 $\pm$ 0.2 (+0.7%)	101.3 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.0%)	103.1 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.8%)
GenAtt	95.7 $\pm$ 0.2	97.8 $\pm$ 0.1	100.4 $\pm$ 0.1	99.4 $\pm$ 0.1	98.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	96.0 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.3%)	97.9 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.1%)	100.3 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.1%)	98.9 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.6%)	98.3 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.1%)
TokenTM	94.4 $\pm$ 0.1	96.9 $\pm$ 0.1	99.1 $\pm$ 0.1	99.0 $\pm$ 0.1	97.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	94.6 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.2%)	97.0 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.1%)	99.1 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.0%)	98.5 $\pm$ 0.1 (-0.4%)	97.3 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.0%)
GradCAM+	93.5 $\pm$ 0.2	98.8 $\pm$ 0.1	98.7 $\pm$ 0.2	94.6 $\pm$ 0.2	96.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	98.1 $\pm$ 0.2 (+4.9%)	100.4 $\pm$ 0.2 (+1.6%)	103.0 $\pm$ 0.1 (+4.3%)	99.6 $\pm$ 0.1 (+5.3%)	100.3 $\pm$ 0.1 (+4.0%)
HiResCAM	93.3 $\pm$ 0.2	97.1 $\pm$ 0.1	99.0 $\pm$ 0.2	91.4 $\pm$ 0.2	95.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	96.1 $\pm$ 0.2 (+3.0%)	98.2 $\pm$ 0.1 (+1.2%)	102.0 $\pm$ 0.1 (+3.1%)	96.6 $\pm$ 0.2 (+5.7%)	98.2 $\pm$ 0.2 (+3.2%)
XGradCAM+	88.9 $\pm$ 0.3	98.3 $\pm$ 0.1	98.7 $\pm$ 0.2	96.0 $\pm$ 0.2	95.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	98.4 $\pm$ 0.2 (+10.8%)	100.7 $\pm$ 0.2 (+2.5%)	103.4 $\pm$ 0.2 (+4.8%)	100.0 $\pm$ 0.1 (+4.2%)	100.6 $\pm$ 0.2 (+5.4%)
FullGrad+	96.6 $\pm$ 0.2	102.0 $\pm$ 0.1	105.7 $\pm$ 0.1	101.2 $\pm$ 0.1	101.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	101.2 $\pm$ 0.2 (+4.8%)	104.7 $\pm$ 0.1 (+2.7%)	106.3 $\pm$ 0.2 (+0.5%)	101.5 $\pm$ 0.1 (+0.3%)	103.4 $\pm$ 0.1 (+2.0%)

Table 43. Cross-dataset analysis of Least-Influential-First Deletion (LIF) AOPC evaluated using ground-truth labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	49.9 ±0.1	49.7 ±0.1	50.4 ±0.1	49.7 ±0.1	49.9 ±0.1
RawAtt	60.4 ±0.1	58.9 ±0.1	55.3 ±0.1	61.6 ±0.1	59.1 ±0.1
Attention Rollout	54.6 ±0.1	56.0 ±0.1	52.8 ±0.1	51.8 ±0.1	53.8 ±0.1
AliLRP	55.5 ±0.1	58.8 ±0.1	53.1 ±0.1	53.3 ±0.1	55.2 ±0.1
AttnLRP	58.6 ±0.1	66.2 ±0.1	54.9 ±0.1	59.5 ±0.1	59.8 ±0.1
DecompX	58.5 ±0.1	62.2 ±0.1	54.7 ±0.1	55.3 ±0.1	57.7 ±0.1
Integrated Gradients	56.7 ±0.1	60.4 ±0.1	55.1 ±0.1	53.8 ±0.1	56.5 ±0.1
Input × Grad	55.9 ±0.1	61.8 ±0.1	56.8 ±0.1	54.5 ±0.1	57.2 ±0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>59.4 ±0.1 (+6.3%)</b>	<b>63.3 ±0.1 (+2.6%)</b>	<b>54.7 ±0.1 (-3.8%)</b>	<b>55.9 ±0.1 (+2.5%)</b>	<b>58.3 ±0.1 (+1.9%)</b>
AttCAT	64.7 ±0.1	75.8 ±0.1	60.1 ±0.1	63.3 ±0.1	66.0 ±0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>75.1 ±0.1 (+16.1%)</b>	<b>81.6 ±0.1 (+7.7%)</b>	<b>65.2 ±0.1 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>72.3 ±0.1 (+14.2%)</b>	<b>73.5 ±0.1 (+11.5%)</b>
GenAtt	71.1 ±0.1	73.5 ±0.1	59.1 ±0.1	66.4 ±0.1	67.5 ±0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>73.0 ±0.1 (+2.6%)</b>	<b>74.6 ±0.1 (+1.5%)</b>	<b>59.2 ±0.1 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>67.4 ±0.1 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>68.6 ±0.1 (+1.5%)</b>
TokenTM	70.0 ±0.1	71.1 ±0.1	57.7 ±0.1	66.2 ±0.1	66.2 ±0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>71.1 ±0.1 (+1.7%)</b>	<b>71.5 ±0.1 (+0.6%)</b>	<b>57.8 ±0.1 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>66.8 ±0.1 (+0.9%)</b>	<b>66.8 ±0.1 (+0.9%)</b>
GradCAM+	62.0 ±0.1	68.5 ±0.1	54.9 ±0.1	58.4 ±0.1	61.0 ±0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>73.2 ±0.1 (+18.0%)</b>	<b>76.0 ±0.1 (+11.0%)</b>	<b>61.6 ±0.1 (+12.2%)</b>	<b>68.1 ±0.1 (+16.6%)</b>	<b>69.7 ±0.1 (+14.4%)</b>
HiResCAM	62.5 ±0.1	65.9 ±0.1	54.1 ±0.1	49.8 ±0.1	58.1 ±0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>69.7 ±0.1 (+11.6%)</b>	<b>70.9 ±0.1 (+7.5%)</b>	<b>58.9 ±0.1 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>62.8 ±0.1 (+26.2%)</b>	<b>65.6 ±0.1 (+12.9%)</b>
XGradCAM+	55.9 ±0.1	65.5 ±0.1	54.7 ±0.1	59.2 ±0.1	58.8 ±0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>74.6 ±0.1 (+33.5%)</b>	<b>77.3 ±0.1 (+17.9%)</b>	<b>62.4 ±0.1 (+14.0%)</b>	<b>70.6 ±0.1 (+19.3%)</b>	<b>71.2 ±0.1 (+21.0%)</b>
FullGrad+	62.9 ±0.1	73.7 ±0.1	61.2 ±0.1	62.3 ±0.1	65.0 ±0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>75.0 ±0.1 (+19.4%)</b>	<b>81.9 ±0.1 (+11.2%)</b>	<b>66.4 ±0.1 (+8.5%)</b>	<b>73.4 ±0.1 (+17.9%)</b>	<b>74.2 ±0.1 (+14.2%)</b>

Table 44. Cross-dataset analysis of Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) Accuracy evaluated using predicted labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	49.9 ±0.1	50.1 ±0.1	50.3 ±0.1	49.7 ±0.1	50.0 ±0.1
RawAtt	58.8 ±0.1	52.7 ±0.1	54.7 ±0.1	61.3 ±0.1	56.9 ±0.1
Attention Rollout	53.9 ±0.1	52.3 ±0.1	52.5 ±0.1	51.9 ±0.1	52.6 ±0.1
AliLRP	54.8 ±0.1	53.6 ±0.1	53.1 ±0.1	53.3 ±0.1	53.7 ±0.1
AttnLRP	57.8 ±0.1	57.3 ±0.1	54.9 ±0.1	59.4 ±0.1	57.4 ±0.1
DecompX	57.6 ±0.1	54.8 ±0.1	54.7 ±0.1	55.1 ±0.1	55.6 ±0.1
Integrated Gradients	60.6 ±0.1	59.0 ±0.1	58.4 ±0.1	57.8 ±0.1	59.0 ±0.1
Input × Grad	55.1 ±0.1	55.2 ±0.1	56.8 ±0.1	54.6 ±0.1	55.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>58.6 ±0.1 (+6.3%)</b>	<b>55.7 ±0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>54.7 ±0.1 (-3.6%)</b>	<b>55.9 ±0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>56.2 ±0.1 (+1.4%)</b>
AttCAT	63.6 ±0.1	63.5 ±0.1	60.1 ±0.1	63.3 ±0.1	62.6 ±0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>73.3 ±0.1 (+15.3%)</b>	<b>65.1 ±0.1 (+2.6%)</b>	<b>65.1 ±0.1 (+8.3%)</b>	<b>72.2 ±0.1 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>68.9 ±0.1 (+10.1%)</b>
GenAtt	68.4 ±0.1	58.7 ±0.1	58.0 ±0.1	66.1 ±0.1	62.8 ±0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>70.1 ±0.1 (+2.5%)</b>	<b>59.0 ±0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>58.2 ±0.1 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>67.2 ±0.1 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>63.6 ±0.1 (+1.3%)</b>
TokenTM	67.1 ±0.1	57.4 ±0.1	56.6 ±0.1	65.9 ±0.1	61.8 ±0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>68.2 ±0.1 (+1.7%)</b>	<b>57.9 ±0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>56.6 ±0.1 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>66.6 ±0.1 (+1.0%)</b>	<b>62.3 ±0.1 (+0.9%)</b>
GradCAM+	61.3 ±0.1	58.6 ±0.1	54.9 ±0.1	58.4 ±0.1	58.3 ±0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>71.7 ±0.1 (+17.0%)</b>	<b>61.5 ±0.1 (+5.0%)</b>	<b>61.6 ±0.1 (+12.1%)</b>	<b>68.0 ±0.1 (+16.6%)</b>	<b>65.7 ±0.1 (+12.7%)</b>
HiResCAM	61.2 ±0.1	57.0 ±0.1	54.1 ±0.1	49.9 ±0.1	55.5 ±0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>68.2 ±0.1 (+11.5%)</b>	<b>59.0 ±0.1 (+3.5%)</b>	<b>59.0 ±0.1 (+9.0%)</b>	<b>62.8 ±0.1 (+26.0%)</b>	<b>62.3 ±0.1 (+12.1%)</b>
XGradCAM+	55.5 ±0.1	57.4 ±0.1	54.7 ±0.1	59.1 ±0.1	56.7 ±0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>72.7 ±0.1 (+31.0%)</b>	<b>61.8 ±0.1 (+7.6%)</b>	<b>62.4 ±0.1 (+14.0%)</b>	<b>70.5 ±0.1 (+19.2%)</b>	<b>66.8 ±0.1 (+17.9%)</b>
FullGrad+	61.7 ±0.1	61.4 ±0.1	61.2 ±0.1	62.2 ±0.1	61.6 ±0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>73.3 ±0.1 (+18.8%)</b>	<b>65.4 ±0.1 (+6.5%)</b>	<b>66.4 ±0.1 (+8.5%)</b>	<b>73.3 ±0.1 (+17.8%)</b>	<b>69.6 ±0.1 (+12.9%)</b>

Table 45. Cross-dataset analysis of Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) Accuracy evaluated using ground-truth labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	50.0 ±0.2	49.8 ±0.2	50.2 ±0.1	49.8 ±0.1	50.0 ±0.2
RawAtt	57.8 ±0.2	54.6 ±0.2	55.8 ±0.2	62.8 ±0.2	57.7 ±0.2
Attention Rollout	53.6 ±0.2	52.9 ±0.2	52.9 ±0.2	52.0 ±0.2	52.9 ±0.2
AliLRP	54.2 ±0.2	55.0 ±0.2	53.5 ±0.1	54.0 ±0.2	54.2 ±0.2
AttnLRP	57.1 ±0.2	59.9 ±0.2	55.4 ±0.2	60.9 ±0.2	58.3 ±0.2
DecompX	56.7 ±0.2	57.2 ±0.2	55.1 ±0.1	56.2 ±0.2	56.3 ±0.2
Integrated Gradients	56.3 ±0.2	57.2 ±0.2	56.5 ±0.1	54.5 ±0.1	56.1 ±0.2
Input × Grad	55.2 ±0.2	57.1 ±0.2	57.3 ±0.2	55.5 ±0.2	56.3 ±0.2
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>57.3 ±0.2 (+3.9%)</b>	<b>57.7 ±0.2 (+1.0%)</b>	<b>55.1 ±0.1 (-3.8%)</b>	<b>56.9 ±0.2 (+2.5%)</b>	<b>56.8 ±0.2 (+0.9%)</b>
AttCAT	62.7 ±0.2	67.0 ±0.2	60.8 ±0.1	64.1 ±0.3	63.7 ±0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>70.4 ±0.2 (+12.2%)</b>	<b>70.5 ±0.2 (+5.3%)</b>	<b>65.6 ±0.2 (+7.9%)</b>	<b>72.9 ±0.2 (+13.7%)</b>	<b>69.9 ±0.2 (+9.7%)</b>
GenAtt	66.3 ±0.2	62.8 ±0.2	60.3 ±0.2	67.5 ±0.2	64.2 ±0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>67.6 ±0.2 (+2.1%)</b>	<b>63.3 ±0.2 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>60.1 ±0.2 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>68.3 ±0.2 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>64.8 ±0.2 (+1.0%)</b>
TokenTM	65.3 ±0.2	61.2 ±0.2	58.8 ±0.2	67.4 ±0.2	63.2 ±0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>66.2 ±0.2 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>61.5 ±0.2 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>58.7 ±0.2 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>67.9 ±0.2 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>63.6 ±0.2 (+0.6%)</b>
GradCAM+	59.5 ±0.2	61.2 ±0.2	54.8 ±0.2	58.5 ±0.2	58.5 ±0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>67.9 ±0.2 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>65.7 ±0.2 (+7.5%)</b>	<b>61.5 ±0.2 (+12.2%)</b>	<b>68.9 ±0.2 (+17.8%)</b>	<b>66.0 ±0.2 (+12.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	60.1 ±0.2	59.4 ±0.2	54.7 ±0.1	49.8 ±0.2	56.0 ±0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>65.7 ±0.2 (+9.2%)</b>	<b>62.3 ±0.2 (+5.0%)</b>	<b>59.5 ±0.2 (+8.8%)</b>	<b>63.6 ±0.3 (+27.7%)</b>	<b>62.8 ±0.2 (+12.1%)</b>
XGradCAM+	54.1 ±0.2	59.4 ±0.2	54.6 ±0.1	59.5 ±0.2	56.9 ±0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>69.1 ±0.2 (+27.7%)</b>	<b>66.5 ±0.2 (+11.8%)</b>	<b>62.8 ±0.2 (+14.9%)</b>	<b>71.1 ±0.2 (+19.6%)</b>	<b>67.4 ±0.2 (+18.4%)</b>
FullGrad+	60.7 ±0.2	65.2 ±0.2	61.7 ±0.1	62.9 ±0.2	62.6 ±0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>70.4 ±0.2 (+16.0%)</b>	<b>71.0 ±0.2 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>66.6 ±0.2 (+7.9%)</b>	<b>73.9 ±0.2 (+17.5%)</b>	<b>70.5 ±0.2 (+12.5%)</b>

Table 46. Cross-dataset analysis of Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) AOPC evaluated using predicted labels on ViT-B.

Method	ImageNet	ImageNet-Hard	MURA	Oxford-IIIT Pet	Avg.
Random	49.9 ±0.2	50.0 ±0.1	50.2 ±0.1	49.9 ±0.1	50.0 ±0.1
RawAtt	57.1 ±0.2	51.8 ±0.1	55.2 ±0.2	62.7 ±0.2	56.7 ±0.2
Attention Rollout	53.3 ±0.2	51.3 ±0.1	52.5 ±0.2	52.1 ±0.2	52.3 ±0.2
AliLRP	53.8 ±0.2	52.1 ±0.1	53.5 ±0.2	54.0 ±0.2	53.4 ±0.2
AttnLRP	56.6 ±0.2	54.5 ±0.1	55.4 ±0.2	60.9 ±0.2	56.8 ±0.2
DecompX	56.3 ±0.2	53.2 ±0.1	55.2 ±0.2	56.1 ±0.2	55.2 ±0.2
Integrated Gradients	59.1 ±0.2	55.7 ±0.1	59.1 ±0.2	58.8 ±0.2	58.2 ±0.2
Input × Grad	54.8 ±0.2	53.2 ±0.1	57.3 ±0.2	55.5 ±0.2	55.2 ±0.2
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>56.9 ±0.2 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>53.4 ±0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>55.2 ±0.2 (-3.7%)</b>	<b>56.9 ±0.2 (+2.5%)</b>	<b>55.6 ±0.2 (+0.7%)</b>
AttCAT	61.9 ±0.2	58.6 ±0.1	60.8 ±0.2	64.0 ±0.2	61.3 ±0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>69.1 ±0.2 (+11.7%)</b>	<b>59.7 ±0.2 (+1.9%)</b>	<b>65.6 ±0.2 (+7.9%)</b>	<b>72.8 ±0.2 (+13.7%)</b>	<b>66.8 ±0.2 (+8.9%)</b>
GenAtt	65.0 ±0.2	55.6 ±0.1	59.2 ±0.2	67.3 ±0.2	61.8 ±0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>66.3 ±0.2 (+2.0%)</b>	<b>55.9 ±0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>59.2 ±0.2 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>68.2 ±0.2 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>62.4 ±0.2 (+0.9%)</b>
TokenTM	64.1 ±0.2	54.9 ±0.1	57.8 ±0.2	67.3 ±0.2	61.0 ±0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>64.9 ±0.2 (+1.2%)</b>	<b>55.1 ±0.1 (+0.3%)</b>	<b>57.7 ±0.2 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>67.8 ±0.2 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>61.3 ±0.2 (+0.5%)</b>
GradCAM+	59.2 ±0.2	55.1 ±0.1	54.9 ±0.2	58.4 ±0.2	56.9 ±0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>67.0 ±0.2 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>57.1 ±0.1 (+3.7%)</b>	<b>61.5 ±0.2 (+12.2%)</b>	<b>68.8 ±0.2 (+17.8%)</b>	<b>63.6 ±0.2 (+11.9%)</b>
HiResCAM	59.3 ±0.2	54.3 ±0.1	54.7 ±0.2	50.0 ±0.2	54.6 ±0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>64.7 ±0.2 (+9.1%)</b>	<b>55.6 ±0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>59.5 ±0.2 (+8.8%)</b>	<b>63.6 ±0.3 (+27.4%)</b>	<b>60.9 ±0.2 (+11.6%)</b>
XGradCAM+	53.9 ±0.2	54.4 ±0.1	54.6 ±0.2	59.5 ±0.2	55.6 ±0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>68.1 ±0.2 (+26.2%)</b>	<b>57.4 ±0.2 (+5.5%)</b>	<b>62.8 ±0.3 (+14.9%)</b>	<b>71.1 ±0.2 (+19.5%)</b>	<b>64.8 ±0.2 (+16.6%)</b>
FullGrad+	59.8 ±0.2	57.1 ±0.1	61.7 ±0.2	62.9 ±0.2	60.4 ±0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>69.2 ±0.2 (+15.6%)</b>	<b>59.9 ±0.1 (+4.8%)</b>	<b>66.6 ±0.2 (+7.9%)</b>	<b>73.8 ±0.2 (+17.4%)</b>	<b>67.4 ±0.2 (+11.5%)</b>

Table 47. Cross-dataset analysis of Symmetric Relevance Gain (SRG) AOPC evaluated using ground-truth labels on ViT-B.

## **D.5. Results Per Model**

### D.5.1. MLP-Mixer-L

Since MLP-Mixer is an attention-free architecture, certain attribution methods couldn't be applied and were omitted.

