

# Vulnerbility

Report generated by Nessus™

Fri, 24 Nov 2023 12:48:17 EST

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# 192.168.56.102



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Nov 24 12:13:32 2023 End time: Fri Nov 24 12:28:30 2023

#### Host Information

Netbios Name: SATURNA

IP: 192.168.56.102 MAC Address: 08:00:27:C3:6B:1C

OS: Linux Kernel 3.0 on Ubuntu 12.04 (precise)

# **Vulnerabilities**

# 20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

# Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

#### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using SSL 2.0 and/or SSL 3.0. These versions of SSL are affected by several cryptographic flaws, including:

- An insecure padding scheme with CBC ciphers.
- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

NIST has determined that SSL 3.0 is no longer acceptable for secure communications. As of the date of enforcement found in PCI DSS v3.1, any version of SSL will not meet the PCI SSC's definition of 'strong cryptography'.

#### See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

#### Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

#### Risk Factor

Critical

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

# Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

```
- SSLv3 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.
Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3.0 cipher suites may be used with SSLv3
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
   Name
                                Code
                                                 KEX
                                                              Auth
                                                                    Encryption
                                                                                             MAC
   EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                                 DH(512)
                                                              RSA
                                                                     DES-CBC(40)
        export
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                                 DH
                                                              RSA
                                                                     DES-CBC(56)
   EXP - ADH - DES - CBC - SHA
                                                 DH(512)
                                                                       DES-CBC(40)
                                                              None
SHA1 export
```

192.168.56.102 5

EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5		DH(512)	None	RC4 (40)	MD5
export				DEG (DG (EC)	
ADH-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1		DH	None	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP - DES - CBC - SHA		RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export		11011(312)	1011	DED CDC(10)	
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5		RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5
export					
EXP-RC4-MD5		RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MD5
export					
DES-CBC-SHA		RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
NHA1 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	4-bit and < 112	-bit key, or 3DE	S)		
	4-bit and < 112			Encryption	MAC
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	Code	KEX	Auth		
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	Code	KEX	Auth		
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6  Name  EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	Code	KEX	Auth		
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6  Name  EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	Code	KEX  DH	Auth  RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6  Name EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1 ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1 ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	Code	KEX  DH	Auth  RSA	3DES-CBC(168) 3DES-CBC(168)	
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6  Name EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1 ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1 ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	Code	KEX  DH DH ECDH	Auth RSA None RSA	3DES-CBC (168)  3DES-CBC (168)  3DES-CBC (168)	
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6  Name EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1 ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1 ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1 AECDH-DES-CBC3-SHA	Code	KEX  DH	Auth  RSA None	3DES-CBC (168)  3DES-CBC (168)  3DES-CBC (168)	
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6  Name EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1 ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1 ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	Code	KEX  DH DH ECDH	Auth RSA None RSA	3DES-CBC (168)  3DES-CBC (168)  3DES-CBC (168)	

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- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

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https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

#### Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

# Risk Factor

#### Critical

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

# 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

# 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

# Plugin Output

# tcp/993/imap

-bit and < 112	-bit key, or 3	DES)		
Code	KEX		21	M
	DH			-
	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
-bit key)				
Code	KEX		2 E	M
	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	-
	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)	
	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)	
	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)	
	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
	RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)	
	RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)	
	RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	M
	Code 	Code KEX DH RSA -bit key)  Code KEX DH DH DH DH DH CH RSA RSA RSA RSA RSA RSA	DH RSA RSA RSA  -bit key)  Code KEX Auth DH RSA DH RSA DH RSA DH RSA DH RSA DH RSA	Code KEX Auth Encryption  DH RSA 3DES-CBC(168)  RSA RSA 3DES-CBC(168)  -bit key)  Code KEX Auth Encryption  DH RSA AES-CBC(128)  DH RSA AES-CBC(128)  DH RSA Camellia-CBC(128)  DH RSA SEED-CBC(128)  RSA RSA AES-CBC(128)  RSA RSA Camellia-CBC(128)  RSA RSA Camellia-CBC(128)

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The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

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#### Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

# Risk Factor

#### Critical

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

# 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

# CVSS v2.0 Base Score

# 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

# Plugin Output

# tcp/995/pop3

DES-CBC3-SHA	it and < 112-b Code	it key, or 3I  KEX  DH	Auth	Encryption	1
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1 DES-CBC3-SHA					]
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1					
SHA1 DES-CBC3-SHA		DH			
DES-CBC3-SHA			RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
		RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
DIAL		AGA	KSA	3DES-CBC (100)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-b:	it key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	]
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA		 DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
HA1					
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA		DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
HA1					
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA		DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)	
SHA1 DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA		DH	RSA	Gamallia GDG (256)	
HA1		DΠ	KSA	Camellia-CBC(256)	
DHE - RSA - SEED - SHA		DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)	
HA1		DII	1011	DEED ODG (120)	
AES128-SHA		RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
HA1					
AES256-SHA		RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
HA1					
CAMELLIA128-SHA		RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)	
HA1					
CAMELLIA256-SHA		RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)	
HA1		DGA	DG3	DG4 (120)	
RC4-MD5 RC4-SHA		RSA RSA	RSA RSA	RC4 (128) RC4 (128)	]

# 33850 - Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection

# Synopsis

The operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

# Description

According to its self-reported version number, the Unix operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

#### Solution

Upgrade to a version of the Unix operating system that is currently supported.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0502 XREF IAVA:0001-A-0648

# Plugin Information

Published: 2008/08/08, Modified: 2023/10/18

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/0

```
Ubuntu 12.04 support ended on 2017-04-30. Upgrade to Ubuntu 23.04 / LTS 22.04 / LTS 20.04 .
```

For more information, see : https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Releases

# 73412 - OpenSSL Heartbeat Information Disclosure (Heartbleed)

# Synopsis

The remote service is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

# Description

Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted heartbeat message (RFC 6520), the remote service appears to be affected by an out-of-bounds read flaw.

This flaw could allow a remote attacker to read the contents of up to 64KB of server memory, potentially exposing passwords, private keys, and other sensitive data.

#### See Also

http://heartbleed.com/

http://eprint.iacr.org/2014/140

http://www.openssl.org/news/vulnerabilities.html#2014-0160

https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20140407.txt

#### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 1.0.1g or later.

Alternatively, recompile OpenSSL with the '-DOPENSSL\_NO\_HEARTBEATS' flag to disable the vulnerable functionality.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.1 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID	66690
CVE	CVE-2014-0160
XREF	CERT:720951
XREF	EDB-ID:32745
XREF	EDB-ID:32764
XREF	EDB-ID:32791
XREF	EDB-ID:32998

XREF CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/05/25

# **Exploitable With**

Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2014/04/08, Modified: 2023/04/25

# Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

```
Nessus was able to read the following memory from the remote service:
0x0000: 79 57 4E 00 02 48 00 1D 00 1C FE FF FF E0 FE FE
0x0010: FF E1 00 A2 00 A3 C0 80 C0 81 C0 A6 00 AA C0 A7
0x0020: 00 AB C0 96 C0 90 C0 97 C0 91 CC AD C0 9E C0 A2 0x0030: 00 9E C0 9F C0 A3 00 9F C0 7C C0 7D CC AA 00 A4
0x0040: 00 A5 C0 82 C0 83 00 A0 00 A1 C0 7E C0 7F 00 A6
0x0050: 00 A7 C0 84 C0 85 C0 AC C0 AE C0 2B C0 AD C0 AF
                                                                    0x0060: C0 2C C0 72 C0 86 C0 73 C0 87 CC A9 C0 9A C0 9B
                                                                    .,.r...s.....
0x0070: CC AC CO 2F CO 30 CO 76 CO 8A CO 77 CO 8B CC A8
                                                                    .../.0.v...w....
0x0080: C0 2D C0 2E C0 74 C0 88 C0 75 C0 89 C0 31 C0 32 0x0090: C0 78 C0 8C C0 79 C0 8D C0 AA C0 AB C0 A4 C0 A8
                                                                    .-...t...u...1.2
0x00A0: 00 A8 C0 A5 C0 A9 00 A9 C0 94 C0 8E C0 95 C0 8F
                                                                     . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
0x00B0: CC AB 00 AC 00 AD C0 98 C0 92 C0 99 C0 93 CC AE
                                                                    . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                                    ....z.{
0x00C0: C0 9C C0 A0 00 9C C0 9D C0 A1 00 9D C0 7A C0 7B
0x00D0: 13 05 13 04 13 01 13 02 13 03 00 63 00 65 00 11 0x00E0: 00 13 00 32 00 38 00 44 00 87 00 12 00 66 00 99
                                                                    ....c.e..
                                                                    ...2.8.D....f..
0x00F0: 00 8F 00 90 00 91 00 8E 00 14 00 16 00 33 00 39
                                                                     .....3.9
0x0100: 00 45 00 88 00 15 00 9A 00 0B 00 0D 00 30 00 36
                                                                    .E.........0.6
0x0110: 00 42 00 85 00 0C 00 97 00 0E 00 10 00 31 00 37
                                                                   .B.....1.7
0x0120: 00 43 00 86 00 0F 00 98 00 19 00 17 00 1B 00 34
                                                                    .C....4
0x0130: 00 3A 00 46 00 89 00 1A 00 18 00 9B C0 08 C0 09 0x0140: C0 0A C0 06 C0 07 C0 12 C0 13 C0 14 C0 10 C0 11
0x0150: C0 03 C0 04 C0 05 C0 01 C0 02 C0 0D C0 0E C0 0F
0x0160: C0 0B C0 0C C0 15 C0 17 C0 18 C0 19 C0 16 00 29
0x0170: 00 26 00 2A 00 27 00 2B 00 28 00 23 00 1F 00 22
                                                                    . & . * . ' . + . ( . # . . . "
0x0180: 00 1E 00 25 00 21 00 24 00 20 00 00 00 8B 00 8C 0x0190: 00 8D 00 8A 00 62 00 61 00 60 00 64 00 08 00 [...]
                                                                    ...%.!.$. .....
```

# 73412 - OpenSSL Heartbeat Information Disclosure (Heartbleed)

# Synopsis

The remote service is affected by an information disclosure vulnerability.

# Description

Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted heartbeat message (RFC 6520), the remote service appears to be affected by an out-of-bounds read flaw.

This flaw could allow a remote attacker to read the contents of up to 64KB of server memory, potentially exposing passwords, private keys, and other sensitive data.

#### See Also

http://heartbleed.com/

http://eprint.iacr.org/2014/140

http://www.openssl.org/news/vulnerabilities.html#2014-0160

https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20140407.txt

#### Solution

Upgrade to OpenSSL 1.0.1g or later.

Alternatively, recompile OpenSSL with the '-DOPENSSL\_NO\_HEARTBEATS' flag to disable the vulnerable functionality.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.1 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID	66690
CVE	CVE-2014-0160
XREF	CERT:720951
XREF	EDB-ID:32745
XREF	EDB-ID:32764
XREF	EDB-ID:32791
XREF	EDB-ID:32998

XREF CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/05/25

# **Exploitable With**

Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2014/04/08, Modified: 2023/04/25

# Plugin Output

# tcp/993/imap

```
Nessus was able to read the following memory from the remote service:
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0x0010: FF E1 00 A2 00 A3 C0 80 C0 81 C0 A6 00 AA C0 A7
0x0020: 00 AB C0 96 C0 90 C0 97 C0 91 CC AD C0 9E C0 A2 0x0030: 00 9E C0 9F C0 A3 00 9F C0 7C C0 7D CC AA 00 A4
0x0040: 00 A5 C0 82 C0 83 00 A0 00 A1 C0 7E C0 7F 00 A6
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                                                                    . . . . . . . . . . . + . . . .
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                                                                    .,.r...s.....
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                                                                    .../.0.v...w....
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                                                                    .-...t...u...1.2
0x00A0: 00 A8 C0 A5 C0 A9 00 A9 C0 94 C0 8E C0 95 C0 8F
0x00B0: CC AB 00 AC 00 AD C0 98 C0 92 C0 99 C0 93 CC AE
                                                                    ....z.{
0x00C0: C0 9C C0 A0 00 9C C0 9D C0 A1 00 9D C0 7A C0 7B
0x00D0: 13 05 13 04 13 01 13 02 13 03 00 63 00 65 00 11 0x00E0: 00 13 00 32 00 38 00 44 00 87 00 12 00 66 00 99
                                                                    ....c.e..
                                                                    ...2.8.D....f..
0x00F0: 00 8F 00 90 00 91 00 8E 00 14 00 16 00 33 00 39
                                                                     .....3.9
0x0100: 00 45 00 88 00 15 00 9A 00 0B 00 0D 00 30 00 36
                                                                    .E.........0.6
0x0110: 00 42 00 85 00 0C 00 97 00 0E 00 10 00 31 00 37
                                                                    .B.....1.7
0x0120: 00 43 00 86 00 0F 00 98 00 19 00 17 00 1B 00 34
                                                                    .C....4
0x0130: 00 3A 00 46 00 89 00 1A 00 18 00 9B C0 08 C0 09 0x0140: C0 0A C0 06 C0 07 C0 12 C0 13 C0 14 C0 10 C0 11
0x0150: C0 03 C0 04 C0 05 C0 01 C0 02 C0 0D C0 0E C0 0F
0x0160: C0 0B C0 0C C0 15 C0 17 C0 18 C0 19 C0 16 00 29
0x0170: 00 26 00 2A 00 27 00 2B 00 28 00 23 00 1F 00 22
                                                                    . & . * . ' . + . ( . # . . . "
0x0180: 00 1E 00 25 00 21 00 24 00 20 00 00 00 8B 00 8C 0x0190: 00 8D 00 8A 00 62 00 61 00 60 00 64 00 08 00 [...]
                                                                    ...%.!.$. .....
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7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

7.0 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

4.1 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

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XREF CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/05/25

# **Exploitable With**

Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2014/04/08, Modified: 2023/04/25

# Plugin Output

# tcp/995/pop3

```
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0x0000: 57 57 58 00 02 48 00 1D 00 1C FE FF FF EO FE FE
0x0010: FF E1 00 A2 00 A3 C0 80 C0 81 C0 A6 00 AA C0 A7 ........
0x0020: 00 AB C0 96 C0 90 C0 97 C0 91 CC AD C0 9E C0 A2 0x0030: 00 9E C0 9F C0 A3 00 9F C0 7C C0 7D CC AA 00 A4
0x0040: 00 A5 C0 82 C0 83 00 A0 00 A1 C0 7E C0 7F 00 A6
0x0050: 00 A7 C0 84 C0 85 C0 AC C0 AE C0 2B C0 AD C0 AF
                                                                     . . . . . . . . . . . + . . . .
0x0060: C0 2C C0 72 C0 86 C0 73 C0 87 CC A9 C0 9A C0 9B
                                                                     .,.r...s.....
0x0070: CC AC CO 2F CO 30 CO 76 CO 8A CO 77 CO 8B CC A8
                                                                     .../.0.v...w....
0x0080: C0 2D C0 2E C0 74 C0 88 C0 75 C0 89 C0 31 C0 32 0x0090: C0 78 C0 8C C0 79 C0 8D C0 AA C0 AB C0 A4 C0 A8
                                                                     .-...t...u...1.2
0x00A0: 00 A8 C0 A5 C0 A9 00 A9 C0 94 C0 8E C0 95 C0 8F
                                                                     . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
0x00B0: CC AB 00 AC 00 AD C0 98 C0 92 C0 99 C0 93 CC AE
                                                                     . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                                     ....z.{
0x00C0: C0 9C C0 A0 00 9C C0 9D C0 A1 00 9D C0 7A C0 7B
0x00D0: 13 05 13 04 13 01 13 02 13 03 00 63 00 65 00 11 0x00E0: 00 13 00 32 00 38 00 44 00 87 00 12 00 66 00 99
                                                                    ....c.e..
                                                                     ...2.8.D....f..
0x00F0: 00 8F 00 90 00 91 00 8E 00 14 00 16 00 33 00 39
                                                                     .....3.9
0x0100: 00 45 00 88 00 15 00 9A 00 0B 00 0D 00 30 00 36
                                                                     .E.........0.6
0x0110: 00 42 00 85 00 0C 00 97 00 0E 00 10 00 31 00 37
                                                                    .B.....1.7
0x0120: 00 43 00 86 00 0F 00 98 00 19 00 17 00 1B 00 34
                                                                    .C....4
0x0130: 00 3A 00 46 00 89 00 1A 00 18 00 9B C0 08 C0 09 0x0140: C0 0A C0 06 C0 07 C0 12 C0 13 C0 14 C0 10 C0 11
0x0150: C0 03 C0 04 C0 05 C0 01 C0 02 C0 0D C0 0E C0 0F
0x0160: C0 0B C0 0C C0 15 C0 17 C0 18 C0 19 C0 16 00 29
0x0170: 00 26 00 2A 00 27 00 2B 00 28 00 23 00 1F 00 22
                                                                     . & . * . ' . + . ( . # . . . "
0x0180: 00 1E 00 25 00 21 00 24 00 20 00 00 00 8B 00 8C 0x0190: 00 8D 00 8A 00 62 00 61 00 60 00 64 00 08 00 [...]
                                                                     ...%.!.$. .....
```

# 35291 - SSL Certificate Signed Using Weak Hashing Algorithm

# Synopsis

An SSL certificate in the certificate chain has been signed using a weak hash algorithm.

# Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm (e.g. MD2, MD4, MD5, or SHA1). These signature algorithms are known to be vulnerable to collision attacks. An attacker can exploit this to generate another certificate with the same digital signature, allowing an attacker to masquerade as the affected service.

Note that this plugin reports all SSL certificate chains signed with SHA-1 that expire after January 1, 2017 as vulnerable. This is in accordance with Google's gradual sunsetting of the SHA-1 cryptographic hash algorithm.

Note that certificates in the chain that are contained in the Nessus CA database (known\_CA.inc) have been ignored.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3279

http://www.nessus.org/u?9bb87bf2

http://www.nessus.org/u?e120eea1

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d894816

http://www.nessus.org/u?51db68aa

http://www.nessus.org/u?9dc7bfba

#### Solution

Contact the Certificate Authority to have the SSL certificate reissued.

# Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

#### 3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 11849 BID 33065

CVE CVE-2004-2761

XREF CERT:836068

XREF CWE:310

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/05, Modified: 2022/01/14

# Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

```
The following certificates were part of the certificate chain sent by
the remote host, but contain hashes that are considered to be weak.
                                                                            : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna
Signature Algorithm : SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Valid From : Sep 23 21:48:17 2017 GMT
Valid To
                                                                               : Sep 23 21:48:17 2027 GMT
Raw PEM certificate :
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
xeuLNnoAz/Fc81qVvdPwGHAsNJsaxaxsdXinSkaM2DgsdSpEavY2BjkTzKhVKu3LGE/b0U1RWpvTWdwwly4oyhhE1kkabJFnP
+OA1MXLY6KeqIi/IvWyO58Bzq0KiPq70p+qD16YLdesIe0NHxebTP2Pv4CLitcfbDGhT6mvbx80unbLJOEb/
SAAo5AC5J9ZLm5TnGkpiBA5njtcddKWMM5xTM6zgCSwKJtKu06PUKbCda3Fio2X/
nf53qOW63IRqKRMttPVZTXhg/9mPXKzCMJwjsdUk8pNyCMCAwEAAaNQME4wHQYDVR0OBBYEFEZX2rfBeD7Rz4//
Toq1DniWoBngMB8GA1UdIwQYMBaAFEZX2rfBeD7Rz4//
{\tt Toq1DniWoBngMawGA1UdEwQFMAMBAf8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADggEBACreGdHonSFc0JQrRYqLLQDIWigCakZsrgBM1SPTg6U1njCC0Y2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM
m8ZKGFKWx/+4AWaTt/
R8VX7gfVk0LMWYGGzUAVYBJa01kzcibkEuYbFVOHwXpDkzPWNAvQDtqged52MSW/01SpLZRfHb6C4L41CfE0z50D6ryzoMciCPMoqSeFZvsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadspload
+T4c1jJTRp8Wxef2y3Mm9eriI0qpNwXy05WRLFXchhyuPtU46qyukKtmjQ0zplBZ6PXrzRbIJRqR1+UpDFAzi7s6yh4BoxS
+49XyjxE9yVMLkhOITEZ3PieZGxgXvtECYIIUTsz480S3ccIfA=
 ----END CERTIFICATE----
```

# 35291 - SSL Certificate Signed Using Weak Hashing Algorithm

# Synopsis

An SSL certificate in the certificate chain has been signed using a weak hash algorithm.

# Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm (e.g. MD2, MD4, MD5, or SHA1). These signature algorithms are known to be vulnerable to collision attacks. An attacker can exploit this to generate another certificate with the same digital signature, allowing an attacker to masquerade as the affected service.

Note that this plugin reports all SSL certificate chains signed with SHA-1 that expire after January 1, 2017 as vulnerable. This is in accordance with Google's gradual sunsetting of the SHA-1 cryptographic hash algorithm.

Note that certificates in the chain that are contained in the Nessus CA database (known\_CA.inc) have been ignored.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3279

http://www.nessus.org/u?9bb87bf2

http://www.nessus.org/u?e120eea1

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d894816

http://www.nessus.org/u?51db68aa

http://www.nessus.org/u?9dc7bfba

#### Solution

Contact the Certificate Authority to have the SSL certificate reissued.

# Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

#### 3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 11849 BID 33065

CVE CVE-2004-2761

XREF CERT:836068

XREF CWE:310

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/05, Modified: 2022/01/14

# Plugin Output

# tcp/993/imap

