

Computer modeling of complex systems

OVERVIEW

1

Hopfield network first task

2

Asynchronous updates

second task

3

Increasing patterns

extra task





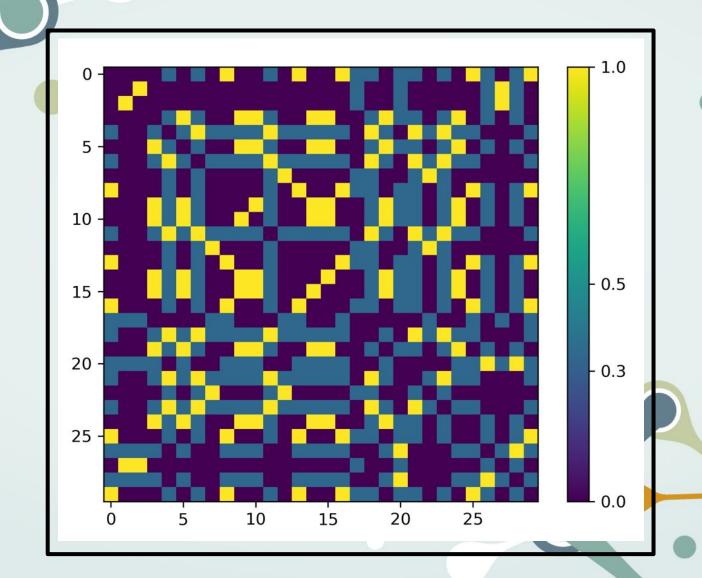
Receiving matrix: w

When learning n binary (spin) patterns \mathcal{X}^{μ} :

$$\mathbf{w} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{\mu=1}^{n} \mathbf{x}^{\mu} \otimes \mathbf{x}^{\mu} - \mathbf{1}$$

```
lef hopfield_network(training_matrices):
  :param training_matrices: list of matrices, which we will use to training our network.
  :return: matrix, which describes network `after training`.
  n_matrix = len(training_matrices)
  size_matrix = len(training_matrices[0].A[0])
  w_matrix = np.zeros((size_matrix, size_matrix)) # network after training
  for j in range(0, n_matrix):
      matrix = training_matrices[j]
      pattern = matrix.flatten()
      w_matrix = w_matrix + np.outer(pattern, pattern) / n_matrix
  identity_matrix = np.identity(size_matrix)
  w_matrix = w_matrix - identity_matrix
  return np.matrix(w_matrix)
```

Martix w itself





Updating the network

The energy of ith spin can be written as:

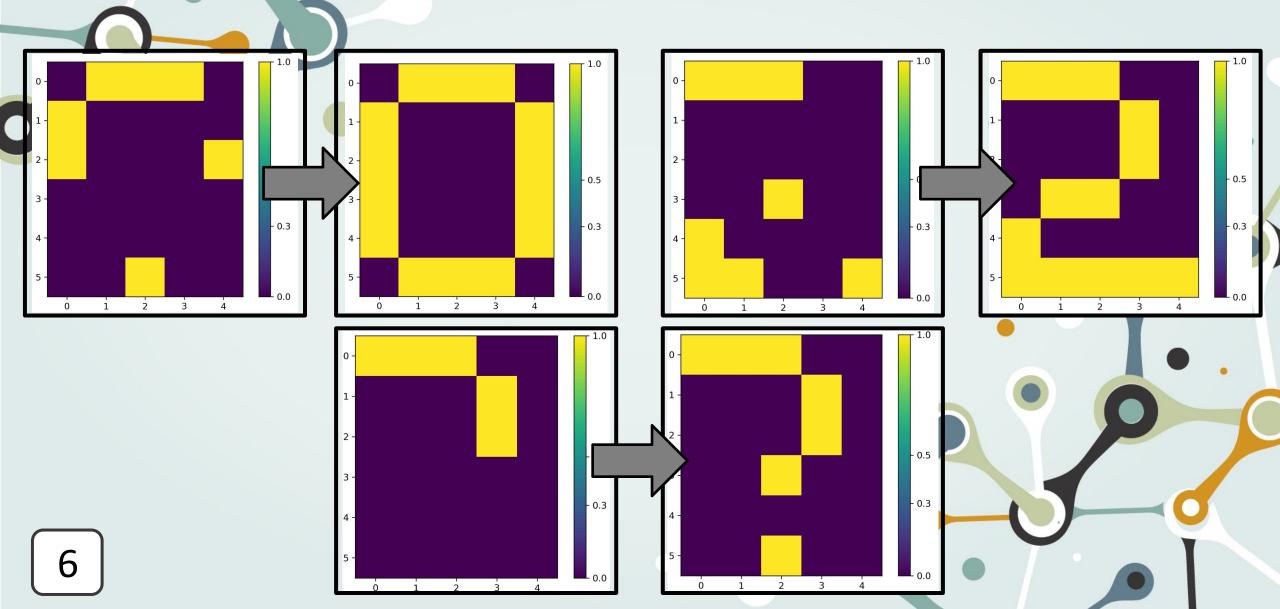
$$E_i = -\frac{1}{2}x_i \left(\sum_j w_{ij}x_j\right) = -\frac{1}{2}x_i h(i)$$