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	48.7 ±0.1	20.3 ±0.3	42.0 ±0.1	25.8 ±0.2	43.2 ±0.4
AliLRP	64.6 ±0.1	33.9 ±0.3	60.2 ±0.1	41.0 ±0.2	58.6 ±0.3
DecompX	66.0 ±0.1	35.6 ±0.3	61.8 ±0.1	42.8 ±0.2	59.6 ±0.3
Integrated Gradients	62.2 ±0.1	30.8 ±0.2	53.0 ±0.1	34.7 ±0.2	54.3 ±0.3
Input × Grad	59.0 ±0.1	28.8 ±0.2	54.5 ±0.1	35.3 ±0.2	52.3 ±0.3
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>79.6 ±0.1 (+34.9%)</b>	<b>43.6 ±0.3 (+51.5%)</b>	<b>77.0 ±0.1 (+41.3%)</b>	<b>51.4 ±0.2 (+45.5%)</b>	<b>68.1 ±0.3 (+30.2%)</b>
GradCAM+	62.2 ±0.1	31.1 ±0.3	57.7 ±0.1	37.9 ±0.2	52.2 ±0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>66.3 ±0.1 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>34.4 ±0.3 (+10.6%)</b>	<b>61.9 ±0.1 (+7.2%)</b>	<b>41.3 ±0.2 (+9.1%)</b>	<b>57.8 ±0.3 (+10.9%)</b>
HiResCAM	54.2 ±0.1	25.3 ±0.3	48.2 ±0.1	31.3 ±0.2	47.4 ±0.4
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>55.0 ±0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>26.1 ±0.3 (+3.4%)</b>	<b>48.9 ±0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>32.1 ±0.2 (+2.8%)</b>	<b>50.5 ±0.3 (+6.5%)</b>
XGradCAM+	62.8 ±0.1	31.7 ±0.3	58.3 ±0.1	38.4 ±0.2	53.3 ±0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>69.1 ±0.1 (+10.2%)</b>	<b>36.4 ±0.3 (+15.0%)</b>	<b>65.1 ±0.1 (+11.5%)</b>	<b>43.5 ±0.2 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>62.8 ±0.3 (+17.7%)</b>
FullGrad+	64.0 ±0.1	31.7 ±0.3	60.2 ±0.1	38.6 ±0.3	53.3 ±0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>76.0 ±0.1 (+18.8%)</b>	<b>41.3 ±0.3 (+30.1%)</b>	<b>73.1 ±0.1 (+21.5%)</b>	<b>48.9 ±0.2 (+26.4%)</b>	<b>70.1 ±0.3 (+31.4%)</b>

Table 48. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the MLP-Mixer-L model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	51.1 $\pm$ 0.1	79.3 $\pm$ 0.2	57.6 $\pm$ 0.1	73.6 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	66.6 $\pm$ 0.1	89.5 $\pm$ 0.2	74.3 $\pm$ 0.1	84.6 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	66.3 $\pm$ 0.1	89.8 $\pm$ 0.2	74.1 $\pm$ 0.1	84.9 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	65.3 $\pm$ 0.1	88.7 $\pm$ 0.2	67.2 $\pm$ 0.1	80.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	61.8 $\pm$ 0.1	85.4 $\pm$ 0.3	69.0 $\pm$ 0.1	80.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>74.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.9%)</b>	<b>94.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+10.6%)</b>	<b>81.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+18.2%)</b>	<b>90.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.2%)</b>
GradCAM+	63.7 $\pm$ 0.1	87.2 $\pm$ 0.2	70.6 $\pm$ 0.1	81.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>66.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.6%)</b>	<b>89.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.6%)</b>	<b>73.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>84.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.0%)</b>
HiResCAM	56.6 $\pm$ 0.1	82.9 $\pm$ 0.2	63.9 $\pm$ 0.1	77.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>57.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>83.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>64.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>77.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.1%)</b>
XGradCAM+	64.3 $\pm$ 0.1	87.3 $\pm$ 0.2	71.3 $\pm$ 0.1	82.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>67.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.5%)</b>	<b>90.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>74.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.0%)</b>	<b>85.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.5%)</b>
FullGrad+	66.4 $\pm$ 0.1	88.7 $\pm$ 0.3	73.4 $\pm$ 0.1	83.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>72.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.4%)</b>	<b>91.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.6%)</b>	<b>80.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.2%)</b>	<b>86.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.0%)</b>

Table 49. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the MLP-Mixer-L model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	49.8 $\pm$ 0.2	49.8 $\pm$ 0.1	49.7 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	65.6 $\pm$ 0.1	61.7 $\pm$ 0.3	67.3 $\pm$ 0.1	62.8 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	66.2 $\pm$ 0.1	62.7 $\pm$ 0.3	68.0 $\pm$ 0.1	63.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	63.8 $\pm$ 0.1	59.7 $\pm$ 0.2	60.1 $\pm$ 0.1	57.4 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	60.4 $\pm$ 0.1	57.1 $\pm$ 0.2	61.8 $\pm$ 0.1	57.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>76.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+27.2%)</b>	<b>69.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+20.9%)</b>	<b>79.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+28.4%)</b>	<b>70.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+22.4%)</b>
GradCAM+	62.9 $\pm$ 0.1	59.1 $\pm$ 0.2	64.1 $\pm$ 0.1	59.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>66.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.6%)</b>	<b>61.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+4.7%)</b>	<b>67.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.7%)</b>	<b>62.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.9%)</b>
HiResCAM	55.4 $\pm$ 0.1	54.1 $\pm$ 0.3	56.1 $\pm$ 0.1	54.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>56.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>54.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+0.9%)</b>	<b>56.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.0%)</b>	<b>54.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.7%)</b>
XGradCAM+	63.5 $\pm$ 0.1	59.5 $\pm$ 0.2	64.8 $\pm$ 0.1	60.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>68.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.8%)</b>	<b>63.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+6.2%)</b>	<b>69.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.9%)</b>	<b>64.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.6%)</b>
FullGrad+	65.2 $\pm$ 0.1	60.2 $\pm$ 0.3	66.8 $\pm$ 0.1	61.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>74.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.0%)</b>	<b>66.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+9.8%)</b>	<b>76.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.7%)</b>	<b>67.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+10.4%)</b>

Table 50. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the MLP-Mixer-L model.

### D.5.2. ViT-T

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	50.1 $\pm$ 0.1	17.0 $\pm$ 0.2	40.5 $\pm$ 0.1	20.7 $\pm$ 0.2	42.0 $\pm$ 0.4
RawAtt	74.0 $\pm$ 0.1	38.6 $\pm$ 0.3	69.5 $\pm$ 0.1	44.8 $\pm$ 0.3	60.2 $\pm$ 0.3
Attention Rollout	68.7 $\pm$ 0.1	33.6 $\pm$ 0.3	64.1 $\pm$ 0.1	39.8 $\pm$ 0.3	61.2 $\pm$ 0.4
AliLRP	68.9 $\pm$ 0.1	33.4 $\pm$ 0.3	64.4 $\pm$ 0.1	39.3 $\pm$ 0.2	54.5 $\pm$ 0.3
AttnLRP	73.4 $\pm$ 0.1	37.8 $\pm$ 0.3	69.7 $\pm$ 0.1	44.3 $\pm$ 0.3	59.7 $\pm$ 0.3
DecompX	74.0 $\pm$ 0.1	38.2 $\pm$ 0.3	70.4 $\pm$ 0.1	44.8 $\pm$ 0.3	60.0 $\pm$ 0.3
Integrated Gradients	69.7 $\pm$ 0.1	32.8 $\pm$ 0.3	57.1 $\pm$ 0.1	33.3 $\pm$ 0.2	52.4 $\pm$ 0.3
Input $\times$ Grad	61.1 $\pm$ 0.1	26.3 $\pm$ 0.3	55.6 $\pm$ 0.1	31.8 $\pm$ 0.2	50.6 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>74.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+22.0%)</b>	<b>37.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+42.6%)</b>	<b>70.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+27.2%)</b>	<b>44.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+38.3%)</b>	<b>57.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.8%)</b>
AttCAT	72.6 $\pm$ 0.1	35.6 $\pm$ 0.3	69.3 $\pm$ 0.1	42.0 $\pm$ 0.3	54.7 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>83.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+15.2%)</b>	<b>45.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+26.6%)</b>	<b>81.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.7%)</b>	<b>52.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+24.1%)</b>	<b>61.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+11.7%)</b>
GenAtt	80.4 $\pm$ 0.1	42.7 $\pm$ 0.3	77.1 $\pm$ 0.1	49.4 $\pm$ 0.3	71.1 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>81.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>43.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.3%)</b>	<b>78.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.7%)</b>	<b>50.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.2%)</b>	<b>75.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+5.5%)</b>
TokenTM	78.8 $\pm$ 0.1	41.8 $\pm$ 0.3	75.0 $\pm$ 0.1	48.3 $\pm$ 0.3	70.8 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>79.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>42.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.0%)</b>	<b>76.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>49.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.9%)</b>	<b>73.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+4.1%)</b>
GradCAM+	70.5 $\pm$ 0.1	34.1 $\pm$ 0.3	66.2 $\pm$ 0.1	40.1 $\pm$ 0.2	48.4 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>76.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>39.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+16.8%)</b>	<b>72.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.1%)</b>	<b>46.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.7%)</b>	<b>56.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.4 (+16.4%)</b>
HiResCAM	48.0 $\pm$ 0.1	15.8 $\pm$ 0.3	39.0 $\pm$ 0.1	19.5 $\pm$ 0.3	50.6 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>74.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+54.3%)</b>	<b>37.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+138.5%)</b>	<b>69.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+79.1%)</b>	<b>44.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+125.6%)</b>	<b>63.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+26.1%)</b>
XGradCAM+	71.7 $\pm$ 0.1	35.1 $\pm$ 0.3	67.5 $\pm$ 0.1	41.2 $\pm$ 0.2	48.8 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>80.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.4%)</b>	<b>42.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+21.7%)</b>	<b>77.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>49.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+20.1%)</b>	<b>61.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.4 (+26.0%)</b>
FullGrad+	69.8 $\pm$ 0.1	33.1 $\pm$ 0.3	65.9 $\pm$ 0.1	39.2 $\pm$ 0.3	53.2 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>84.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+20.8%)</b>	<b>45.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+37.8%)</b>	<b>81.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+24.0%)</b>	<b>52.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+34.7%)</b>	<b>65.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+22.2%)</b>

Table 51. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-T model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.2 $\pm$ 0.1	82.8 $\pm$ 0.2	58.6 $\pm$ 0.1	79.0 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	55.2 $\pm$ 0.1	88.1 $\pm$ 0.2	67.3 $\pm$ 0.1	85.6 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	54.4 $\pm$ 0.1	87.2 $\pm$ 0.2	65.4 $\pm$ 0.1	84.3 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	63.1 $\pm$ 0.1	95.0 $\pm$ 0.3	73.0 $\pm$ 0.1	92.6 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	63.2 $\pm$ 0.1	95.6 $\pm$ 0.2	74.3 $\pm$ 0.1	93.2 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	63.3 $\pm$ 0.1	95.4 $\pm$ 0.2	74.8 $\pm$ 0.1	93.1 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	64.0 $\pm$ 0.1	96.3 $\pm$ 0.2	66.9 $\pm$ 0.1	88.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	58.6 $\pm$ 0.1	90.8 $\pm$ 0.2	69.0 $\pm$ 0.1	88.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>65.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.3%)</b>	<b>96.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.2%)</b>	<b>74.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>93.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.3%)</b>
AttCAT	66.5 $\pm$ 0.1	98.0 $\pm$ 0.2	74.8 $\pm$ 0.1	95.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>69.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>100.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>77.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.2%)</b>	<b>98.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.9%)</b>
GenAtt	63.6 $\pm$ 0.1	95.4 $\pm$ 0.2	76.2 $\pm$ 0.1	93.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>62.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-2.0%)</b>	<b>94.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-1.1%)</b>	<b>74.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-2.1%)</b>	<b>92.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-1.4%)</b>
TokenTM	61.2 $\pm$ 0.1	93.4 $\pm$ 0.2	74.2 $\pm$ 0.1	91.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>60.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.6%)</b>	<b>92.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.7%)</b>	<b>73.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.6%)</b>	<b>90.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.9%)</b>
GradCAM+	57.9 $\pm$ 0.1	88.6 $\pm$ 0.2	65.1 $\pm$ 0.1	84.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>61.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.0%)</b>	<b>93.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.2%)</b>	<b>70.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.8%)</b>	<b>89.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.2%)</b>
HiResCAM	42.4 $\pm$ 0.1	76.6 $\pm$ 0.3	48.3 $\pm$ 0.1	71.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>60.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+41.5%)</b>	<b>90.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+17.7%)</b>	<b>68.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+40.8%)</b>	<b>86.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+20.8%)</b>
XGradCAM+	59.5 $\pm$ 0.1	90.5 $\pm$ 0.3	66.7 $\pm$ 0.1	86.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>64.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.3%)</b>	<b>95.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.6%)</b>	<b>72.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.0%)</b>	<b>91.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.3%)</b>
FullGrad+	64.5 $\pm$ 0.1	96.3 $\pm$ 0.2	73.4 $\pm$ 0.1	93.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>70.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.8%)</b>	<b>101.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.7%)</b>	<b>78.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.3%)</b>	<b>99.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.1%)</b>

Table 52. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-T model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.6 $\pm$ 0.1	49.9 $\pm$ 0.2	49.6 $\pm$ 0.1	49.9 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	64.6 $\pm$ 0.1	63.3 $\pm$ 0.3	68.4 $\pm$ 0.1	65.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	61.6 $\pm$ 0.1	60.4 $\pm$ 0.3	64.8 $\pm$ 0.1	62.1 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	66.0 $\pm$ 0.1	64.2 $\pm$ 0.3	68.7 $\pm$ 0.1	66.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	68.3 $\pm$ 0.1	66.7 $\pm$ 0.3	72.0 $\pm$ 0.1	68.8 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	68.6 $\pm$ 0.1	66.8 $\pm$ 0.3	72.6 $\pm$ 0.1	69.0 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	66.8 $\pm$ 0.1	64.6 $\pm$ 0.3	62.0 $\pm$ 0.1	61.1 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	59.8 $\pm$ 0.1	58.5 $\pm$ 0.2	62.3 $\pm$ 0.1	60.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>69.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.8%)</b>	<b>67.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+14.4%)</b>	<b>72.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.8%)</b>	<b>68.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.8%)</b>
AttCAT	69.5 $\pm$ 0.1	66.8 $\pm$ 0.3	72.0 $\pm$ 0.1	68.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>76.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.1%)</b>	<b>72.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.2%)</b>	<b>79.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.2%)</b>	<b>75.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.4%)</b>
GenAtt	72.0 $\pm$ 0.1	69.1 $\pm$ 0.2	76.6 $\pm$ 0.1	71.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>71.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>69.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>76.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>71.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.1%)</b>
TokenTM	70.0 $\pm$ 0.1	67.6 $\pm$ 0.2	74.6 $\pm$ 0.1	69.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>70.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>67.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>75.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>69.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.1%)</b>
GradCAM+	64.2 $\pm$ 0.1	61.4 $\pm$ 0.3	65.7 $\pm$ 0.1	62.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>69.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.0%)</b>	<b>66.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>71.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.0%)</b>	<b>68.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.3%)</b>
HiResCAM	45.2 $\pm$ 0.1	46.2 $\pm$ 0.3	43.7 $\pm$ 0.1	45.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>67.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+48.3%)</b>	<b>64.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+38.4%)</b>	<b>68.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+57.9%)</b>	<b>65.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+43.3%)</b>
XGradCAM+	65.6 $\pm$ 0.1	62.8 $\pm$ 0.3	67.1 $\pm$ 0.1	63.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>72.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.5%)</b>	<b>69.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+10.1%)</b>	<b>74.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.6%)</b>	<b>70.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+10.8%)</b>
FullGrad+	67.1 $\pm$ 0.1	64.7 $\pm$ 0.3	69.7 $\pm$ 0.1	66.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>77.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+15.0%)</b>	<b>73.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+13.9%)</b>	<b>80.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+15.2%)</b>	<b>76.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.5%)</b>

Table 53. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-T model.

### D.5.3. ViT-S

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	41.8 ±0.1	15.8 ±0.3	33.8 ±0.1	18.6 ±0.2	41.9 ±0.4
RawAtt	63.1 ±0.1	36.5 ±0.3	58.7 ±0.1	41.2 ±0.3	57.8 ±0.3
Attention Rollout	51.2 ±0.1	25.1 ±0.4	45.1 ±0.1	28.8 ±0.2	47.1 ±0.3
AliLRP	48.9 ±0.1	22.8 ±0.3	42.3 ±0.1	26.2 ±0.3	42.5 ±0.4
AttnLRP	57.7 ±0.1	30.9 ±0.3	52.4 ±0.1	35.2 ±0.2	46.2 ±0.3
DecompX	56.0 ±0.1	29.5 ±0.3	50.4 ±0.1	33.6 ±0.2	47.7 ±0.3
Integrated Gradients	56.9 ±0.1	29.1 ±0.3	46.0 ±0.1	29.3 ±0.3	51.7 ±0.3
Input × Grad	47.9 ±0.1	21.6 ±0.3	41.8 ±0.1	25.0 ±0.3	48.5 ±0.3
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>54.9 ±0.1 (+14.7%)</b>	<b>28.2 ±0.3 (+30.4%)</b>	<b>49.3 ±0.1 (+18.0%)</b>	<b>32.2 ±0.2 (+28.5%)</b>	<b>46.0 ±0.3 (-5.1%)</b>
AttCAT	62.1 ±0.1	33.4 ±0.3	58.9 ±0.1	38.2 ±0.3	49.8 ±0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>73.6 ±0.1 (+18.5%)</b>	<b>43.9 ±0.3 (+31.4%)</b>	<b>70.3 ±0.1 (+19.3%)</b>	<b>48.9 ±0.3 (+28.0%)</b>	<b>56.0 ±0.3 (+12.4%)</b>
GenAtt	69.7 ±0.1	41.3 ±0.3	66.3 ±0.1	46.3 ±0.3	65.9 ±0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>71.7 ±0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>43.2 ±0.3 (+4.6%)</b>	<b>68.2 ±0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>48.2 ±0.3 (+4.2%)</b>	<b>71.0 ±0.3 (+7.7%)</b>
TokenTM	68.9 ±0.1	40.8 ±0.3	65.2 ±0.1	45.9 ±0.3	68.2 ±0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>70.3 ±0.1 (+2.1%)</b>	<b>42.2 ±0.3 (+3.4%)</b>	<b>66.5 ±0.1 (+2.0%)</b>	<b>47.3 ±0.3 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>71.4 ±0.2 (+4.7%)</b>
GradCAM+	59.9 ±0.1	31.5 ±0.3	55.5 ±0.1	35.8 ±0.3	46.4 ±0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>70.2 ±0.1 (+17.0%)</b>	<b>41.2 ±0.3 (+30.7%)</b>	<b>66.5 ±0.1 (+19.7%)</b>	<b>46.1 ±0.3 (+28.7%)</b>	<b>60.7 ±0.4 (+30.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	38.4 ±0.1	13.1 ±0.2	29.5 ±0.1	15.3 ±0.2	48.4 ±0.4
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>67.4 ±0.1 (+75.5%)</b>	<b>39.6 ±0.3 (+202.6%)</b>	<b>63.4 ±0.1 (+114.7%)</b>	<b>44.4 ±0.2 (+190.6%)</b>	<b>69.4 ±0.3 (+43.2%)</b>
XGradCAM+	60.3 ±0.1	31.9 ±0.4	55.9 ±0.1	36.2 ±0.3	45.4 ±0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>72.1 ±0.1 (+19.5%)</b>	<b>42.8 ±0.3 (+34.1%)</b>	<b>68.5 ±0.1 (+22.4%)</b>	<b>47.8 ±0.3 (+32.0%)</b>	<b>62.3 ±0.4 (+37.2%)</b>
FullGrad+	59.6 ±0.1	31.5 ±0.3	55.8 ±0.1	36.1 ±0.3	50.0 ±0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>73.5 ±0.1 (+23.3%)</b>	<b>43.8 ±0.3 (+39.0%)</b>	<b>70.1 ±0.1 (+25.8%)</b>	<b>48.9 ±0.3 (+35.3%)</b>	<b>59.6 ±0.3 (+19.2%)</b>

Table 54. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-S model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	57.7 $\pm$ 0.1	84.1 $\pm$ 0.2	66.5 $\pm$ 0.1	81.8 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	63.9 $\pm$ 0.1	89.4 $\pm$ 0.2	72.8 $\pm$ 0.1	87.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	58.6 $\pm$ 0.1	84.8 $\pm$ 0.2	67.3 $\pm$ 0.1	82.4 $\pm$ 0.3
AliLRP	62.5 $\pm$ 0.1	88.2 $\pm$ 0.2	70.6 $\pm$ 0.1	85.8 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	68.4 $\pm$ 0.1	94.6 $\pm$ 0.2	77.3 $\pm$ 0.1	92.8 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	66.5 $\pm$ 0.1	92.2 $\pm$ 0.2	75.3 $\pm$ 0.1	90.3 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	69.6 $\pm$ 0.1	95.4 $\pm$ 0.2	73.9 $\pm$ 0.1	90.1 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	64.2 $\pm$ 0.1	90.0 $\pm$ 0.3	72.1 $\pm$ 0.1	87.8 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>66.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.4%)</b>	<b>92.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.1%)</b>	<b>74.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>89.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.1%)</b>
AttCAT	71.9 $\pm$ 0.1	97.7 $\pm$ 0.2	78.5 $\pm$ 0.1	95.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>74.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>100.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>81.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.2%)</b>	<b>97.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.3%)</b>
GenAtt	69.6 $\pm$ 0.1	94.7 $\pm$ 0.2	79.1 $\pm$ 0.1	92.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>69.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>94.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>79.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>92.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.2%)</b>
TokenTM	67.4 $\pm$ 0.1	92.7 $\pm$ 0.2	77.2 $\pm$ 0.1	90.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>67.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>92.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>77.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>90.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.0%)</b>
GradCAM+	65.0 $\pm$ 0.1	90.5 $\pm$ 0.2	71.9 $\pm$ 0.1	88.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>70.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>96.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.1%)</b>	<b>78.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>93.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.4%)</b>
HiResCAM	55.8 $\pm$ 0.1	81.8 $\pm$ 0.3	62.8 $\pm$ 0.1	78.7 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>68.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+22.6%)</b>	<b>93.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>76.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+21.2%)</b>	<b>91.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.7%)</b>
XGradCAM+	66.3 $\pm$ 0.1	91.8 $\pm$ 0.2	73.5 $\pm$ 0.1	89.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>71.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.7%)</b>	<b>96.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.1%)</b>	<b>78.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.8%)</b>	<b>94.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.2%)</b>
FullGrad+	70.3 $\pm$ 0.1	96.3 $\pm$ 0.2	77.6 $\pm$ 0.1	94.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>74.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.9%)</b>	<b>100.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>81.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.4%)</b>	<b>97.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.8%)</b>