```
The following certificates were part of the certificate chain sent by
the remote host, but contain hashes that are considered to be weak.
                                                                            : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna
Signature Algorithm : SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Valid From : Sep 23 21:48:17 2017 GMT
Valid To
                                                                               : Sep 23 21:48:17 2027 GMT
Raw PEM certificate :
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
xeuLNnoAz/Fc81qVvdPwGHAsNJsaxaxsdXinSkaM2DgsdSpEavY2BjkTzKhVKu3LGE/b0U1RWpvTWdwwly4oyhhE1kkabJFnP
+OA1MXLY6KeqIi/IvWyO58Bzq0KiPq70p+qD16YLdesIe0NHxebTP2Pv4CLitcfbDGhT6mvbx80unbLJOEb/
SAAo5AC5J9ZLm5TnGkpiBA5njtcddKWMM5xTM6zgCSwKJtKu06PUKbCda3Fio2X/
nf53qOW63IRqKRMttPVZTXhg/9mPXKzCMJwjsdUk8pNyCMCAwEAAaNQME4wHQYDVR0OBBYEFEZX2rfBeD7Rz4//
Toq1DniWoBngMB8GA1UdIwQYMBaAFEZX2rfBeD7Rz4//
{\tt Toq1DniWoBngMawGA1UdEwQFMAMBAf8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADggEBACreGdHonSFc0JQrRYqLLQDIWigCakZsrgBM1SPTg6U1njCC0Y2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM
m8ZKGFKWx/+4AWaTt/
R8VX7gfVk0LMWYGGzUAVYBJa01kzcibkEuYbFVOHwXpDkzPWNAvQDtqged52MSW/01SpLZRfHb6C4L41CfE0z50D6ryzoMciCPMoqSeFZvsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadspload
+T4c1jJTRp8Wxef2y3Mm9eriI0qpNwXy05WRLFXchhyuPtU46qyukKtmjQ0zplBZ6PXrzRbIJRqR1+UpDFAzi7s6yh4BoxS
+49XyjxE9yVMLkhOITEZ3PieZGxgXvtECYIIUTsz480S3ccIfA=
 ----END CERTIFICATE----
```

# 35291 - SSL Certificate Signed Using Weak Hashing Algorithm

# Synopsis

An SSL certificate in the certificate chain has been signed using a weak hash algorithm.

# Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that has been signed using a cryptographically weak hashing algorithm (e.g. MD2, MD4, MD5, or SHA1). These signature algorithms are known to be vulnerable to collision attacks. An attacker can exploit this to generate another certificate with the same digital signature, allowing an attacker to masquerade as the affected service.

Note that this plugin reports all SSL certificate chains signed with SHA-1 that expire after January 1, 2017 as vulnerable. This is in accordance with Google's gradual sunsetting of the SHA-1 cryptographic hash algorithm.

Note that certificates in the chain that are contained in the Nessus CA database (known\_CA.inc) have been ignored.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3279

http://www.nessus.org/u?9bb87bf2

http://www.nessus.org/u?e120eea1

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d894816

http://www.nessus.org/u?51db68aa

http://www.nessus.org/u?9dc7bfba

#### Solution

Contact the Certificate Authority to have the SSL certificate reissued.

# Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.7 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

#### 3.9 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 11849 BID 33065

CVE CVE-2004-2761

XREF CERT:836068

XREF CWE:310

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/05, Modified: 2022/01/14

# Plugin Output

# tcp/995/pop3

```
The following certificates were part of the certificate chain sent by
the remote host, but contain hashes that are considered to be weak.
                                                                            : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna
Signature Algorithm : SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Valid From : Sep 23 21:48:17 2017 GMT
Valid To
                                                                               : Sep 23 21:48:17 2027 GMT
Raw PEM certificate :
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
xeuLNnoAz/Fc81qVvdPwGHAsNJsaxaxsdXinSkaM2DgsdSpEavY2BjkTzKhVKu3LGE/b0U1RWpvTWdwwly4oyhhE1kkabJFnP
+OA1MXLY6KeqIi/IvWyO58Bzq0KiPq70p+qD16YLdesIe0NHxebTP2Pv4CLitcfbDGhT6mvbx80unbLJOEb/
SAAo5AC5J9ZLm5TnGkpiBA5njtcddKWMM5xTM6zgCSwKJtKu06PUKbCda3Fio2X/
nf53qOW63IRqKRMttPVZTXhg/9mPXKzCMJwjsdUk8pNyCMCAwEAAaNQME4wHQYDVR0OBBYEFEZX2rfBeD7Rz4//
Toq1DniWoBngMB8GA1UdIwQYMBaAFEZX2rfBeD7Rz4//
{\tt Toq1DniWoBngMawGA1UdEwQFMAMBAf8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADggEBACreGdHonSFc0JQrRYqLLQDIWigCakZsrgBM1SPTg6U1njCC0Y2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM0GOW2vM
m8ZKGFKWx/+4AWaTt/
R8VX7gfVk0LMWYGGzUAVYBJa01kzcibkEuYbFVOHwXpDkzPWNAvQDtqged52MSW/01SpLZRfHb6C4L41CfE0z50D6ryzoMciCPMoqSeFZvsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadsploadspload
+T4c1jJTRp8Wxef2y3Mm9eriI0qpNwXy05WRLFXchhyuPtU46qyukKtmjQ0zplBZ6PXrzRbIJRqR1+UpDFAzi7s6yh4BoxS
+49XyjxE9yVMLkhOITEZ3PieZGxgXvtECYIIUTsz480S3ccIfA=
 ----END CERTIFICATE----
```

# 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

# Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

# Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Medium Strength	Ciphers	(>	64-bit	and	<	112-bit	kev.	or	3DES)

	Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
	EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
S	HA1					
	ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
S	HA1					
	ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0xC0, 0x12	ECDH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
S	HA1					
	AECDH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0xC0, 0x17	ECDH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
S	HA1					
	DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
S	HA1					

#### The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

# 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

# Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

# Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/993/imap

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

Na	nme	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
ED	DH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1						
DE	S-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
спу1						

#### The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

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# 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

# Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

# Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/995/pop3

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

Na	ame	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
ED	DH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1						
DE	S-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
спу1						

#### The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}

Kex={key exchange}

Auth={authentication}

Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}

MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

# 77200 - OpenSSL 'ChangeCipherSpec' MiTM Vulnerability

# Synopsis

The remote host is affected by a vulnerability that could allow sensitive data to be decrypted.

# Description

The OpenSSL service on the remote host is vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle (MiTM) attack, based on its acceptance of a specially crafted handshake.

This flaw could allow a MiTM attacker to decrypt or forge SSL messages by telling the service to begin encrypted communications before key material has been exchanged, which causes predictable keys to be used to secure future traffic.

Note that Nessus has only tested for an SSL/TLS MiTM vulnerability (CVE-2014-0224). However, Nessus has inferred that the OpenSSL service on the remote host is also affected by six additional vulnerabilities that were disclosed in OpenSSL's June 5th, 2014 security advisory:

- An error exists in the 'ssl3\_read\_bytes' function that permits data to be injected into other sessions or allows denial of service attacks. Note that this issue is exploitable only if SSL\_MODE\_RELEASE\_BUFFERS is enabled. (CVE-2010-5298)
- An error exists related to the implementation of the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA) that allows nonce disclosure via the 'FLUSH+RELOAD' cache side-channel attack. (CVE-2014-0076)
- A buffer overflow error exists related to invalid DTLS fragment handling that permits the execution of arbitrary code or allows denial of service attacks.

Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL when used as a DTLS client or server. (CVE-2014-0195)

- An error exists in the 'do\_ssl3\_write' function that permits a NULL pointer to be dereferenced, which could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue is exploitable only if SSL\_MODE\_RELEASE\_BUFFERS is enabled. (CVE-2014-0198)
- An error exists related to DTLS handshake handling that could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL when used as a DTLS client. (CVE-2014-0221)
- An error exists in the 'dtls1 get message fragment'

function related to anonymous ECDH cipher suites. This could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL TLS clients. (CVE-2014-3470)

OpenSSL did not release individual patches for these vulnerabilities, instead they were all patched under a single version release. Note that the service will remain vulnerable after patching until the service or host is restarted.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?d5709faa

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/06/05/earlyccs.html

https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20140605.txt

#### Solution

OpenSSL 0.9.8 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 0.9.8za. OpenSSL 1.0.0 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.0m. OpenSSL 1.0.1 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.1h.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CCCCC

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

# References

חום

RID	66363
BID	66801
BID	67193
BID	67898
BID	67899
BID	67900
BID	67901
CVE	CVE-2010-5298
CVE	CVE-2014-0076
CVE	CVE-2014-0195
CVE	CVE-2014-0198
CVE	CVE-2014-0221
CVE	CVE-2014-0224
CVE	CVE-2014-3470
XREF	CERT:978508

# Exploitable With

# Core Impact (true)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2014/08/14, Modified: 2021/03/11

# Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

The remote service on port 25 accepted an early ChangeCipherSpec message, which caused the MAC and encryption keys to be derived entirely from public information. The entire SSL handshake was completed, with the server accepting and producing messages encrypted and authenticated using these weak keys.

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# 77200 - OpenSSL 'ChangeCipherSpec' MiTM Vulnerability

# Synopsis

The remote host is affected by a vulnerability that could allow sensitive data to be decrypted.

# Description

The OpenSSL service on the remote host is vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle (MiTM) attack, based on its acceptance of a specially crafted handshake.

This flaw could allow a MiTM attacker to decrypt or forge SSL messages by telling the service to begin encrypted communications before key material has been exchanged, which causes predictable keys to be used to secure future traffic.

Note that Nessus has only tested for an SSL/TLS MiTM vulnerability (CVE-2014-0224). However, Nessus has inferred that the OpenSSL service on the remote host is also affected by six additional vulnerabilities that were disclosed in OpenSSL's June 5th, 2014 security advisory:

- An error exists in the 'ssl3\_read\_bytes' function that permits data to be injected into other sessions or allows denial of service attacks. Note that this issue is exploitable only if SSL\_MODE\_RELEASE\_BUFFERS is enabled. (CVE-2010-5298)
- An error exists related to the implementation of the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA) that allows nonce disclosure via the 'FLUSH+RELOAD' cache side-channel attack. (CVE-2014-0076)
- A buffer overflow error exists related to invalid DTLS fragment handling that permits the execution of arbitrary code or allows denial of service attacks.

Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL when used as a DTLS client or server. (CVE-2014-0195)

- An error exists in the 'do\_ssl3\_write' function that permits a NULL pointer to be dereferenced, which could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue is exploitable only if SSL\_MODE\_RELEASE\_BUFFERS is enabled. (CVE-2014-0198)
- An error exists related to DTLS handshake handling that could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL when used as a DTLS client. (CVE-2014-0221)

- An error exists in the 'dtls1 get message fragment'

function related to anonymous ECDH cipher suites. This could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL TLS clients. (CVE-2014-3470)

OpenSSL did not release individual patches for these vulnerabilities, instead they were all patched under a single version release. Note that the service will remain vulnerable after patching until the service or host is restarted.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?d5709faa

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/06/05/earlyccs.html

https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20140605.txt

#### Solution

OpenSSL 0.9.8 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 0.9.8za. OpenSSL 1.0.0 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.0m. OpenSSL 1.0.1 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.1h.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

# References

BID	66363
BID	66801
BID	67193
BID	67898
BID	67899
BID	67900
BID	67901
CVE	CVE-2010-5298
CVE	CVE-2014-0076
CVE	CVE-2014-0195
CVE	CVE-2014-0198
CVE	CVE-2014-0221
CVE	CVE-2014-0224
CVE	CVE-2014-3470
XREF	CERT:978508

# Exploitable With

# Core Impact (true)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2014/08/14, Modified: 2021/03/11

# Plugin Output

# tcp/993/imap

The remote service on port 993 accepted an early ChangeCipherSpec message, which caused the MAC and encryption keys to be derived entirely from public information. The entire SSL handshake was completed, with the server accepting and producing messages encrypted and authenticated using these weak keys.

# 77200 - OpenSSL 'ChangeCipherSpec' MiTM Vulnerability

# Synopsis

The remote host is affected by a vulnerability that could allow sensitive data to be decrypted.

# Description

The OpenSSL service on the remote host is vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle (MiTM) attack, based on its acceptance of a specially crafted handshake.

This flaw could allow a MiTM attacker to decrypt or forge SSL messages by telling the service to begin encrypted communications before key material has been exchanged, which causes predictable keys to be used to secure future traffic.

Note that Nessus has only tested for an SSL/TLS MiTM vulnerability (CVE-2014-0224). However, Nessus has inferred that the OpenSSL service on the remote host is also affected by six additional vulnerabilities that were disclosed in OpenSSL's June 5th, 2014 security advisory:

- An error exists in the 'ssl3\_read\_bytes' function that permits data to be injected into other sessions or allows denial of service attacks. Note that this issue is exploitable only if SSL\_MODE\_RELEASE\_BUFFERS is enabled. (CVE-2010-5298)
- An error exists related to the implementation of the Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA) that allows nonce disclosure via the 'FLUSH+RELOAD' cache side-channel attack. (CVE-2014-0076)
- A buffer overflow error exists related to invalid DTLS fragment handling that permits the execution of arbitrary code or allows denial of service attacks.

Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL when used as a DTLS client or server. (CVE-2014-0195)

- An error exists in the 'do\_ssl3\_write' function that permits a NULL pointer to be dereferenced, which could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue is exploitable only if SSL\_MODE\_RELEASE\_BUFFERS is enabled. (CVE-2014-0198)
- An error exists related to DTLS handshake handling that could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL when used as a DTLS client. (CVE-2014-0221)

- An error exists in the 'dtls1 get message fragment'

function related to anonymous ECDH cipher suites. This could allow denial of service attacks. Note that this issue only affects OpenSSL TLS clients. (CVE-2014-3470)

OpenSSL did not release individual patches for these vulnerabilities, instead they were all patched under a single version release. Note that the service will remain vulnerable after patching until the service or host is restarted.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?d5709faa

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/06/05/earlyccs.html

https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20140605.txt

#### Solution

OpenSSL 0.9.8 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 0.9.8za. OpenSSL 1.0.0 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.0m. OpenSSL 1.0.1 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.1h.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:L)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CCCCC

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.6 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

חום

RID	66363
BID	66801
BID	67193
BID	67898
BID	67899
BID	67900
BID	67901
CVE	CVE-2010-5298
CVE	CVE-2014-0076
CVE	CVE-2014-0195
CVE	CVE-2014-0198
CVE	CVE-2014-0221
CVE	CVE-2014-0224
CVE	CVE-2014-3470
XREF	CERT:978508

# Exploitable With

### Core Impact (true)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2014/08/14, Modified: 2021/03/11

# Plugin Output

# tcp/995/pop3

The remote service on port 995 accepted an early ChangeCipherSpec message, which caused the MAC and encryption keys to be derived entirely from public information. The entire SSL handshake was completed, with the server accepting and producing messages encrypted and authenticated using these weak keys.

### 57608 - SMB Signing not required

### Synopsis

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

# Description

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx

http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723

https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea

#### Solution

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

# 90317 - SSH Weak Algorithms Supported

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak encryption algorithms or no algorithm at all.

### Description

Nessus has detected that the remote SSH server is configured to use the Arcfour stream cipher or no cipher at all. RFC 4253 advises against using Arcfour due to an issue with weak keys.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4253#section-6.3

#### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to remove the weak ciphers.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/04, Modified: 2016/12/14

### Plugin Output

### tcp/22/ssh

```
The following weak server-to-client encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour128
arcfour256

The following weak client-to-server encryption algorithms are supported:

arcfour
arcfour256
```

### 31705 - SSL Anonymous Cipher Suites Supported

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of anonymous SSL ciphers.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of anonymous SSL ciphers. While this enables an administrator to set up a service that encrypts traffic without having to generate and configure SSL certificates, it offers no way to verify the remote host's identity and renders the service vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle attack.

Note: This is considerably easier to exploit if the attacker is on the same physical network.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?3a040ada

Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of weak ciphers.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 28482

CVE CVE-2007-1858

Plugin Information

# Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-	bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	1
EVD ADII DEG CDC CHA	000 010	 DII (E12)	Mene	DEG CDC (40)	
EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA HA1 export	0x00, 0x19	DH(512)	None	DES-CBC(40)	
EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x17	DH(512)	None	RC4(40)	1
ADH-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x1A	DH	None	DES-CBC(56)	
HA1					
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	54-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3DE	S)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	Ι
ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
HA1 AECDH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0xC0, 0x17	ECDH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
HA1	OACO, OAI,	ECDII	NOTIC	JDED CDC(100)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11	12-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	1
DH-AES128-SHA256	0x00, 0xA6	DH	None	AES-GCM(128)	
HA256 DH-AES256-SHA384	0x00, 0xA7	DH	None	AES-GCM(256)	
HA384	UAUU, UAA7	DII	NOHE	AES GCM(230)	
ADH-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x34	DH	None	AES-CBC(128)	
HA1					
ADH-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x3A	DH	None	AES-CBC(256)	
HA1	000 046	DII	Money	Compilia CDC (120)	
ADH-CAMELLIA128-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x46	DH	None	Camellia-CBC(128)	
ADH-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x89	DH	None	Camellia-CBC(256)	
HA1					

### 51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

#### **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

### Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

#### See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

# Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

```
The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority :
```

|-Subject : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna |-Issuer : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna

### 51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

#### **Synopsis**

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

### Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

#### See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

# Plugin Output

## tcp/993/imap

```
The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority :
```

|-Subject : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna |-Issuer : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna

### 51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

### Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

# Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

#### See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

# Plugin Output

# tcp/995/pop3

```
The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority :
```

|-Subject : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna |-Issuer : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna

# 65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

#### See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII Attacking SSL when using RC4.pdf

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

### Risk Factor

#### Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

#### 3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

#### References

BID 58796 BID 73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

### Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                          KEX
                                                      Auth Encryption
   Name
   -----
                                                        ----
   EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5
                           0x00, 0x17
                                           DH(512)
                                                       None RC4(40)
     export
                           0x00, 0x03
                                                       RSA RC4(40)
                                                                                   MD5
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                          RSA(512)
    export
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                           KEX
                                                       Auth Encryption
   Name
                             Code
                                                                                   MAC
                                                             RC4 (128)
   ADH-RC4-MD5
                             0x00, 0x18
                                                        None
   ECDHE-RSA-RC4-SHA
                             0xC0, 0x11
                                           ECDH
                                                       RSA
SHA1
                            0xC0, 0x16
   AECDH-RC4-SHA
                                           ECDH
                                                       None RC4(128)
SHA1
                                                             RC4 (128)
                             0x00, 0x04
                                           RSA
                                                       RSA
                                                                                   MD5
   RC4-MD5
   RC4 - SHA
                             0x00, 0x05
                                            RSA
                                                        RSA
                                                               RC4 (128)
SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

# 65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

#### See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII Attacking SSL when using RC4.pdf

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

### Risk Factor

#### Medium

# CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

#### 3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

### References

BID	58796
BID	73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

# Plugin Output

### tcp/993/imap

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                              KEX
   Name
                                                           Auth Encryption
                              0x00, 0x04 RSA
0x00, 0x05 RSA
                                                                      _____
                                                          RSA RC4 (128)
RSA RC4 (128)
   RC4-MD5
                                                                                          MD5
   RC4-SHA
 SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

# 65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

#### See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII Attacking SSL when using RC4.pdf

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

### Risk Factor

#### Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

#### 3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

### References

BID	58796
BID	73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

# Plugin Output

### tcp/995/pop3

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                              KEX
   Name
                                                           Auth Encryption
                              0x00, 0x04 RSA
0x00, 0x05 RSA
                                                                      _____
                                                         RSA RC4 (128)
RSA RC4 (128)
   RC4-MD5
                                                                                          MD5
   RC4-SHA
 SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

# 57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

# Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

### Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

 $| \mbox{-Subject : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna} \\$ 

# 57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

### Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

### Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/993/imap

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

 $| \mbox{-Subject : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna} \\$ 

# 57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

# Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

### Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/995/pop3

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

 $| \mbox{-Subject : O=Dovecot mail server/OU=saturna/CN=saturna/E=root@saturna} \\$ 

# 26928 - SSL Weak Cipher Suites Supported

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of weak SSL ciphers.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer weak encryption.

Note: This is considerably easier to exploit if the attacker is on the same physical network.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?6527892d

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible to avoid the use of weak ciphers.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### References

XREF	CWE:326
XREF	CWE:327
XREF	CWE:720
XREF	CWE:753
XREF	CWE:803
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:934

## Plugin Information

Published: 2007/10/08, Modified: 2021/02/03

### Plugin Output

### tcp/25/smtp

```
Here is the list of weak SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                              KEX
                                                          Auth Encryption
  Name
                               Code
                                                                                        MAC.
                                                           ----
   EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                              0x00, 0x14
                                            DH(512)
                                                          RSA
                                                                 DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1 export
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                              0x00, 0x15
                                                           RSA
                                                                   DES-CBC(56)
 SHA1
  EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                             0x00, 0x19
                                              DH(512)
                                                          None DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1
        export
  EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5
                              0x00, 0x17
                                              DH(512)
                                                                   RC4(40)
                                                                                        MD5
                                                          None
     export
                              0x00, 0x1A
                                                                 DES-CBC(56)
   ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                                              DH
                                                           None
 SHA1
  EXP-DES-CBC-SHA
                              0x00, 0x08
                                              RSA(512)
                                                          RSA
                                                                 DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1 export
  EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                              0x00, 0x06
                                                                  RC2-CBC(40)
                                                                                        MD5
                                              RSA (512)
                                                          RSA
     export
                              0x00, 0x03
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                              RSA(512)
                                                           RSA
                                                                   RC4 (40)
                                                                                        MD5
     export
   DES-CBC-SHA
                              0x00, 0x09
                                              RSA
                                                           RSA
                                                                 DES-CBC(56)
SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

# 81606 - SSL/TLS EXPORT\_RSA <= 512-bit Cipher Suites Supported (FREAK)

### Synopsis

The remote host supports a set of weak ciphers.