where h(i) is the field acting on the spin. If the product $x_i h(i)$ is negatithen the field would try to flip the spin:

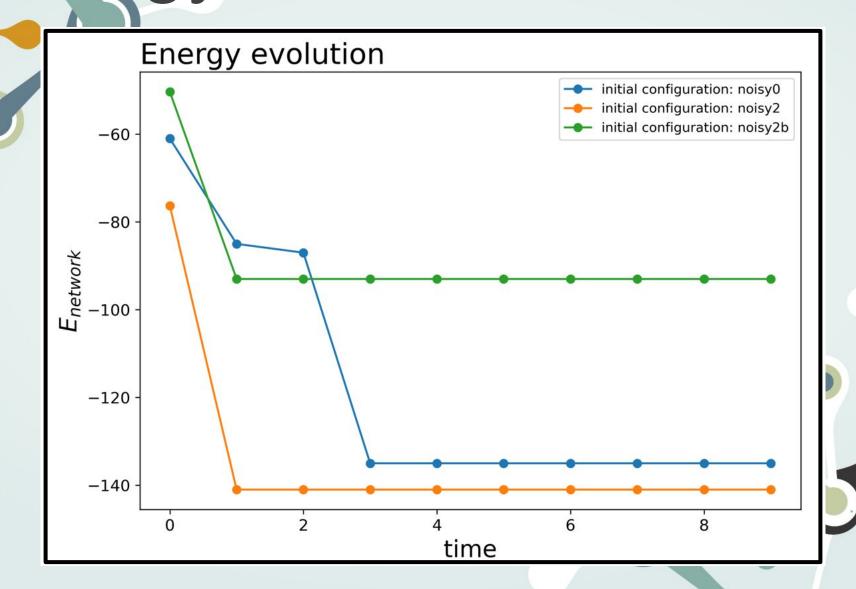
$$\mathbf{x}(t+1) = \operatorname{sgn}(\mathbf{w} \cdot \mathbf{x}(t))$$

```
ef test_network(pattern, w_matrix, steps=10):
  :param pattern: pattern, which we will use as starting configuration
  :param steps: number of updates, which we want make.
  :return: ending configuration and list contain energy of whole network after
  n_elements = pattern.size
  E_network_list = []
  for step in range(0, steps):
      E_list = []
      for j in range(0, n_elements):
          x_i = pattern[0, j]
          h_i = w_matrix[j].dot(pattern.T)
          # compute energy
          E_i = float(-0.5 * x_i * h_i)
          E_list.append(E_i)
      pattern = np.sign(w_matrix.dot(pattern.T).T)
      E_network = sum(E_list)
      E_network_list.append(E_network)
  return pattern, E_network_list
```