Table 55. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-S model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.7 $\pm$ 0.1	49.9 $\pm$ 0.3	50.2 $\pm$ 0.1	50.2 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	63.5 $\pm$ 0.1	63.0 $\pm$ 0.3	65.8 $\pm$ 0.1	64.2 $\pm$ 0.3
Attention Rollout	54.9 $\pm$ 0.1	54.9 $\pm$ 0.3	56.2 $\pm$ 0.1	55.6 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	55.7 $\pm$ 0.1	55.5 $\pm$ 0.3	56.5 $\pm$ 0.1	56.0 $\pm$ 0.3
AttnLRP	63.0 $\pm$ 0.1	62.8 $\pm$ 0.3	64.9 $\pm$ 0.1	64.0 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	61.3 $\pm$ 0.1	60.9 $\pm$ 0.3	62.9 $\pm$ 0.1	61.9 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	63.3 $\pm$ 0.1	62.3 $\pm$ 0.3	59.9 $\pm$ 0.1	59.7 $\pm$ 0.3
Input $\times$ Grad	56.1 $\pm$ 0.1	55.8 $\pm$ 0.3	57.0 $\pm$ 0.1	56.4 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>60.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.2%)</b>	<b>60.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+7.6%)</b>	<b>61.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.5%)</b>	<b>60.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+8.0%)</b>
AttCAT	67.0 $\pm$ 0.1	65.5 $\pm$ 0.3	68.7 $\pm$ 0.1	66.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>73.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.3%)</b>	<b>71.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+9.8%)</b>	<b>75.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.1%)</b>	<b>73.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+9.6%)</b>
GenAtt	69.6 $\pm$ 0.1	68.0 $\pm$ 0.3	72.7 $\pm$ 0.1	69.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>70.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>68.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>73.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>70.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.2%)</b>
TokenTM	68.2 $\pm$ 0.1	66.8 $\pm$ 0.3	71.2 $\pm$ 0.1	68.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>68.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.0%)</b>	<b>67.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.1%)</b>	<b>71.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.9%)</b>	<b>69.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.0%)</b>
GradCAM+	62.5 $\pm$ 0.1	61.0 $\pm$ 0.3	63.7 $\pm$ 0.1	62.0 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>70.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.8%)</b>	<b>68.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.4%)</b>	<b>72.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>69.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	47.1 $\pm$ 0.1	47.4 $\pm$ 0.3	46.2 $\pm$ 0.1	47.0 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>68.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+44.2%)</b>	<b>66.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+40.0%)</b>	<b>69.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+51.1%)</b>	<b>67.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+44.1%)</b>
XGradCAM+	63.3 $\pm$ 0.1	61.9 $\pm$ 0.3	64.7 $\pm$ 0.1	62.8 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>71.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>69.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.6%)</b>	<b>73.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+13.5%)</b>	<b>71.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.9%)</b>
FullGrad+	65.0 $\pm$ 0.1	63.9 $\pm$ 0.3	66.7 $\pm$ 0.1	65.2 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>74.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+13.9%)</b>	<b>72.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.6%)</b>	<b>75.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>73.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.5%)</b>

Table 56. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-S model.

#### D.5.4. ViT-B

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	34.5 ±0.1	12.3 ±0.2	26.5 ±0.1	14.2 ±0.2	41.9 ±0.4
RawAtt	50.1 ±0.1	25.0 ±0.3	44.6 ±0.1	27.9 ±0.3	46.9 ±0.3
Attention Rollout	41.9 ±0.1	18.8 ±0.3	35.4 ±0.1	21.2 ±0.2	45.3 ±0.3
AliLRP	39.8 ±0.1	16.7 ±0.2	33.3 ±0.1	19.1 ±0.2	43.8 ±0.4
AttnLRP	44.5 ±0.1	20.8 ±0.3	38.5 ±0.1	23.4 ±0.2	42.0 ±0.4
DecompX	44.0 ±0.1	20.3 ±0.3	37.8 ±0.1	22.8 ±0.2	44.3 ±0.3
Integrated Gradients	46.9 ±0.1	22.5 ±0.2	35.4 ±0.1	21.4 ±0.2	47.5 ±0.3
Input × Grad	40.4 ±0.1	17.7 ±0.2	34.4 ±0.1	20.2 ±0.2	44.8 ±0.3
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>44.8 ±0.1 (+10.8%)</b>	<b>20.8 ±0.3 (+17.4%)</b>	<b>38.6 ±0.1 (+12.0%)</b>	<b>23.4 ±0.2 (+15.8%)</b>	<b>44.4 ±0.3 (-0.9%)</b>
AttCAT	50.4 ±0.1	25.3 ±0.2	46.9 ±0.1	28.8 ±0.2	44.5 ±0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>66.4 ±0.1 (+31.7%)</b>	<b>37.5 ±0.3 (+47.9%)</b>	<b>63.5 ±0.1 (+35.4%)</b>	<b>41.5 ±0.3 (+44.2%)</b>	<b>61.5 ±0.3 (+38.3%)</b>
GenAtt	61.9 ±0.1	34.2 ±0.3	58.2 ±0.1	37.9 ±0.2	71.0 ±0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>65.1 ±0.1 (+5.1%)</b>	<b>36.6 ±0.3 (+6.8%)</b>	<b>61.6 ±0.1 (+5.8%)</b>	<b>40.4 ±0.3 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>77.5 ±0.2 (+9.2%)</b>
TokenTM	60.6 ±0.1	33.8 ±0.3	56.8 ±0.1	37.4 ±0.3	70.2 ±0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>62.8 ±0.1 (+3.6%)</b>	<b>35.1 ±0.3 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>59.1 ±0.1 (+4.1%)</b>	<b>38.9 ±0.3 (+3.8%)</b>	<b>73.9 ±0.2 (+5.2%)</b>
GradCAM+	50.5 ±0.1	24.8 ±0.2	45.6 ±0.1	27.6 ±0.2	50.2 ±0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>65.3 ±0.1 (+29.3%)</b>	<b>35.9 ±0.2 (+44.8%)</b>	<b>61.4 ±0.1 (+34.8%)</b>	<b>39.6 ±0.2 (+43.5%)</b>	<b>72.1 ±0.3 (+43.6%)</b>
HiResCAM	50.4 ±0.1	25.4 ±0.3	45.4 ±0.1	28.5 ±0.2	59.0 ±0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>60.8 ±0.1 (+20.6%)</b>	<b>33.4 ±0.3 (+31.7%)</b>	<b>56.7 ±0.1 (+24.8%)</b>	<b>37.0 ±0.2 (+29.6%)</b>	<b>72.6 ±0.3 (+23.1%)</b>
XGradCAM+	44.0 ±0.1	19.0 ±0.2	38.6 ±0.1	21.5 ±0.2	41.0 ±0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>67.4 ±0.1 (+53.0%)</b>	<b>37.7 ±0.2 (+98.6%)</b>	<b>63.9 ±0.1 (+65.6%)</b>	<b>41.5 ±0.2 (+92.8%)</b>	<b>75.0 ±0.3 (+82.8%)</b>
FullGrad+	48.2 ±0.1	23.1 ±0.3	44.2 ±0.1	26.3 ±0.2	45.2 ±0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>66.1 ±0.1 (+37.1%)</b>	<b>37.2 ±0.3 (+60.9%)</b>	<b>63.1 ±0.1 (+42.9%)</b>	<b>41.2 ±0.3 (+56.7%)</b>	<b>65.5 ±0.3 (+44.8%)</b>

Table 57. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-B model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	65.2 $\pm$ 0.1	87.5 $\pm$ 0.2	73.3 $\pm$ 0.1	85.8 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	67.5 $\pm$ 0.1	89.2 $\pm$ 0.1	76.2 $\pm$ 0.1	87.6 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	65.9 $\pm$ 0.1	87.9 $\pm$ 0.2	73.8 $\pm$ 0.1	86.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	69.9 $\pm$ 0.1	90.9 $\pm$ 0.2	77.8 $\pm$ 0.1	89.3 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	71.0 $\pm$ 0.1	92.4 $\pm$ 0.2	78.7 $\pm$ 0.1	90.8 $\pm$ 0.1
DecompX	71.1 $\pm$ 0.1	92.2 $\pm$ 0.2	79.1 $\pm$ 0.1	90.6 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	74.4 $\pm$ 0.1	95.7 $\pm$ 0.2	78.0 $\pm$ 0.1	91.3 $\pm$ 0.1
Input $\times$ Grad	69.9 $\pm$ 0.1	91.8 $\pm$ 0.2	77.3 $\pm$ 0.1	90.2 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>72.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.7%)</b>	<b>93.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>80.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.8%)</b>	<b>91.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.2%)</b>
AttCAT	76.8 $\pm$ 0.1	98.4 $\pm$ 0.2	82.5 $\pm$ 0.1	96.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>80.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>100.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>86.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.1%)</b>	<b>99.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.7%)</b>
GenAtt	74.8 $\pm$ 0.1	95.7 $\pm$ 0.2	84.0 $\pm$ 0.1	94.6 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>75.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>96.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.3%)</b>	<b>84.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>94.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.2%)</b>
TokenTM	73.5 $\pm$ 0.1	94.4 $\pm$ 0.1	83.1 $\pm$ 0.1	93.3 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>73.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>94.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>83.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>93.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.2%)</b>
GradCAM+	72.0 $\pm$ 0.1	93.5 $\pm$ 0.2	78.5 $\pm$ 0.1	91.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>78.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.3%)</b>	<b>98.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.9%)</b>	<b>84.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.3%)</b>	<b>96.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.2%)</b>
HiResCAM	71.9 $\pm$ 0.1	93.3 $\pm$ 0.2	79.5 $\pm$ 0.1	91.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>75.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.1%)</b>	<b>96.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>82.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>94.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.8%)</b>
XGradCAM+	67.0 $\pm$ 0.1	88.9 $\pm$ 0.3	73.3 $\pm$ 0.1	86.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>78.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.6%)</b>	<b>98.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+10.8%)</b>	<b>85.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.6%)</b>	<b>96.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.6%)</b>
FullGrad+	75.2 $\pm$ 0.1	96.6 $\pm$ 0.2	81.6 $\pm$ 0.1	95.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>80.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.1%)</b>	<b>101.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.8%)</b>	<b>87.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>99.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.8%)</b>

Table 58. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-B model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	49.9 $\pm$ 0.2	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	58.8 $\pm$ 0.1	57.1 $\pm$ 0.2	60.4 $\pm$ 0.1	57.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	53.9 $\pm$ 0.1	53.3 $\pm$ 0.2	54.6 $\pm$ 0.1	53.6 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	54.8 $\pm$ 0.1	53.8 $\pm$ 0.2	55.5 $\pm$ 0.1	54.2 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	57.8 $\pm$ 0.1	56.6 $\pm$ 0.2	58.6 $\pm$ 0.1	57.1 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	57.6 $\pm$ 0.1	56.3 $\pm$ 0.2	58.5 $\pm$ 0.1	56.7 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	60.6 $\pm$ 0.1	59.1 $\pm$ 0.2	56.7 $\pm$ 0.1	56.3 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	55.1 $\pm$ 0.1	54.8 $\pm$ 0.2	55.9 $\pm$ 0.1	55.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>58.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.3%)</b>	<b>56.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>59.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.3%)</b>	<b>57.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.9%)</b>
AttCAT	63.6 $\pm$ 0.1	61.9 $\pm$ 0.2	64.7 $\pm$ 0.1	62.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>73.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+15.3%)</b>	<b>69.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+11.7%)</b>	<b>75.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.1%)</b>	<b>70.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.2%)</b>
GenAtt	68.4 $\pm$ 0.1	65.0 $\pm$ 0.2	71.1 $\pm$ 0.1	66.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>70.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.5%)</b>	<b>66.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.0%)</b>	<b>73.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.6%)</b>	<b>67.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.1%)</b>
TokenTM	67.1 $\pm$ 0.1	64.1 $\pm$ 0.2	70.0 $\pm$ 0.1	65.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>68.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.7%)</b>	<b>64.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.2%)</b>	<b>71.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.7%)</b>	<b>66.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.3%)</b>
GradCAM+	61.3 $\pm$ 0.1	59.2 $\pm$ 0.2	62.0 $\pm$ 0.1	59.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>71.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+17.0%)</b>	<b>67.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>73.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+18.0%)</b>	<b>67.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.1%)</b>
HiResCAM	61.2 $\pm$ 0.1	59.3 $\pm$ 0.2	62.5 $\pm$ 0.1	60.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>68.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.5%)</b>	<b>64.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.1%)</b>	<b>69.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.6%)</b>	<b>65.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.2%)</b>
XGradCAM+	55.5 $\pm$ 0.1	53.9 $\pm$ 0.2	55.9 $\pm$ 0.1	54.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>72.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+31.0%)</b>	<b>68.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+26.2%)</b>	<b>74.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+33.5%)</b>	<b>69.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+27.7%)</b>
FullGrad+	61.7 $\pm$ 0.1	59.8 $\pm$ 0.2	62.9 $\pm$ 0.1	60.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>73.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+18.8%)</b>	<b>69.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.6%)</b>	<b>75.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.4%)</b>	<b>70.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+16.0%)</b>

Table 59. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-B model.

### D.5.5. ImageNet-Hard ViT-B

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	81.7 ±0.1	6.6 ±0.1	52.4 ±0.1	16.4 ±0.2
RawAtt	85.9 ±0.1	9.5 ±0.1	65.9 ±0.1	23.8 ±0.2
Attention Rollout	84.7 ±0.1	8.7 ±0.1	62.2 ±0.1	21.7 ±0.2
AliLRP	85.7 ±0.1	9.1 ±0.1	64.1 ±0.1	22.6 ±0.2
AttnLRP	88.2 ±0.1	10.8 ±0.2	70.8 ±0.1	26.3 ±0.2
DecompX	87.1 ±0.1	10.2 ±0.1	67.7 ±0.1	25.0 ±0.2
Integrated Gradients	89.5 ±0.1	11.7 ±0.1	66.6 ±0.1	24.6 ±0.3
Input × Grad	87.0 ±0.1	9.8 ±0.1	67.6 ±0.1	24.3 ±0.2
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>87.5 ±0.1 (+0.6%)</b>	<b>10.3 ±0.1 (+5.3%)</b>	<b>68.8 ±0.1 (+1.8%)</b>	<b>25.3 ±0.2 (+3.7%)</b>
AttCAT	91.8 ±0.1	13.1 ±0.1	82.3 ±0.1	31.9 ±0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>94.4 ±0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>14.9 ±0.1 (+14.0%)</b>	<b>87.3 ±0.1 (+6.1%)</b>	<b>35.5 ±0.2 (+11.2%)</b>
GenAtt	92.0 ±0.1	13.5 ±0.1	81.3 ±0.1	32.2 ±0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>92.6 ±0.1 (+0.6%)</b>	<b>13.8 ±0.1 (+2.8%)</b>	<b>82.8 ±0.1 (+1.8%)</b>	<b>33.1 ±0.2 (+2.6%)</b>
TokenTM	90.9 ±0.1	12.9 ±0.1	79.3 ±0.1	31.3 ±0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>91.4 ±0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>13.1 ±0.1 (+2.0%)</b>	<b>80.0 ±0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>31.7 ±0.2 (+1.4%)</b>
GradCAM+	89.2 ±0.1	11.4 ±0.1	75.8 ±0.1	28.4 ±0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>92.7 ±0.1 (+3.9%)</b>	<b>13.8 ±0.1 (+21.2%)</b>	<b>83.4 ±0.1 (+10.0%)</b>	<b>33.2 ±0.2 (+17.0%)</b>
HiResCAM	89.3 ±0.1	11.5 ±0.1	74.2 ±0.1	28.2 ±0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>91.4 ±0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>12.9 ±0.1 (+12.7%)</b>	<b>79.7 ±0.1 (+7.4%)</b>	<b>31.4 ±0.2 (+11.3%)</b>
XGradCAM+	87.8 ±0.1	10.6 ±0.1	72.1 ±0.1	26.4 ±0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>93.2 ±0.1 (+6.2%)</b>	<b>14.1 ±0.1 (+33.7%)</b>	<b>84.7 ±0.1 (+17.3%)</b>	<b>33.9 ±0.2 (+28.3%)</b>
FullGrad+	90.5 ±0.1	12.3 ±0.1	80.1 ±0.1	30.5 ±0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>94.7 ±0.1 (+4.6%)</b>	<b>15.0 ±0.1 (+22.4%)</b>	<b>87.6 ±0.1 (+9.4%)</b>	<b>35.6 ±0.2 (+16.6%)</b>

Table 60. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ImageNet-Hard ViT-B model.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	18.6 $\pm$ 0.1	93.5 $\pm$ 0.1	47.0 $\pm$ 0.1	83.1 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	19.5 $\pm$ 0.1	94.2 $\pm$ 0.1	52.0 $\pm$ 0.1	85.5 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	19.8 $\pm$ 0.1	94.0 $\pm$ 0.1	49.8 $\pm$ 0.1	84.1 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	21.5 $\pm$ 0.1	95.2 $\pm$ 0.1	53.5 $\pm$ 0.1	87.3 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	26.4 $\pm$ 0.1	98.2 $\pm$ 0.1	61.6 $\pm$ 0.1	93.4 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	22.6 $\pm$ 0.1	96.2 $\pm$ 0.1	56.8 $\pm$ 0.1	89.4 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	28.6 $\pm$ 0.1	99.7 $\pm$ 0.1	54.2 $\pm$ 0.1	89.7 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	23.4 $\pm$ 0.1	96.6 $\pm$ 0.1	55.9 $\pm$ 0.1	89.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>23.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>96.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>57.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.5%)</b>	<b>90.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.2%)</b>
AttCAT	35.1 $\pm$ 0.1	104.1 $\pm$ 0.1	69.2 $\pm$ 0.1	102.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>35.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.8%)</b>	<b>104.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>75.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.5%)</b>	<b>105.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.5%)</b>
GenAtt	25.4 $\pm$ 0.1	97.8 $\pm$ 0.1	65.7 $\pm$ 0.1	93.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>25.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>97.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>66.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.1%)</b>	<b>93.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.1%)</b>
TokenTM	23.9 $\pm$ 0.1	96.9 $\pm$ 0.1	62.9 $\pm$ 0.1	91.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>24.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.8%)</b>	<b>97.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>63.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.3%)</b>	<b>91.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.2%)</b>
GradCAM+	27.9 $\pm$ 0.1	98.8 $\pm$ 0.1	61.2 $\pm$ 0.1	93.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>30.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.3%)</b>	<b>100.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>68.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.2%)</b>	<b>98.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.6%)</b>
HiResCAM	24.7 $\pm$ 0.1	97.1 $\pm$ 0.1	57.7 $\pm$ 0.1	90.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>26.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.7%)</b>	<b>98.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.2%)</b>	<b>62.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.6%)</b>	<b>93.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.0%)</b>
XGradCAM+	26.9 $\pm$ 0.1	98.3 $\pm$ 0.1	58.9 $\pm$ 0.1	92.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>30.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.3%)</b>	<b>100.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.5%)</b>	<b>69.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+18.5%)</b>	<b>99.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.1%)</b>
FullGrad+	32.3 $\pm$ 0.1	102.0 $\pm$ 0.1	67.3 $\pm$ 0.1	99.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>36.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.0%)</b>	<b>104.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.7%)</b>	<b>76.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+13.4%)</b>	<b>106.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.5%)</b>

Table 61. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ImageNet-Hard ViT-B model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	50.1 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.1	49.7 $\pm$ 0.1	49.8 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	52.7 $\pm$ 0.1	51.8 $\pm$ 0.1	58.9 $\pm$ 0.1	54.6 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	52.3 $\pm$ 0.1	51.3 $\pm$ 0.1	56.0 $\pm$ 0.1	52.9 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	53.6 $\pm$ 0.1	52.1 $\pm$ 0.1	58.8 $\pm$ 0.1	55.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	57.3 $\pm$ 0.1	54.5 $\pm$ 0.1	66.2 $\pm$ 0.1	59.9 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	54.8 $\pm$ 0.1	53.2 $\pm$ 0.1	62.2 $\pm$ 0.1	57.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	59.0 $\pm$ 0.1	55.7 $\pm$ 0.1	60.4 $\pm$ 0.1	57.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	55.2 $\pm$ 0.1	53.2 $\pm$ 0.1	61.8 $\pm$ 0.1	57.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>55.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>53.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>63.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.6%)</b>	<b>57.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.0%)</b>
AttCAT	63.5 $\pm$ 0.1	58.6 $\pm$ 0.1	75.8 $\pm$ 0.1	67.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>65.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.6%)</b>	<b>59.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.9%)</b>	<b>81.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.7%)</b>	<b>70.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.3%)</b>
GenAtt	58.7 $\pm$ 0.1	55.6 $\pm$ 0.1	73.5 $\pm$ 0.1	62.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>59.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>55.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>74.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.5%)</b>	<b>63.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.7%)</b>
TokenTM	57.4 $\pm$ 0.1	54.9 $\pm$ 0.1	71.1 $\pm$ 0.1	61.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>57.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>55.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.3%)</b>	<b>71.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.6%)</b>	<b>61.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.5%)</b>
GradCAM+	58.6 $\pm$ 0.1	55.1 $\pm$ 0.1	68.5 $\pm$ 0.1	61.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>61.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.0%)</b>	<b>57.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.7%)</b>	<b>76.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.0%)</b>	<b>65.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.5%)</b>
HiResCAM	57.0 $\pm$ 0.1	54.3 $\pm$ 0.1	65.9 $\pm$ 0.1	59.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>59.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.5%)</b>	<b>55.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>70.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.5%)</b>	<b>62.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.0%)</b>
XGradCAM+	57.4 $\pm$ 0.1	54.4 $\pm$ 0.1	65.5 $\pm$ 0.1	59.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>61.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.6%)</b>	<b>57.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.5%)</b>	<b>77.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+17.9%)</b>	<b>66.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+11.8%)</b>
FullGrad+	61.4 $\pm$ 0.1	57.1 $\pm$ 0.1	73.7 $\pm$ 0.1	65.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>65.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.5%)</b>	<b>59.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.8%)</b>	<b>81.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.2%)</b>	<b>71.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+8.9%)</b>

Table 62. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ImageNet-Hard ViT-B model.