### Description

The remote host supports EXPORT\_RSA cipher suites with keys less than or equal to 512 bits. An attacker can factor a 512-bit RSA modulus in a short amount of time.

A man-in-the middle attacker may be able to downgrade the session to use EXPORT\_RSA cipher suites (e.g. CVE-2015-0204). Thus, it is recommended to remove support for weak cipher suites.

#### See Also

https://www.smacktls.com/#freak

https://www.openssl.org/news/secadv/20150108.txt

http://www.nessus.org/u?b78da2c4

#### Solution

Reconfigure the service to remove support for EXPORT\_RSA cipher suites.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 71936

CVE CVE-2015-0204 XREF CERT:243585

## Plugin Information

Published: 2015/03/04, Modified: 2021/02/03

## Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

```
EXPORT_RSA cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)

        Code
        KEX
        Auth
        Encryption
        MAC

        0x00, 0x08
        RSA(512)
        RSA
        DES-CBC(40)

   Name
                                                                                                      MAC
   EXP-DES-CBC-SHA
 SHA1 export
   EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                                  0x00, 0x06
                                                     RSA(512)
                                                                    RSA
                                                                             RC2-CBC(40)
                                                                                                       MD5
     export
                                                                             RC4 (40)
   EXP-RC4-MD5
                                  0x00, 0x03
                                                    RSA(512)
                                                                    RSA
                                                                                                      MD5
     export
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

### 104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

## References

XREF CWE:327

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2023/04/19

#### Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

 ${\tt TLSv1}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

### 104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

### Risk Factor

Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

#### References

XREF CWE:327

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2023/04/19

#### Plugin Output

# tcp/993/imap

 $\ensuremath{\operatorname{TLSv1}}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

### 104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

# tcp/995/pop3

 $\ensuremath{\operatorname{TLSv1}}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 157288 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Deprecated

### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1. TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites. Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

#### See Also

https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8996

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/04/04, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

TLSv1.1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 157288 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Deprecated

### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

## Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1. TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites. Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

#### See Also

https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8996

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/04/04, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/993/imap

TLSv1.1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 157288 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Deprecated

# Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

# Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1. TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites. Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

#### See Also

https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8996

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/04/04, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/995/pop3

TLSv1.1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

192.168.56.102 74

#### 70658 - SSH Server CBC Mode Ciphers Enabled

# Synopsis

The SSH server is configured to use Cipher Block Chaining.

# Description

The SSH server is configured to support Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) encryption. This may allow an attacker to recover the plaintext message from the ciphertext.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server and does not check for vulnerable software versions.

#### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable CBC mode cipher encryption, and enable CTR or GCM cipher mode encryption.

#### Risk Factor

Low

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 32319

CVE CVE-2008-5161
XREF CERT:958563
XREF CWE:200

# Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2023/10/27

# Plugin Output

### tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms
are supported :
 3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes192-cbc
 aes256-cbc
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The following server-to-client Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) algorithms
are supported :
 3des-cbc
 aes128-cbc
 aes192-cbc
 aes256-cbc
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
```

192.168.56.102 76

#### 153953 - SSH Weak Key Exchange Algorithms Enabled

# Synopsis The remote SSH server is configured to allow weak key exchange algorithms. Description The remote SSH server is configured to allow key exchange algorithms which are considered weak. This is based on the IETF draft document Key Exchange (KEX) Method Updates and Recommendations for Secure Shell (SSH) draft-ietf-curdle-ssh-kex-sha2-20. Section 4 lists guidance on key exchange algorithms that SHOULD NOT and MUST NOT be enabled. This includes: diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1 diffie-hellman-group1-sha1 gss-gex-sha1-\* gss-group1-sha1-\* gss-group14-sha1-\* rsa1024-sha1 Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions. See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?b02d91cd https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8732 Solution Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable the weak algorithms. Risk Factor low CVSS v3.0 Base Score 3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/10/13, Modified: 2021/10/13

# Plugin Output

# tcp/22/ssh

The following weak key exchange algorithms are enabled :

diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
diffie-hellman-group1-sha1

192.168.56.102 78

#### 71049 - SSH Weak MAC Algorithms Enabled

### Synopsis

The remote SSH server is configured to allow MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

# Description

The remote SSH server is configured to allow either MD5 or 96-bit MAC algorithms, both of which are considered weak.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the SSH server, and it does not check for vulnerable software versions.

#### Solution

Contact the vendor or consult product documentation to disable MD5 and 96-bit MAC algorithms.

#### Risk Factor

Low

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2013/11/22, Modified: 2016/12/14

## Plugin Output

# tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-sha1-96
hmac-sha2-256-96
hmac-sha2-512-96

The following server-to-client Message Authentication Code (MAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-md5
hmac-md5-96
hmac-sha1-96
hmac-sha1-96
hmac-sha2-256-96
hmac-sha2-512-96
```

#### 83738 - SSL/TLS EXPORT DHE <= 512-bit Export Cipher Suites Supported (Logjam)

# Synopsis The remote host supports a set of weak ciphers. Description The remote host supports EXPORT\_DHE cipher suites with keys less than or equal to 512 bits. Through cryptanalysis, a third party can find the shared secret in a short amount of time. A man-in-the middle attacker may be able to downgrade the session to use EXPORT DHE cipher suites. Thus, it is recommended to remove support for weak cipher suites. See Also https://weakdh.org/ Solution Reconfigure the service to remove support for EXPORT\_DHE cipher suites. Risk Factor Low CVSS v3.0 Base Score 3.7 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 3.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

References

BID 74733

CVE CVE-2015-4000

2.2 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0004

Published: 2015/05/21, Modified: 2022/12/05

# Plugin Output

### tcp/25/smtp

```
EXPORT_DHE cipher suites supported by the remote server :
Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                          KEX
                                                      Auth Encryption
                                                                                 MAC
  Name
                            Code
                                                            DES-CBC(40)
  EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                           0x00, 0x14
                                          DH(512)
                                                       RSA
SHA1
       export
                                                       None DES-CBC(40)
  EXP - ADH - DES - CBC - SHA
                           0x00, 0x19
                                          DH(512)
SHA1
       export
                        0x00, 0x17 DH(512)
  EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5
                                                       None RC4(40)
                                                                                  MD5
    export
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

## 78479 - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

# Description

The remote host is affected by a man-in-the-middle (MitM) information disclosure vulnerability known as POODLE. The vulnerability is due to the way SSL 3.0 handles padding bytes when decrypting messages encrypted using block ciphers in cipher block chaining (CBC) mode.

MitM attackers can decrypt a selected byte of a cipher text in as few as 256 tries if they are able to force a victim application to repeatedly send the same data over newly created SSL 3.0 connections.

As long as a client and service both support SSLv3, a connection can be 'rolled back' to SSLv3, even if TLSv1 or newer is supported by the client and service.

The TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism prevents 'version rollback' attacks without impacting legacy clients; however, it can only protect connections when the client and service support the mechanism. Sites that cannot disable SSLv3 immediately should enable this mechanism.

This is a vulnerability in the SSLv3 specification, not in any particular SSL implementation. Disabling SSLv3 is the only way to completely mitigate the vulnerability.

#### See Also

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00

#### Solution

### Disable SSLv3.

Services that must support SSLv3 should enable the TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism until SSLv3 can be disabled.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:L/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

### 3.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

# 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

# 3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

# References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

# Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2023/06/23

# Plugin Output

### tcp/25/smtp

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

## 78479 - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

# Description

The remote host is affected by a man-in-the-middle (MitM) information disclosure vulnerability known as POODLE. The vulnerability is due to the way SSL 3.0 handles padding bytes when decrypting messages encrypted using block ciphers in cipher block chaining (CBC) mode.

MitM attackers can decrypt a selected byte of a cipher text in as few as 256 tries if they are able to force a victim application to repeatedly send the same data over newly created SSL 3.0 connections.

As long as a client and service both support SSLv3, a connection can be 'rolled back' to SSLv3, even if TLSv1 or newer is supported by the client and service.

The TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism prevents 'version rollback' attacks without impacting legacy clients; however, it can only protect connections when the client and service support the mechanism. Sites that cannot disable SSLv3 immediately should enable this mechanism.

This is a vulnerability in the SSLv3 specification, not in any particular SSL implementation. Disabling SSLv3 is the only way to completely mitigate the vulnerability.

#### See Also

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00

#### Solution

### Disable SSLv3.

Services that must support SSLv3 should enable the TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism until SSLv3 can be disabled.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:L/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

### 3.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

# 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

# 3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

# References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

# Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2023/06/23

# Plugin Output

### tcp/993/imap

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

## 78479 - SSLv3 Padding Oracle On Downgraded Legacy Encryption Vulnerability (POODLE)

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to obtain sensitive information from the remote host with SSL/TLS-enabled services.

# Description

The remote host is affected by a man-in-the-middle (MitM) information disclosure vulnerability known as POODLE. The vulnerability is due to the way SSL 3.0 handles padding bytes when decrypting messages encrypted using block ciphers in cipher block chaining (CBC) mode.

MitM attackers can decrypt a selected byte of a cipher text in as few as 256 tries if they are able to force a victim application to repeatedly send the same data over newly created SSL 3.0 connections.

As long as a client and service both support SSLv3, a connection can be 'rolled back' to SSLv3, even if TLSv1 or newer is supported by the client and service.

The TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism prevents 'version rollback' attacks without impacting legacy clients; however, it can only protect connections when the client and service support the mechanism. Sites that cannot disable SSLv3 immediately should enable this mechanism.

This is a vulnerability in the SSLv3 specification, not in any particular SSL implementation. Disabling SSLv3 is the only way to completely mitigate the vulnerability.

#### See Also

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-downgrade-scsv-00

#### Solution

### Disable SSLv3.

Services that must support SSLv3 should enable the TLS Fallback SCSV mechanism until SSLv3 can be disabled.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

3.4 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:L/I:N/A:N)

#### CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

### 3.1 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

# 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

# 3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

### References

BID 70574

CVE CVE-2014-3566 XREF CERT:577193

# Plugin Information

Published: 2014/10/15, Modified: 2023/06/23

# Plugin Output

### tcp/995/pop3

Nessus determined that the remote server supports SSLv3 with at least one CBC cipher suite, indicating that this server is vulnerable.

It appears that TLSv1 or newer is supported on the server. However, the Fallback SCSV mechanism is not supported, allowing connections to be "rolled back" to SSLv3.

# 39520 - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote SSH server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh
Give Nessus gradentials to perform local checks

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

# Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

# Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

## Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2023/10/16

# Plugin Output

### tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:12.04 -> Canonical Ubuntu Linux

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:5.9 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH
cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:5.9p1 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH
cpe:/a:samba:samba:3.6.25 -> Samba Samba
```

# 54615 - Device Type

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 95

# 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

# Synopsis The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI. Description Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE. See Also https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13 Plugin Output tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified: 08:00:27:C3:6B:1C : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

# 86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

# Synopsis

This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

# Description

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses:

- 08:00:27:C3:6B:1C

# 10092 - FTP Server Detection

# **Synopsis**

An FTP server is listening on a remote port.

# Description

It is possible to obtain the banner of the remote FTP server by connecting to a remote port.

#### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0943

# Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2023/08/17

# Plugin Output

# tcp/21/ftp

```
The remote FTP banner is:

220 ProFTPD 1.3.5rc3 Server (ProFTPD Default Installation) [192.168.56.102]
```

# 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

# Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

#### Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

## Risk Factor

None

### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

### References

CVE CVE-1999-0524

XREF CWE:200

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2023/04/27

## Plugin Output

### icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is -1 seconds.

# 11414 - IMAP Service Banner Retrieval

# **Synopsis**

An IMAP server is running on the remote host.

# Description

An IMAP (Internet Message Access Protocol) server is installed and running on the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/18, Modified: 2011/03/16

# Plugin Output

# tcp/993/imap

The remote imap server banner is :

\* OK [CAPABILITY IMAP4rev1 LITERAL+ SASL-IR LOGIN-REFERRALS ID ENABLE IDLE AUTH=PLAIN AUTH=LOGIN] Dovecot ready.

# 10397 - Microsoft Windows SMB LanMan Pipe Server Listing Disclosure

# Synopsis

It is possible to obtain network information.

# Description

It was possible to obtain the browse list of the remote Windows system by sending a request to the LANMAN pipe. The browse list is the list of the nearest Windows systems of the remote host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01

# Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
Here is the browse list of the remote host :

SATURNA ( os : 0.0 )

UBS16 ( os : 0.0 )
```

# 10785 - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

# Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.

# Description

Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB to be enabled on the host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2021/09/20

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote Operating System is: Unix
The remote native LAN manager is: Samba 3.6.25
The remote SMB Domain Name is: SATURNA

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

# Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

# Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

An SMB server is running on this port.

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

# Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

# Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

A CIFS server is running on this port.

# 100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

# Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.

# Description

Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports the following versions of  ${\rm SMB}$  :  ${\rm SMBv1}$ 

# 106716 - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

# Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.

# Description

Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11

# Plugin Output

# tcp/445/cifs

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

# Plugin Output

### tcp/21/ftp

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

# Plugin Output

### tcp/22/ssh

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Port 25/tcp was found to be open

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/993/imap

Port 993/tcp was found to be open

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/995/pop3

Port 995/tcp was found to be open

## 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

# **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

# Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2023/07/31

## Plugin Output

## tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 10.6.3
Nessus build : 20009
Plugin feed version : 202311231627
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : debian10-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : Vulnerbility
```

```
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.56.101
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : default
Ping RTT : 111.768 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched)
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 4
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Nessus Plugin Signature Checking : Enabled
Audit File Signature Checking : Disabled
Scan Start Date : 2023/11/24 12:13 EST
Scan duration: 888 sec
Scan for malware : no
```

# 43815 - NetBIOS Multiple IP Address Enumeration

# Synopsis

The remote host is configured with multiple IP addresses.

# Description

By sending a special NetBIOS query, Nessus was able to detect the use of multiple IP addresses on the remote host. This indicates the host may be running virtualization software, a VPN client, or has multiple network interfaces.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/01/06, Modified: 2011/09/02

Plugin Output

udp/137/netbios-ns

The remote host appears to be using the following IP addresses :

- 192.168.56.102
- 10.0.2.15

# 11936 - OS Identification

## **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

# Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2023/11/08

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 3.0 on Ubuntu 12.04 (precise)
Confidence level: 95
Method : SSH
Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think some or all of
the following could be used to identify the host's operating system,
please email them to os-signatures@nessus.org. Be sure to include a
brief description of the host itself, such as the actual operating
system or product / model names.
SSH:SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_5.9p1 Debian-5ubuntu1.10
SinFP:
  P1:B10113:F0x12:W14600:O0204ffff:M1460:
  P2:B10113:F0x12:W14480:O0204ffff0402080affffffff4445414401030304:M1460:
  P3:B00000:F0x00:W0:O0:M0
  P4:190703_7_p=139
SMTP:!:220 saturna ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)
SSLcert:!:i/CN:saturnai/O:Dovecot mail serveri/OU:saturnas/CN:saturnas/O:Dovecot mail servers/
OU:saturna
98d0708e519d847ad84bc5d97279e97e3a119ee2
i/CN:saturnai/O:Dovecot mail serveri/OU:saturnas/CN:saturnas/O:Dovecot mail servers/OU:saturna
98d0708e519d847ad84bc5d97279e97e3a119ee2
The remote host is running Linux Kernel 3.0 on Ubuntu 12.04 (precise)
```

# 117886 - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available

# **Synopsis**

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available.

# Description

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available on the remote host.

This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan.

Credentials may not have been provided, OS security patch assessment may not be supported for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented OS security patch assessment from being available. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports non-failure information impacting the availability of OS Security Patch Assessment. Failure information is reported by plugin 21745: 'OS Security Patch Assessment failed'. If a target host is not supported for OS Security Patch Assessment, plugin 110695: 'OS Security Patch Assessment Checks Not Supported' will report concurrently with this plugin.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515

# Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12

#### Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The following issues were reported:
```

```
- Plugin : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
```

Plugin ID : 110723

Plugin Name : Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

Message

Credentials were not provided for detected SSH service.

# 181418 - OpenSSH Detection

Synopsis

An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.

Description

An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.

See Also

https://www.openssh.com/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/09/14, Modified: 2023/11/14

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

Path : / Version : 5.9p1

Distribution : debian-5ubuntu1.10

# 50845 - OpenSSL Detection

Synopsis
The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.
Description
Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic.
Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).
See Also
https://www.openssl.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
tcp/25/smtp

# 50845 - OpenSSL Detection

Synopsis
The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.
Description
Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic.
Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).
See Also
https://www.openssl.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
tcp/993/imap

# 50845 - OpenSSL Detection

Synopsis
The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.
Description
Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic.
Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).
See Also
https://www.openssl.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
tcp/995/pop3

# 10185 - POP Server Detection

# Synopsis

A POP server is listening on the remote port.

# Description

The remote host is running a server that understands the Post Office Protocol (POP), used by email clients to retrieve messages from a server, possibly across a network link.

## See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Post\_Office\_Protocol

## Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it.

Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2019/11/22

# Plugin Output

# tcp/995/pop3

Remote POP server banner :

+OK Dovecot ready.

# 66334 - Patch Report

## **Synopsis**

The remote host is missing several patches.

# Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

Note: Because the 'Show missing patches that have been superseded' setting in your scan policy depends on this plugin, it will always run and cannot be disabled.

#### Solution

Install the patches listed below.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2023/11/14

## Plugin Output

## tcp/0

```
. You need to take the following action :
```

```
[ OpenSSL 'ChangeCipherSpec' MiTM Vulnerability (77200) ]
```

+ Action to take : OpenSSL 0.9.8 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 0.9.8za. OpenSSL 1.0.0 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.0m. OpenSSL 1.0.1 SSL/TLS users (client and/or server) should upgrade to 1.0.1h.

# 54580 - SMTP Authentication Methods

# Synopsis

The remote mail server supports authentication.

# Description

The remote SMTP server advertises that it supports authentication.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4422

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4954

#### Solution

Review the list of methods and whether they're available over an encrypted channel.

## Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/19, Modified: 2019/03/05

## Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

```
The following authentication methods are advertised by the SMTP server without encryption:

LOGIN
PLAIN

The following authentication methods are advertised by the SMTP server with encryption:

LOGIN
PLAIN
```

# 10263 - SMTP Server Detection

Synopsis

An SMTP server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running a mail (SMTP) server on this port.

Since SMTP servers are the targets of spammers, it is recommended you disable it if you do not use it.

Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it, or filter incoming traffic to this port.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0932

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Remote SMTP server banner :

220 saturna ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)

# 42088 - SMTP Service STARTTLS Command Support

# Synopsis

The remote mail service supports encrypting traffic.

# Description

The remote SMTP service supports the use of the 'STARTTLS' command to switch from a cleartext to an encrypted communications channel.

## See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/STARTTLS

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2487

## Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/09, Modified: 2019/03/20

## Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

```
Here is the SMTP service's SSL certificate that Nessus was able to collect after sending a 'STARTTLS' command:

Snip
Subject Name:

Organization: Dovecot mail server
Organization Unit: saturna
Common Name: saturna
Email Address: root@saturna

Issuer Name:

Organization: Dovecot mail server
Organization: Dovecot mail server
Organization Unit: saturna
Common Name: saturna
Email Address: root@saturna