Results task 1



Energy Evolution



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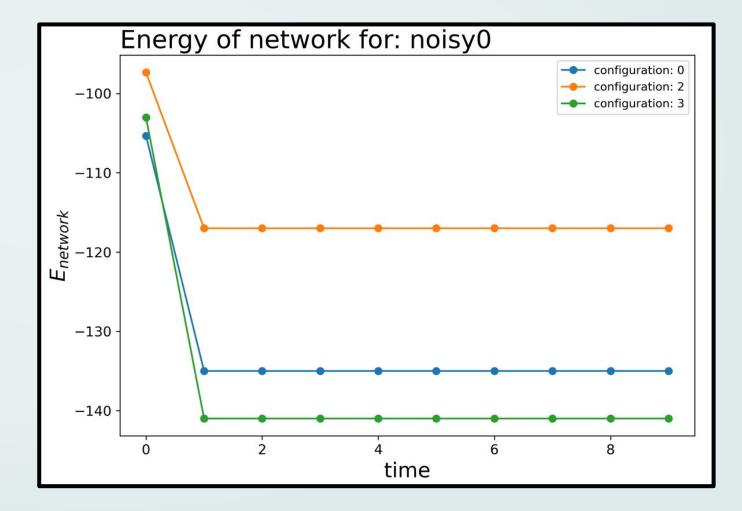
Updating the network



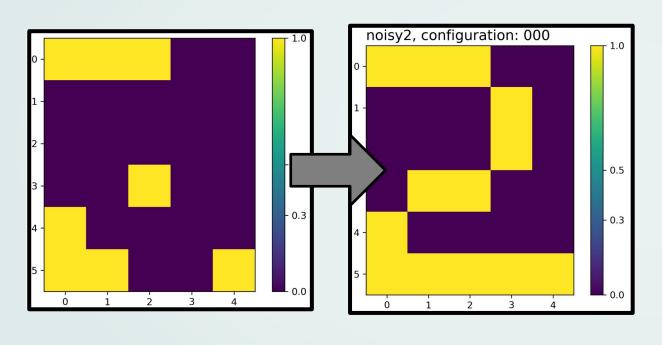
```
test_network_asynchronously(pattern, w_matrix, steps=10):
:param pattern: pattern, which we will use as starting configuration
n_elements = pattern.size
E_network_list = []
for step in range(0, steps):
    order_index = random.sample(range(n_elements), n_elements)
    for i in range(0, n_elements):
        index = order_index[i]
        x_i = pattern[0, index]
            x_i_flipped = 1
            x_i_flipped = -1
        pattern_flipped = pattern.copy()
        pattern_flipped[0, index] = x_i_flipped
        h_i = w_matrix[index].dot(pattern.T)
        h_i_flipped = w_matrix[index].dot(pattern_flipped.T)
        E_i_flipped = float(- 0.5 * x_i_flipped * h_i_flipped)
        if E_i_flipped < E_i:
            E_list.append(E_i_flipped)
            pattern = pattern_flipped
            E_list.append(E_i)
    pattern = np.sign(w_matrix.dot(pattern.T).T)
    E_network = sum(E_list)
    E_network_list.append(E_network)
```

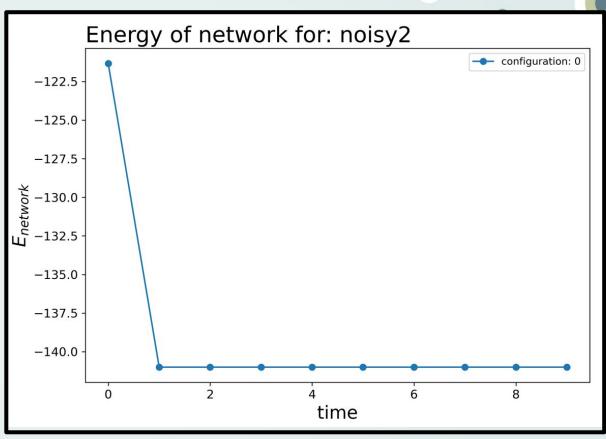
noisy0, configuration: 000 noisy0, configuration: 002 noisy0, configuration: 003 1 2 3 4