### D.5.6. MURA ViT-B

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	25.4 $\pm$ 0.1	3.3 $\pm$ 0.1	15.1 $\pm$ 0.1	4.2 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	33.4 $\pm$ 0.1	12.6 $\pm$ 0.3	24.8 $\pm$ 0.1	14.9 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	29.9 $\pm$ 0.1	8.6 $\pm$ 0.2	21.5 $\pm$ 0.1	10.8 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	28.4 $\pm$ 0.1	7.1 $\pm$ 0.2	19.2 $\pm$ 0.1	8.5 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	31.6 $\pm$ 0.1	10.4 $\pm$ 0.2	22.8 $\pm$ 0.1	12.1 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	30.7 $\pm$ 0.1	9.5 $\pm$ 0.2	21.6 $\pm$ 0.1	10.9 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	35.6 $\pm$ 0.1	14.5 $\pm$ 0.2	23.8 $\pm$ 0.1	13.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	33.2 $\pm$ 0.1	12.0 $\pm$ 0.2	25.5 $\pm$ 0.1	14.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>30.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-7.5%)</b>	<b>9.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-20.9%)</b>	<b>21.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-15.1%)</b>	<b>10.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-23.0%)</b>
AttCAT	37.8 $\pm$ 0.1	16.7 $\pm$ 0.2	31.1 $\pm$ 0.1	19.6 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>47.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+24.5%)</b>	<b>25.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+53.0%)</b>	<b>40.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+31.6%)</b>	<b>28.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+47.7%)</b>
GenAtt	37.8 $\pm$ 0.1	18.1 $\pm$ 0.3	30.0 $\pm$ 0.1	21.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>38.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>18.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>30.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>21.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.6%)</b>
TokenTM	36.1 $\pm$ 0.1	16.4 $\pm$ 0.3	28.0 $\pm$ 0.1	19.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>36.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>16.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (-1.5%)</b>	<b>28.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>19.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-1.7%)</b>
GradCAM+	32.6 $\pm$ 0.1	11.0 $\pm$ 0.2	24.0 $\pm$ 0.1	12.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>42.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+29.9%)</b>	<b>20.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+82.2%)</b>	<b>34.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+44.8%)</b>	<b>22.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+75.5%)</b>
HiResCAM	31.4 $\pm$ 0.1	10.4 $\pm$ 0.2	22.2 $\pm$ 0.1	11.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>37.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+20.4%)</b>	<b>17.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+63.5%)</b>	<b>30.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+35.7%)</b>	<b>19.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+63.0%)</b>
XGradCAM+	32.4 $\pm$ 0.1	10.6 $\pm$ 0.2	23.7 $\pm$ 0.1	12.3 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>43.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+34.1%)</b>	<b>22.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+108.5%)</b>	<b>36.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+54.6%)</b>	<b>25.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+104.9%)</b>
FullGrad+	39.1 $\pm$ 0.1	17.7 $\pm$ 0.2	32.8 $\pm$ 0.1	20.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>48.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+24.5%)</b>	<b>26.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+51.7%)</b>	<b>43.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+31.7%)</b>	<b>30.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+47.1%)</b>

Table 63. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the MURA ViT-B model.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	75.2 $\pm$ 0.1	97.0 $\pm$ 0.1	85.8 $\pm$ 0.1	96.2 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	75.9 $\pm$ 0.1	97.7 $\pm$ 0.1	85.7 $\pm$ 0.1	96.6 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	75.0 $\pm$ 0.1	96.4 $\pm$ 0.1	84.1 $\pm$ 0.1	94.9 $\pm$ 0.1
AliLRP	77.8 $\pm$ 0.1	99.9 $\pm$ 0.1	87.0 $\pm$ 0.1	98.5 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	78.2 $\pm$ 0.1	100.4 $\pm$ 0.1	87.0 $\pm$ 0.1	98.7 $\pm$ 0.1
DecompX	78.7 $\pm$ 0.1	100.9 $\pm$ 0.1	87.7 $\pm$ 0.0	99.4 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	81.2 $\pm$ 0.1	103.7 $\pm$ 0.1	86.3 $\pm$ 0.1	99.2 $\pm$ 0.1
Input $\times$ Grad	80.4 $\pm$ 0.1	102.6 $\pm$ 0.1	88.2 $\pm$ 0.0	100.5 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>78.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-2.0%)</b>	<b>100.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.7%)</b>	<b>87.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (-0.5%)</b>	<b>99.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.1%)</b>
AttCAT	82.4 $\pm$ 0.1	105.0 $\pm$ 0.1	89.1 $\pm$ 0.0	102.1 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>83.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.9%)</b>	<b>105.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>89.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.3%)</b>	<b>102.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.2%)</b>
GenAtt	78.3 $\pm$ 0.1	100.4 $\pm$ 0.1	88.3 $\pm$ 0.0	99.3 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>78.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>100.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>88.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>99.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.1%)</b>
TokenTM	77.1 $\pm$ 0.1	99.1 $\pm$ 0.1	87.4 $\pm$ 0.1	98.2 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>77.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>99.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>87.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>98.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</b>
GradCAM+	77.3 $\pm$ 0.1	98.7 $\pm$ 0.2	85.9 $\pm$ 0.1	96.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>80.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.7%)</b>	<b>103.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.3%)</b>	<b>88.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+3.1%)</b>	<b>100.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	76.8 $\pm$ 0.1	99.0 $\pm$ 0.2	86.1 $\pm$ 0.1	97.6 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>80.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.3%)</b>	<b>102.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.1%)</b>	<b>87.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+1.9%)</b>	<b>99.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.3%)</b>
XGradCAM+	77.1 $\pm$ 0.1	98.7 $\pm$ 0.2	85.8 $\pm$ 0.1	97.0 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>81.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.5%)</b>	<b>103.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.8%)</b>	<b>88.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+2.8%)</b>	<b>100.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.5%)</b>
FullGrad+	83.2 $\pm$ 0.1	105.7 $\pm$ 0.1	89.5 $\pm$ 0.0	102.7 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>84.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.9%)</b>	<b>106.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>89.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>102.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.0%)</b>

Table 64. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the MURA ViT-B model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	50.3 $\pm$ 0.1	50.2 $\pm$ 0.1	50.4 $\pm$ 0.1	50.2 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	54.7 $\pm$ 0.1	55.2 $\pm$ 0.2	55.3 $\pm$ 0.1	55.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	52.5 $\pm$ 0.1	52.5 $\pm$ 0.2	52.8 $\pm$ 0.1	52.9 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	53.1 $\pm$ 0.1	53.5 $\pm$ 0.2	53.1 $\pm$ 0.1	53.5 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	54.9 $\pm$ 0.1	55.4 $\pm$ 0.2	54.9 $\pm$ 0.1	55.4 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	54.7 $\pm$ 0.1	55.2 $\pm$ 0.2	54.7 $\pm$ 0.1	55.1 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	58.4 $\pm$ 0.1	59.1 $\pm$ 0.2	55.1 $\pm$ 0.1	56.5 $\pm$ 0.1
Input $\times$ Grad	56.8 $\pm$ 0.1	57.3 $\pm$ 0.2	56.8 $\pm$ 0.1	57.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>54.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-3.6%)</b>	<b>55.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-3.7%)</b>	<b>54.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-3.8%)</b>	<b>55.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-3.8%)</b>
AttCAT	60.1 $\pm$ 0.1	60.8 $\pm$ 0.2	60.1 $\pm$ 0.1	60.8 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>65.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.3%)</b>	<b>65.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.9%)</b>	<b>65.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>65.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.9%)</b>
GenAtt	58.0 $\pm$ 0.1	59.2 $\pm$ 0.2	59.1 $\pm$ 0.1	60.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>58.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>59.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.1%)</b>	<b>59.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>60.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.2%)</b>
TokenTM	56.6 $\pm$ 0.1	57.8 $\pm$ 0.2	57.7 $\pm$ 0.1	58.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>56.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>57.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>57.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>58.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.2%)</b>
GradCAM+	54.9 $\pm$ 0.1	54.9 $\pm$ 0.2	54.9 $\pm$ 0.1	54.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>61.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.1%)</b>	<b>61.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.2%)</b>	<b>61.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.2%)</b>	<b>61.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.2%)</b>
HiResCAM	54.1 $\pm$ 0.1	54.7 $\pm$ 0.2	54.1 $\pm$ 0.1	54.7 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>59.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.0%)</b>	<b>59.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+8.8%)</b>	<b>58.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>59.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+8.8%)</b>
XGradCAM+	54.7 $\pm$ 0.1	54.6 $\pm$ 0.2	54.7 $\pm$ 0.1	54.6 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>62.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.0%)</b>	<b>62.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+14.9%)</b>	<b>62.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.0%)</b>	<b>62.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.9%)</b>
FullGrad+	61.2 $\pm$ 0.1	61.7 $\pm$ 0.2	61.2 $\pm$ 0.1	61.7 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>66.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.5%)</b>	<b>66.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.9%)</b>	<b>66.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.5%)</b>	<b>66.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.9%)</b>

Table 65. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the MURA ViT-B model.

### D.5.7. Oxford Pet ViT-B

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	14.6 $\pm$ 0.1	4.1 $\pm$ 0.1	13.7 $\pm$ 0.1	4.3 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	37.7 $\pm$ 0.1	29.1 $\pm$ 0.3	37.2 $\pm$ 0.1	29.6 $\pm$ 0.3
Attention Rollout	22.2 $\pm$ 0.1	12.2 $\pm$ 0.2	21.2 $\pm$ 0.1	12.4 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	19.7 $\pm$ 0.1	9.7 $\pm$ 0.2	19.0 $\pm$ 0.1	10.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	30.9 $\pm$ 0.1	22.1 $\pm$ 0.2	30.3 $\pm$ 0.1	22.5 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	23.2 $\pm$ 0.1	13.8 $\pm$ 0.2	22.5 $\pm$ 0.1	14.1 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	27.5 $\pm$ 0.1	17.6 $\pm$ 0.3	20.7 $\pm$ 0.1	11.5 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	20.9 $\pm$ 0.1	11.2 $\pm$ 0.2	20.4 $\pm$ 0.1	11.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>24.3 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+16.2%)</b>	<b>14.8 <math>\pm</math>0.2 (+32.2%)</b>	<b>23.5 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+15.4%)</b>	<b>15.1 <math>\pm</math>0.2 (+30.0%)</b>
AttCAT	37.6 $\pm$ 0.1	26.7 $\pm$ 0.3	37.3 $\pm$ 0.1	27.3 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>55.5 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+47.6%)</b>	<b>44.3 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+65.8%)</b>	<b>55.3 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+48.1%)</b>	<b>44.9 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+64.7%)</b>
GenAtt	44.5 $\pm$ 0.1	35.2 $\pm$ 0.3	44.1 $\pm$ 0.1	35.7 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>46.8 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+5.3%)</b>	<b>37.6 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+6.7%)</b>	<b>46.5 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>38.1 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+6.6%)</b>
TokenTM	44.4 $\pm$ 0.1	35.6 $\pm$ 0.3	44.0 $\pm$ 0.1	36.1 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>45.9 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>37.0 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>45.4 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>37.5 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+3.9%)</b>
GradCAM+	33.1 $\pm$ 0.1	22.2 $\pm$ 0.3	32.6 $\pm$ 0.1	22.8 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>48.2 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+45.8%)</b>	<b>38.0 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+71.0%)</b>	<b>47.8 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+46.6%)</b>	<b>38.6 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+69.7%)</b>
HiResCAM	18.7 $\pm$ 0.1	8.5 $\pm$ 0.2	18.0 $\pm$ 0.1	8.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>40.2 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+114.4%)</b>	<b>30.7 <math>\pm</math>0.4 (+260.3%)</b>	<b>39.4 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+119.0%)</b>	<b>30.9 <math>\pm</math>0.4 (+254.4%)</b>
XGradCAM+	33.5 $\pm$ 0.1	23.0 $\pm$ 0.3	33.2 $\pm$ 0.1	23.5 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>52.8 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+57.6%)</b>	<b>42.2 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+83.3%)</b>	<b>52.6 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+58.4%)</b>	<b>42.8 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+81.7%)</b>
FullGrad+	35.6 $\pm$ 0.1	24.5 $\pm$ 0.3	35.3 $\pm$ 0.1	25.0 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>57.5 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+61.6%)</b>	<b>46.1 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+88.1%)</b>	<b>57.3 <math>\pm</math>0.1 (+62.3%)</b>	<b>46.7 <math>\pm</math>0.3 (+86.8%)</b>

Table 66. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the Oxford Pet ViT-B model.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	84.9 $\pm$ 0.1	95.6 $\pm$ 0.1	85.8 $\pm$ 0.1	95.4 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	85.0 $\pm$ 0.1	96.3 $\pm$ 0.2	86.0 $\pm$ 0.1	96.1 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	81.6 $\pm$ 0.1	92.0 $\pm$ 0.2	82.4 $\pm$ 0.1	91.7 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	86.9 $\pm$ 0.1	98.3 $\pm$ 0.1	87.7 $\pm$ 0.0	98.0 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	88.0 $\pm$ 0.0	99.7 $\pm$ 0.1	88.7 $\pm$ 0.0	99.4 $\pm$ 0.1
DecompX	87.1 $\pm$ 0.1	98.4 $\pm$ 0.1	88.1 $\pm$ 0.0	98.3 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	88.1 $\pm$ 0.0	100.0 $\pm$ 0.1	87.0 $\pm$ 0.1	97.5 $\pm$ 0.1
Input $\times$ Grad	88.2 $\pm$ 0.0	99.9 $\pm$ 0.1	88.7 $\pm$ 0.0	99.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>87.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (-0.9%)</b>	<b>99.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.8%)</b>	<b>88.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (-0.5%)</b>	<b>98.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.7%)</b>
AttCAT	89.0 $\pm$ 0.0	101.4 $\pm$ 0.1	89.3 $\pm$ 0.0	100.9 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>88.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>101.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>89.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>100.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.1%)</b>
GenAtt	87.8 $\pm$ 0.0	99.4 $\pm$ 0.1	88.7 $\pm$ 0.0	99.2 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>87.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (-0.3%)</b>	<b>98.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.6%)</b>	<b>88.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (-0.3%)</b>	<b>98.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.6%)</b>
TokenTM	87.4 $\pm$ 0.0	99.0 $\pm$ 0.1	88.4 $\pm$ 0.0	98.7 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>87.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>98.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.4%)</b>	<b>88.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (-0.3%)</b>	<b>98.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.5%)</b>
GradCAM+	83.7 $\pm$ 0.1	94.6 $\pm$ 0.2	84.2 $\pm$ 0.1	94.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>87.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+5.0%)</b>	<b>99.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.3%)</b>	<b>88.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+5.0%)</b>	<b>99.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.3%)</b>
HiResCAM	81.1 $\pm$ 0.1	91.4 $\pm$ 0.2	81.6 $\pm$ 0.1	90.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>85.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.5%)</b>	<b>96.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.7%)</b>	<b>86.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.7%)</b>	<b>96.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.9%)</b>
XGradCAM+	84.8 $\pm$ 0.1	96.0 $\pm$ 0.2	85.2 $\pm$ 0.1	95.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>88.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>100.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.2%)</b>	<b>88.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>99.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.2%)</b>
FullGrad+	88.9 $\pm$ 0.0	101.2 $\pm$ 0.1	89.3 $\pm$ 0.0	100.8 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>89.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>101.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.3%)</b>	<b>89.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.3%)</b>	<b>101.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.3%)</b>

Table 67. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the Oxford Pet ViT-B model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.7 $\pm$ 0.1	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	49.7 $\pm$ 0.1	49.8 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	61.3 $\pm$ 0.1	62.7 $\pm$ 0.2	61.6 $\pm$ 0.1	62.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	51.9 $\pm$ 0.1	52.1 $\pm$ 0.2	51.8 $\pm$ 0.1	52.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	53.3 $\pm$ 0.1	54.0 $\pm$ 0.2	53.3 $\pm$ 0.1	54.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	59.4 $\pm$ 0.1	60.9 $\pm$ 0.2	59.5 $\pm$ 0.1	60.9 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	55.1 $\pm$ 0.1	56.1 $\pm$ 0.2	55.3 $\pm$ 0.1	56.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	57.8 $\pm$ 0.1	58.8 $\pm$ 0.2	53.8 $\pm$ 0.1	54.5 $\pm$ 0.1
Input $\times$ Grad	54.6 $\pm$ 0.1	55.5 $\pm$ 0.2	54.5 $\pm$ 0.1	55.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>55.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>56.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.5%)</b>	<b>55.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.5%)</b>	<b>56.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.5%)</b>
AttCAT	63.3 $\pm$ 0.1	64.0 $\pm$ 0.2	63.3 $\pm$ 0.1	64.1 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>72.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>72.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+13.7%)</b>	<b>72.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.2%)</b>	<b>72.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+13.7%)</b>
GenAtt	66.1 $\pm$ 0.1	67.3 $\pm$ 0.2	66.4 $\pm$ 0.1	67.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>67.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>68.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>67.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>68.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.3%)</b>
TokenTM	65.9 $\pm$ 0.1	67.3 $\pm$ 0.2	66.2 $\pm$ 0.1	67.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>66.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.0%)</b>	<b>67.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>66.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.9%)</b>	<b>67.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.7%)</b>
GradCAM+	58.4 $\pm$ 0.1	58.4 $\pm$ 0.2	58.4 $\pm$ 0.1	58.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>68.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.6%)</b>	<b>68.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+17.8%)</b>	<b>68.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.6%)</b>	<b>68.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+17.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.2	49.8 $\pm$ 0.1	49.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>62.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+26.0%)</b>	<b>63.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+27.4%)</b>	<b>62.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+26.2%)</b>	<b>63.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+27.7%)</b>
XGradCAM+	59.1 $\pm$ 0.1	59.5 $\pm$ 0.2	59.2 $\pm$ 0.1	59.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>70.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.2%)</b>	<b>71.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+19.5%)</b>	<b>70.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.3%)</b>	<b>71.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+19.6%)</b>
FullGrad+	62.2 $\pm$ 0.1	62.9 $\pm$ 0.2	62.3 $\pm$ 0.1	62.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>73.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+17.8%)</b>	<b>73.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+17.4%)</b>	<b>73.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+17.9%)</b>	<b>73.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+17.5%)</b>

Table 68. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the Oxford Pet ViT-B model.