Serial Number: 00 D8 59 AD 47 4F 1A 31 C3

Version: 3
```

```
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Sep 23 21:48:17 2017 GMT
Not Valid After: Sep 23 21:48:17 2027 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 B0 23 3C 48 55 63 29 5E 8E D0 90 2A 5F 2A D6 37 4B 0B 81
           B8 2D 74 DC CC 76 33 09 CB 16 58 8B 5C 28 98 AC 91 74 BF C5
            EB 8B 36 7A 00 CF F1 5C F3 5A 95 BD D3 F0 18 70 2C 34 9B 1A
            C5 AC 6C 75 78 A7 4A 46 8C D8 38 2C 75 2A 44 6A F6 36 06 39
            13 CC A8 55 2A ED CB 18 4F DB D1 4D 51 5A 9B D3 59 DC 30 97
            2E 28 CA 18 44 D6 49 1A 6C 91 67 3F E3 80 D4 C5 CB 63 A2 9E
            A8 88 BF 22 F5 B2 3B 9F 01 CE AD 0A 88 FA BB D2 9F AA 0F 5E
            98 2D D7 AC 21 ED 0D 1F 17 9B 4C FD 8F BF 80 8B 8A D7 1F 6C
            31 A1 4F A9 AF 6F 1F 34 BA 76 CB 24 E1 1B FD 20 00 A3 90 02
            E4 9F 59 2E 6E 53 9C 69 29 88 10 39 9E 3B 5C 75 D2 96 30 CE
            71 4C CE B3 80 24 B0 28 9B 4A BB 4E 8F 50 A6 C2 75 AD C5 8A
            8D 97 FE 77 F9 DE 03 96 EB 72 11 A8 A4 4C B6 D3 D5 65 35 E1
            1B FF 66 3D 72 B3 08 C2 70 8E C7 54 93 CA 4D C8 23
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 2A DE 19 D1 E8 9D 21 5C D0 94 2B 45 8A 8B 2D 00 C8 5A 28
           02 6A 46 6C AE 00 4C D5 23 D3 83 A5 35 9E 30 82 D1 8D AF 33
           41 8E 5B 60 A4 31 4C 3F 9B C6 4A 18 52 96 C7 FF B8 01 66 93
           B7 F4 7C 55 7E E0 7D 59 0E 2C C5 98 18 6C D4 01 56 01 25 AD
           25 93 37 22 6E 41 2E 61 B1 55 38 7C 17 A4 39 33 3D 63 40 B [...]
```

# 70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

# Synopsis

An SSH server is listening on this port.

# Description

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2017/08/28

## Plugin Output

## tcp/22/ssh

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group1-sha1
 diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
 ecdh-sha2-nistp256
  ecdh-sha2-nistp384
  ecdh-sha2-nistp521
The server supports the following options for server_host_key_algorithms :
  ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
  ssh-dss
 ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
 aes128-cbc
 aes128-ctr
 aes192-cbc
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
  aes256-ctr
  arcfour
 arcfour128
```

```
arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
 3des-cbc
  aes128-cbc
  aes128-ctr
 aes192-cbc
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-cbc
 aes256-ctr
 arcfour
 arcfour128
 arcfour256
 blowfish-cbc
 cast128-cbc
 rijndael-cbc@lysator.liu.se
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_client_to_server :
 hmac-md5
 hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 hmac-sha2-256
 hmac-sha2-256-96
  hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-96
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_server_to_client :
 hmac-md5
 hmac-md5-96
 hmac-ripemd160
 hmac-ripemd160@openssh.com
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-sha1-96
 hmac-sha2-256
 hmac-sha2-256-96
 hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-96
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_client_to_server :
  none
  zlib@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_server_to_client :
 none
 zlib@openssh.com
```

# 149334 - SSH Password Authentication Accepted

Synopsis
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
Description
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4252#section-8
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2021/05/07, Modified: 2021/05/07
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

# 10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

# **Synopsis**

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

# Description

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

#### Solution

n/a

## Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2021/01/19

# Plugin Output

# tcp/22/ssh

The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol :

- 1.99
- 2.0

# 153588 - SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled

# **Synopsis**

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

# Description

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

Although NIST has formally deprecated use of SHA-1 for digital signatures, SHA-1 is still considered secure for HMAC as the security of HMAC does not rely on the underlying hash function being resistant to collisions.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the remote SSH server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/05

## Plugin Output

## tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported :
```

hmac-sha1 hmac-sha1-96

The following server-to-client SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-sha1 hmac-sha1-96

# 10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

SSH supported authentication : publickey, password

**Synopsis** An SSH server is listening on this port. Description It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request. Solution n/a Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0933 Plugin Information Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22 Plugin Output tcp/22/ssh SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH\_5.9p1 Debian-5ubuntu1.10

192.168.56.102 129

# 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications.

# Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

This port supports SSLv3/TLSv1.0/TLSv1.1/TLSv1.2.

# 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications.

# Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/993/imap

This port supports SSLv3/TLSv1.0/TLSv1.1/TLSv1.2.

# 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications.

# Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/995/pop3

This port supports SSLv3/TLSv1.0/TLSv1.1/TLSv1.2.

# 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

# **Synopsis**

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

# Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

```
Subject Name:
Organization: Dovecot mail server
Organization Unit: saturna
Common Name: saturna
Email Address: root@saturna
Issuer Name:
Organization: Dovecot mail server
Organization Unit: saturna
Common Name: saturna
Email Address: root@saturna
Serial Number: 00 D8 59 AD 47 4F 1A 31 C3
Version: 3
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Sep 23 21:48:17 2017 GMT
Not Valid After: Sep 23 21:48:17 2027 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 B0 23 3C 48 55 63 29 5E 8E D0 90 2A 5F 2A D6 37 4B 0B 81
            B8 2D 74 DC CC 76 33 09 CB 16 58 8B 5C 28 98 AC 91 74 BF C5
            EB 8B 36 7A 00 CF F1 5C F3 5A 95 BD D3 F0 18 70 2C 34 9B 1A
            C5 AC 6C 75 78 A7 4A 46 8C D8 38 2C 75 2A 44 6A F6 36 06 39
            13 CC A8 55 2A ED CB 18 4F DB D1 4D 51 5A 9B D3 59 DC 30 97
```

```
2E 28 CA 18 44 D6 49 1A 6C 91 67 3F E3 80 D4 C5 CB 63 A2 9E
            A8 88 BF 22 F5 B2 3B 9F 01 CE AD 0A 88 FA BB D2 9F AA 0F 5E
            98 2D D7 AC 21 ED 0D 1F 17 9B 4C FD 8F BF 80 8B 8A D7 1F 6C
            31 A1 4F A9 AF 6F 1F 34 BA 76 CB 24 E1 1B FD 20 00 A3 90 02
            E4 9F 59 2E 6E 53 9C 69 29 88 10 39 9E 3B 5C 75 D2 96 30 CE
            71 4C CE B3 80 24 B0 28 9B 4A BB 4E 8F 50 A6 C2 75 AD C5 8A
            8D 97 FE 77 F9 DE 03 96 EB 72 11 A8 A4 4C B6 D3 D5 65 35 E1
            1B FF 66 3D 72 B3 08 C2 70 8E C7 54 93 CA 4D C8 23
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 2A DE 19 D1 E8 9D 21 5C D0 94 2B 45 8A 8B 2D 00 C8 5A 28
           02 6A 46 6C AE 00 4C D5 23 D3 83 A5 35 9E 30 82 D1 8D AF 33 \,
           41 8E 5B 60 A4 31 4C 3F 9B C6 4A 18 52 96 C7 FF B8 01 66 93
           B7 F4 7C 55 7E E0 7D 59 0E 2C C5 98 18 6C D4 01 56 01 25 AD
           25 93 37 22 6E 41 2E 61 B1 55 38 7C 17 A4 39 33 3D 63 40 BD
           00 ED AA 07 9D E7 63 12 5B FD 08 4A 92 D9 45 F1 DB E8 2E 0B
           E0 80 9F 10 EC F9 D0 3E AB CB 3A OC 72 20 8F 32 8A 92 78 56
           6F B2 9F 86 7B 33 AA 16 [...]
```

# 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

# Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/993/imap

```
Subject Name:
Organization: Dovecot mail server
Organization Unit: saturna
Common Name: saturna
Email Address: root@saturna
Issuer Name:
Organization: Dovecot mail server
Organization Unit: saturna
Common Name: saturna
Email Address: root@saturna
Serial Number: 00 D8 59 AD 47 4F 1A 31 C3
Version: 3
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Sep 23 21:48:17 2017 GMT
Not Valid After: Sep 23 21:48:17 2027 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 B0 23 3C 48 55 63 29 5E 8E D0 90 2A 5F 2A D6 37 4B 0B 81
            B8 2D 74 DC CC 76 33 09 CB 16 58 8B 5C 28 98 AC 91 74 BF C5
            EB 8B 36 7A 00 CF F1 5C F3 5A 95 BD D3 F0 18 70 2C 34 9B 1A
            C5 AC 6C 75 78 A7 4A 46 8C D8 38 2C 75 2A 44 6A F6 36 06 39
            13 CC A8 55 2A ED CB 18 4F DB D1 4D 51 5A 9B D3 59 DC 30 97
```

```
2E 28 CA 18 44 D6 49 1A 6C 91 67 3F E3 80 D4 C5 CB 63 A2 9E
            A8 88 BF 22 F5 B2 3B 9F 01 CE AD 0A 88 FA BB D2 9F AA 0F 5E
            98 2D D7 AC 21 ED 0D 1F 17 9B 4C FD 8F BF 80 8B 8A D7 1F 6C
            31 A1 4F A9 AF 6F 1F 34 BA 76 CB 24 E1 1B FD 20 00 A3 90 02
            E4 9F 59 2E 6E 53 9C 69 29 88 10 39 9E 3B 5C 75 D2 96 30 CE
            71 4C CE B3 80 24 B0 28 9B 4A BB 4E 8F 50 A6 C2 75 AD C5 8A
            8D 97 FE 77 F9 DE 03 96 EB 72 11 A8 A4 4C B6 D3 D5 65 35 E1
            1B FF 66 3D 72 B3 08 C2 70 8E C7 54 93 CA 4D C8 23
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 2A DE 19 D1 E8 9D 21 5C D0 94 2B 45 8A 8B 2D 00 C8 5A 28
           02 6A 46 6C AE 00 4C D5 23 D3 83 A5 35 9E 30 82 D1 8D AF 33 \,
           41 8E 5B 60 A4 31 4C 3F 9B C6 4A 18 52 96 C7 FF B8 01 66 93
           B7 F4 7C 55 7E E0 7D 59 0E 2C C5 98 18 6C D4 01 56 01 25 AD
           25 93 37 22 6E 41 2E 61 B1 55 38 7C 17 A4 39 33 3D 63 40 BD
           00 ED AA 07 9D E7 63 12 5B FD 08 4A 92 D9 45 F1 DB E8 2E 0B
           E0 80 9F 10 EC F9 D0 3E AB CB 3A OC 72 20 8F 32 8A 92 78 56
           6F B2 9F 86 7B 33 AA 16 [...]
```

# 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

## **Synopsis**

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

# Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

## tcp/995/pop3

```
Subject Name:
Organization: Dovecot mail server
Organization Unit: saturna
Common Name: saturna
Email Address: root@saturna
Issuer Name:
Organization: Dovecot mail server
Organization Unit: saturna
Common Name: saturna
Email Address: root@saturna
Serial Number: 00 D8 59 AD 47 4F 1A 31 C3
Version: 3
Signature Algorithm: SHA-1 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Sep 23 21:48:17 2017 GMT
Not Valid After: Sep 23 21:48:17 2027 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 B0 23 3C 48 55 63 29 5E 8E D0 90 2A 5F 2A D6 37 4B 0B 81
            B8 2D 74 DC CC 76 33 09 CB 16 58 8B 5C 28 98 AC 91 74 BF C5
            EB 8B 36 7A 00 CF F1 5C F3 5A 95 BD D3 F0 18 70 2C 34 9B 1A
            C5 AC 6C 75 78 A7 4A 46 8C D8 38 2C 75 2A 44 6A F6 36 06 39
            13 CC A8 55 2A ED CB 18 4F DB D1 4D 51 5A 9B D3 59 DC 30 97
```

```
2E 28 CA 18 44 D6 49 1A 6C 91 67 3F E3 80 D4 C5 CB 63 A2 9E
            A8 88 BF 22 F5 B2 3B 9F 01 CE AD 0A 88 FA BB D2 9F AA 0F 5E
            98 2D D7 AC 21 ED 0D 1F 17 9B 4C FD 8F BF 80 8B 8A D7 1F 6C
            31 A1 4F A9 AF 6F 1F 34 BA 76 CB 24 E1 1B FD 20 00 A3 90 02
            E4 9F 59 2E 6E 53 9C 69 29 88 10 39 9E 3B 5C 75 D2 96 30 CE
            71 4C CE B3 80 24 B0 28 9B 4A BB 4E 8F 50 A6 C2 75 AD C5 8A
            8D 97 FE 77 F9 DE 03 96 EB 72 11 A8 A4 4C B6 D3 D5 65 35 E1
            1B FF 66 3D 72 B3 08 C2 70 8E C7 54 93 CA 4D C8 23
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 2A DE 19 D1 E8 9D 21 5C D0 94 2B 45 8A 8B 2D 00 C8 5A 28
           02 6A 46 6C AE 00 4C D5 23 D3 83 A5 35 9E 30 82 D1 8D AF 33 \,
           41 8E 5B 60 A4 31 4C 3F 9B C6 4A 18 52 96 C7 FF B8 01 66 93
           B7 F4 7C 55 7E E0 7D 59 0E 2C C5 98 18 6C D4 01 56 01 25 AD
           25 93 37 22 6E 41 2E 61 B1 55 38 7C 17 A4 39 33 3D 63 40 BD
           00 ED AA 07 9D E7 63 12 5B FD 08 4A 92 D9 45 F1 DB E8 2E 0B
           E0 80 9F 10 EC F9 D0 3E AB CB 3A OC 72 20 8F 32 8A 92 78 56
           6F B2 9F 86 7B 33 AA 16 [...]
```

# 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

## Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

```
Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
                                                                       Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                0x00, 0x14
                                                 DH(512)
                                                                       DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1 export
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                0x00, 0x15
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                       DES-CBC(56)
                                0x00, 0x19
                                                 DH(512)
   EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                                                               None
                                                                       DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1
        export
   ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                                0x00, 0x1A
                                                               None
                                                                        DES-CBC(56)
 SHA1
   EXP-DES-CBC-SHA
                                0x00, 0x08
                                                 RSA(512)
                                                               RSA
                                                                       DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1 export
```

	EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5	0x00,	0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MD5	
S	export DES-CBC-SHA HA1	0x00,	0x09	RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)		
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)								
	Name	Code		KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC	
	EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00,	0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)		
S	HA1							
	ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00,	0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)		
S	HA1							
	ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0xC0,	0x12	ECDH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)		
S	HA1							
	AECDH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0xC0,	0x17	ECDH	None	3DES-CBC(168)		
S	HA1	,				, , , ,		
~	DES - CBC3 - SHA	0x00.	0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)		
S	HA1	,						
	11111							
High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)								
		a 1			2 12		343.6	
	Name	Code			Auth	Encryption	MAC	
				- []				

# 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

## Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/993/imap

```
Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
                                                                     Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                0x00, 0x16
                                                                        3DES-CBC(168)
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x0A
                                                 RSA
                                                               RSA
                                                                        3DES-CBC(168)
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
                                                                        Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x33
                                                               RSA
                                                                        AES-CBC(128)
 SHA1
```

DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA	0x00, 0x9A	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x41	RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)
SHA1				
CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x84	RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)
SHA1				
SEED-SHA	0x00, 0x96	RSA	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0x00, 0x67	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA256				
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256	0x00, 0x6B	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA256				
RSA-AES128-SHA256	[]			

# 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

## Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/995/pop3

```
Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
                                                                     Encryption
                                                                                               MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                0x00, 0x16
                                                                        3DES-CBC(168)
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x0A
                                                 RSA
                                                               RSA
                                                                        3DES-CBC(168)
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
                                                                        Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x33
                                                               RSA
                                                                        AES-CBC(128)
 SHA1
```

DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA	0x00, 0x9A	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x41	RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)
SHA1				
CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x84	RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)
SHA1				
SEED-SHA	0x00, 0x96	RSA	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0x00, 0x67	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA256				
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256	0x00, 0x6B	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA256				
RSA-AES128-SHA256	[]			

# 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

# Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2023/07/10

## Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv12
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                  KEX
                                                                Auth
                                                                        Encryption
                                                                                               MAC
   EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x14
                                                  DH(512)
                                                                RSA
                                                                        DES-CBC(40)
        export
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x15
                                                                        DES-CBC(56)
                                                                RSA
   EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x19
                                                  DH(512)
                                                                None
                                                                        DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1
         export
   EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5
                                 0x00, 0x17
                                                  DH (512)
                                                                None
                                                                        RC4 (40)
                                                                                               MD5
      export
   ADH-DES-CBC-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x1A
                                                                None
                                                                        DES-CBC(56)
   EXP-DES-CBC-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x08
                                                  RSA(512)
                                                                RSA
                                                                        DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1 export
   EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5
                                 0x00, 0x06
                                                  RSA(512)
                                                                RSA
                                                                         RC2-CBC(40)
                                                                                               MD5
     export
```

EXP-RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x0	3 RSA(512)	RSA	RC4 (40)	MD5
export					
DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x0	9 RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
SHA1					
Medium Strength Ciphers (>	64-bit and < 1	12-bit key, or 3	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x1	6 DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x1	B DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0xC0, 0x1	2 ECDH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
AECDH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0xC0, 0x1	7 ECDH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1					
DES-CBC3- []					

# 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

# Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2023/07/10

## Plugin Output

## tcp/993/imap

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv12
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                               Code
                                                            Auth Encryption
                                                                                          MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                              0x00, 0x16
                                               DH
                                                           RSA
                                                                   3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                               0x00, 0x0A
                                                            RSA 3DES-CBC(168)
                                               RSA
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                            Auth Encryption
   Name
                               Code
                                               KEX
                                                                                          MAC
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
                               0x00, 0x9E
                                                            RSA
                                                                    AES-GCM(128)
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384
                             0x00, 0x9F
                                                                   AES-GCM(256)
 SHA384
   RSA-AES128-SHA256
                               0x00, 0x9C
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                    AES-GCM(128)
```

RSA-AES256-SHA384	0x00, 0x9D	RSA	RSA	AES-GCM(256)
SHA384				
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA	0x00, 0x9A	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x41	RSA	RSA	C []

# 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

# Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2023/07/10

## Plugin Output

## tcp/995/pop3

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv12
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                               Code
                                                            Auth Encryption
                                                                                          MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                              0x00, 0x16
                                               DH
                                                           RSA
                                                                   3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                               0x00, 0x0A
                                                            RSA 3DES-CBC(168)
                                               RSA
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                            Auth Encryption
   Name
                               Code
                                               KEX
                                                                                          MAC
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
                               0x00, 0x9E
                                                            RSA
                                                                    AES-GCM(128)
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384
                             0x00, 0x9F
                                                                   AES-GCM(256)
 SHA384
   RSA-AES128-SHA256
                               0x00, 0x9C
                                               RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                                    AES-GCM(128)
```

RSA-AES256-SHA384	0x00, 0x9D	RSA	RSA	AES-GCM(256)
SHA384				
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA	0x00, 0x9A	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
AES256-SHA	$0 \times 00$ , $0 \times 35$	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x41	RSA	RSA	C []

# 62563 - SSL Compression Methods Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports one or more compression methods for SSL connections.

# Description

This script detects which compression methods are supported by the remote service for SSL connections.

#### See Also

http://www.iana.org/assignments/comp-meth-ids/comp-meth-ids.xml

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3749

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3943

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

#### Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2012/10/16, Modified: 2022/04/11

# Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

Nessus was able to confirm that the following compression method is supported by the target :

DEFLATE (0x01)

# 62563 - SSL Compression Methods Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports one or more compression methods for SSL connections.

# Description

This script detects which compression methods are supported by the remote service for SSL connections.

#### See Also

http://www.iana.org/assignments/comp-meth-ids/comp-meth-ids.xml

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3749

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3943

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

#### Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2012/10/16, Modified: 2022/04/11

# Plugin Output

# tcp/993/imap

Nessus was able to confirm that the following compression method is supported by the target :

DEFLATE (0x01)

# 62563 - SSL Compression Methods Supported

# **Synopsis**

The remote service supports one or more compression methods for SSL connections.

# Description

This script detects which compression methods are supported by the remote service for SSL connections.