configuration: noisy-0



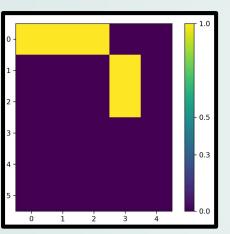
configuration: noisy-2

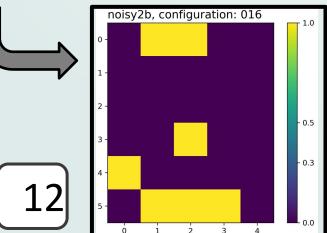


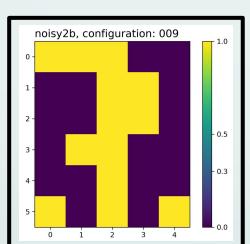


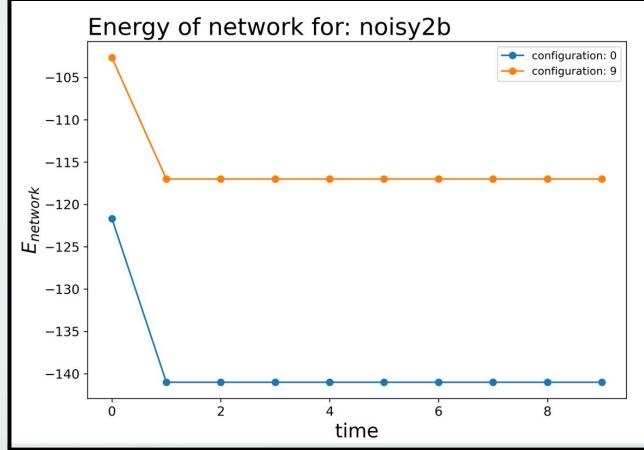
configuration: noisy-2b











<u>OVERVIEW</u>

1 Hopfield network

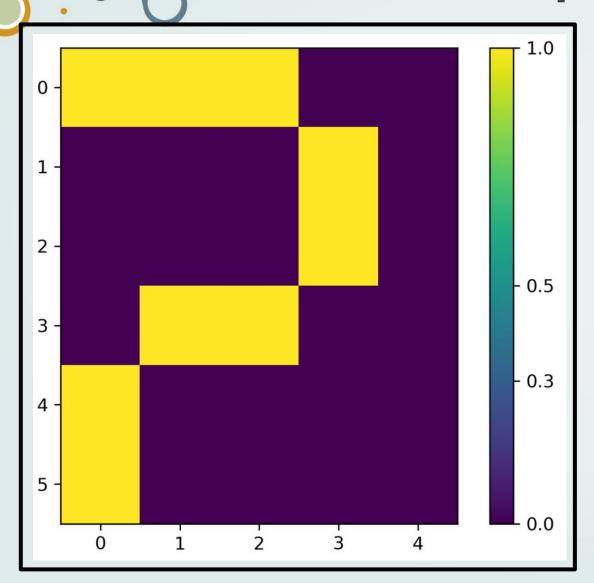
Asynchronous updates second task

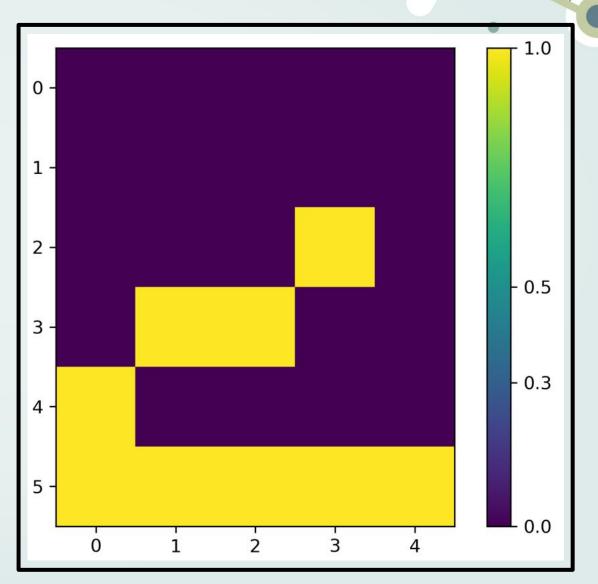
Increasing patterns
extra task