### D.5.8. ViT-L

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	36.9 ±0.1	14.1 ±0.2	29.5 ±0.1	15.8 ±0.2	42.0 ±0.4
RawAtt	45.4 ±0.1	22.9 ±0.3	39.1 ±0.1	25.3 ±0.2	40.2 ±0.4
Attention Rollout	39.0 ±0.1	16.5 ±0.3	31.4 ±0.1	18.3 ±0.3	39.9 ±0.3
AliLRP	39.8 ±0.1	17.2 ±0.3	33.2 ±0.1	19.2 ±0.2	42.7 ±0.4
AttnLRP	47.1 ±0.1	24.8 ±0.3	41.8 ±0.1	27.6 ±0.3	47.2 ±0.3
DecompX	44.4 ±0.1	22.6 ±0.3	38.9 ±0.1	25.3 ±0.3	54.2 ±0.3
Integrated Gradients	46.3 ±0.1	23.1 ±0.3	35.9 ±0.1	21.9 ±0.2	46.6 ±0.3
Input × Grad	40.1 ±0.1	17.5 ±0.3	33.9 ±0.1	19.6 ±0.2	43.6 ±0.4
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>45.9 ±0.1 (+14.4%)</b>	<b>23.4 ±0.3 (+33.5%)</b>	<b>40.5 ±0.1 (+19.6%)</b>	<b>26.1 ±0.3 (+33.1%)</b>	<b>53.6 ±0.3 (+22.9%)</b>
AttCAT	48.7 ±0.1	25.7 ±0.3	44.8 ±0.1	29.0 ±0.3	44.9 ±0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>64.7 ±0.1 (+33.0%)</b>	<b>40.5 ±0.3 (+57.3%)</b>	<b>61.3 ±0.1 (+36.9%)</b>	<b>44.5 ±0.3 (+53.6%)</b>	<b>53.3 ±0.3 (+18.8%)</b>
GenAtt	56.4 ±0.1	33.2 ±0.3	51.8 ±0.1	36.5 ±0.3	50.9 ±0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>59.7 ±0.1 (+5.9%)</b>	<b>36.2 ±0.3 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>55.4 ±0.1 (+6.8%)</b>	<b>39.6 ±0.3 (+8.7%)</b>	<b>58.6 ±0.3 (+15.1%)</b>
TokenTM	54.9 ±0.1	31.8 ±0.3	50.0 ±0.1	34.9 ±0.3	50.0 ±0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>57.3 ±0.1 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>34.2 ±0.3 (+7.4%)</b>	<b>52.5 ±0.1 (+5.0%)</b>	<b>37.4 ±0.3 (+7.1%)</b>	<b>53.9 ±0.3 (+7.9%)</b>
GradCAM+	53.4 ±0.1	30.0 ±0.3	48.6 ±0.1	33.0 ±0.2	52.1 ±0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>60.9 ±0.1 (+14.0%)</b>	<b>36.7 ±0.3 (+22.0%)</b>	<b>56.5 ±0.1 (+16.2%)</b>	<b>40.1 ±0.3 (+21.8%)</b>	<b>60.2 ±0.4 (+15.5%)</b>
HiResCAM	32.7 ±0.1	10.6 ±0.2	25.7 ±0.1	12.2 ±0.2	38.5 ±0.4
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>54.0 ±0.1 (+65.2%)</b>	<b>30.2 ±0.3 (+186.3%)</b>	<b>49.0 ±0.1 (+90.7%)</b>	<b>33.2 ±0.3 (+171.8%)</b>	<b>48.0 ±0.3 (+24.8%)</b>
XGradCAM+	50.9 ±0.1	27.7 ±0.3	45.9 ±0.1	30.5 ±0.3	46.9 ±0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>63.0 ±0.1 (+23.6%)</b>	<b>38.6 ±0.3 (+39.2%)</b>	<b>58.8 ±0.1 (+28.1%)</b>	<b>42.2 ±0.3 (+38.3%)</b>	<b>60.3 ±0.4 (+28.6%)</b>
FullGrad+	49.1 ±0.1	25.8 ±0.3	45.1 ±0.1	28.9 ±0.3	44.2 ±0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>65.5 ±0.1 (+33.5%)</b>	<b>41.2 ±0.3 (+59.5%)</b>	<b>62.4 ±0.1 (+38.5%)</b>	<b>45.3 ±0.3 (+56.5%)</b>	<b>64.5 ±0.3 (+46.0%)</b>

Table 69. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-L model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	62.9 $\pm$ 0.1	85.4 $\pm$ 0.2	70.2 $\pm$ 0.1	83.7 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	60.3 $\pm$ 0.1	83.3 $\pm$ 0.2	67.6 $\pm$ 0.1	81.5 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	61.9 $\pm$ 0.1	84.1 $\pm$ 0.2	68.3 $\pm$ 0.1	81.9 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	65.4 $\pm$ 0.1	87.7 $\pm$ 0.2	72.5 $\pm$ 0.1	85.9 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	70.3 $\pm$ 0.1	92.9 $\pm$ 0.2	77.6 $\pm$ 0.1	91.3 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	68.8 $\pm$ 0.1	91.0 $\pm$ 0.2	75.8 $\pm$ 0.1	89.3 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	71.1 $\pm$ 0.1	93.3 $\pm$ 0.2	73.5 $\pm$ 0.1	88.4 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	65.8 $\pm$ 0.1	88.4 $\pm$ 0.2	72.8 $\pm$ 0.1	86.7 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>70.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>92.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.0%)</b>	<b>76.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>90.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.0%)</b>
AttCAT	71.8 $\pm$ 0.1	94.3 $\pm$ 0.2	77.5 $\pm$ 0.1	92.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>76.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.2%)</b>	<b>98.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>82.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.1%)</b>	<b>97.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+4.8%)</b>
GenAtt	70.0 $\pm$ 0.1	92.8 $\pm$ 0.2	78.2 $\pm$ 0.1	91.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>70.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>93.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>78.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>92.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.5%)</b>
TokenTM	68.9 $\pm$ 0.1	91.6 $\pm$ 0.2	77.3 $\pm$ 0.1	90.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>69.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>92.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>77.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.7%)</b>	<b>90.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.6%)</b>
GradCAM+	70.5 $\pm$ 0.1	92.9 $\pm$ 0.2	76.8 $\pm$ 0.1	91.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>72.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>94.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>79.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>92.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	53.6 $\pm$ 0.1	76.7 $\pm$ 0.2	59.3 $\pm$ 0.1	74.2 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>67.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+25.7%)</b>	<b>90.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+17.3%)</b>	<b>73.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+24.4%)</b>	<b>88.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+18.6%)</b>
XGradCAM+	69.5 $\pm$ 0.1	92.1 $\pm$ 0.2	75.7 $\pm$ 0.1	90.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>73.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.7%)</b>	<b>95.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.5%)</b>	<b>80.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+5.6%)</b>	<b>93.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.9%)</b>
FullGrad+	71.5 $\pm$ 0.1	93.8 $\pm$ 0.2	76.8 $\pm$ 0.1	91.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>76.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.5%)</b>	<b>98.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>82.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.6%)</b>	<b>97.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.0%)</b>

Table 70. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-L model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	49.7 $\pm$ 0.2	49.8 $\pm$ 0.1	49.8 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	52.9 $\pm$ 0.1	53.1 $\pm$ 0.2	53.3 $\pm$ 0.1	53.4 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	50.4 $\pm$ 0.1	50.3 $\pm$ 0.3	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	50.1 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	52.6 $\pm$ 0.1	52.4 $\pm$ 0.2	52.8 $\pm$ 0.1	52.5 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	58.7 $\pm$ 0.1	58.8 $\pm$ 0.3	59.7 $\pm$ 0.1	59.5 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	56.6 $\pm$ 0.1	56.8 $\pm$ 0.3	57.4 $\pm$ 0.1	57.3 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	58.7 $\pm$ 0.1	58.2 $\pm$ 0.3	54.7 $\pm$ 0.1	55.1 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	53.0 $\pm$ 0.1	53.0 $\pm$ 0.2	53.3 $\pm$ 0.1	53.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>58.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.5%)</b>	<b>57.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>58.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.9%)</b>	<b>58.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.4%)</b>
AttCAT	60.2 $\pm$ 0.1	60.0 $\pm$ 0.2	61.2 $\pm$ 0.1	60.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>70.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+17.0%)</b>	<b>69.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+15.8%)</b>	<b>71.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+17.4%)</b>	<b>70.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+16.4%)</b>
GenAtt	63.2 $\pm$ 0.1	63.0 $\pm$ 0.2	65.0 $\pm$ 0.1	64.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>65.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>64.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.7%)</b>	<b>67.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.2%)</b>	<b>65.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.8%)</b>
TokenTM	61.9 $\pm$ 0.1	61.7 $\pm$ 0.3	63.6 $\pm$ 0.1	62.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>63.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>63.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.3%)</b>	<b>65.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>64.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.4%)</b>
GradCAM+	62.0 $\pm$ 0.1	61.5 $\pm$ 0.3	62.7 $\pm$ 0.1	62.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>66.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.7%)</b>	<b>65.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>67.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.1%)</b>	<b>66.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.2%)</b>
HiResCAM	43.2 $\pm$ 0.1	43.6 $\pm$ 0.2	42.5 $\pm$ 0.1	43.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>60.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+40.7%)</b>	<b>60.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+37.7%)</b>	<b>61.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+44.4%)</b>	<b>60.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+40.3%)</b>
XGradCAM+	60.2 $\pm$ 0.1	59.9 $\pm$ 0.3	60.8 $\pm$ 0.1	60.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>68.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+13.3%)</b>	<b>66.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+11.8%)</b>	<b>69.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>68.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+12.6%)</b>
FullGrad+	60.3 $\pm$ 0.1	59.8 $\pm$ 0.2	60.9 $\pm$ 0.1	60.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>71.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+18.1%)</b>	<b>70.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+17.1%)</b>	<b>72.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.0%)</b>	<b>71.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+18.1%)</b>

Table 71. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the ViT-L model.

### D.5.9. EVA2-S

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	29.9 $\pm$ 0.1	6.6 $\pm$ 0.2	21.2 $\pm$ 0.1	8.2 $\pm$ 0.2	37.7 $\pm$ 0.3
RawAtt	55.4 $\pm$ 0.1	30.3 $\pm$ 0.3	50.8 $\pm$ 0.1	33.9 $\pm$ 0.3	59.0 $\pm$ 0.3
Attention Rollout	47.0 $\pm$ 0.1	22.0 $\pm$ 0.4	41.1 $\pm$ 0.1	24.9 $\pm$ 0.3	45.3 $\pm$ 0.3
AliLRP	52.8 $\pm$ 0.1	27.7 $\pm$ 0.4	48.0 $\pm$ 0.1	31.3 $\pm$ 0.3	58.7 $\pm$ 0.3
AttnLRP	66.6 $\pm$ 0.1	39.6 $\pm$ 0.3	63.5 $\pm$ 0.1	44.2 $\pm$ 0.2	73.1 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	51.6 $\pm$ 0.1	27.0 $\pm$ 0.4	46.8 $\pm$ 0.1	30.7 $\pm$ 0.3	60.0 $\pm$ 0.3
Integrated Gradients	46.2 $\pm$ 0.1	21.0 $\pm$ 0.3	34.8 $\pm$ 0.1	19.3 $\pm$ 0.2	51.2 $\pm$ 0.3
Input $\times$ Grad	37.9 $\pm$ 0.1	14.1 $\pm$ 0.2	32.3 $\pm$ 0.1	17.0 $\pm$ 0.2	42.5 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>67.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+76.8%)</b>	<b>39.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+180.9%)</b>	<b>64.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+98.5%)</b>	<b>44.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+161.4%)</b>	<b>72.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+69.5%)</b>
AttCAT	56.9 $\pm$ 0.1	30.9 $\pm$ 0.2	54.1 $\pm$ 0.1	35.3 $\pm$ 0.3	58.9 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>72.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+26.8%)</b>	<b>43.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+41.8%)</b>	<b>69.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+28.4%)</b>	<b>48.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+38.1%)</b>	<b>75.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+27.6%)</b>
GenAtt	46.3 $\pm$ 0.1	21.2 $\pm$ 0.2	40.7 $\pm$ 0.1	24.3 $\pm$ 0.2	42.3 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>47.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.1%)</b>	<b>22.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+6.5%)</b>	<b>42.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.6%)</b>	<b>25.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>44.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+4.7%)</b>
TokenTM	50.4 $\pm$ 0.1	25.1 $\pm$ 0.3	44.7 $\pm$ 0.1	28.3 $\pm$ 0.3	45.5 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>51.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.4%)</b>	<b>25.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.9%)</b>	<b>46.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.8%)</b>	<b>28.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>46.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+2.7%)</b>
GradCAM+	50.6 $\pm$ 0.1	25.1 $\pm$ 0.3	47.1 $\pm$ 0.1	29.0 $\pm$ 0.3	49.3 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>69.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+38.0%)</b>	<b>41.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+65.2%)</b>	<b>67.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+42.1%)</b>	<b>46.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+58.9%)</b>	<b>79.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+62.1%)</b>
HiResCAM	63.1 $\pm$ 0.1	36.1 $\pm$ 0.2	59.1 $\pm$ 0.1	40.1 $\pm$ 0.2	73.2 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>65.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.4%)</b>	<b>38.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+6.8%)</b>	<b>62.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.0%)</b>	<b>42.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.1%)</b>	<b>76.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+4.5%)</b>
XGradCAM+	53.7 $\pm$ 0.1	27.9 $\pm$ 0.2	50.2 $\pm$ 0.1	31.9 $\pm$ 0.2	55.2 $\pm$ 0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>71.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+34.1%)</b>	<b>43.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+54.9%)</b>	<b>69.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+38.0%)</b>	<b>48.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+50.8%)</b>	<b>82.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+49.9%)</b>
FullGrad+	50.9 $\pm$ 0.1	25.7 $\pm$ 0.2	48.0 $\pm$ 0.1	30.0 $\pm$ 0.2	51.5 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>74.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+45.5%)</b>	<b>45.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+77.0%)</b>	<b>71.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+49.4%)</b>	<b>50.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+68.5%)</b>	<b>79.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+54.2%)</b>

Table 72. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the EVA2-S model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	70.0 $\pm$ 0.1	93.5 $\pm$ 0.2	79.0 $\pm$ 0.1	92.3 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	73.3 $\pm$ 0.1	96.9 $\pm$ 0.1	82.7 $\pm$ 0.1	95.7 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	70.1 $\pm$ 0.1	93.6 $\pm$ 0.2	78.8 $\pm$ 0.1	91.9 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	79.7 $\pm$ 0.1	102.6 $\pm$ 0.2	87.2 $\pm$ 0.1	100.9 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	78.8 $\pm$ 0.1	103.0 $\pm$ 0.1	87.5 $\pm$ 0.0	101.9 $\pm$ 0.1
DecompX	76.3 $\pm$ 0.1	100.4 $\pm$ 0.1	85.8 $\pm$ 0.1	99.5 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	82.0 $\pm$ 0.1	105.3 $\pm$ 0.2	83.5 $\pm$ 0.1	99.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	76.5 $\pm$ 0.1	100.0 $\pm$ 0.2	84.0 $\pm$ 0.1	98.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<u>82.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.2%)</u>	<u>104.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.7%)</u>	<u>88.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+5.1%)</u>	<u>102.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.7%)</u>
AttCAT	<b>82.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1</b>	<b>107.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2</b>	87.8 $\pm$ 0.0	<b>105.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1</b>
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<u>82.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.6%)</u>	<u>105.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-2.0%)</u>	<u>88.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.5%)</u>	<u>102.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-2.4%)</u>
GenAtt	71.9 $\pm$ 0.1	95.3 $\pm$ 0.2	80.7 $\pm$ 0.1	94.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<u>72.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.1%)</u>	<u>95.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.6%)</u>	<u>81.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.1%)</u>	<u>94.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.6%)</u>
TokenTM	73.3 $\pm$ 0.1	96.6 $\pm$ 0.2	82.1 $\pm$ 0.1	95.2 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<u>72.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.6%)</u>	<u>96.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.3%)</u>	<u>81.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.2%)</u>	<u>94.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.4%)</u>
GradCAM+	77.3 $\pm$ 0.1	100.8 $\pm$ 0.3	82.8 $\pm$ 0.1	98.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<u>80.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.6%)</u>	<u>102.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.8%)</u>	<u>86.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.4%)</u>	<u>100.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.8%)</u>
HiResCAM	79.3 $\pm$ 0.1	103.1 $\pm$ 0.2	86.1 $\pm$ 0.1	101.0 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<u>79.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</u>	<u>102.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.7%)</u>	<u>86.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.3%)</u>	<u>100.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.6%)</u>
XGradCAM+	78.3 $\pm$ 0.1	101.9 $\pm$ 0.3	83.8 $\pm$ 0.1	99.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<u>80.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.3%)</u>	<u>102.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.7%)</u>	<u>86.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.4%)</u>	<u>100.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.6%)</u>
FullGrad+	82.1 $\pm$ 0.1	106.6 $\pm$ 0.3	86.8 $\pm$ 0.1	104.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<u>82.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.7%)</u>	<u>105.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-1.2%)</u>	<u>88.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+1.9%)</u>	<u>103.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.4%)</u>

Table 73. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the EVA2-S model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	50.0 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.2	50.1 $\pm$ 0.1	50.2 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	64.3 $\pm$ 0.1	63.6 $\pm$ 0.2	66.8 $\pm$ 0.1	64.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	58.5 $\pm$ 0.1	57.8 $\pm$ 0.3	59.9 $\pm$ 0.1	58.4 $\pm$ 0.3
AliLRP	66.2 $\pm$ 0.1	65.1 $\pm$ 0.3	67.6 $\pm$ 0.1	66.1 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	72.7 $\pm$ 0.1	71.3 $\pm$ 0.2	75.5 $\pm$ 0.1	73.1 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	64.0 $\pm$ 0.1	63.7 $\pm$ 0.3	66.3 $\pm$ 0.1	65.1 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	64.1 $\pm$ 0.1	63.1 $\pm$ 0.2	59.2 $\pm$ 0.1	59.6 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	57.2 $\pm$ 0.1	57.1 $\pm$ 0.2	58.2 $\pm$ 0.1	57.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<u>74.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+30.3%)</u>	<u>72.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+26.5%)</u>	<u>76.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+31.0%)</u>	<u>73.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+26.8%)</u>
AttCAT	69.8 $\pm$ 0.1	69.0 $\pm$ 0.2	71.0 $\pm$ 0.1	70.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<u>77.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.6%)</u>	<u>74.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.8%)</u>	<u>78.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.2%)</u>	<u>75.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.8%)</u>
GenAtt	59.1 $\pm$ 0.1	58.2 $\pm$ 0.2	60.7 $\pm$ 0.1	59.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<u>60.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.9%)</u>	<u>59.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.7%)</u>	<u>61.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.9%)</u>	<u>60.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.6%)</u>
TokenTM	61.8 $\pm$ 0.1	60.9 $\pm$ 0.2	63.4 $\pm$ 0.1	61.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<u>62.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.6%)</u>	<u>61.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+0.1%)</u>	<u>63.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.8%)</u>	<u>61.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.1%)</u>
GradCAM+	64.0 $\pm$ 0.1	62.9 $\pm$ 0.3	65.0 $\pm$ 0.1	63.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<u>75.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+17.2%)</u>	<u>72.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.4%)</u>	<u>76.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+18.1%)</u>	<u>73.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.7%)</u>
HiResCAM	71.2 $\pm$ 0.1	69.6 $\pm$ 0.2	72.6 $\pm$ 0.1	70.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<u>72.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.0%)</u>	<u>70.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.3%)</u>	<u>74.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.6%)</u>	<u>71.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.6%)</u>
XGradCAM+	66.0 $\pm$ 0.1	64.9 $\pm$ 0.3	67.0 $\pm$ 0.1	65.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<u>76.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+15.2%)</u>	<u>72.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.3%)</u>	<u>78.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.4%)</u>	<u>74.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.8%)</u>
FullGrad+	66.5 $\pm$ 0.1	66.2 $\pm$ 0.3	67.4 $\pm$ 0.1	67.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<u>78.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+17.8%)</u>	<u>75.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+14.0%)</u>	<u>80.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+18.8%)</u>	<u>76.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.2%)</u>

Table 74. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the EVA2-S model.