#### See Also

http://www.iana.org/assignments/comp-meth-ids/comp-meth-ids.xml

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3749

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc3943

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246

#### Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2012/10/16, Modified: 2022/04/11

# Plugin Output

# tcp/995/pop3

Nessus was able to confirm that the following compression method is supported by the target :

DEFLATE (0x01)

# 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

```
Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-bit key)
                                               KEX
                                                            Auth
                                                                    Encryption
                                                                                          MAC
   EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA
                               0x00, 0x14
                                               DH(512)
                                                                    DES-CBC(40)
 SHA1 export
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA 0x00, 0x15
                                                            RSA DES-CBC(56)
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                               Code
                                               KEX
                                                            Auth
                                                                    Encryption
                                                                                          MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                               0x00, 0x16
                                               DH
                                                            RSA
                                                                    3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
```

ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0xC0, 0x12	ECDH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11	2-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256	0x00, 0x9E	DH	RSA	AES-GCM(128)	
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384 SHA384	0x00, 0x9F	DH	RSA	AES-GCM(256)	
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256	0xC0, 0x2F	ECDH	RSA	AES-GCM(128)	
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384 SHA384	0xC0, 0x30	ECDH	RSA	AES-GCM(256)	
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)	
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camelli []	

# 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/993/imap

```
Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x16
                                                                        3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
                                 Code
                                                                      Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   Name
                                0x00, 0x9E
                                                                        AES-GCM(128)
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384
                                 0x00, 0x9F
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                        AES-GCM(256)
 SHA384
```

DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1 DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1	01007 0100	<b>D</b> 11	11011	MED CDC (230)
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)
SHA1 DHE-RSA-CAMELITA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)
SHA1	0000, 0000	DII	1011	camerra esc(230)
DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA	0x00, 0x9A	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0x00, 0x67	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA256				
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256	0x00, 0x6B	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA256				

# The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

# 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

## **Synopsis**

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/995/pop3

```
Here is the list of SSL PFS ciphers supported by the remote server :
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                 Code
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x16
                                                                        3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                 KEX
                                                               Auth
                                 Code
                                                                      Encryption
                                                                                              MAC
   Name
                                0x00, 0x9E
                                                                        AES-GCM(128)
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384
                                 0x00, 0x9F
                                                 DH
                                                               RSA
                                                                        AES-GCM(256)
 SHA384
```

DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1 DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1	01007 0100	<b>D</b> 11	11011	MED CDC (230)
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)
SHA1 DHE-RSA-CAMELITA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)
SHA1	0000, 0000	DII	1011	camerra esc(230)
DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA	0x00, 0x9A	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0x00, 0x67	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA256				
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA256	0x00, 0x6B	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA256				

# The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

# 94761 - SSL Root Certification Authority Certificate Information

## **Synopsis**

A root Certification Authority certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain.

# Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that contains a self-signed root Certification Authority certificate at the top of the chain.

#### See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/it-pro/windows-server-2003/cc778623(v=ws.10)

#### Solution

Ensure that use of this root Certification Authority certificate complies with your organization's acceptable use and security policies.

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2016/11/14, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

# 94761 - SSL Root Certification Authority Certificate Information

# **Synopsis**

A root Certification Authority certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain.

# Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that contains a self-signed root Certification Authority certificate at the top of the chain.

#### See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/it-pro/windows-server-2003/cc778623(v=ws.10)

#### Solution

Ensure that use of this root Certification Authority certificate complies with your organization's acceptable use and security policies.

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2016/11/14, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

## tcp/993/imap

# 94761 - SSL Root Certification Authority Certificate Information

## **Synopsis**

A root Certification Authority certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain.

# Description

The remote service uses an SSL certificate chain that contains a self-signed root Certification Authority certificate at the top of the chain.

#### See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/it-pro/windows-server-2003/cc778623(v=ws.10)

#### Solution

Ensure that use of this root Certification Authority certificate complies with your organization's acceptable use and security policies.

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2016/11/14, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

# tcp/995/pop3

# 156899 - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

# Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

# Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

#### TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS13 AES 128 GCM SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS13\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS13\_CHACHA20\_POLY1305\_SHA256

#### TLSv1.2:

- 0xC0,0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0x00,0x9E DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0x00,0x9F DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

# See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server\_Side\_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

#### Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

## Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2022/01/20, Modified: 2023/07/10

# tcp/25/smtp

Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64-1	oit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MA
EXP-EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x14	 DH(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
SHA1 export	OXOO, OXI4	DII(J1Z)	NDA	DED CDC(40)	
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x15	DH	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP-ADH-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x19	DH(512)	None	DES-CBC(40)	
EXP-ADH-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x17	DH(512)	None	RC4(40)	MI
ADH-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x1A	DH	None	DES-CBC(56)	
EXP-DES-CBC-SHA SHA1 export	0x00, 0x08	RSA(512)	RSA	DES-CBC(40)	
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export	0x00, 0x06	RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	MI
EXP-RC4-MD5 export	0x00, 0x03	RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	MI
DES-CBC-SHA	0x00, 0x09	RSA	RSA	DES-CBC(56)	
SHA1	·				
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	4-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3DES	)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MZ
TDU DGA DEG GDGA GUA	000 016			2DEG GDG (160)	
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
ADH - DES - CBC3 - SHA	0x00, 0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1				2 22 (22 3)	
ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0xC0, 0x12	ECDH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
AECDH-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0xC0, 0x17	ECDH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES-CBC3-SHA	[]				

# 156899 - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

# Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

# Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

#### TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS13 AES 128 GCM SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS13\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS13\_CHACHA20\_POLY1305\_SHA256

#### TLSv1.2:

- 0xC0,0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0x00,0x9E DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0x00,0x9F DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

#### See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server\_Side\_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

#### Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

## Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2022/01/20, Modified: 2023/07/10

# tcp/993/imap

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64	1-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MA
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 112	2-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256	0x00, 0x9C	RSA	RSA	AES-GCM(128)	
RSA-AES256-SHA384 SHA384	0x00, 0x9D	RSA	RSA	AES-GCM(256)	
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)	
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)	
DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x9A	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)	
AES128-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
AES256-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x41	RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)	
CAMELLIA256-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x84	RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)	
RC4-MD5	0x00, 0x04	RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	MI

# 156899 - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

# Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

# Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

#### TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS13 AES 128 GCM SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS13\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS13\_CHACHA20\_POLY1305\_SHA256

#### TI Sv1.2:

- 0xC0,0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0x00,0x9E DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0x00,0x9F DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

#### See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server\_Side\_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

#### Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

## Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 2022/01/20, Modified: 2023/07/10

# tcp/995/pop3

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64	l-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3	DES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES-CBC3-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 112	?-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	М
RSA-AES128-SHA256 HA256	0x00, 0x9C	RSA	RSA	AES-GCM(128)	
RSA-AES256-SHA384 HA384	0x00, 0x9D	RSA	RSA	AES-GCM(256)	
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)	
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)	
DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x9A	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)	
AES128-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x2F	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
AES256-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x35	RSA	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
CAMELLIA128-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x41	RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)	
CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x84	RSA	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)	
RC4 - MD5	0x00, 0x04	RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	M

# 25240 - Samba Server Detection

Synopsis
An SMB server is running on the remote host.
Description
The remote host is running Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix.
See Also
https://www.samba.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2022/10/12
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs

# 104887 - Samba Version

# Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the samba version from the remote operating system.

# Description

Nessus was able to obtain the samba version from the remote operating by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote Samba Version is : Samba 3.6.25

## 96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

# Synopsis

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

## Description

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, US-CERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

#### See Also

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and

http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4

http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8

http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3

#### Solution

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports SMBv1.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

An FTP server is running on this port.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

An SSH server is running on this port.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

An SMTP server is running on this port.

# Synopsis

The remote service could be identified.

# Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/993/imap

A TLSv1 server answered on this port.

# tcp/993/imap

An IMAP server is running on this port through TLSv1.

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

# Plugin Output

# tcp/995/pop3

A POP3 server is running on this port through TLSv1.

# tcp/995/pop3

A TLSv1 server answered on this port.

# 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

Synopsis
The remote service implements TCP timestamps.
Description
The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
See Also
http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2023/10/17
Plugin Output
tcp/0

# 121010 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Detection

# Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

# Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1.

TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites.

Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

## See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF

CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/01/08, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

 ${\tt TLSv1.1}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 121010 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

# Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1.

TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites.

Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/01/08, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/993/imap

 ${\tt TLSv1.1}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

## 121010 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Detection

## Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

## Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1.

TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites.

Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF

CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/01/08, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/995/pop3

TLSv1.1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

## 136318 - TLS Version 1.2 Protocol Detection

Synopsis
The remote service encrypts traffic using a version of TLS.
Description
The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.2.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246
Solution
N/A
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/05/04, Modified: 2020/05/04
Plugin Output
tcp/25/smtp

TLSv1.2 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

## 136318 - TLS Version 1.2 Protocol Detection

Synopsis
The remote service encrypts traffic using a version of TLS.
Description
The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.2.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246
Solution
N/A
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/05/04, Modified: 2020/05/04
Plugin Output
tcp/993/imap

 ${\tt TLSv1.2}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

## 136318 - TLS Version 1.2 Protocol Detection

Synopsis
The remote service encrypts traffic using a version of TLS.
Description
The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.2.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246
Solution
N/A
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/05/04, Modified: 2020/05/04
Plugin Output
tcp/995/pop3

TLSv1.2 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

#### 110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

#### Synopsis

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

#### Description

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

## Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
References	
XREF	IAVB:0001-B-0504
Plugin Informa	ition
Published: 201	8/06/27, Modified: 2023/02/13
Plugin Output	
tcp/0	

192.168.56.102

SSH was detected on port 22 but no credentials were provided.

SSH local checks were not enabled.

## 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

## Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2023/06/26

## Plugin Output

## udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.56.101 to 192.168.56.102: 192.168.56.101
192.168.56.102

Hop Count: 1
```

## 135860 - WMI Not Available

## Synopsis

WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.

## Description

WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.

Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vunerabilities that exist on the remote host.

#### See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2023/11/14

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.

## 10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

## Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

## Description

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

## Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

#### Plugin Output

#### udp/137/netbios-ns

```
The following 7 NetBIOS names have been gathered:

SATURNA = Computer name
SATURNA = Messenger Service
SATURNA = File Server Service
__MSBROWSE_ = Master Browser
WORKGROUP = Master Browser
WORKGROUP = Browser Service Elections
WORKGROUP = Workgroup / Domain name

This SMB server seems to be a Samba server - its MAC address is NULL.
```

## 192.168.56.103



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Nov 24 12:13:32 2023 End time: Fri Nov 24 12:25:03 2023

#### Host Information

Netbios Name: UBS16

IP: 192.168.56.103 MAC Address: 08:00:27:D0:5B:D8

OS: Linux Kernel 4.4 on Ubuntu 16.04 (xenial)

## **Vulnerabilities**

## 33447 - Multiple Vendor DNS Query ID Field Prediction Cache Poisoning

#### **Synopsis**

The remote name resolver (or the server it uses upstream) is affected by a DNS cache poisoning vulnerability.

#### Description

The remote DNS resolver does not use random ports when making queries to third-party DNS servers. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to poison the remote DNS server, allowing the attacker to divert legitimate traffic to arbitrary sites.

#### See Also

https://www.cnet.com/news/massive-coordinated-dns-patch-released/https://www.theregister.co.uk/2008/07/21/dns\_flaw\_speculation/

#### Solution

Contact your DNS server vendor for a patch.

#### Risk Factor

High

## CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:H/A:H)

## CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

8.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

9.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:C/A:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

7.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### STIG Severity

I

#### References

BID 30131

CVE CVE-2008-1447

XREF CERT:800113

XREF IAVA:2008-A-0045

XREF EDB-ID:6122

XREF EDB-ID:6123

XREF EDB-ID:6130

## Plugin Information

Published: 2008/07/09, Modified: 2018/11/15

## Plugin Output

## udp/53/dns

```
The remote DNS server uses non-random ports for its
DNS requests. An attacker may spoof DNS responses.

List of used ports:

+ DNS Server: 197.56.73.155

|- Port: 65337
|- Port: 65349
|- Port: 65350
```

|- Port: 65351

## 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

## Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

## Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Medium Strength	Ciphers	(>	64-bit	and	<	112-bit	kev.	or	3DES)

MAC
_

#### The fields above are :

{Tenable ciphername}
{Cipher ID code}
Kex={key exchange}
Auth={authentication}
Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
MAC={message authentication code}
{export flag}

## 12217 - DNS Server Cache Snooping Remote Information Disclosure

#### Synopsis

The remote DNS server is vulnerable to cache snooping attacks.

#### Description

The remote DNS server responds to queries for third-party domains that do not have the recursion bit set.

This may allow a remote attacker to determine which domains have recently been resolved via this name server, and therefore which hosts have been recently visited.

For instance, if an attacker was interested in whether your company utilizes the online services of a particular financial institution, they would be able to use this attack to build a statistical model regarding company usage of that financial institution. Of course, the attack can also be used to find B2B partners, web-surfing patterns, external mail servers, and more.

Note: If this is an internal DNS server not accessible to outside networks, attacks would be limited to the internal network. This may include employees, consultants and potentially users on a guest network or WiFi connection if supported.

#### See Also

http://cs.unc.edu/~fabian/course\_papers/cache\_snooping.pdf

#### Solution

Contact the vendor of the DNS software for a fix.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2004/04/27, Modified: 2020/04/07

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

Nessus sent a non-recursive query for example.edu and received 1 answer :

93.184.216.34

## 57608 - SMB Signing not required

#### Synopsis

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server.

## Description

Signing is not required on the remote SMB server. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks against the SMB server.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?df39b8b3

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc731957.aspx

http://www.nessus.org/u?74b80723

https://www.samba.org/samba/docs/current/man-html/smb.conf.5.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?a3cac4ea

#### Solution

Enforce message signing in the host's configuration. On Windows, this is found in the policy setting 'Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)'. On Samba, the setting is called 'server signing'. See the 'see also' links for further details.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/19, Modified: 2022/10/05

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

## 31705 - SSL Anonymous Cipher Suites Supported

## Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of anonymous SSL ciphers.

## Description

The remote host supports the use of anonymous SSL ciphers. While this enables an administrator to set up a service that encrypts traffic without having to generate and configure SSL certificates, it offers no way to verify the remote host's identity and renders the service vulnerable to a man-in-the-middle attack.

Note: This is considerably easier to exploit if the attacker is on the same physical network.

See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?3a040ada

Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of weak ciphers.

Risk Factor

Low

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

2.6 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

1.9 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 28482

CVE CVE-2007-1858

Plugin Information

## Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

Medium Strength Ciphers (>	64-bit and	< 112-b:	it key, or 3D	ES)		
Name	Code		KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
ADII DEG GDG2 GUA	000				2DEG GDG (160)	-
ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0X00,	0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
AECDH-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0xC0,	0x17	ECDH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 1	12-bit key	)				
Name	Code		KEX	Auth	Encryption	M
DH-AES128-SHA256	0x00,	0xA6	DH	None	AES-GCM(128)	-
SHA256						
DH-AES256-SHA384	0x00,	0xA7	DH	None	AES-GCM(256)	
SHA384	0.00	0 04			3.70 ana (100)	
ADH-AES128-SHA SHA1	0x00,	0x34	DH	None	AES-CBC(128)	
ADH-AES256-SHA	0x00,	0x3A	DH	None	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1	,					
ADH-CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00,	0x46	DH	None	Camellia-CBC(128)	
SHA1						
ADH-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00,	0x89	DH	None	Camellia-CBC(256)	
SHA1 ADH-RC4-MD5	0x00,	0 √ 1 0	DH	None	RC4 (128)	]M
ADH RC4 FIDS ADH-SEED-SHA	0x00,		DH	None	SEED-CBC (128)	14
SHA1	01100,	01102	2	1,0110	222 020 (120)	
AECDH-AES128-SHA	0xC0,	0x18	ECDH	None	AES-CBC(128)	
SHA1						
AECDH-AES256-SHA	0xC0,	0x19	ECDH	None	AES-CBC(256)	
SHA1	000	016	Danii	77	DG4 (120)	
AECDH-RC4-SHA SHA1	0xC0,	0XT0	ECDH	None	RC4 (128)	
DH-AES128-SHA256	03500	0x6C	DH	None	AES-CBC(128)	

#### 51192 - SSL Certificate Cannot Be Trusted

#### Synopsis

The SSL certificate for this service cannot be trusted.

#### Description

The server's X.509 certificate cannot be trusted. This situation can occur in three different ways, in which the chain of trust can be broken, as stated below:

- First, the top of the certificate chain sent by the server might not be descended from a known public certificate authority. This can occur either when the top of the chain is an unrecognized, self-signed certificate, or when intermediate certificates are missing that would connect the top of the certificate chain to a known public certificate authority.
- Second, the certificate chain may contain a certificate that is not valid at the time of the scan. This can occur either when the scan occurs before one of the certificate's 'notBefore' dates, or after one of the certificate's 'notAfter' dates.
- Third, the certificate chain may contain a signature that either didn't match the certificate's information or could not be verified. Bad signatures can be fixed by getting the certificate with the bad signature to be re-signed by its issuer. Signatures that could not be verified are the result of the certificate's issuer using a signing algorithm that Nessus either does not support or does not recognize.

If the remote host is a public host in production, any break in the chain makes it more difficult for users to verify the authenticity and identity of the web server. This could make it easier to carry out man-in-the-middle attacks against the remote host.

#### See Also

https://www.itu.int/rec/T-REC-X.509/en

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X.509

#### Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2010/12/15, Modified: 2020/04/27

## Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

```
The following certificate was at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but it is signed by an unknown certificate authority:
```

|-Subject : CN=UBS16 |-Issuer : CN=UBS16

## 65821 - SSL RC4 Cipher Suites Supported (Bar Mitzvah)

#### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of the RC4 cipher.

## Description

The remote host supports the use of RC4 in one or more cipher suites.

The RC4 cipher is flawed in its generation of a pseudo-random stream of bytes so that a wide variety of small biases are introduced into the stream, decreasing its randomness.

If plaintext is repeatedly encrypted (e.g., HTTP cookies), and an attacker is able to obtain many (i.e., tens of millions) ciphertexts, the attacker may be able to derive the plaintext.

#### See Also

https://www.rc4nomore.com/

http://www.nessus.org/u?ac7327a0

http://cr.yp.to/talks/2013.03.12/slides.pdf

http://www.isg.rhul.ac.uk/tls/

https://www.imperva.com/docs/HII\_Attacking\_SSL\_when\_using\_RC4.pdf

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application, if possible, to avoid use of RC4 ciphers. Consider using TLS 1.2 with AES-GCM suites subject to browser and web server support.

#### Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

5.9 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

5.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:X/RC:C)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:ND/RC:C)

#### References

BID 58796 BID 73684

CVE CVE-2013-2566 CVE CVE-2015-2808

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/04/05, Modified: 2021/02/03

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

```
List of RC4 cipher suites supported by the remote server :
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
   Name
                                              KEX
                                                          Auth Encryption
                                                                                        MAC
                               -----
                                              - - -
                                                           - - - -
                                                                   ADH-RC4-MD5
                              0x00, 0x18
                                            DH
                                                          None RC4 (128)
                                                                                        MD5
   ECDHE-RSA-RC4-SHA
                              0xC0, 0x11
                                              ECDH
                                                          RSA
                                                                 RC4 (128)
 SHA1
   AECDH-RC4-SHA
                              0xC0, 0x16
                                              ECDH
                                                          None RC4 (128)
 SHA1
   RC4-MD5
                              0x00, 0x04
                                                                 RC4 (128)
RC4 (128)
                                              RSA
                                                           RSA
                                                                                        MD5
   RC4 - SHA
                              0x00, 0x05
                                              RSA
                                                           RSA
 SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

## 57582 - SSL Self-Signed Certificate

#### Synopsis

The SSL certificate chain for this service ends in an unrecognized self-signed certificate.

## Description

The X.509 certificate chain for this service is not signed by a recognized certificate authority. If the remote host is a public host in production, this nullifies the use of SSL as anyone could establish a man-in-the-middle attack against the remote host.

Note that this plugin does not check for certificate chains that end in a certificate that is not self-signed, but is signed by an unrecognized certificate authority.

Solution

Purchase or generate a proper SSL certificate for this service.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.4 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/01/17, Modified: 2022/06/14

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

The following certificate was found at the top of the certificate chain sent by the remote host, but is self-signed and was not found in the list of known certificate authorities:

|-Subject : CN=UBS16

## 104743 - TLS Version 1.0 Protocol Detection

#### Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

## Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.0. TLS 1.0 has a number of cryptographic design flaws. Modern implementations of TLS 1.0 mitigate these problems, but newer versions of TLS like 1.2 and 1.3 are designed against these flaws and should be used whenever possible.

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that aren't enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

PCI DSS v3.2 requires that TLS 1.0 be disabled entirely by June 30, 2018, except for POS POI terminals (and the SSL/TLS termination points to which they connect) that can be verified as not being susceptible to any known exploits.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.0.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/22, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

## tcp/25/smtp

 $\ensuremath{\operatorname{TLSv1}}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

## 157288 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Deprecated

## Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

## Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1. TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites. Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

#### See Also

https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc8996

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:L/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.1 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:H/Au:N/C:C/I:P/A:N)

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2022/04/04, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

TLSv1.1 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

## 18261 - Apache Banner Linux Distribution Disclosure

## Synopsis

The name of the Linux distribution running on the remote host was found in the banner of the web server.