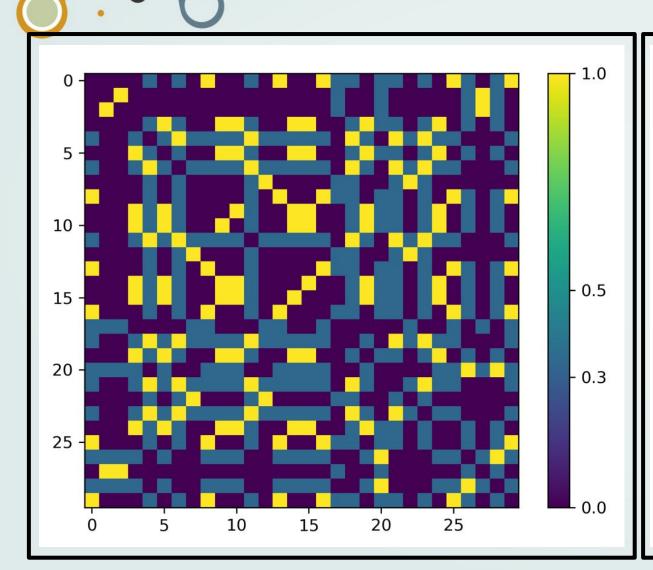


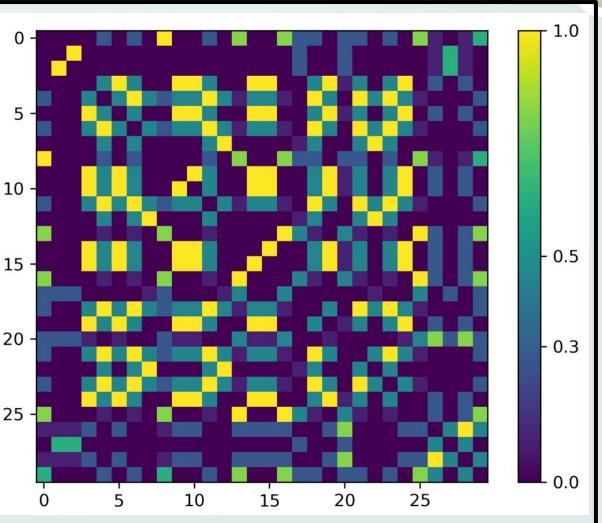
Added patterns



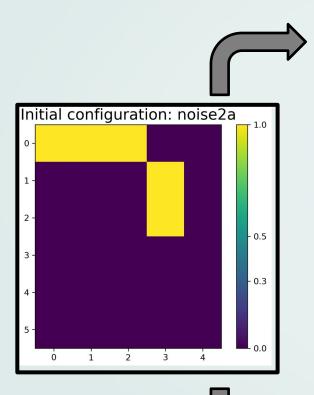


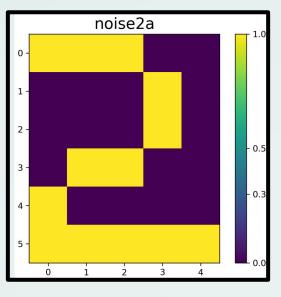
Comparison w matrix

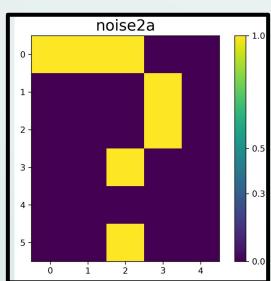


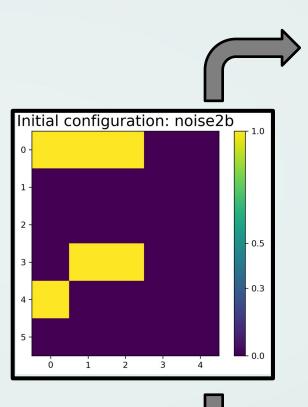


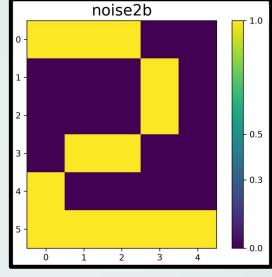
• Comparison part one

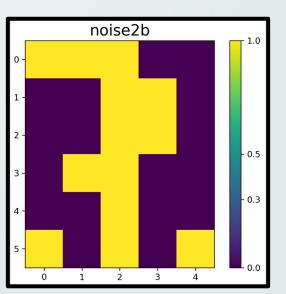






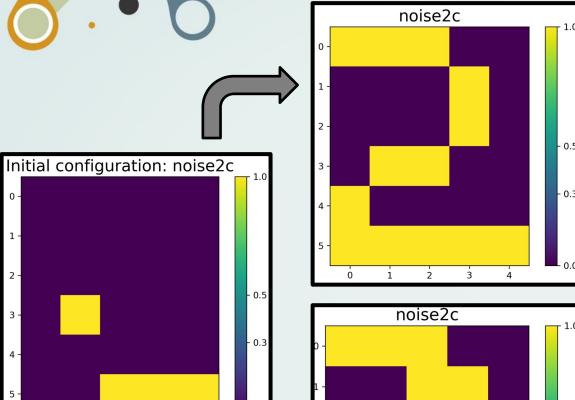