### D.5.10. FlexiViT-L

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	28.8 ±0.1	5.2 ±0.2	19.2 ±0.1	6.4 ±0.2	39.8 ±0.4
RawAtt	47.3 ±0.1	23.6 ±0.3	41.7 ±0.1	26.5 ±0.3	49.8 ±0.3
Attention Rollout	31.7 ±0.1	8.2 ±0.2	23.2 ±0.1	9.7 ±0.2	42.2 ±0.3
AliLRP	32.5 ±0.1	8.8 ±0.2	24.9 ±0.1	10.5 ±0.2	49.6 ±0.3
AttnLRP	30.3 ±0.1	6.6 ±0.2	21.8 ±0.1	8.3 ±0.2	43.4 ±0.4
DecompX	42.0 ±0.1	18.1 ±0.2	35.5 ±0.1	20.7 ±0.2	59.2 ±0.3
Integrated Gradients	31.4 ±0.1	8.3 ±0.2	22.3 ±0.1	9.4 ±0.2	41.3 ±0.4
Input × Grad	28.5 ±0.1	5.1 ±0.2	19.9 ±0.1	6.5 ±0.2	41.4 ±0.4
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>42.6 ±0.1 (+49.6%)</b>	<b>18.6 ±0.2 (+263.5%)</b>	<b>36.4 ±0.1 (+82.8%)</b>	<b>21.3 ±0.2 (+227.8%)</b>	<b>60.4 ±0.3 (+45.9%)</b>
AttCAT	45.3 ±0.1	18.9 ±0.3	41.9 ±0.1	22.6 ±0.3	45.1 ±0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>61.8 ±0.1 (+36.5%)</b>	<b>35.5 ±0.3 (+87.9%)</b>	<b>58.4 ±0.1 (+39.3%)</b>	<b>39.6 ±0.3 (+75.3%)</b>	<b>74.4 ±0.3 (+65.1%)</b>
GenAtt	57.2 ±0.1	31.4 ±0.3	53.0 ±0.1	35.1 ±0.3	75.1 ±0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>58.3 ±0.1 (+1.9%)</b>	<b>32.9 ±0.3 (+4.8%)</b>	<b>54.1 ±0.1 (+2.0%)</b>	<b>36.7 ±0.3 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>79.4 ±0.2 (+5.7%)</b>
TokenTM	54.3 ±0.1	29.3 ±0.3	49.3 ±0.1	32.7 ±0.3	72.2 ±0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>55.7 ±0.1 (+2.5%)</b>	<b>30.9 ±0.3 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>51.0 ±0.1 (+3.4%)</b>	<b>34.4 ±0.3 (+5.4%)</b>	<b>76.2 ±0.2 (+5.5%)</b>
GradCAM+	35.8 ±0.1	10.9 ±0.2	28.7 ±0.1	13.1 ±0.2	40.5 ±0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>40.2 ±0.1 (+12.6%)</b>	<b>15.7 ±0.2 (+44.3%)</b>	<b>33.7 ±0.1 (+17.3%)</b>	<b>18.4 ±0.3 (+40.6%)</b>	<b>50.2 ±0.4 (+23.7%)</b>
HiResCAM	31.2 ±0.1	7.2 ±0.2	23.8 ±0.1	9.0 ±0.2	43.7 ±0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>60.1 ±0.1 (+92.8%)</b>	<b>34.2 ±0.3 (+372.2%)</b>	<b>56.5 ±0.1 (+137.7%)</b>	<b>38.1 ±0.3 (+322.1%)</b>	<b>81.6 ±0.3 (+86.6%)</b>
XGradCAM+	33.4 ±0.1	7.8 ±0.2	26.6 ±0.1	9.9 ±0.2	38.5 ±0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>49.7 ±0.1 (+48.9%)</b>	<b>24.1 ±0.3 (+207.6%)</b>	<b>44.3 ±0.1 (+66.5%)</b>	<b>27.2 ±0.3 (+174.3%)</b>	<b>63.3 ±0.4 (+64.4%)</b>
FullGrad+	43.0 ±0.1	17.5 ±0.3	38.9 ±0.1	20.8 ±0.3	44.1 ±0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>62.4 ±0.1 (+45.2%)</b>	<b>35.8 ±0.3 (+104.2%)</b>	<b>59.1 ±0.1 (+51.9%)</b>	<b>39.8 ±0.3 (+91.6%)</b>	<b>75.1 ±0.3 (+70.3%)</b>

Table 75. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the FlexiViT-L model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	70.7 $\pm$ 0.1	94.7 $\pm$ 0.2	80.7 $\pm$ 0.1	93.7 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	72.8 $\pm$ 0.1	96.6 $\pm$ 0.1	82.6 $\pm$ 0.1	95.4 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	65.0 $\pm$ 0.1	88.2 $\pm$ 0.2	72.7 $\pm$ 0.1	86.2 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	75.8 $\pm$ 0.1	98.9 $\pm$ 0.1	84.7 $\pm$ 0.1	97.8 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	68.9 $\pm$ 0.1	92.2 $\pm$ 0.2	77.9 $\pm$ 0.1	90.9 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	76.7 $\pm$ 0.1	100.6 $\pm$ 0.1	86.2 $\pm$ 0.1	99.6 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	70.2 $\pm$ 0.1	93.8 $\pm$ 0.2	77.7 $\pm$ 0.1	91.9 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	69.6 $\pm$ 0.1	92.8 $\pm$ 0.2	78.3 $\pm$ 0.1	91.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>78.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.4%)</b>	<b>101.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.5%)</b>	<b>86.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.9%)</b>	<b>100.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.9%)</b>
AttCAT	<b>83.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1</b>	<b>106.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2</b>	88.3 $\pm$ 0.0	<b>104.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2</b>
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>81.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-2.0%)</b>	<b>104.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.5%)</b>	<b>88.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>103.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.4%)</b>
GenAtt	77.3 $\pm$ 0.1	100.8 $\pm$ 0.1	87.0 $\pm$ 0.1	99.7 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>77.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.4%)</b>	<b>100.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.3%)</b>	<b>86.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.4%)</b>	<b>99.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.3%)</b>
TokenTM	76.0 $\pm$ 0.1	99.6 $\pm$ 0.1	86.0 $\pm$ 0.1	98.5 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>75.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.4%)</b>	<b>99.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.0%)</b>	<b>85.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.2%)</b>	<b>98.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</b>
GradCAM+	64.7 $\pm$ 0.1	87.5 $\pm$ 0.2	72.3 $\pm$ 0.1	85.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>72.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.8%)</b>	<b>95.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.1%)</b>	<b>80.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.5%)</b>	<b>93.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.5%)</b>
HiResCAM	70.0 $\pm$ 0.1	92.6 $\pm$ 0.2	78.7 $\pm$ 0.1	91.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>80.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+15.3%)</b>	<b>103.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.6%)</b>	<b>87.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+11.0%)</b>	<b>101.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.3%)</b>
XGradCAM+	65.0 $\pm$ 0.1	86.6 $\pm$ 0.3	72.3 $\pm$ 0.1	84.7 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>77.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.3%)</b>	<b>100.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+15.9%)</b>	<b>85.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+18.1%)</b>	<b>99.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.8%)</b>
FullGrad+	81.4 $\pm$ 0.1	104.3 $\pm$ 0.2	87.8 $\pm$ 0.0	<b>103.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2</b>
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>81.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</b>	<b>104.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>88.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+0.6%)</b>	<b>103.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.2%)</b>

Table 76. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the FlexiViT-L model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.8 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.2	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	60.1 $\pm$ 0.1	60.1 $\pm$ 0.2	62.1 $\pm$ 0.1	60.9 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	48.3 $\pm$ 0.1	48.2 $\pm$ 0.2	48.0 $\pm$ 0.1	48.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	54.1 $\pm$ 0.1	53.9 $\pm$ 0.1	54.8 $\pm$ 0.1	54.2 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	49.6 $\pm$ 0.1	49.4 $\pm$ 0.2	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	49.6 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	59.3 $\pm$ 0.1	59.3 $\pm$ 0.2	60.9 $\pm$ 0.1	60.1 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	50.8 $\pm$ 0.1	51.1 $\pm$ 0.2	50.0 $\pm$ 0.1	50.7 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	49.0 $\pm$ 0.1	49.0 $\pm$ 0.2	49.1 $\pm$ 0.1	48.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>60.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+23.2%)</b>	<b>60.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+22.8%)</b>	<b>61.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+25.5%)</b>	<b>60.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+24.3%)</b>
AttCAT	64.2 $\pm$ 0.1	62.5 $\pm$ 0.3	65.1 $\pm$ 0.1	63.5 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>71.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.6%)</b>	<b>70.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.0%)</b>	<b>73.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.8%)</b>	<b>71.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.2%)</b>
GenAtt	67.3 $\pm$ 0.1	66.1 $\pm$ 0.2	70.0 $\pm$ 0.1	67.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>67.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>66.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.9%)</b>	<b>70.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>68.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.0%)</b>
TokenTM	65.2 $\pm$ 0.1	64.4 $\pm$ 0.2	67.6 $\pm$ 0.1	65.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>65.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.8%)</b>	<b>65.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>68.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.1%)</b>	<b>66.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.4%)</b>
GradCAM+	50.2 $\pm$ 0.1	49.2 $\pm$ 0.2	50.5 $\pm$ 0.1	49.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>56.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.7%)</b>	<b>55.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+13.0%)</b>	<b>57.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+13.2%)</b>	<b>56.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+13.6%)</b>
HiResCAM	50.6 $\pm$ 0.1	49.9 $\pm$ 0.2	51.2 $\pm$ 0.1	50.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>70.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+39.2%)</b>	<b>68.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+37.8%)</b>	<b>71.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+40.4%)</b>	<b>69.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+39.3%)</b>
XGradCAM+	49.2 $\pm$ 0.1	47.2 $\pm$ 0.3	49.4 $\pm$ 0.1	47.3 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>63.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+29.3%)</b>	<b>62.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+31.8%)</b>	<b>64.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+31.1%)</b>	<b>63.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+33.3%)</b>
FullGrad+	62.2 $\pm$ 0.1	60.9 $\pm$ 0.3	63.3 $\pm$ 0.1	62.0 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>71.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+15.7%)</b>	<b>70.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.1%)</b>	<b>73.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.3%)</b>	<b>71.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.2%)</b>

Table 77. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the FlexiViT-L model.

### D.5.11. BEiT2-L

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	25.1 ±0.1	5.6 ±0.2	18.3 ±0.1	6.8 ±0.1	39.8 ±0.4
RawAtt	34.2 ±0.1	15.3 ±0.2	29.5 ±0.1	17.5 ±0.2	47.6 ±0.3
Attention Rollout	26.0 ±0.1	7.2 ±0.1	19.7 ±0.1	8.6 ±0.1	42.2 ±0.3
AliLRP	31.9 ±0.1	12.4 ±0.2	26.2 ±0.1	13.9 ±0.2	43.9 ±0.3
AttnLRP	42.1 ±0.1	22.6 ±0.3	37.7 ±0.1	25.0 ±0.2	66.0 ±0.3
DecompX	36.5 ±0.1	17.3 ±0.3	31.7 ±0.1	19.4 ±0.2	55.6 ±0.3
Integrated Gradients	31.7 ±0.1	12.5 ±0.2	23.2 ±0.1	11.9 ±0.1	46.7 ±0.3
Input × Grad	28.2 ±0.1	9.0 ±0.1	21.8 ±0.1	10.3 ±0.1	39.6 ±0.4
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>37.7 ±0.1 (+33.6%)</b>	<b>18.0 ±0.2 (+100.2%)</b>	<b>33.0 ±0.1 (+51.4%)</b>	<b>20.2 ±0.2 (+96.6%)</b>	<b>54.8 ±0.3 (+38.4%)</b>
AttCAT	38.4 ±0.1	18.9 ±0.2	33.9 ±0.1	21.0 ±0.2	52.2 ±0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>52.5 ±0.1 (+36.6%)</b>	<b>31.6 ±0.3 (+66.8%)</b>	<b>48.9 ±0.1 (+44.4%)</b>	<b>34.6 ±0.2 (+64.9%)</b>	<b>65.5 ±0.3 (+25.4%)</b>
GenAtt	35.6 ±0.1	17.0 ±0.3	30.8 ±0.1	19.2 ±0.2	47.9 ±0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>37.6 ±0.1 (+5.6%)</b>	<b>18.4 ±0.3 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>32.9 ±0.1 (+6.8%)</b>	<b>20.7 ±0.3 (+7.9%)</b>	<b>48.8 ±0.3 (+1.8%)</b>
TokenTM	43.9 ±0.1	24.3 ±0.3	39.6 ±0.1	26.8 ±0.3	56.0 ±0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>42.6 ±0.1 (-2.8%)</b>	<b>23.1 ±0.3 (-4.8%)</b>	<b>38.3 ±0.1 (-3.4%)</b>	<b>25.5 ±0.3 (-5.0%)</b>	<b>54.2 ±0.3 (-3.3%)</b>
GradCAM+	38.4 ±0.1	18.2 ±0.2	33.4 ±0.1	20.1 ±0.2	53.5 ±0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>42.3 ±0.1 (+10.2%)</b>	<b>22.0 ±0.2 (+21.0%)</b>	<b>37.5 ±0.1 (+12.4%)</b>	<b>24.3 ±0.2 (+20.5%)</b>	<b>69.4 ±0.4 (+29.9%)</b>
HiResCAM	40.3 ±0.1	20.1 ±0.2	35.8 ±0.1	22.3 ±0.2	60.8 ±0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>41.5 ±0.1 (+2.8%)</b>	<b>21.2 ±0.2 (+5.7%)</b>	<b>37.2 ±0.1 (+4.1%)</b>	<b>23.6 ±0.2 (+5.9%)</b>	<b>69.0 ±0.3 (+13.4%)</b>
XGradCAM+	35.6 ±0.1	16.0 ±0.2	30.6 ±0.1	17.9 ±0.2	49.0 ±0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>49.5 ±0.1 (+39.0%)</b>	<b>28.6 ±0.3 (+78.5%)</b>	<b>45.6 ±0.1 (+49.2%)</b>	<b>31.4 ±0.3 (+75.3%)</b>	<b>71.4 ±0.3 (+45.7%)</b>
FullGrad+	34.4 ±0.1	14.9 ±0.2	29.0 ±0.1	16.6 ±0.2	47.4 ±0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>53.4 ±0.1 (+55.5%)</b>	<b>32.4 ±0.3 (+118.0%)</b>	<b>50.0 ±0.1 (+72.3%)</b>	<b>35.5 ±0.3 (+113.7%)</b>	<b>67.9 ±0.3 (+43.2%)</b>

Table 78. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the BEiT2-L model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	74.6 $\pm$ 0.1	94.1 $\pm$ 0.1	81.7 $\pm$ 0.1	93.2 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	76.6 $\pm$ 0.1	95.8 $\pm$ 0.1	83.7 $\pm$ 0.1	94.9 $\pm$ 0.1
Attention Rollout	69.9 $\pm$ 0.1	89.1 $\pm$ 0.2	75.6 $\pm$ 0.1	87.4 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	78.0 $\pm$ 0.1	96.7 $\pm$ 0.1	84.5 $\pm$ 0.1	95.5 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	78.4 $\pm$ 0.1	97.8 $\pm$ 0.1	85.7 $\pm$ 0.1	96.8 $\pm$ 0.1
DecompX	77.6 $\pm$ 0.1	97.2 $\pm$ 0.1	84.9 $\pm$ 0.1	96.3 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	79.4 $\pm$ 0.1	98.8 $\pm$ 0.1	84.2 $\pm$ 0.1	96.5 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	75.5 $\pm$ 0.1	94.5 $\pm$ 0.1	82.0 $\pm$ 0.1	93.5 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<u>79.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.9%)</u>	<u>98.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.9%)</u>	<u>85.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+4.5%)</u>	<u>96.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+3.6%)</u>
AttCAT	<b>81.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1</b>	<b>101.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1</b>	<b>87.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.0</b>	<b>100.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1</b>
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<u>80.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.2%)</u>	<u>99.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.8%)</u>	<u>87.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.6%)</u>	<u>97.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-2.0%)</u>
GenAtt	75.6 $\pm$ 0.1	95.2 $\pm$ 0.1	83.2 $\pm$ 0.1	94.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<u>75.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.2%)</u>	<u>95.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.0%)</u>	<u>83.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.0%)</u>	<u>94.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-0.1%)</u>
TokenTM	76.8 $\pm$ 0.1	96.2 $\pm$ 0.1	84.6 $\pm$ 0.1	95.5 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<u>76.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.8%)</u>	<u>95.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.8%)</u>	<u>83.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.0%)</u>	<u>94.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.9%)</u>
GradCAM+	79.2 $\pm$ 0.1	98.5 $\pm$ 0.2	85.1 $\pm$ 0.1	97.1 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<u>78.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.1%)</u>	<u>97.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.3%)</u>	<u>84.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-0.9%)</u>	<u>95.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.5%)</u>
HiResCAM	79.4 $\pm$ 0.1	98.3 $\pm$ 0.1	85.5 $\pm$ 0.1	97.0 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<u>80.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.8%)</u>	<u>98.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.2%)</u>	<u>86.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.6%)</u>	<u>97.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</u>
XGradCAM+	78.9 $\pm$ 0.1	97.9 $\pm$ 0.2	84.3 $\pm$ 0.1	96.4 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<u>79.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.7%)</u>	<u>98.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.1%)</u>	<u>85.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.6%)</u>	<u>96.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.2%)</u>
FullGrad+	79.9 $\pm$ 0.1	98.9 $\pm$ 0.1	86.0 $\pm$ 0.1	98.0 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<u>80.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.2%)</u>	<u>99.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.3%)</u>	<u>86.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.0%)</u>	<u>98.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.0%)</u>

Table 79. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the BEiT2-L model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.8 $\pm$ 0.1	49.8 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	55.4 $\pm$ 0.1	55.6 $\pm$ 0.2	56.6 $\pm$ 0.1	56.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	47.9 $\pm$ 0.1	48.1 $\pm$ 0.2	47.7 $\pm$ 0.1	48.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	55.0 $\pm$ 0.1	54.6 $\pm$ 0.2	55.3 $\pm$ 0.1	54.7 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	60.3 $\pm$ 0.1	60.2 $\pm$ 0.2	61.7 $\pm$ 0.1	60.9 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	57.0 $\pm$ 0.1	57.3 $\pm$ 0.2	58.3 $\pm$ 0.1	57.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	55.6 $\pm$ 0.1	55.7 $\pm$ 0.2	53.7 $\pm$ 0.1	54.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	51.9 $\pm$ 0.1	51.7 $\pm$ 0.1	51.9 $\pm$ 0.1	51.9 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<u>58.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.7%)</u>	<u>58.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.3%)</u>	<u>59.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.4%)</u>	<u>58.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.8%)</u>
AttCAT	60.1 $\pm$ 0.1	60.0 $\pm$ 0.2	60.7 $\pm$ 0.1	60.5 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<u>66.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.9%)</u>	<u>65.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.0%)</u>	<u>67.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.0%)</u>	<u>66.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+9.6%)</u>
GenAtt	55.6 $\pm$ 0.1	56.1 $\pm$ 0.2	57.0 $\pm$ 0.1	56.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<u>56.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.7%)</u>	<u>56.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.3%)</u>	<u>58.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.9%)</u>	<u>57.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.3%)</u>
TokenTM	60.3 $\pm$ 0.1	60.3 $\pm$ 0.2	62.1 $\pm$ 0.1	61.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<u>59.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.6%)</u>	<u>59.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (-1.6%)</u>	<u>61.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (-1.7%)</u>	<u>60.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (-1.8%)</u>
GradCAM+	58.8 $\pm$ 0.1	58.3 $\pm$ 0.2	59.2 $\pm$ 0.1	58.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<u>60.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.6%)</u>	<u>59.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.1%)</u>	<u>60.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+2.8%)</u>	<u>59.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+2.3%)</u>
HiResCAM	59.9 $\pm$ 0.1	59.2 $\pm$ 0.2	60.6 $\pm$ 0.1	59.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<u>60.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.5%)</u>	<u>59.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.1%)</u>	<u>61.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.6%)</u>	<u>60.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.2%)</u>
XGradCAM+	57.3 $\pm$ 0.1	56.9 $\pm$ 0.2	57.4 $\pm$ 0.1	57.2 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<u>64.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.6%)</u>	<u>63.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+11.1%)</u>	<u>65.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+14.2%)</u>	<u>64.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+12.0%)</u>
FullGrad+	57.1 $\pm$ 0.1	56.9 $\pm$ 0.2	57.5 $\pm$ 0.1	57.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<u>67.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+17.5%)</u>	<u>65.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.7%)</u>	<u>68.5 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+19.0%)</u>	<u>66.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+16.5%)</u>

Table 80. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the BEiT2-L model.

### D.5.12. SigLIP-L

Since SigLIP does not have a CLS token, certain attribution methods couldn't be applied and were omitted.