## Description

Nessus was able to extract the banner of the Apache web server and determine which Linux distribution the remote host is running.

#### Solution

If you do not wish to display this information, edit 'httpd.conf' and set the directive 'ServerTokens Prod' and restart Apache.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/05/15, Modified: 2022/03/21

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The Linux distribution detected was :

- Ubuntu 16.04 (xenial)
- Ubuntu 16.10 (yakkety)

## 48204 - Apache HTTP Server Version

## Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote Apache HTTP server.

## Description

The remote host is running the Apache HTTP Server, an open source web server. It was possible to read the version number from the banner.

#### See Also

https://httpd.apache.org/

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### References

**XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0530

## Plugin Information

Published: 2010/07/30, Modified: 2023/08/17

## Plugin Output

## tcp/80/www

URL : http://192.168.56.103/ Version : 2.4.99

Source : Server: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)

backported : 1

: ConvertedUbuntu

# 39519 - Backported Security Patch Detection (FTP)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote FTP server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
tcp/21/ftp
Give Nessus gradentials to perform local checks

-

# 39520 - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote SSH server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

# 39521 - Backported Security Patch Detection (WWW)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote HTTP server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
tcp/80/www
Give Nessus credentials to perform local checks.

## 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

## Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2023/10/16

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:16.04 -> Canonical Ubuntu Linux

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.4.18 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:apache:http_server:2.4.99 -> Apache Software Foundation Apache HTTP Server cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.10.3-p4-ubuntu -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.10.3:p4 -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:isc:bind:9.10.3:p4 -> ISC BIND cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:7.2 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:7.2p2 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH cpe:/a:samba:samba:4.3.11 -> Samba Samba
```

## 10028 - DNS Server BIND version Directive Remote Version Detection

## Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the version number of the remote DNS server.

## Description

The remote host is running BIND or another DNS server that reports its version number when it receives a special request for the text 'version.bind' in the domain 'chaos'.

This version is not necessarily accurate and could even be forged, as some DNS servers send the information based on a configuration file.

#### Solution

It is possible to hide the version number of BIND by using the 'version' directive in the 'options' section in named.conf.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0583

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2022/10/12

Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

Version: 9.10.3-P4-Ubuntu

# 35373 - DNS Server DNSSEC Aware Resolver

Synopsis
The remote DNS resolver is DNSSEC-aware.
Description
The remote DNS resolver accepts DNSSEC options. This means that it may verify the authenticity of DNSSEC protected zones if it is configured to trust their keys.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/01/15, Modified: 2013/11/21
Plugin Output
udp/53/dns

# 11002 - DNS Server Detection

### Synopsis

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

# Description

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

#### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain\_Name\_System

#### Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2003/02/13, Modified: 2017/05/16

# Plugin Output

tcp/53/dns

# 11002 - DNS Server Detection

### Synopsis

A DNS server is listening on the remote host.

# Description

The remote service is a Domain Name System (DNS) server, which provides a mapping between hostnames and IP addresses.

#### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Domain\_Name\_System

#### Solution

Disable this service if it is not needed or restrict access to internal hosts only if the service is available externally.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/02/13, Modified: 2017/05/16

# Plugin Output

udp/53/dns

# 35371 - DNS Server hostname.bind Map Hostname Disclosure

# Synopsis

The DNS server discloses the remote host name.

# Description

It is possible to learn the remote host name by querying the remote DNS server for 'hostname.bind' in the CHAOS domain.

#### Solution

It may be possible to disable this feature. Consult the vendor's documentation for more information.

Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/01/15, Modified: 2011/09/14

### Plugin Output

### udp/53/dns

The remote host name is:

UBS16

# 54615 - Device Type

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 95

# 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

# Synopsis The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI. Description Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE. See Also https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13 Plugin Output tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified :

08:00:27:D0:5B:D8 : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

# 86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

### Synopsis

This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

# Description

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses:

- 08:00:27:D0:5B:D8

# 10092 - FTP Server Detection

### **Synopsis**

An FTP server is listening on a remote port.

# Description

It is possible to obtain the banner of the remote FTP server by connecting to a remote port.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0030 XREF IAVT:0001-T-0943

# Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2023/08/17

# Plugin Output

# tcp/21/ftp

```
The remote FTP banner is:
220 (vsFTPd 3.0.3)
```

#### 43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

#### Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

# Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

#### See Also

tcp/80/www

http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a

http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb

# https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test\_HTTP\_Methods\_(OTG-CONFIG-006) Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11 Plugin Output

```
Based on the response to an OPTIONS request:
- HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS POST are allowed on:
/
```

# 10107 - HTTP Server Type and Version

Synopsis	
A web serve	r is running on the remote host.
Description	
This plugin a	attempts to determine the type and the version of the remote web server.
Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
References	
XREF	IAVT:0001-T-0931
Plugin Infor	mation
Published: 2	000/01/04, Modified: 2020/10/30
Plugin Outp	ut
tcp/80/www	
The remote	e web server type is :
Apache/2.4	.18 (Ubuntu)

# 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

#### **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

### Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/80/www

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : yes
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers:
 Date: Fri, 24 Nov 2023 17:16:34 GMT
 Server: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)
 Last-Modified: Sun, 09 Oct 2016 19:15:22 GMT
 ETag: "2c39-53e7377066914"
 Accept-Ranges: bytes
 Content-Length: 11321
 Vary: Accept-Encoding
 Keep-Alive: timeout=5, max=100
  Connection: Keep-Alive
 Content-Type: text/html
Response Body :
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/</pre>
xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
   Modified from the Debian original for Ubuntu
```

```
Last updated: 2014-03-19
 See: https://launchpad.net/bugs/1288690
- ->
<head>
 <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8" />
 <title>Apache2 Ubuntu Default Page: It works</title>
 <style type="text/css" media="screen">
* {
 margin: 0px 0px 0px 0px;
 padding: 0px 0px 0px 0px;
body, html {
 padding: 3px 3px 3px 3px;
 background-color: #D8DBE2;
 font-family: Verdana, sans-serif;
 font-size: 11pt;
  text-align: center;
div.main_page {
 position: relative;
  display: table;
 width: 800px;
 margin-bottom: 3px;
 margin-left: auto;
  margin-right: auto;
  padding: 0px 0px 0px 0px;
  border-width: 2px;
  border-color: #212738;
 border-style: solid;
 background-color: #FFFFFF;
  text-align: center;
}
div.page_header {
 height: 99px;
 width: 100%;
 background-color: #F5F6F7;
div.page_header span {
 margin: 15px 0px 0px 50px;
 font-size: 180%;
  font-weight: bold;
div.page_header img {
 margin: 3px 0px 0px 40px;
 border: 0px 0px 0px;
div.table_of_contents {
 clear: left;
 min-width: 200px;
 margin: 3px 3px 3px 3px;
  background-color: #FFFFFF;
```

```
text-align: left;
}
div.table_of_contents_item {
  clear: left;

width: 100%;

margin: 4px 0px 0px 0px;

backgroun [...]
```

### 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

# Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

#### Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

#### Risk Factor

None

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

#### References

CVE CVE-1999-0524

XREF CWE:200

#### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2023/04/27

#### Plugin Output

#### icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is -1 seconds.

# 11414 - IMAP Service Banner Retrieval

### **Synopsis**

An IMAP server is running on the remote host.

# Description

An IMAP (Internet Message Access Protocol) server is installed and running on the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/18, Modified: 2011/03/16

# Plugin Output

# tcp/143/imap

The remote imap server banner is :

\* OK [CAPABILITY IMAP4rev1 LITERAL+ SASL-IR LOGIN-REFERRALS ID ENABLE IDLE LOGINDISABLED] Dovecot ready.

# 17651 - Microsoft Windows SMB: Obtains the Password Policy

# Synopsis

It is possible to retrieve the remote host's password policy using the supplied credentials.

### Description

Using the supplied credentials it was possible to extract the password policy for the remote Windows host. The password policy must conform to the Informational System Policy.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/03/30, Modified: 2015/01/12

### Plugin Output

### tcp/445/cifs

```
The following password policy is defined on the remote host:

Minimum password len: 5
Password history len: 0
Maximum password age (d): No limit
Password must meet complexity requirements: Disabled
Minimum password age (d): 0
Forced logoff time (s): Not set
Locked account time (s): 1800
Time between failed logon (s): 1800
Number of invalid logon before locked out (s): 0
```

# 10859 - Microsoft Windows SMB LsaQueryInformationPolicy Function SID Enumeration

# Synopsis

It is possible to obtain the host SID for the remote host.

### Description

By emulating the call to LsaQueryInformationPolicy(), it was possible to obtain the host SID (Security Identifier).

The host SID can then be used to get the list of local users.

#### See Also

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb418944.aspx

#### Solution

You can prevent anonymous lookups of the host SID by setting the 'RestrictAnonymous' registry setting to an appropriate value.

Refer to the 'See also' section for guidance.

Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/02/13, Modified: 2023/02/28

#### Plugin Output

### tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote host SID value is:

1-5-21-303861474-2673503167-1122658513

The value of 'RestrictAnonymous' setting is: unknown
```

# 10785 - Microsoft Windows SMB NativeLanManager Remote System Information Disclosure

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the remote operating system.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the remote operating system name and version (Windows and/or Samba) by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB to be enabled on the host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2001/10/17, Modified: 2021/09/20

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

```
The remote Operating System is : Windows 6.1
The remote native LAN manager is : Samba 4.3.11-Ubuntu
The remote SMB Domain Name is : UBS16
```

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

### Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

### Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

An SMB server is running on this port.

# 11011 - Microsoft Windows SMB Service Detection

### Synopsis

A file / print sharing service is listening on the remote host.

### Description

The remote service understands the CIFS (Common Internet File System) or Server Message Block (SMB) protocol, used to provide shared access to files, printers, etc between nodes on a network.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/06/05, Modified: 2021/02/11

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

A CIFS server is running on this port.

### 60119 - Microsoft Windows SMB Share Permissions Enumeration

#### **Synopsis**

It was possible to enumerate the permissions of remote network shares.

### Description

By using the supplied credentials, Nessus was able to enumerate the permissions of network shares. User permissions are enumerated for each network share that has a list of access control entries (ACEs).

#### See Also

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb456988.aspx

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc783530.aspx

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2012/07/25, Modified: 2022/08/11

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/445/cifs

```
Share path : \\UBS16\print$
Local path : C:\var\lib\samba\printers
Comment : Printer Drivers
[*] Allow ACE for Everyone (S-1-1-0): 0x001f01ff
   FILE_GENERIC_READ: YES
   FILE_GENERIC_WRITE:
                             YES
   FILE_GENERIC_EXECUTE:
                             YES
Share path : \\UBS16\IPC$
Local path : C:\tmp
Comment : IPC Service (UBS16 server (Samba, Ubuntu))
[*] Allow ACE for Everyone (S-1-1-0): 0x001f01ff
                        YES
   FILE_GENERIC_READ:
   FILE_GENERIC_WRITE:
                             YES
   FILE_GENERIC_EXECUTE:
                             YES
```

# 10395 - Microsoft Windows SMB Shares Enumeration

# **Synopsis** It is possible to enumerate remote network shares. Description By connecting to the remote host, Nessus was able to enumerate the network share names. Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2000/05/09, Modified: 2022/02/01 Plugin Output tcp/445/cifs Here are the SMB shares available on the remote host : - print\$ - IPC\$

# 100871 - Microsoft Windows SMB Versions Supported (remote check)

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the version of SMB running on the remote host.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the version of SMB running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

Note that this plugin is a remote check and does not work on agents.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/06/19, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

# 106716 - Microsoft Windows SMB2 and SMB3 Dialects Supported (remote check)

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain information about the dialects of SMB2 and SMB3 available on the remote host.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the set of SMB2 and SMB3 dialects running on the remote host by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/09, Modified: 2020/03/11

### Plugin Output

### tcp/445/cifs

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/21/ftp

Port 21/tcp was found to be open

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Port 25/tcp was found to be open

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

# Plugin Output

### tcp/53/dns

Port 53/tcp was found to be open

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

# Plugin Output

### tcp/80/www

Port 80/tcp was found to be open

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/110/pop3

Port 110/tcp was found to be open

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/139/smb

Port 139/tcp was found to be open

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/143/imap

Port 143/tcp was found to be open

### Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

### Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Port 445/tcp was found to be open

#### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

### Synopsis

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

### Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2023/07/31

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 10.6.3
Nessus build : 20009
Plugin feed version : 202311231627
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : debian10-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : Vulnerbility
```

```
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.56.101
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : default
Ping RTT: 70.249 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched)
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 4
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Nessus Plugin Signature Checking: Enabled
Audit File Signature Checking : Disabled
Scan Start Date : 2023/11/24 12:13 EST
Scan duration: 678 sec
Scan for malware : no
```

## 43815 - NetBIOS Multiple IP Address Enumeration

### Synopsis

The remote host is configured with multiple IP addresses.

### Description

By sending a special NetBIOS query, Nessus was able to detect the use of multiple IP addresses on the remote host. This indicates the host may be running virtualization software, a VPN client, or has multiple network interfaces.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2010/01/06, Modified: 2011/09/02

Plugin Output

udp/137/netbios-ns

The remote host appears to be using the following IP addresses :

- 192.168.56.103
- 10.0.2.15

### 11936 - OS Identification

### **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

### Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2023/11/08

### Plugin Output

### tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 4.4 on Ubuntu 16.04 (xenial)
Confidence level: 95
Method : SSH
Not all fingerprints could give a match. If you think some or all of
the following could be used to identify the host's operating system,
please email them to os-signatures@nessus.org. Be sure to include a
brief description of the host itself, such as the actual operating
system or product / model names.
SSH:SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_7.2p2 Ubuntu-4ubuntu2.1
SinFP:
  P1:B10113:F0x12:W29200:O0204ffff:M1460:
  P2:B10113:F0x12:W28960:O0204ffff0402080affffffff4445414401030307:M1460:
  P3:B00000:F0x00:W0:O0:M0
  P4:190703_7_p=53
SMTP:::220 UBS16 ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)
SSLcert:!:i/CN:UBS16s/CN:UBS16
f20fa4b781b5ee6ca8ce7b8b459b8afcc1d80a04
The remote host is running Linux Kernel 4.4 on Ubuntu 16.04 (xenial)
```

### 117886 - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available

### **Synopsis**

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available.

### Description

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available on the remote host.

This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan.

Credentials may not have been provided, OS security patch assessment may not be supported for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented OS security patch assessment from being available. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports non-failure information impacting the availability of OS Security Patch Assessment. Failure information is reported by plugin 21745: 'OS Security Patch Assessment failed'. If a target host is not supported for OS Security Patch Assessment, plugin 110695: 'OS Security Patch Assessment Checks Not Supported' will report concurrently with this plugin.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The following issues were reported:

- Plugin : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
    Plugin ID : 110723
    Plugin Name : Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided Message :

Credentials were not provided for detected SSH service.
```

## 181418 - OpenSSH Detection

Synopsis

An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.

Description

An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.

See Also

https://www.openssh.com/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/09/14, Modified: 2023/11/14

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

Path : /
Version : 7.2p2
Distribution : ubuntu-4ubuntu2.1

## 50845 - OpenSSL Detection

Synopsis
The remote service appears to use OpenSSL to encrypt traffic.
Description
Based on its response to a TLS request with a specially crafted server name extension, it seems that the remote service is using the OpenSSL library to encrypt traffic.
Note that this plugin can only detect OpenSSL implementations that have enabled support for TLS extensions (RFC 4366).
See Also
https://www.openssl.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2010/11/30, Modified: 2020/06/12
Plugin Output
tcp/25/smtp

### **10185 - POP Server Detection**

### Synopsis

A POP server is listening on the remote port.

### Description

The remote host is running a server that understands the Post Office Protocol (POP), used by email clients to retrieve messages from a server, possibly across a network link.

### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Post\_Office\_Protocol

### Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it.

Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2019/11/22

### Plugin Output

### tcp/110/pop3

Remote POP server banner :

+OK Dovecot ready.

### 10860 - SMB Use Host SID to Enumerate Local Users

### Synopsis

Nessus was able to enumerate local users.

### Description

Using the host security identifier (SID), Nessus was able to enumerate local users on the remote Windows system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2002/02/13, Modified: 2023/02/28

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

- nobody (id 501, Guest account)

Note that, in addition to the Administrator, Guest, and Kerberos accounts, Nessus has enumerated local users with IDs between 1000 and 1200. To use a different range, edit the scan policy and change the 'Enumerate Local Users: Start UID' and/or 'End UID' preferences under 'Assessment->Windows' and re-run the scan. Only UIDs between 1 and 2147483647 are allowed for this range.

### **10263 - SMTP Server Detection**

Synopsis

An SMTP server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running a mail (SMTP) server on this port.

Since SMTP servers are the targets of spammers, it is recommended you disable it if you do not use it.

Solution

Disable this service if you do not use it, or filter incoming traffic to this port.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0932

Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

Remote SMTP server banner :

220 UBS16 ESMTP Postfix (Ubuntu)

## 42088 - SMTP Service STARTTLS Command Support

### Synopsis

The remote mail service supports encrypting traffic.

### Description

The remote SMTP service supports the use of the 'STARTTLS' command to switch from a cleartext to an encrypted communications channel.

### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/STARTTLS

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2487

### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/09, Modified: 2019/03/20

### Plugin Output

### tcp/25/smtp

```
Here is the SMTP service's SSL certificate that Nessus was able to collect after sending a 'STARTTLS' command:

Snip
Subject Name:

Common Name: UBS16
Issuer Name:

Common Name: UBS16
Serial Number: 00 E4 BF 04 CE B3 9C 2C 68

Version: 3

Signature Algorithm: SHA-256 With RSA Encryption

Not Valid Before: Oct 09 19:15:31 2016 GMT

Not Valid After: Oct 07 19:15:31 2026 GMT
```

```
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 FA 1E CC C8 1D D6 8B A2 31 4E B9 8E 52 48 E4 B6 41 B8 E4
           91 8B 2F 1B 9B E7 79 25 E9 CC A4 AE 44 BC 30 0B B2 F9 6F 6D
            77 E7 DA 99 2C D7 00 E6 A8 41 81 A8 16 10 62 6C FD 9A A0 D0
            07 23 89 43 55 FE D0 1B 45 D6 6D 7B B3 E0 3C D1 5E 96 5C 3F
            11 94 CC E1 59 7B F0 22 EE B2 84 F8 57 08 52 69 1A B6 39 D9
            CD 1B 4D E2 4C 2F 77 6F FC D3 BF 94 2C A6 BB AD C7 34 26 CF
            F7 7D AF 20 29 38 37 35 80 BB FC 83 2E 94 E0 E1 1F 0C E6 48
            4B D1 92 A3 F6 16 36 9C F7 BB 68 4D F3 78 54 C2 08 5E 10 79
            3C 8D 5E 40 C6 99 C5 04 F7 6D 74 43 CF 2C E1 A5 25 42 56 74
            97 EA 78 D5 07 84 A4 88 94 4C CF C0 38 BF 49 3C 44 F4 D4 AD
            OF 52 C1 48 7F AD FA OD 03 84 64 5A 32 OD 5D 8D 47 B1 2A 95
            72 83 45 70 20 E8 3A 6C EE 42 5B B9 8A 69 39 61 EE 00 23 91
            40 46 98 B8 A3 7C DD FA 02 C8 29 1E F1 2F 60 D0 8D
Exponent: 01 00 01
Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 03 D6 19 81 07 5E C9 F2 43 F7 25 BF AD 1F 4A 15 3D A6 CD
           4F B0 E3 E6 A0 6C FD 40 D3 A8 2F EC 1E 37 99 47 1B 35 22 09
           08 D3 10 32 A7 D4 BB 27 32 6A 93 C8 61 36 2F 13 D8 C8 B8 25
           C3 F6 80 20 7B 9E 0F AB 57 FC C3 D1 B3 75 B0 33 A9 3F 82 7C
           7D 63 B2 9B 8E 31 E2 10 00 D6 91 09 12 0C 60 C8 C6 18 F4 F5
           32 62 6A 65 B0 CB 12 8D 03 F2 45 8A 61 D8 C1 03 81 33 AD 10
           9E 12 C4 B4 C4 32 AA 83 18 96 52 51 D5 7B F7 E4 D1 45 80 BA
           16 D5 C2 A1 OA BE CE C [...]
```

### 70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

### **Synopsis**

An SSH server is listening on this port.