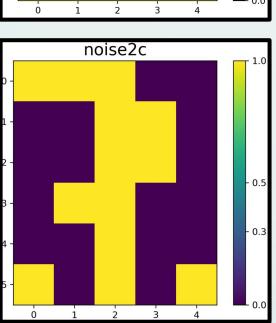


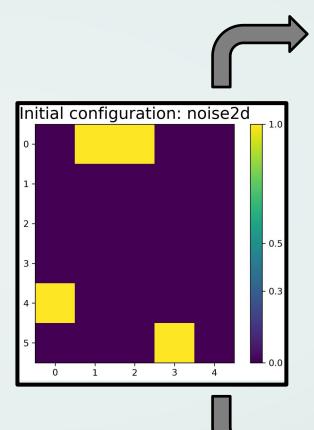


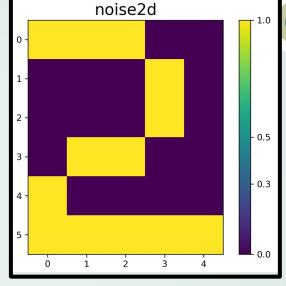
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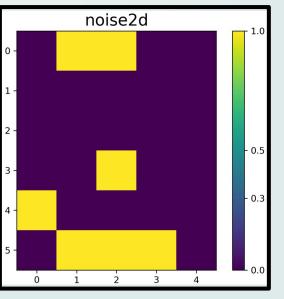
Comparison part two







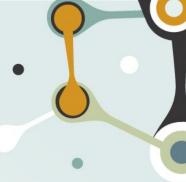


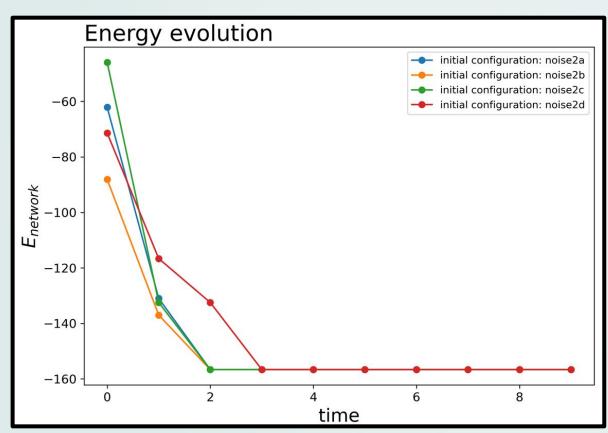


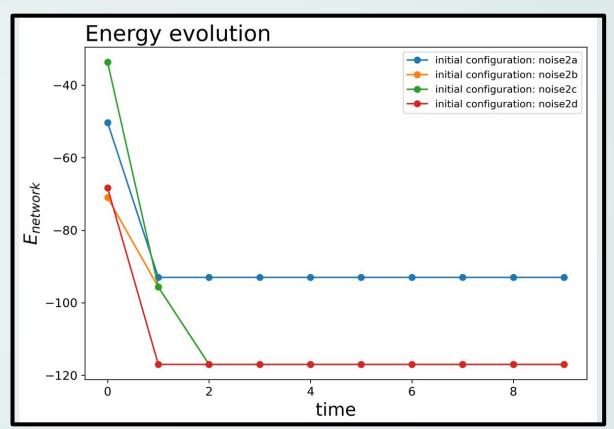
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Energy evolution











Thank you!