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	$39.0 \pm 0.1$	$17.3 \pm 0.2$	$32.8 \pm 0.1$	$19.1 \pm 0.2$	$33.0 \pm 0.3$
AliLRP	$58.8 \pm 0.1$	$36.6 \pm 0.3$	$55.4 \pm 0.1$	$40.0 \pm 0.3$	$33.5 \pm 0.3$
AttnLRP	$64.7 \pm 0.1$	$42.4 \pm 0.3$	$62.2 \pm 0.1$	$46.2 \pm 0.3$	$36.0 \pm 0.3$
DecompX	$54.5 \pm 0.1$	$32.6 \pm 0.2$	$51.1 \pm 0.1$	$35.7 \pm 0.2$	$40.5 \pm 0.3$
Integrated Gradients	$52.7 \pm 0.1$	$30.0 \pm 0.2$	$44.0 \pm 0.1$	$28.8 \pm 0.2$	$41.6 \pm 0.3$
Input $\times$ Grad	$44.4 \pm 0.1$	$23.2 \pm 0.2$	$40.8 \pm 0.1$	$26.0 \pm 0.2$	$35.5 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	$54.7 \pm 0.1$ (+23.4%)	$32.4 \pm 0.2$ (+40.0%)	$51.1 \pm 0.1$ (+25.4%)	$35.6 \pm 0.2$ (+36.9%)	$39.9 \pm 0.3$ (+12.3%)
AttCAT	$48.3 \pm 0.1$	$27.4 \pm 0.3$	$45.9 \pm 0.1$	$30.9 \pm 0.2$	$37.6 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b><math>79.0 \pm 0.1</math> (+63.4%)</b>	<b><math>55.0 \pm 0.3</math> (+100.5%)</b>	<b><math>77.4 \pm 0.1</math> (+68.6%)</b>	<b><math>59.7 \pm 0.2</math> (+93.1%)</b>	<b><math>46.8 \pm 0.3</math> (+24.2%)</b>
GradCAM+	$47.6 \pm 0.1$	$25.4 \pm 0.3$	$43.5 \pm 0.1$	$28.1 \pm 0.2$	$44.3 \pm 0.4$
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b><math>51.0 \pm 0.1</math> (+7.2%)</b>	<b><math>28.8 \pm 0.3</math> (+13.6%)</b>	<b><math>47.4 \pm 0.1</math> (+9.0%)</b>	<b><math>31.9 \pm 0.3</math> (+13.5%)</b>	<b><math>41.7 \pm 0.3</math> (-5.7%)</b>
HiResCAM	$37.1 \pm 0.1$	$15.7 \pm 0.2$	$31.4 \pm 0.1$	$17.5 \pm 0.2$	$36.3 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b><math>50.0 \pm 0.1</math> (+34.8%)</b>	<b><math>27.5 \pm 0.3</math> (+75.7%)</b>	<b><math>46.1 \pm 0.1</math> (+46.7%)</b>	<b><math>30.4 \pm 0.2</math> (+73.7%)</b>	<b><math>47.5 \pm 0.3</math> (+30.8%)</b>
XGradCAM+	$54.8 \pm 0.1$	$34.5 \pm 0.3$	$51.4 \pm 0.1$	$37.8 \pm 0.2$	$43.0 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b><math>66.3 \pm 0.1</math> (+21.0%)</b>	<b><math>42.5 \pm 0.3</math> (+23.2%)</b>	<b><math>63.6 \pm 0.1</math> (+23.7%)</b>	<b><math>46.3 \pm 0.3</math> (+22.6%)</b>	<b><math>44.3 \pm 0.4</math> (+3.1%)</b>
FullGrad+	$46.6 \pm 0.1$	$25.8 \pm 0.3$	$43.6 \pm 0.1$	$29.0 \pm 0.2$	$37.7 \pm 0.3$
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b><math>75.3 \pm 0.1</math> (+61.7%)</b>	<b><math>50.7 \pm 0.3</math> (+96.6%)</b>	<b><math>73.5 \pm 0.1</math> (+68.5%)</b>	<b><math>55.1 \pm 0.2</math> (+89.7%)</b>	<b><math>51.7 \pm 0.3</math> (+37.1%)</b>

Table 81. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the SigLIP-L model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	61.1 $\pm$ 0.1	82.7 $\pm$ 0.2	67.1 $\pm$ 0.1	81.0 $\pm$ 0.1
AliLRP	70.8 $\pm$ 0.1	91.2 $\pm$ 0.2	77.0 $\pm$ 0.1	89.8 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	75.0 $\pm$ 0.1	96.0 $\pm$ 0.2	82.2 $\pm$ 0.1	95.0 $\pm$ 0.1
DecompX	71.3 $\pm$ 0.1	91.8 $\pm$ 0.2	78.1 $\pm$ 0.1	90.5 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	75.9 $\pm$ 0.1	97.0 $\pm$ 0.3	75.6 $\pm$ 0.1	91.2 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	67.4 $\pm$ 0.1	89.7 $\pm$ 0.3	71.6 $\pm$ 0.1	87.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	71.8 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+6.5%</b> )	91.9 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+2.4%</b> )	78.3 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+9.4%</b> )	90.6 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+3.5%</b> )
AttCAT	73.8 $\pm$ 0.1	95.3 $\pm$ 0.3	76.6 $\pm$ 0.1	92.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>80.0</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+8.4%</b> )	<b>99.6</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+4.5%</b> )	<b>85.9</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+12.2%</b> )	<b>98.4</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+6.4%</b> )
GradCAM+	45.8 $\pm$ 0.1	64.3 $\pm$ 0.4	49.0 $\pm$ 0.1	60.7 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	62.8 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+37.1%</b> )	83.0 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+29.0%</b> )	67.5 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+37.8%</b> )	80.8 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+33.1%</b> )
HiResCAM	48.1 $\pm$ 0.1	69.4 $\pm$ 0.4	51.9 $\pm$ 0.1	66.3 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	63.7 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+32.2%</b> )	84.8 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+22.1%</b> )	68.2 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+31.5%</b> )	82.6 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+24.6%</b> )
XGradCAM+	57.3 $\pm$ 0.1	78.4 $\pm$ 0.4	60.6 $\pm$ 0.1	75.2 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	70.5 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+23.2%</b> )	89.8 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+14.6%</b> )	76.4 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+26.1%</b> )	88.4 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+17.5%</b> )
FullGrad+	70.4 $\pm$ 0.1	92.2 $\pm$ 0.3	73.3 $\pm$ 0.1	89.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>79.8</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+13.4%</b> )	<b>99.4</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+7.8%</b> )	<b>85.8</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+17.0%</b> )	<b>98.2</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+10.0%</b> )

Table 82. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the SigLIP-L model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	50.0 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.2	50.0 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	64.8 $\pm$ 0.1	63.9 $\pm$ 0.3	66.2 $\pm$ 0.1	64.9 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	69.8 $\pm$ 0.1	69.2 $\pm$ 0.3	72.2 $\pm$ 0.1	70.6 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	62.9 $\pm$ 0.1	62.2 $\pm$ 0.2	64.6 $\pm$ 0.1	63.1 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	64.3 $\pm$ 0.1	63.5 $\pm$ 0.3	59.8 $\pm$ 0.1	60.0 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	55.9 $\pm$ 0.1	56.4 $\pm$ 0.3	56.2 $\pm$ 0.1	56.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	63.3 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+13.2%</b> )	62.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+10.1%</b> )	64.7 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+15.2%</b> )	63.1 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+11.1%</b> )
AttCAT	61.0 $\pm$ 0.1	61.4 $\pm$ 0.3	61.2 $\pm$ 0.1	61.7 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>79.5</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+30.2%</b> )	<b>77.3</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+26.0%</b> )	<b>81.6</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+33.3%</b> )	<b>79.0</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+28.2%</b> )
GradCAM+	46.7 $\pm$ 0.1	44.9 $\pm$ 0.3	46.2 $\pm$ 0.1	44.4 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	56.9 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+21.9%</b> )	55.9 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+24.6%</b> )	57.4 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+24.2%</b> )	56.4 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+26.9%</b> )
HiResCAM	42.6 $\pm$ 0.1	42.5 $\pm$ 0.3	41.7 $\pm$ 0.1	41.9 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	56.8 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+33.4%</b> )	56.1 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+32.0%</b> )	57.2 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+37.2%</b> )	56.5 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+34.9%</b> )
XGradCAM+	56.0 $\pm$ 0.1	56.4 $\pm$ 0.3	56.0 $\pm$ 0.1	56.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	68.4 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+22.1%</b> )	66.2 $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+17.2%</b> )	70.0 $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+25.0%</b> )	67.3 $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+19.2%</b> )
FullGrad+	58.5 $\pm$ 0.1	59.0 $\pm$ 0.3	58.4 $\pm$ 0.1	59.2 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>77.6</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+32.7%</b> )	<b>75.0</b> $\pm$ 0.3 ( <b>+27.2%</b> )	<b>79.6</b> $\pm$ 0.1 ( <b>+36.2%</b> )	<b>76.7</b> $\pm$ 0.2 ( <b>+29.5%</b> )

Table 83. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the SigLIP-L model.

### D.5.13. CLIP-H

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	34.3 ±0.1	11.2 ±0.2	28.0 ±0.1	12.7 ±0.2	37.8 ±0.3
RawAtt	46.9 ±0.1	21.0 ±0.2	42.5 ±0.1	23.3 ±0.2	41.6 ±0.3
Attention Rollout	46.4 ±0.1	20.5 ±0.3	41.3 ±0.1	22.5 ±0.3	51.7 ±0.4
AliLRP	40.0 ±0.1	15.7 ±0.2	34.4 ±0.1	17.3 ±0.2	38.1 ±0.3
AttnLRP	50.8 ±0.1	24.0 ±0.3	46.7 ±0.1	26.4 ±0.2	50.9 ±0.3
DecompX	46.7 ±0.1	21.3 ±0.2	42.4 ±0.1	23.5 ±0.2	55.0 ±0.3
Integrated Gradients	37.1 ±0.1	13.5 ±0.2	31.0 ±0.1	15.0 ±0.2	36.9 ±0.3
Input × Grad	37.5 ±0.1	13.7 ±0.2	31.4 ±0.1	15.2 ±0.2	36.8 ±0.3
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>47.5 ±0.1 (+26.8%)</b>	<b>21.8 ±0.2 (+59.4%)</b>	<b>43.1 ±0.1 (+37.3%)</b>	<b>24.0 ±0.2 (+57.9%)</b>	<b>54.2 ±0.3 (+47.3%)</b>
AttCAT	42.5 ±0.1	18.8 ±0.2	39.0 ±0.1	21.3 ±0.1	38.9 ±0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>61.5 ±0.1 (+44.8%)</b>	<b>31.7 ±0.3 (+68.9%)</b>	<b>58.5 ±0.1 (+49.8%)</b>	<b>34.7 ±0.2 (+62.8%)</b>	<b>61.7 ±0.3 (+58.6%)</b>
GenAtt	54.4 ±0.1	26.8 ±0.2	51.0 ±0.1	29.6 ±0.2	55.9 ±0.3
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>61.0 ±0.1 (+12.2%)</b>	<b>31.5 ±0.3 (+17.5%)</b>	<b>58.1 ±0.1 (+14.0%)</b>	<b>34.5 ±0.2 (+16.7%)</b>	<b>76.2 ±0.2 (+36.1%)</b>
TokenTM	55.4 ±0.1	27.4 ±0.3	51.9 ±0.1	30.1 ±0.2	58.6 ±0.3
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>60.6 ±0.1 (+9.3%)</b>	<b>31.2 ±0.3 (+14.0%)</b>	<b>57.4 ±0.1 (+10.6%)</b>	<b>34.1 ±0.2 (+13.5%)</b>	<b>71.5 ±0.3 (+22.1%)</b>
GradCAM+	38.6 ±0.1	14.5 ±0.2	33.0 ±0.1	16.2 ±0.2	43.0 ±0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>41.8 ±0.1 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>16.8 ±0.2 (+15.6%)</b>	<b>36.2 ±0.1 (+9.8%)</b>	<b>18.6 ±0.2 (+14.9%)</b>	<b>47.4 ±0.4 (+10.2%)</b>
HiResCAM	42.3 ±0.1	17.6 ±0.2	37.6 ±0.1	19.7 ±0.2	45.9 ±0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>52.8 ±0.1 (+24.8%)</b>	<b>25.4 ±0.2 (+44.3%)</b>	<b>48.9 ±0.1 (+29.9%)</b>	<b>27.9 ±0.2 (+41.9%)</b>	<b>56.8 ±0.3 (+23.7%)</b>
XGradCAM+	44.2 ±0.1	19.2 ±0.2	39.4 ±0.1	21.3 ±0.2	47.7 ±0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>60.8 ±0.1 (+37.4%)</b>	<b>31.1 ±0.2 (+62.0%)</b>	<b>57.7 ±0.1 (+46.4%)</b>	<b>34.1 ±0.2 (+59.7%)</b>	<b>73.3 ±0.3 (+53.8%)</b>
FullGrad+	41.4 ±0.1	18.1 ±0.2	37.6 ±0.1	20.5 ±0.2	38.5 ±0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>63.8 ±0.1 (+54.3%)</b>	<b>33.6 ±0.3 (+85.9%)</b>	<b>61.1 ±0.1 (+62.3%)</b>	<b>36.8 ±0.2 (+79.1%)</b>	<b>71.5 ±0.3 (+85.7%)</b>

Table 84. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the CLIP-H model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	65.8 ±0.1	88.8 ±0.2	72.4 ±0.1	87.5 ±0.2
RawAtt	68.7 ±0.1	91.1 ±0.1	76.0 ±0.1	90.0 ±0.2
Attention Rollout	68.1 ±0.1	90.7 ±0.2	74.6 ±0.1	89.4 ±0.2
AliLRP	69.1 ±0.1	91.3 ±0.1	75.3 ±0.1	89.9 ±0.1
AttnLRP	76.8 ±0.1	97.3 ±0.2	83.3 ±0.1	96.1 ±0.1
DecompX	74.8 ±0.1	95.4 ±0.2	81.7 ±0.1	94.2 ±0.2
Integrated Gradients	63.3 ±0.1	87.2 ±0.1	69.4 ±0.1	85.7 ±0.1
Input × Grad	62.7 ±0.1	86.5 ±0.2	68.8 ±0.1	84.9 ±0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>76.0 ±0.1 (+21.2%)</b>	<b>96.3 ±0.2 (+11.3%)</b>	<b>82.2 ±0.1 (+19.4%)</b>	<b>94.7 ±0.2 (+11.5%)</b>
AttCAT	72.3 ±0.1	96.3 ±0.2	76.9 ±0.1	94.8 ±0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>78.1 ±0.1 (+7.9%)</b>	<b>98.1 ±0.1 (+1.8%)</b>	<b>83.8 ±0.1 (+9.0%)</b>	<b>96.4 ±0.1 (+1.6%)</b>
GenAtt	73.4 ±0.1	95.3 ±0.2	80.8 ±0.1	94.3 ±0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>75.0 ±0.1 (+2.2%)</b>	<b>95.5 ±0.1 (+0.3%)</b>	<b>82.5 ±0.1 (+2.0%)</b>	<b>94.5 ±0.1 (+0.2%)</b>
TokenTM	73.1 ±0.1	94.5 ±0.1	80.6 ±0.1	93.4 ±0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>74.1 ±0.1 (+1.3%)</b>	<b>94.6 ±0.1 (+0.2%)</b>	<b>81.7 ±0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>93.6 ±0.1 (+0.2%)</b>
GradCAM+	63.8 ±0.1	87.4 ±0.2	69.4 ±0.1	85.6 ±0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>65.6 ±0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>88.4 ±0.3 (+1.1%)</b>	<b>70.7 ±0.1 (+1.9%)</b>	<b>86.4 ±0.2 (+0.9%)</b>
HiResCAM	72.4 ±0.1	94.3 ±0.2	77.9 ±0.1	92.7 ±0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>74.7 ±0.1 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>95.6 ±0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>80.9 ±0.1 (+3.9%)</b>	<b>94.1 ±0.1 (+1.5%)</b>
XGradCAM+	69.7 ±0.1	92.1 ±0.2	75.4 ±0.1	90.6 ±0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>75.5 ±0.1 (+8.5%)</b>	<b>95.8 ±0.1 (+3.9%)</b>	<b>81.0 ±0.1 (+7.4%)</b>	<b>93.9 ±0.2 (+3.7%)</b>
FullGrad+	71.4 ±0.1	95.0 ±0.2	76.2 ±0.1	93.4 ±0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>79.1 ±0.1 (+10.9%)</b>	<b>98.4 ±0.1 (+3.6%)</b>	<b>84.9 ±0.1 (+11.4%)</b>	<b>96.8 ±0.2 (+3.6%)</b>

Table 85. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the CLIP-H model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	50.0 ±0.1	50.0 ±0.2	50.2 ±0.1	50.1 ±0.2
RawAtt	57.8 ±0.1	56.1 ±0.2	59.2 ±0.1	56.7 ±0.2
Attention Rollout	57.2 ±0.1	55.6 ±0.3	58.0 ±0.1	55.9 ±0.2
AliLRP	54.5 ±0.1	53.5 ±0.2	54.8 ±0.1	53.6 ±0.2
AttnLRP	63.8 ±0.1	60.6 ±0.2	65.0 ±0.1	61.3 ±0.2
DecompX	60.8 ±0.1	58.3 ±0.2	62.1 ±0.1	58.9 ±0.2
Integrated Gradients	50.2 ±0.1	50.3 ±0.2	50.2 ±0.1	50.3 ±0.1
Input × Grad	50.1 ±0.1	50.1 ±0.2	50.1 ±0.1	50.1 ±0.1
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>61.7 ±0.1 (+23.3%)</b>	<b>59.0 ±0.2 (+17.8%)</b>	<b>62.6 ±0.1 (+25.0%)</b>	<b>59.4 ±0.2 (+18.6%)</b>
AttCAT	57.4 ±0.1	57.5 ±0.2	58.0 ±0.1	58.1 ±0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>69.8 ±0.1 (+21.6%)</b>	<b>64.9 ±0.2 (+12.8%)</b>	<b>71.2 ±0.1 (+22.7%)</b>	<b>65.5 ±0.2 (+12.9%)</b>
GenAtt	63.9 ±0.1	61.1 ±0.2	65.9 ±0.1	62.0 ±0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>68.0 ±0.1 (+6.5%)</b>	<b>63.5 ±0.2 (+4.1%)</b>	<b>70.3 ±0.1 (+6.7%)</b>	<b>64.5 ±0.2 (+4.1%)</b>
TokenTM	64.3 ±0.1	60.9 ±0.2	66.2 ±0.1	61.8 ±0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>67.3 ±0.1 (+4.7%)</b>	<b>62.9 ±0.2 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>69.5 ±0.1 (+5.0%)</b>	<b>63.9 ±0.2 (+3.5%)</b>
GradCAM+	51.2 ±0.1	51.0 ±0.2	51.2 ±0.1	50.9 ±0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>53.7 ±0.1 (+4.9%)</b>	<b>52.6 ±0.2 (+3.2%)</b>	<b>53.5 ±0.1 (+4.5%)</b>	<b>52.5 ±0.2 (+3.1%)</b>
HiResCAM	57.3 ±0.1	55.9 ±0.2	57.8 ±0.1	56.2 ±0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>63.8 ±0.1 (+11.2%)</b>	<b>60.5 ±0.2 (+8.1%)</b>	<b>64.9 ±0.1 (+12.3%)</b>	<b>61.0 ±0.2 (+8.6%)</b>
XGradCAM+	56.9 ±0.1	55.7 ±0.2	57.4 ±0.1	56.0 ±0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>68.2 ±0.1 (+19.7%)</b>	<b>63.4 ±0.2 (+13.9%)</b>	<b>69.3 ±0.1 (+20.8%)</b>	<b>64.0 ±0.2 (+14.4%)</b>
FullGrad+	56.4 ±0.1	56.5 ±0.2	56.9 ±0.1	57.0 ±0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>71.5 ±0.1 (+26.8%)</b>	<b>66.0 ±0.2 (+16.7%)</b>	<b>73.0 ±0.1 (+28.2%)</b>	<b>66.8 ±0.2 (+17.2%)</b>

Table 86. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the CLIP-H model.