### Description

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2017/08/28

### Plugin Output

### tcp/22/ssh

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :
  curve25519-sha256@libssh.org
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
 ecdh-sha2-nistp256
  ecdh-sha2-nistp384
  ecdh-sha2-nistp521
The server supports the following options for server_host_key_algorithms :
  ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
  rsa-sha2-256
  rsa-sha2-512
 ssh-ed25519
 ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
  aes128-ctr
 aes128-gcm@openssh.com
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-ctr
  aes256-gcm@openssh.com
  chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
```

```
aes128-ctr
  aes128-gcm@openssh.com
  aes192-ctr
  aes256-ctr
 aes256-gcm@openssh.com
 chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_client_to_server :
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-256
 hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128@openssh.com
 umac-64-etm@openssh.com
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_server_to_client :
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com
  hmac-sha2-256
 hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128@openssh.com
  umac-64-etm@openssh.com
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_client_to_server :
  none
  zlib@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_server_to_client :
  none
  zlib@openssh.com
```

# 149334 - SSH Password Authentication Accepted

Synopsis
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
Description
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4252#section-8
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2021/05/07, Modified: 2021/05/07
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

## 10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

### **Synopsis**

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

### Description

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

#### Solution

n/a

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2021/01/19

### Plugin Output

### tcp/22/ssh

The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol :

- 1.99
- 2.0

### 153588 - SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled

### **Synopsis**

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

### Description

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

Although NIST has formally deprecated use of SHA-1 for digital signatures, SHA-1 is still considered secure for HMAC as the security of HMAC does not rely on the underlying hash function being resistant to collisions.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the remote SSH server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/05

### Plugin Output

### tcp/22/ssh

The following client-to-server SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-sha1

hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com

The following server-to-client SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-sha1

 $\verb|hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com||$ 

# 10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

Synopsis
An SSH server is listening on this port.
Description
It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request.
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
References
XREF IAVT:0001-T-0933
Plugin Information
Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh
SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_7.2p2 Ubuntu-4ubuntu2.1 SSH supported authentication : publickey,password

## 56984 - SSL / TLS Versions Supported

### **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications.

### Description

This plugin detects which SSL and TLS versions are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/01, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

This port supports TLSv1.0/TLSv1.1/TLSv1.2.

### 10863 - SSL Certificate Information

### **Synopsis**

This plugin displays the SSL certificate.

### Description

This plugin connects to every SSL-related port and attempts to extract and dump the X.509 certificate.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2008/05/19, Modified: 2021/02/03

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

```
Subject Name:
Common Name: UBS16
Issuer Name:
Common Name: UBS16
Serial Number: 00 E4 BF 04 CE B3 9C 2C 68
Version: 3
Signature Algorithm: SHA-256 With RSA Encryption
Not Valid Before: Oct 09 19:15:31 2016 GMT
Not Valid After: Oct 07 19:15:31 2026 GMT
Public Key Info:
Algorithm: RSA Encryption
Key Length: 2048 bits
Public Key: 00 FA 1E CC C8 1D D6 8B A2 31 4E B9 8E 52 48 E4 B6 41 B8 E4
            91 8B 2F 1B 9B E7 79 25 E9 CC A4 AE 44 BC 30 0B B2 F9 6F 6D
            77 E7 DA 99 2C D7 00 E6 A8 41 81 A8 16 10 62 6C FD 9A A0 D0
            07 23 89 43 55 FE D0 1B 45 D6 6D 7B B3 E0 3C D1 5E 96 5C 3F
            11 94 CC E1 59 7B F0 22 EE B2 84 F8 57 08 52 69 1A B6 39 D9
            CD 1B 4D E2 4C 2F 77 6F FC D3 BF 94 2C A6 BB AD C7 34 26 CF
            F7 7D AF 20 29 38 37 35 80 BB FC 83 2E 94 E0 E1 1F 0C E6 48
            4B D1 92 A3 F6 16 36 9C F7 BB 68 4D F3 78 54 C2 08 5E 10 79
            3C 8D 5E 40 C6 99 C5 04 F7 6D 74 43 CF 2C E1 A5 25 42 56 74
            97 EA 78 D5 07 84 A4 88 94 4C CF C0 38 BF 49 3C 44 F4 D4 AD
            OF 52 C1 48 7F AD FA OD 03 84 64 5A 32 OD 5D 8D 47 B1 2A 95
```

```
72 83 45 70 20 E8 3A 6C EE 42 5B B9 8A 69 39 61 EE 00 23 91
40 46 98 B8 A3 7C DD FA 02 C8 29 1E F1 2F 60 D0 8D

Exponent: 01 00 01

Signature Length: 256 bytes / 2048 bits
Signature: 00 03 D6 19 81 07 5E C9 F2 43 F7 25 BF AD 1F 4A 15 3D A6 CD
4F B0 E3 E6 A0 6C FD 40 D3 A8 2F EC 1E 37 99 47 1B 35 22 09
08 D3 10 32 A7 D4 BB 27 32 6A 93 C8 61 36 2F 13 D8 C8 B8 25
C3 F6 80 20 7B 9E 0F AB 57 FC C3 D1 B3 75 B0 33 A9 3F 82 7C
7D 63 B2 9B 8E 31 E2 10 00 D6 91 09 12 0C 60 C8 C6 18 F4 F5
32 62 6A 65 B0 CB 12 8D 03 F2 45 8A 61 D8 C1 03 81 33 AD 10
9E 12 C4 B4 C4 32 AA 83 18 96 52 51 D5 7B F7 E4 D1 45 80 BA
16 D5 C2 A1 0A BE CE C6 2B 59 97 0B 04 13 20 81 16 F8 06 08
0B 86 89 D1 B2 BE 2A 0A DA 66 5A E7 A0 1C F7 CA 8A 30 A5 EC
24 C5 C9 1B E0 C0 D0 5C 36 60 7E AD 2E 82 C6 67 51 7B BA FE [...]
```

### 70544 - SSL Cipher Block Chaining Cipher Suites Supported

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Cipher Block Chaining ciphers, which combine previous blocks with subsequent ones.

#### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that operate in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode. These cipher suites offer additional security over Electronic Codebook (ECB) mode, but have the potential to leak information if used improperly.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?cc4a822a

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/tls-cbc.txt

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/22, Modified: 2021/02/03

### Plugin Output

#### tcp/25/smtp

Here is the list of SSL CBC ciphers supported by the remote server : Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES) Code KEX Auth Encryption MAC EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x16 3DES-CBC(168) ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x1B DH None 3DES-CBC(168) ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA 0xC0, 0x12 3DES-CBC(168) ECDH RSA SHA1 AECDH-DES-CBC3-SHA 0xC0, 0x17 ECDH None 3DES-CBC (168) SHA1 3DES-CBC(168) DES-CBC3-SHA 0x00, 0x0A RSA RSA

	Code	KEX		Encryption	M
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)	
HA1					
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)	
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)	
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)	
DHE-RSA-SEED-SHA	0x00, 0x9A	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)	
HA1 ADH-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x34	DH	None	AES-CBC(128)	
HA1 ADH-AES256-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x3A	DH	None	AES-CBC(256)	
ADH-CAMELLIA128-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x46	DH	None	Camellia-CBC(128)	
ADH-CAMELLIA256-SHA HA1	0x00, 0x89	DH	None	Camellia-CBC(256)	

### 21643 - SSL Cipher Suites Supported

### **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts communications using SSL.

### Description

This plugin detects which SSL ciphers are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/man1.0.2/man1/ciphers.html

http://www.nessus.org/u?e17ffced

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2006/06/05, Modified: 2023/07/10

### Plugin Output

### tcp/25/smtp

```
Here is the list of SSL ciphers supported by the remote server :
Each group is reported per SSL Version.
SSL Version : TLSv12
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                                                      Encryption
                                 Code
                                                  KEX
                                                                Auth
                                                                                                MAC
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x16
                                                  DH
                                                                RSA
                                                                         3DES-CBC(168)
                                 0x00, 0x1B
                                                                         3DES-CBC (168)
   ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                                  DH
                                                                None
   ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0xC0, 0x12
                                                  ECDH
                                                                RSA
                                                                         3DES-CBC(168)
 SHA1
   AECDH-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0xC0, 0x17
                                                  ECDH
                                                                None
                                                                         3DES-CBC (168)
 SHA1
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                 0x00, 0x0A
                                                  RSA
                                                                RSA
                                                                         3DES-CBC (168)
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                 Code
                                                  KEX
                                                                Auth
                                                                         Encryption
                                                                                                MAC
   Name
```

0x00, 0x9E	DH	RSA	AES-GCM(128)
0x00, 0x9F	DH	RSA	AES-GCM(256)
0x00, 0xA6	DH	None	AES-GCM(128)
0x00, 0xA7	DH	None	AES-GCM(256)
0xC0, 0x2F	ECDH	RSA	AES-GCM(128)
0xC0, 0x30	ECDH	RSA	AES-GCM(256)
0x00, 0x9C	RSA	RSA	AES-GCM(128)
0x00, 0x9D	RSA	RSA	AES-GCM(256)
0x00, 0x33	DH	RS [	1
,			
	0x00, 0x9F 0x00, 0xA6 0x00, 0xA7 0xC0, 0x2F 0xC0, 0x30 0x00, 0x9C	0x00, 0x9F DH 0x00, 0xA6 DH 0x00, 0xA7 DH 0xC0, 0x2F ECDH 0xC0, 0x30 ECDH 0x00, 0x9C RSA 0x00, 0x9D RSA	0x00, 0x9F DH RSA 0x00, 0xA6 DH None 0x00, 0xA7 DH None 0xC0, 0x2F ECDH RSA 0xC0, 0x30 ECDH RSA 0x00, 0x9C RSA RSA 0x00, 0x9D RSA RSA

### 57041 - SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy Cipher Suites Supported

### Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of SSL Perfect Forward Secrecy ciphers, which maintain confidentiality even if the key is stolen.

### Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) encryption. These cipher suites ensure that recorded SSL traffic cannot be broken at a future date if the server's private key is compromised.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/docs/manmaster/man1/ciphers.html https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diffie-Hellman\_key\_exchange https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Perfect\_forward\_secrecy

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2011/12/07, Modified: 2021/03/09

### Plugin Output

### tcp/25/smtp

Here is the list of SSL PFS ci	phers supported by	y the remote	server :		
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	54-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3D	ES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0xC0, 0x12	ECDH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11	12-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256	0x00, 0x9E	DH	RSA	AES-GCM(128)	

DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	0x00, 0x9F	DH	RSA	AES-GCM(256)
SHA384				
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	0xC0, 0x2F	ECDH	RSA	AES-GCM(128)
SHA256				
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA384	0xC0, 0x30	ECDH	RSA	AES-GCM(256)
SHA384				
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0x00, 0x33	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0x00, 0x39	DH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1	0 00 0 45	D	202	g 33' gpg/100\
DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA	0x00, 0x45	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(128)
SHA1 DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA256-SHA	0x00, 0x88	DH	RSA	Camellia-CBC(256)
SHA1	UXUU, UX00	חת	AGA	Callellla CBC (236)
DHE - RSA - SEED - SHA	0x00, 0x9A	DH	RSA	SEED-CBC(128)
SHA1	0000, 00011	DII	1071	DEED CDC(120)
ECDHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	0xC0, 0x13	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(128)
SHA1	,			
ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	0xC0, 0x14	ECDH	RSA	AES-CBC(256)
SHA1				
ECDHE-RSA-RC4-SHA	0xC0, 0x11	ECDH	RSA	RC4 (128)
SHA1				
DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA256	[]			

### 156899 - SSL/TLS Recommended Cipher Suites

### Synopsis

The remote host advertises discouraged SSL/TLS ciphers.

### Description

The remote host has open SSL/TLS ports which advertise discouraged cipher suites. It is recommended to only enable support for the following cipher suites:

#### TLSv1.3:

- 0x13,0x01 TLS13 AES 128 GCM SHA256
- 0x13,0x02 TLS13\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384
- 0x13,0x03 TLS13\_CHACHA20\_POLY1305\_SHA256

#### TI Sv1.2:

- 0xC0,0x2B ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2F ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0xC0,0x2C ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xC0,0x30 ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
- 0xCC,0xA9 ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0xCC,0xA8 ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305
- 0x00,0x9E DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
- 0x00,0x9F DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384

This is the recommended configuration for the vast majority of services, as it is highly secure and compatible with nearly every client released in the last five (or more) years.

#### See Also

https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server\_Side\_TLS

https://ssl-config.mozilla.org/

#### Solution

Only enable support for recommened cipher suites.

### Risk Factor

None

### Plugin Information

Published: 2022/01/20, Modified: 2023/07/10

## tcp/25/smtp

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64	4-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3D	ES)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	М
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00, 0x16	DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x1B	DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
ECDHE-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0xC0, 0x12	ECDH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
AECDH-DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0xC0, 0x17	ECDH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
DES-CBC3-SHA SHA1	0x00, 0x0A	RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 11:	2-hit kev)				
High Strength Ciphers (>= 112					
Name	2-bit key) Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	
Name  DH-AES128-SHA256	Code	KEX  DH	Auth  None		
Name DH-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 DH-AES256-SHA384	Code				
Name	Code  0x00, 0xA6	 DH	None	AES-GCM(128)	
Name DH-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 DH-AES256-SHA384 SHA384 RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 RSA-AES256-SHA384	Code 0x00, 0xA6 0x00, 0xA7	DH DH	None None	AES-GCM(128) AES-GCM(256)	
Name DH-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 DH-AES256-SHA384 SHA384 RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 RSA-AES256-SHA384 SHA384 DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	Code 0x00, 0xA6 0x00, 0xA7 0x00, 0x9C	DH DH RSA	None None RSA	AES-GCM(128) AES-GCM(256) AES-GCM(128)	
Name DH-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 DH-AES256-SHA384 SHA384 RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 RSA-AES256-SHA384 SHA384 DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA	Code 0x00, 0xA6 0x00, 0xA7 0x00, 0x9C 0x00, 0x9D	DH DH RSA	None None RSA	AES-GCM(128) AES-GCM(256) AES-GCM(128) AES-GCM(256)	
Name DH-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 DH-AES256-SHA384 SHA384 RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 RSA-AES256-SHA384 DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1 DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA SHA1 DHE-RSA-CAMELLIA128-SHA	Code 0x00, 0xA6 0x00, 0xA7 0x00, 0x9C 0x00, 0x9D 0x00, 0x33	DH DH RSA RSA DH	None None RSA RSA	AES-GCM(128)  AES-GCM(256)  AES-GCM(128)  AES-GCM(256)  AES-CBC(128)	
Name DH-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 DH-AES256-SHA384 SHA384 RSA-AES128-SHA256 SHA256 RSA-AES256-SHA384 DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA SHA1 DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA	Code 0x00, 0xA6 0x00, 0xA7 0x00, 0x9C 0x00, 0x9D 0x00, 0x33 0x00, 0x39	DH  DH  RSA  RSA  DH  DH	None None RSA RSA RSA	AES-GCM(128) AES-GCM(256) AES-GCM(128) AES-GCM(256) AES-CBC(128) AES-CBC(256)	М

### 25240 - Samba Server Detection

Synopsis
An SMB server is running on the remote host.
Description
The remote host is running Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix.
See Also
https://www.samba.org/
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2022/10/12
Plugin Output
tcp/445/cifs

### 104887 - Samba Version

### Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the samba version from the remote operating system.

### Description

Nessus was able to obtain the samba version from the remote operating by sending an authentication request to port 139 or 445. Note that this plugin requires SMB1 to be enabled on the host.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/11/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote Samba Version is : Samba 4.3.11-Ubuntu

### 96982 - Server Message Block (SMB) Protocol Version 1 Enabled (uncredentialed check)

### Synopsis

The remote Windows host supports the SMBv1 protocol.

### Description

The remote Windows host supports Server Message Block Protocol version 1 (SMBv1). Microsoft recommends that users discontinue the use of SMBv1 due to the lack of security features that were included in later SMB versions. Additionally, the Shadow Brokers group reportedly has an exploit that affects SMB; however, it is unknown if the exploit affects SMBv1 or another version. In response to this, USCERT recommends that users disable SMBv1 per SMB best practices to mitigate these potential issues.

#### See Also

https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/filecab/2016/09/16/stop-using-smb1/

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2696547/how-to-detect-enable-and-disable-smbv1-smbv2-and-smbv3-in-windows-and

http://www.nessus.org/u?8dcab5e4

http://www.nessus.org/u?234f8ef8

http://www.nessus.org/u?4c7e0cf3

#### Solution

Disable SMBv1 according to the vendor instructions in Microsoft KB2696547. Additionally, block SMB directly by blocking TCP port 445 on all network boundary devices. For SMB over the NetBIOS API, block TCP ports 137 / 139 and UDP ports 137 / 138 on all network boundary devices.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVT:0001-T-0710

Plugin Information

Published: 2017/02/03, Modified: 2020/09/22

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

The remote host supports SMBv1.

### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

An FTP server is running on this port.

### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

An SSH server is running on this port.

### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

An SMTP server is running on this port.

### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

A web server is running on this port.

### **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

### Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/110/pop3

A POP3 server is running on this port.

# 22964 - Service Detection

# **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/143/imap

An IMAP server is running on this port.

# 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

Synopsis
The remote service implements TCP timestamps.
Description
The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
See Also
http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2023/10/17
Plugin Output
tcp/0

# 121010 - TLS Version 1.1 Protocol Detection

# Synopsis

The remote service encrypts traffic using an older version of TLS.

# Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.1.

TLS 1.1 lacks support for current and recommended cipher suites.

Ciphers that support encryption before MAC computation, and authenticated encryption modes such as GCM cannot be used with TLS 1.1

As of March 31, 2020, Endpoints that are not enabled for TLS 1.2 and higher will no longer function properly with major web browsers and major vendors.

#### See Also

https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-tls-oldversions-deprecate-00

http://www.nessus.org/u?c8ae820d

#### Solution

Enable support for TLS 1.2 and/or 1.3, and disable support for TLS 1.1.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF CWE:327

Plugin Information

Published: 2019/01/08, Modified: 2023/04/19

Plugin Output

tcp/25/smtp

 ${\tt TLSv1.1}$  is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

# 136318 - TLS Version 1.2 Protocol Detection

Synopsis
The remote service encrypts traffic using a version of TLS.
Description
The remote service accepts connections encrypted using TLS 1.2.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5246
Solution
N/A
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2020/05/04, Modified: 2020/05/04
Plugin Output

TLSv1.2 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.

tcp/25/smtp

#### 110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

#### Synopsis

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

#### Description

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

# Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
References	
XREF	IAVB:0001-B-0504
Plugin Informa	ition
Published: 201	8/06/27, Modified: 2023/02/13
Plugin Output	
tcp/0	

192.168.56.103

SSH was detected on port 22 but no credentials were provided.

SSH local checks were not enabled.

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

# **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2023/06/26

# Plugin Output

# udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.56.101 to 192.168.56.103: 192.168.56.101
192.168.56.103

Hop Count: 1
```

# 66293 - Unix Operating System on Extended Support

# Synopsis

The remote host is running an operating system that is on extended support.

# Description

According to its version, the remote host uses a Unix or Unix-like operating system that has transitioned to an extended portion in its support life cycle. Continued access to new security updates requires payment of an additional fee and / or configuration changes to the package management tool. Without that, the host likely will be missing security updates.

#### Solution

Ensure that the host subscribes to the vendor's extended support plan and continues to receive security updates.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0648

# Plugin Information

Published: 2013/05/02, Modified: 2023/05/10

#### Plugin Output

# tcp/0

Ubuntu 16.04 support ends on 2021-04-30 (end of maintenance) / 2026-04-30 (end of extended security maintenance).

# 135860 - WMI Not Available

# Synopsis

WMI queries could not be made against the remote host.

# Description

WMI (Windows Management Instrumentation) is not available on the remote host over DCOM. WMI queries are used to gather information about the remote host, such as its current state, network interface configuration, etc.

Without this information Nessus may not be able to identify installed software or security vunerabilities that exist on the remote host.

#### See Also

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/wmisdk/wmi-start-page

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2020/04/21, Modified: 2023/11/14

Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Can't connect to the 'root\CIMV2' WMI namespace.

# 10150 - Windows NetBIOS / SMB Remote Host Information Disclosure

# Synopsis

It was possible to obtain the network name of the remote host.

# Description

The remote host is listening on UDP port 137 or TCP port 445, and replies to NetBIOS nbtscan or SMB requests.

Note that this plugin gathers information to be used in other plugins, but does not itself generate a report.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2021/02/10

#### Plugin Output

#### udp/137/netbios-ns

# 52703 - vsftpd Detection

Synopsis

An FTP server is listening on the remote port.

Description

The remote host is running vsftpd, an FTP server for UNIX-like systems written in C.

See Also

http://vsftpd.beasts.org/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/03/17, Modified: 2019/11/22

Plugin Output

tcp/21/ftp

Source : 220 (vsFTPd 3.0.3)

Version : 3.0.3

# 192.168.56.104



#### Scan Information

Start time: Fri Nov 24 12:13:32 2023 End time: Fri Nov 24 12:23:27 2023

#### Host Information

IP: 192.168.56.104 MAC Address: 08:00:27:44:A8:CF

OS: Linux Kernel 4.4 on Ubuntu 16.04 (xenial)

#### **Vulnerabilities**

# 11213 - HTTP TRACE / TRACK Methods Allowed

# Synopsis

Debugging functions are enabled on the remote web server.