#### D.5.14. DeiT3-H

Method	MIF Deletion (GT)		MIF Deletion (Predicted)		Segmentation AP
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC	
Random	35.6 ±0.1	16.6 ±0.2	29.0 ±0.1	19.2 ±0.2	37.8 ±0.3
RawAtt	56.1 ±0.1	33.3 ±0.3	52.0 ±0.1	37.2 ±0.2	49.7 ±0.3
Attention Rollout	37.1 ±0.1	19.0 ±0.2	31.2 ±0.1	21.9 ±0.2	34.1 ±0.3
AliLRP	59.6 ±0.1	37.3 ±0.3	56.3 ±0.1	41.7 ±0.2	52.2 ±0.3
AttnLRP	45.4 ±0.1	28.1 ±0.3	40.7 ±0.1	31.7 ±0.2	36.0 ±0.3
DecompX	51.6 ±0.1	32.2 ±0.3	47.2 ±0.1	35.9 ±0.2	49.5 ±0.3
Integrated Gradients	43.7 ±0.1	24.9 ±0.3	33.2 ±0.1	22.8 ±0.2	38.9 ±0.3
Input × Grad	40.4 ±0.1	21.9 ±0.3	35.1 ±0.1	25.1 ±0.2	39.6 ±0.3
<b>Libra Input × Grad</b>	<b>52.1 ±0.1 (+29.2%)</b>	<b>32.4 ±0.3 (+48.1%)</b>	<b>47.7 ±0.1 (+36.0%)</b>	<b>36.3 ±0.2 (+44.7%)</b>	<b>49.0 ±0.3 (+23.8%)</b>
AttCAT	48.2 ±0.1	28.6 ±0.3	44.0 ±0.1	32.3 ±0.3	41.7 ±0.3
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>72.6 ±0.1 (+50.6%)</b>	<b>47.6 ±0.3 (+66.5%)</b>	<b>70.5 ±0.1 (+60.2%)</b>	<b>52.8 ±0.2 (+63.4%)</b>	<b>60.1 ±0.3 (+44.1%)</b>
GenAtt	67.2 ±0.1	43.3 ±0.3	64.6 ±0.1	48.1 ±0.2	66.2 ±0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>69.1 ±0.1 (+2.9%)</b>	<b>45.0 ±0.3 (+3.8%)</b>	<b>66.5 ±0.1 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>49.7 ±0.2 (+3.5%)</b>	<b>76.5 ±0.2 (+15.5%)</b>
TokenTM	66.2 ±0.1	42.6 ±0.3	63.3 ±0.1	47.2 ±0.2	61.7 ±0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>68.1 ±0.1 (+2.8%)</b>	<b>44.1 ±0.3 (+3.6%)</b>	<b>65.2 ±0.1 (+3.0%)</b>	<b>48.8 ±0.2 (+3.3%)</b>	<b>70.8 ±0.2 (+14.7%)</b>
GradCAM+	49.5 ±0.1	28.3 ±0.3	44.5 ±0.1	31.8 ±0.2	60.3 ±0.4
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>52.6 ±0.1 (+6.2%)</b>	<b>31.4 ±0.3 (+10.9%)</b>	<b>48.7 ±0.1 (+9.6%)</b>	<b>35.5 ±0.2 (+11.7%)</b>	<b>46.7 ±0.4 (-22.5%)</b>
HiResCAM	32.5 ±0.1	15.0 ±0.2	25.8 ±0.1	17.4 ±0.2	41.3 ±0.3
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>57.4 ±0.1 (+76.7%)</b>	<b>35.4 ±0.3 (+136.8%)</b>	<b>53.8 ±0.1 (+108.5%)</b>	<b>39.7 ±0.2 (+127.5%)</b>	<b>76.3 ±0.3 (+84.9%)</b>
XGradCAM+	49.1 ±0.1	27.9 ±0.3	45.1 ±0.1	31.8 ±0.2	48.9 ±0.4
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>68.8 ±0.1 (+40.2%)</b>	<b>44.2 ±0.3 (+58.3%)</b>	<b>66.1 ±0.1 (+46.7%)</b>	<b>49.0 ±0.2 (+54.2%)</b>	<b>59.4 ±0.3 (+21.5%)</b>
FullGrad+	45.8 ±0.1	26.2 ±0.3	41.9 ±0.1	30.0 ±0.3	40.6 ±0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>73.5 ±0.1 (+60.4%)</b>	<b>48.5 ±0.3 (+84.8%)</b>	<b>71.5 ±0.1 (+70.7%)</b>	<b>53.7 ±0.2 (+78.8%)</b>	<b>65.1 ±0.3 (+60.4%)</b>

Table 87. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the DeiT3-H model. We report faithfulness metrics using Most-Influential-First Deletion, MIF with ground-truth (GT) and predicted labels, including Accuracy and Area Over Perturbation Curve (AOPC) and Segmentation Average Precision (AP). The results demonstrate that composing existing methods with LibraGrad significantly enhances their performance across all metrics.

Method	LIF Deletion (GT)		LIF Deletion (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	64.2 $\pm$ 0.1	83.5 $\pm$ 0.2	70.7 $\pm$ 0.1	81.1 $\pm$ 0.1
RawAtt	70.9 $\pm$ 0.1	86.3 $\pm$ 0.2	78.4 $\pm$ 0.1	84.3 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	59.0 $\pm$ 0.1	77.9 $\pm$ 0.3	64.5 $\pm$ 0.1	74.8 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	79.5 $\pm$ 0.1	97.5 $\pm$ 0.2	86.1 $\pm$ 0.1	96.0 $\pm$ 0.1
AttnLRP	74.1 $\pm$ 0.1	94.2 $\pm$ 0.2	80.8 $\pm$ 0.1	92.2 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	75.8 $\pm$ 0.1	95.2 $\pm$ 0.2	83.1 $\pm$ 0.1	93.4 $\pm$ 0.1
Integrated Gradients	71.5 $\pm$ 0.1	91.2 $\pm$ 0.3	74.6 $\pm$ 0.1	84.9 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	71.9 $\pm$ 0.1	90.5 $\pm$ 0.2	77.7 $\pm$ 0.1	87.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>77.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.2%)</b>	<b>95.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+5.9%)</b>	<b>83.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.7%)</b>	<b>94.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.1%)</b>
AttCAT	75.3 $\pm$ 0.1	93.6 $\pm$ 0.2	80.5 $\pm$ 0.1	90.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>81.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.4%)</b>	<b>100.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.9%)</b>	<b>87.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+8.9%)</b>	<b>98.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+8.8%)</b>
GenAtt	76.9 $\pm$ 0.1	94.9 $\pm$ 0.2	85.7 $\pm$ 0.1	93.6 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>77.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>95.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.5%)</b>	<b>86.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.3%)</b>	<b>94.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.5%)</b>
TokenTM	76.2 $\pm$ 0.1	94.2 $\pm$ 0.2	85.0 $\pm$ 0.1	93.0 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>76.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>94.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>85.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+0.4%)</b>	<b>93.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+0.4%)</b>
GradCAM+	69.3 $\pm$ 0.1	86.7 $\pm$ 0.2	75.8 $\pm$ 0.1	84.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>74.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.9%)</b>	<b>91.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.0%)</b>	<b>80.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.4%)</b>	<b>89.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+6.4%)</b>
HiResCAM	68.1 $\pm$ 0.1	86.2 $\pm$ 0.2	75.5 $\pm$ 0.1	84.2 $\pm$ 0.1
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>75.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+10.4%)</b>	<b>89.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+4.1%)</b>	<b>80.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.8%)</b>	<b>86.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+3.3%)</b>
XGradCAM+	71.4 $\pm$ 0.1	89.9 $\pm$ 0.3	77.1 $\pm$ 0.1	87.3 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>79.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+11.5%)</b>	<b>97.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.9%)</b>	<b>86.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+12.0%)</b>	<b>95.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.1%)</b>
FullGrad+	74.6 $\pm$ 0.1	92.8 $\pm$ 0.2	79.9 $\pm$ 0.1	90.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>81.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.7%)</b>	<b>100.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+8.2%)</b>	<b>87.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.0 (+9.6%)</b>	<b>98.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+9.7%)</b>

Table 88. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the DeiT3-H model.

Method	SRG (GT)		SRG (Predicted)	
	Accuracy	AOPC	Accuracy	AOPC
Random	49.9 $\pm$ 0.1	50.0 $\pm$ 0.2	49.8 $\pm$ 0.1	50.1 $\pm$ 0.2
RawAtt	63.5 $\pm$ 0.1	59.8 $\pm$ 0.2	65.2 $\pm$ 0.1	60.7 $\pm$ 0.2
Attention Rollout	48.1 $\pm$ 0.1	48.4 $\pm$ 0.3	47.8 $\pm$ 0.1	48.3 $\pm$ 0.2
AliLRP	69.6 $\pm$ 0.1	67.4 $\pm$ 0.2	71.2 $\pm$ 0.1	68.8 $\pm$ 0.2
AttnLRP	59.7 $\pm$ 0.1	61.2 $\pm$ 0.3	60.8 $\pm$ 0.1	62.0 $\pm$ 0.2
DecompX	63.7 $\pm$ 0.1	63.7 $\pm$ 0.2	65.1 $\pm$ 0.1	64.7 $\pm$ 0.2
Integrated Gradients	57.6 $\pm$ 0.1	58.1 $\pm$ 0.3	53.9 $\pm$ 0.1	53.8 $\pm$ 0.2
Input $\times$ Grad	56.1 $\pm$ 0.1	56.2 $\pm$ 0.2	56.4 $\pm$ 0.1	56.4 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra Input <math>\times</math> Grad</b>	<b>64.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+15.1%)</b>	<b>64.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+14.1%)</b>	<b>65.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+16.5%)</b>	<b>65.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+15.4%)</b>
AttCAT	61.8 $\pm$ 0.1	61.1 $\pm$ 0.3	62.3 $\pm$ 0.1	61.5 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra AttCAT</b>	<b>77.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+24.9%)</b>	<b>73.8 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+20.8%)</b>	<b>79.1 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+27.0%)</b>	<b>75.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+23.1%)</b>
GenAtt	72.1 $\pm$ 0.1	69.1 $\pm$ 0.2	75.2 $\pm$ 0.1	70.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GenAtt</b>	<b>73.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>70.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.5%)</b>	<b>76.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>71.9 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.5%)</b>
TokenTM	71.2 $\pm$ 0.1	68.4 $\pm$ 0.2	74.2 $\pm$ 0.1	70.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra TokenTM</b>	<b>72.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.5%)</b>	<b>69.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.4%)</b>	<b>75.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+1.6%)</b>	<b>71.0 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+1.4%)</b>
GradCAM+	59.4 $\pm$ 0.1	57.5 $\pm$ 0.2	60.1 $\pm$ 0.1	58.1 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra GradCAM+</b>	<b>63.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+6.6%)</b>	<b>61.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.2%)</b>	<b>64.7 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+7.6%)</b>	<b>62.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+7.8%)</b>
HiResCAM	50.3 $\pm$ 0.1	50.6 $\pm$ 0.2	50.7 $\pm$ 0.1	50.8 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra HiResCAM</b>	<b>66.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+31.8%)</b>	<b>62.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.3 (+23.7%)</b>	<b>67.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+32.7%)</b>	<b>63.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+24.6%)</b>
XGradCAM+	60.2 $\pm$ 0.1	58.9 $\pm$ 0.3	61.1 $\pm$ 0.1	59.6 $\pm$ 0.2
<b>Libra XGradCAM+</b>	<b>74.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+23.2%)</b>	<b>70.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+19.8%)</b>	<b>76.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+24.8%)</b>	<b>72.2 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+21.2%)</b>
FullGrad+	60.2 $\pm$ 0.1	59.5 $\pm$ 0.3	60.9 $\pm$ 0.1	60.1 $\pm$ 0.3
<b>Libra FullGrad+</b>	<b>77.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+29.0%)</b>	<b>74.4 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+25.1%)</b>	<b>79.6 <math>\pm</math> 0.1 (+30.6%)</b>	<b>76.3 <math>\pm</math> 0.2 (+27.0%)</b>

Table 89. Comparison of attribution methods and their LibraGrad-enhanced versions on the DeiT3-H model.

## E. Related Work

Input attribution methods are techniques designed to quantify the influence of individual input features, or groups of them, on a model’s output [12, 43, 47, 48, 66, 73, 74, 93]. Input attribution methods can assist in understanding a model’s decision locally for a single input considered in isolation. They also act as foundational elements for more advanced explanation techniques. For instance, in concept-based explanation methods like CRAFT [31], attribution methods are employed for two main purposes: to quantify the impact of each activated concept and to identify the specific input features responsible for activating these concepts.

Attribution methods have a wide array of applications beyond merely explaining model outputs to humans [27, 68, 83, 86]. They are useful for enhancing the robustness of models against out-of-distribution data, spurious correlations, and adversarial inputs [5, 18, 55, 90]. Additionally, attribution methods have been employed to improve the performance of text-to-image models [19, 42, 57]. Furthermore, adapting forward-mode attribution methods has been explored for on-the-fly feature pruning [30, 51] and model quantization [9]. Attribution methods have been utilized to construct more effective adversarial attacks against models [39, 88, 94].

Given a multi-output neural model, let  $f : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a selected output function. For instance, if  $\text{Model}(x) = (p_1, \dots, p_k)$  represents class probabilities, we might choose  $f(x) = p_i$  to analyze the model’s prediction for the  $i$ -th class. An attribution method  $A$  generates relevance scores  $A(f)(x)_i$  for each feature  $x_i$ .

### E.1. Gradient-Based Attribution Methods

**Input × Grad.**  $\text{IxG}$  [4, 71, 72] assigns feature relevance by  $\text{IxG}(f)(x) = x \odot \nabla_x f(x)$ , where  $\odot$  denotes element-wise multiplication.

**FullGrad.** Expanding on Input × Grad, FullGrad [75] includes not only the input features but also the bias terms of each layer in the neural network. The FullGrad attribution map is calculated as:

$$\text{FullGrad}(f)(x_0) = \text{IxG}(f)(x_0) + \sum_{l=0}^{L-1} \sum_{b \in B_l} \text{IxG}(f_b)(b)$$

where  $\text{IxG}(f)(x_0)$  denotes the Input × Grad for the input  $x_0$ , and  $\text{IxG}(f_b)(b)$  is the Input × Grad attribution map of the sub-network  $f_b$  with a bias term  $b$  from layer  $l$  as the input. Also,  $f_b$  is the sub-network of  $f$  starting from the bias term  $b$  and going until the end of the model, whereas  $B_l$  denotes the set of all bias terms in layer  $l$ . FullGrad+ ◦ PLUS

(henceforth FullGrad+) [49] is defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{FullGrad+}(f)(x_0) = \\ \sum_{l=0}^{L-1} \text{IxG}(f_l)(x_l) + \sum_{l=0}^{L-1} \sum_{b \in B_l} \text{IxG}(f_b)(b) \end{aligned}$$

where  $\text{IxG}(f_l)(x_l)$  is the Input × Grad attribution map of the sub-network  $f_l$  with input  $x_l$ . FullGrad+ aggregates the input attribution maps of each layer along with the attribution maps of all bias terms in each layer.

**Integrated Gradients.** IG [77] computes attributions w.r.t. a baseline input  $\bar{x}$  (e.g., zero):

$$\text{IG}(f)(x) = (x - \bar{x}) \odot \int_{\alpha=0}^1 \nabla_x f(\bar{x} + \alpha(x - \bar{x})) d\alpha$$

In practice, we approximate the integral using a 50-step Riemann summation.

**GradCAM.** GradCAM [67] averages the gradient signal across each channel before multiplying it with the input, and operates on the last layer of the network:

- $A^k$ : the  $k$ -th channel of the feature map in the final layer
- $c$ : the class w.r.t. which the attribution map is computed
- $y^c$ : the class score (logit)
- Gradients are averaged over the width and height dimensions (indexed by  $i$  and  $j$  respectively) to obtain the neuron (channel) importance weights  $\alpha_k^c$ :

$$\alpha_k^c = \underbrace{\frac{1}{Z} \sum_i \sum_j}_{\text{global average pooling}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial y^c}{\partial A_{ij}^k}}_{\text{gradients via backprop}}$$

**XGradCAM+.** XGradCAM weights the gradients by their corresponding activation value when computing the spatial average [33]. XGradCAM was proposed on ReLU CNNs where the activations were always positive, hence they did not specify using the absolute value of the activations in the above computation, as is more intuitive. The variant with absolute activations is named XGradCAM+ [49].

**HiResCAM.** HiResCAM [26] is equivalent to Input × Grad on the last layer of the model. (Standard Input × Grad is applied on the first layer of the model.)

**PLUS.** PLUS [49] is a way for attribution methods to better aggregate information across layers.

### E.1.1. Gradient-Attention Hybrids

**AttCAT.** AttCAT [61] combines attention weights with Input  $\times$  Grad to create a hybrid attribution method. The approach operates by first computing the input-times-gradient attribution at each layer, then weighting these attributions using the attention weights from the corresponding attention heads. The method addresses the limitations of pure attention-based or pure gradient-based approaches by leveraging both sources of information. By incorporating both attention patterns and gradient information, AttCAT can better capture the model’s decision-making process, particularly in cases where either attention or gradient alone might miss important feature interactions. The final attribution map is computed by aggregating these weighted scores across all layers and attention heads.

**TransAtt.** TransAtt [17] employs the Deep Taylor Decomposition technique [53] to attribute local relevance and subsequently propagates these relevance scores through the entire architecture of a Transformer model. This process effectively enables the backward propagation of information across all layers, starting from the output and extending back to the input. Additionally, this method incorporates gradients of attention weights. The method’s functioning can be summarized as follows:

$$\text{Rollout} \left( \mathbb{E}_{H:=\text{Heads}} \left[ (\mathbf{R} \odot \text{AttnGrad})^+ \right] \right),$$

where  $\mathbf{R}$  stands for the relevancy scores of attention weights. The Rollout technique is a method to aggregate the layer-wise attribution maps. We refer the reader to [1] for a detailed overview.

**GenAtt.** The dependence of TransAtt on specific rules for the propagation of relevance scores imposes limitations on its capacity to furnish explanations for various types of Transformer architectures. To cope with this issue, GenAtt [16] attempts to explain predictions for any Transformer-based architecture by using the attention weights in each block to update the relevancy maps, as demonstrated by the following expression:

$$\text{Rollout} \left( \mathbb{E}_{H:=\text{Heads}} \left[ (\text{Attn} \odot \text{AttnGrad})^+ \right] \right).$$

The notation  $(\cdot)^+$  denotes a filtering through the ReLU function. [16] show that GenAtt is at least as effective as TransAtt, if not better.

**TokenTM.** TokenTM [87] further improves GenAtt by taking token transformations into account.

### E.2. LRP Methods

Layer-wise Relevance Propagation (LRP) is a principled attribution method that propagates relevance scores backward through a neural network by following specific propagation rules.

**AliLRP.** AliLRP [3] extends traditional LRP for Transformer architectures by introducing specialized propagation rules that offer better numerical stability.

**AttnLRP.** AttnLRP [2] extends LRP to handle attention layers.

### E.3. Forward Attention-Based Token Attribution Methods

**AttentionxInput\_Norm (AttIN).** Kobayashi et al. [44] multiply the attention weights by the norms of the vectors corresponding to each attention weight. Kobayashi et al. [45] extends AttIN to also incorporate the residual connections.

**GlobEnc & ALTI.** AttIN assumes that tokens retain their original identity. As each self-attention module mixes all the tokens, this assumption might not necessarily hold. Using gradient-based techniques, Brunner et al. [14] studies contextual information aggregation across the model. Following Brunner et al. [14] work, the global token attribution analysis method GlobEnc [50] further extends AttIN by including the Transformer block’s second normalization layer in its analysis. In parallel with GlobEnc, the Aggregation of Layer-Wise Token-to-Token Interactions method ALTI [32] was introduced. ALTI shares core concepts with GlobEnc, but the two differ in certain mathematical specifics.

**DecompX.** DecompX [52] enhances GlobEnc by integrating the one element previously overlooked by GlobEnc: the MLP module in the Encoder Transformer layer. This inclusion enables DecompX to generate a set of decomposed vectors that collectively sum up to the actual output vector. Unlike GlobEnc and ALTI, which require computing and aggregating layer-wise attribution maps using techniques like Rollout, DecompX facilitates the direct propagation of these decomposed vectors across layers. This capability allows for the direct computation of attribution maps from any layer to any other layer.

### E.4. Black-Box Methods

Black-box attribution methods treat the model as an opaque entity, (partially) disregarding its internal structure and gradients. These methods typically involve perturbing the input and observing the corresponding changes in the model’s

output to infer the importance of each input feature. However, this approach often comes with significant computational costs due to the need for multiple model evaluations. In contrast, white-box methods leverage the internal structure and gradients of the model, providing a more efficient and fine-grained understanding of the model’s behavior.

In this paper, we focus on white-box methods for several reasons. Firstly, they offer a more computationally efficient approach compared to black-box methods. Secondly, and more importantly, black-box methods can be seen as directly optimizing the faithfulness metrics on which we evaluate the attribution methods. This raises concerns related to Goodhart’s law, which states that when a measure becomes a target, it ceases to be a good measure. In other words, the faithfulness metrics we use are merely proxies for the ultimate desirable properties we seek in attribution methods. By directly optimizing these metrics, black-box methods may inadvertently introduce biases or artifacts that undermine the true faithfulness of the attributions. Therefore, to avoid this potential pitfall and maintain a more objective evaluation, we refrain from including comparisons with black-box methods in this study, acknowledging that they have different trade-offs and use cases.

**LIME** [65] explains the predictions of any classifier by learning a local interpretable model around the prediction.

**Rise** [60] is a black-box approach that generates an importance map indicating the saliency of each pixel for the model’s prediction by probing the model with randomly masked versions of the input image and obtaining the corresponding outputs.

**PAMI** [70] masks the majority of the input and uses the corresponding model output as the relative contribution of the preserved input part to the original model prediction.

**ScoreCAM** [85] is a post-hoc visual explanation method based on class activation mapping that eliminates the dependence on gradients by obtaining the weight of each activation map through its forward passing score on the target class.

**ViT-CX** [89] adapts ScoreCAM for ViTs.

**AtMan** [23] is a perturbation method that manipulates the attention mechanisms of transformers to produce relevance maps for the input with respect to the output prediction.

**HSIC** [56] is a black-box attribution method based on the Hilbert-Schmidt Independence Criterion, measuring the

dependence between regions of an input image and the model’s output using kernel embeddings of distributions.

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