# Description

The remote web server supports the TRACE and/or TRACK methods. TRACE and TRACK are HTTP methods that are used to debug web server connections.

# See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?e979b5cb

http://www.apacheweek.com/issues/03-01-24

https://download.oracle.com/sunalerts/1000718.1.html

#### Solution

Disable these HTTP methods. Refer to the plugin output for more information.

#### Risk Factor

#### Medium

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

#### 5.3 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:L/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

4.6 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

# CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID	9506
BID	9561
BID	11604
BID	33374
BID	37995
CVE	CVE-2003-1567
CVE	CVE-2004-2320
CVE	CVE-2010-0386
XREF	CERT:288308
XREF	CERT:867593
XREF	CWE:16
XREF	CWE:200

# Plugin Information

Published: 2003/01/23, Modified: 2023/10/27

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/8080/www

```
.....\n\nand received the
following response from the remote server :\n\n------ snip
-----\nHTTP/1.1 200 OK
Expires: 0
Cache-Control: no-cache, no-store, max-age=0, must-revalidate
Set-Cookie: XSRF-TOKEN=311ef6e4-9d3c-41c7-9907-9b1a1ba01a5e; path=/
X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block
Pragma: no-cache
Date: Fri, 24 Nov 2023 17:14:27 GMT
Connection: keep-alive
X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
Content-Type: message/http
Content-Length: 314
X-Application-Context: Saturn Security Systems:swagger,dev:8080
TRACE /Nessus1526530713.html HTTP/1.1
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,*,utf-8
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
Connection: Keep-Alive
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Host: 192.168.56.104
Accept-Language: en
Pragma: no-cache
snip -----\n
```

# 136929 - JQuery 1.2 < 3.5.0 Multiple XSS

STIG Severity

Ш

# Synopsis The remote web server is affected by multiple cross site scripting vulnerability. Description According to the self-reported version in the script, the version of JQuery hosted on the remote web server is greater than or equal to 1.2 and prior to 3.5.0. It is, therefore, affected by multiple cross site scripting vulnerabilities. Note, the vulnerabilities referenced in this plugin have no security impact on PAN-OS, and/or the scenarios required for successful exploitation do not exist on devices running a PAN-OS release. See Also https://blog.jquery.com/2020/04/10/jquery-3-5-0-released/ https://security.paloaltonetworks.com/PAN-SA-2020-0007 Solution Upgrade to JQuery version 3.5.0 or later. Risk Factor Medium CVSS v3.0 Base Score 6.1 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:C/C:L/I:L/A:N) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 5.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:P/RL:O/RC:C) CVSS v2.0 Base Score 4.3 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:N/I:P/A:N) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 3.4 (CVSS2#E:POC/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

CVE CVE-2020-11022
CVE CVE-2020-11023
XREF IAVB:2020-B-0030
XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0004
XREF CEA-ID:CEA-2021-0025

# Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/28, Modified: 2023/10/13

# Plugin Output

# tcp/8080/www

URL: http://192.168.56.104:8080/bower\_components/jquery/dist/jquery.js

Installed version : 3.1.0
Fixed version : 3.5.0

# 39520 - Backported Security Patch Detection (SSH)

Synopsis
Security patches are backported.
Description
Security patches may have been 'backported' to the remote SSH server without changing its version number.
Banner-based checks have been disabled to avoid false positives.
Note that this test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.
See Also
https://access.redhat.com/security/updates/backporting/?sc_cid=3093
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2009/06/25, Modified: 2015/07/07
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh
Give Nessus gradentials to perform local checks

# 45590 - Common Platform Enumeration (CPE)

#### Synopsis

It was possible to enumerate CPE names that matched on the remote system.

# Description

By using information obtained from a Nessus scan, this plugin reports CPE (Common Platform Enumeration) matches for various hardware and software products found on a host.

Note that if an official CPE is not available for the product, this plugin computes the best possible CPE based on the information available from the scan.

#### See Also

http://cpe.mitre.org/

https://nvd.nist.gov/products/cpe

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2010/04/21, Modified: 2023/10/16

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/0

```
The remote operating system matched the following CPE:

cpe:/o:canonical:ubuntu_linux:16.04 -> Canonical Ubuntu Linux

Following application CPE's matched on the remote system:

cpe:/a:jquery:jquery:3.1.0 -> jQuery

cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:7.2 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH

cpe:/a:openbsd:openssh:7.2p2 -> OpenBSD OpenSSH
```

# 54615 - Device Type

# **Synopsis**

It is possible to guess the remote device type.

# Description

Based on the remote operating system, it is possible to determine what the remote system type is (eg: a printer, router, general-purpose computer, etc).

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2011/05/23, Modified: 2022/09/09

Plugin Output

tcp/0

Remote device type : general-purpose Confidence level : 95

# 35716 - Ethernet Card Manufacturer Detection

# Synopsis The manufacturer can be identified from the Ethernet OUI. Description Each ethernet MAC address starts with a 24-bit Organizationally Unique Identifier (OUI). These OUIs are registered by IEEE. See Also https://standards.ieee.org/faqs/regauth.html http://www.nessus.org/u?794673b4 Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/02/19, Modified: 2020/05/13 Plugin Output tcp/0

The following card manufacturers were identified :

08:00:27:44:A8:CF : PCS Systemtechnik GmbH

# 86420 - Ethernet MAC Addresses

# Synopsis

This plugin gathers MAC addresses from various sources and consolidates them into a list.

# Description

This plugin gathers MAC addresses discovered from both remote probing of the host (e.g. SNMP and Netbios) and from running local checks (e.g. ifconfig). It then consolidates the MAC addresses into a single, unique, and uniform list.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2015/10/16, Modified: 2020/05/13

Plugin Output

tcp/0

The following is a consolidated list of detected MAC addresses:

- 08:00:27:44:A8:CF

#### 43111 - HTTP Methods Allowed (per directory)

#### Synopsis

This plugin determines which HTTP methods are allowed on various CGI directories.

#### Description

By calling the OPTIONS method, it is possible to determine which HTTP methods are allowed on each directory.

The following HTTP methods are considered insecure:

PUT, DELETE, CONNECT, TRACE, HEAD

Many frameworks and languages treat 'HEAD' as a 'GET' request, albeit one without any body in the response. If a security constraint was set on 'GET' requests such that only 'authenticatedUsers' could access GET requests for a particular servlet or resource, it would be bypassed for the 'HEAD' version. This allowed unauthorized blind submission of any privileged GET request.

As this list may be incomplete, the plugin also tests - if 'Thorough tests' are enabled or 'Enable web applications tests' is set to 'yes'

in the scan policy - various known HTTP methods on each directory and considers them as unsupported if it receives a response code of 400, 403, 405, or 501.

Note that the plugin output is only informational and does not necessarily indicate the presence of any security vulnerabilities.

#### See Also

tcp/8080/www

http://www.nessus.org/u?d9c03a9a

http://www.nessus.org/u?b019cbdb

# https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Test\_HTTP\_Methods\_(OTG-CONFIG-006) Solution n/a Risk Factor None Plugin Information Published: 2009/12/10, Modified: 2022/04/11 Plugin Output

```
Based on the response to an OPTIONS request :
- HTTP methods GET HEAD OPTIONS are allowed on :
/
```

# 24260 - HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) Information

#### **Synopsis**

Some information about the remote HTTP configuration can be extracted.

# Description

This test gives some information about the remote HTTP protocol - the version used, whether HTTP Keep-Alive and HTTP pipelining are enabled, etc...

This test is informational only and does not denote any security problem.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/01/30, Modified: 2019/11/22

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/8080/www

```
Response Code : HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Protocol version : HTTP/1.1
SSL : no
Keep-Alive : no
Options allowed : (Not implemented)
Headers :
 Expires: 0
 Cache-Control: no-cache, no-store, max-age=0, must-revalidate
  X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block
 Pragma: no-cache
 Accept-Ranges: bytes
 Date: Fri, 24 Nov 2023 17:15:05 GMT
 Connection: keep-alive
 Last-Modified: Tue, 21 Nov 2017 11:21:32 GMT
 X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
 Content-Length: 14173
 Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
 X-Application-Context: Saturn Security Systems:swagger, dev: 8080
 Content-Language: en-
Response Body :
<!doctype html>
<html class="no-js">
```

```
<meta charset="utf-8">
   <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
   <title>Saturn Security Systems</title>
   <meta name="description" content="">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">
   <!-- Place favicon.ico and apple-touch-icon.png in the root directory -->
   <link rel="apple-touch-icon" sizes="180x180" href="/apple-touch-icon.png">
   <link rel="icon" type="image/png" href="content/images/favicon-32x32.png" sizes="32x32">
   <link rel="icon" type="image/png" href="content/images/favicon-16x16.png" sizes="16x16">
   <!-- build:css content/css/vendor.css -->
   <!-- bower:css -->
   <link rel="stylesheet" href="bower_components/bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.css">
   <link rel="stylesheet" href="bower_components/angular-loading-bar/build/loading-bar.css">
   <!-- endinject -->
   <!-- endbuild -->
   <!-- build:css content/css/main.css -->
   <link href="content/css/bootstrap.min.css" rel="stylesheet">
   <link rel="stylesheet" href="content/css/font-awesome.min.css">
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="content/css/animate.css">
   <link href="content/css/prettyPhoto.css" rel="stylesheet">
   <link href="content/css/style.css" rel="stylesheet" />
   <!-- endbuild -->
</head>
<body ng-app="saturnApp" ng-strict-di>
    [...]
```

# 10114 - ICMP Timestamp Request Remote Date Disclosure

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine the exact time set on the remote host.

# Description

The remote host answers to an ICMP timestamp request. This allows an attacker to know the date that is set on the targeted machine, which may assist an unauthenticated, remote attacker in defeating time-based authentication protocols.

Timestamps returned from machines running Windows Vista / 7 / 2008 / 2008 R2 are deliberately incorrect, but usually within 1000 seconds of the actual system time.

#### Solution

Filter out the ICMP timestamp requests (13), and the outgoing ICMP timestamp replies (14).

#### Risk Factor

None

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:L/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:N/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

0.0 (CVSS2#AV:L/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:N)

#### References

CVE CVE-1999-0524

XREF CWE:200

#### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/08/01, Modified: 2023/04/27

#### Plugin Output

#### icmp/0

The difference between the local and remote clocks is -1 seconds.

# 106658 - JQuery Detection

**Synopsis** 

The web server on the remote host uses JQuery.

Description

Nessus was able to detect JQuery on the remote host.

See Also

https://jquery.com/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/02/07, Modified: 2023/05/24

Plugin Output

tcp/8080/www

URL : http://192.168.56.104:8080/bower\_components/jquery/dist/jquery.js

 ${\tt Version} \; : \; {\tt 3.1.0}$ 

# 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

Port 22/tcp was found to be open

# 11219 - Nessus SYN scanner

# Synopsis

It is possible to determine which TCP ports are open.

# Description

This plugin is a SYN 'half-open' port scanner. It shall be reasonably quick even against a firewalled target.

Note that SYN scans are less intrusive than TCP (full connect) scans against broken services, but they might cause problems for less robust firewalls and also leave unclosed connections on the remote target, if the network is loaded.

#### Solution

Protect your target with an IP filter.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/02/04, Modified: 2023/09/25

# Plugin Output

#### tcp/8080/www

Port 8080/tcp was found to be open

#### 19506 - Nessus Scan Information

# **Synopsis**

This plugin displays information about the Nessus scan.

# Description

This plugin displays, for each tested host, information about the scan itself:

- The version of the plugin set.
- The type of scanner (Nessus or Nessus Home).
- The version of the Nessus Engine.
- The port scanner(s) used.
- The port range scanned.
- The ping round trip time
- Whether credentialed or third-party patch management checks are possible.
- Whether the display of superseded patches is enabled
- The date of the scan.
- The duration of the scan.
- The number of hosts scanned in parallel.
- The number of checks done in parallel.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2005/08/26, Modified: 2023/07/31

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/0

```
Information about this scan :

Nessus version : 10.6.3
Nessus build : 20009
Plugin feed version : 202311231627
Scanner edition used : Nessus Home
Scanner OS : LINUX
Scanner distribution : debian10-x86-64
Scan type : Normal
Scan name : Vulnerbility
```

```
Scan policy used : Basic Network Scan
Scanner IP : 192.168.56.101
Port scanner(s) : nessus_syn_scanner
Port range : default
Ping RTT : 86.874 ms
Thorough tests : no
Experimental tests : no
Plugin debugging enabled : no
Paranoia level : 1
Report verbosity : 1
Safe checks : yes
Optimize the test : yes
Credentialed checks : no
Patch management checks : None
Display superseded patches : yes (supersedence plugin launched)
CGI scanning : disabled
Web application tests : disabled
Max hosts : 30
Max checks : 4
Recv timeout : 5
Backports : Detected
Allow post-scan editing : Yes
Nessus Plugin Signature Checking : Enabled
Audit File Signature Checking : Disabled
Scan Start Date : 2023/11/24 12:13 EST
Scan duration: 481 sec
Scan for malware : no
```

# 11936 - OS Identification

# Synopsis

It is possible to guess the remote operating system.

# Description

Using a combination of remote probes (e.g., TCP/IP, SMB, HTTP, NTP, SNMP, etc.), it is possible to guess the name of the remote operating system in use. It is also possible sometimes to guess the version of the operating system.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2003/12/09, Modified: 2023/11/08

# Plugin Output

# tcp/0

```
Remote operating system : Linux Kernel 4.4 on Ubuntu 16.04 (xenial)
Confidence level : 95
Method : SSH

The remote host is running Linux Kernel 4.4 on Ubuntu 16.04 (xenial)
```

# 117886 - OS Security Patch Assessment Not Available

# **Synopsis**

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available.

# Description

OS Security Patch Assessment is not available on the remote host.

This does not necessarily indicate a problem with the scan.

Credentials may not have been provided, OS security patch assessment may not be supported for the target, the target may not have been identified, or another issue may have occurred that prevented OS security patch assessment from being available. See plugin output for details.

This plugin reports non-failure information impacting the availability of OS Security Patch Assessment. Failure information is reported by plugin 21745: 'OS Security Patch Assessment failed'. If a target host is not supported for OS Security Patch Assessment, plugin 110695: 'OS Security Patch Assessment Checks Not Supported' will report concurrently with this plugin.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVB:0001-B-0515

Plugin Information

Published: 2018/10/02, Modified: 2021/07/12

Plugin Output

tcp/0

```
The following issues were reported:

- Plugin : no_local_checks_credentials.nasl
    Plugin ID : 110723
    Plugin Name : Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided Message :
```

Credentials were not provided for detected SSH service.

# 181418 - OpenSSH Detection

Synopsis

An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.

Description

An OpenSSH-based SSH server was detected on the remote host.

See Also

https://www.openssh.com/

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2023/09/14, Modified: 2023/11/14

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

Path : /
Version : 7.2p2
Distribution : ubuntu-4ubuntu2.2

# 66334 - Patch Report

# Synopsis

The remote host is missing several patches.

# Description

The remote host is missing one or more security patches. This plugin lists the newest version of each patch to install to make sure the remote host is up-to-date.

Note: Because the 'Show missing patches that have been superseded' setting in your scan policy depends on this plugin, it will always run and cannot be disabled.

#### Solution

Install the patches listed below.

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2013/07/08, Modified: 2023/11/14

# Plugin Output

# tcp/0

```
. You need to take the following action :
[ JQuery 1.2 < 3.5.0 Multiple XSS (136929) ]
+ Action to take : Upgrade to JQuery version 3.5.0 or later.
```

# 70657 - SSH Algorithms and Languages Supported

# **Synopsis**

An SSH server is listening on this port.

# Description

This script detects which algorithms and languages are supported by the remote service for encrypting communications.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2013/10/28, Modified: 2017/08/28

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/22/ssh

```
Nessus negotiated the following encryption algorithm with the server :
The server supports the following options for kex_algorithms :
  curve25519-sha256@libssh.org
 diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
 diffie-hellman-group14-sha1
 ecdh-sha2-nistp256
  ecdh-sha2-nistp384
  ecdh-sha2-nistp521
The server supports the following options for server_host_key_algorithms :
  ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
  rsa-sha2-256
  rsa-sha2-512
 ssh-ed25519
 ssh-rsa
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_client_to_server :
  aes128-ctr
 aes128-gcm@openssh.com
 aes192-ctr
 aes256-ctr
  aes256-gcm@openssh.com
  chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for encryption_algorithms_server_to_client :
```

```
aes128-ctr
  aes128-gcm@openssh.com
  aes192-ctr
  aes256-ctr
 aes256-gcm@openssh.com
 chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_client_to_server :
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-256
 hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128@openssh.com
 umac-64-etm@openssh.com
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for mac_algorithms_server_to_client:
 hmac-sha1
 hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com
  hmac-sha2-256
 hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
 hmac-sha2-512
 hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128-etm@openssh.com
 umac-128@openssh.com
  umac-64-etm@openssh.com
 umac-64@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_client_to_server :
  none
  zlib@openssh.com
The server supports the following options for compression_algorithms_server_to_client :
  none
  zlib@openssh.com
```

# 149334 - SSH Password Authentication Accepted

Synopsis
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
Description
The SSH server on the remote host accepts password authentication.
See Also
https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4252#section-8
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2021/05/07, Modified: 2021/05/07
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

# 10881 - SSH Protocol Versions Supported

# Synopsis

A SSH server is running on the remote host.

# Description

This plugin determines the versions of the SSH protocol supported by the remote SSH daemon.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 2002/03/06, Modified: 2021/01/19

## Plugin Output

# tcp/22/ssh

The remote SSH daemon supports the following versions of the SSH protocol :

- 1.99
- 2.0

# 153588 - SSH SHA-1 HMAC Algorithms Enabled

## **Synopsis**

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

## Description

The remote SSH server is configured to enable SHA-1 HMAC algorithms.

Although NIST has formally deprecated use of SHA-1 for digital signatures, SHA-1 is still considered secure for HMAC as the security of HMAC does not rely on the underlying hash function being resistant to collisions.

Note that this plugin only checks for the options of the remote SSH server.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2021/09/23, Modified: 2022/04/05

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/22/ssh

```
The following client-to-server SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:
```

hmac-sha1

hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com

The following server-to-client SHA-1 Hash-based Message Authentication Code (HMAC) algorithms are supported:

hmac-sha1

 $\verb|hmac-shal-etm@openssh.com||$ 

# 10267 - SSH Server Type and Version Information

SSH supported authentication : publickey, password

**Synopsis** An SSH server is listening on this port. Description It is possible to obtain information about the remote SSH server by sending an empty authentication request. Solution n/a Risk Factor None References **XREF** IAVT:0001-T-0933 Plugin Information Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2020/09/22 Plugin Output tcp/22/ssh SSH version : SSH-2.0-OpenSSH\_7.2p2 Ubuntu-4ubuntu2.2

192.168.56.104

# 22964 - Service Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/22/ssh

An SSH server is running on this port.

# 22964 - Service Detection

## **Synopsis**

The remote service could be identified.

# Description

Nessus was able to identify the remote service by its banner or by looking at the error message it sends when it receives an HTTP request.

Solution

n/a

Risk Factor

None

Plugin Information

Published: 2007/08/19, Modified: 2023/07/10

Plugin Output

tcp/8080/www

A web server is running on this port.

# 25220 - TCP/IP Timestamps Supported

Synopsis
The remote service implements TCP timestamps.
Description
The remote host implements TCP timestamps, as defined by RFC1323. A side effect of this feature is that the uptime of the remote host can sometimes be computed.
See Also
http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1323.txt
Solution
n/a
Risk Factor
None
Plugin Information
Published: 2007/05/16, Modified: 2023/10/17
Plugin Output
tcp/0

#### 110723 - Target Credential Status by Authentication Protocol - No Credentials Provided

#### Synopsis

Nessus was able to find common ports used for local checks, however, no credentials were provided in the scan policy.

#### Description

Nessus was not able to successfully authenticate directly to the remote target on an available authentication protocol. Nessus was able to connect to the remote port and identify that the service running on the port supports an authentication protocol, but Nessus failed to authenticate to the remote service using the provided credentials. There may have been a protocol failure that prevented authentication from being attempted or all of the provided credentials for the authentication protocol may be invalid. See plugin output for error details.

# Please note the following:

- This plugin reports per protocol, so it is possible for valid credentials to be provided for one protocol and not another. For example, authentication may succeed via SSH but fail via SMB, while no credentials were provided for an available SNMP service.
- Providing valid credentials for all available authentication protocols may improve scan coverage, but the value of successful authentication for a given protocol may vary from target to target depending upon what data (if any) is gathered from the target via that protocol. For example, successful authentication via SSH is more valuable for Linux targets than for Windows targets, and likewise successful authentication via SMB is more valuable for Windows targets than for Linux targets.

Solution	
n/a	
Risk Factor	
None	
References	
XREF	IAVB:0001-B-0504
Plugin Informa	ation
Published: 201	8/06/27, Modified: 2023/02/13
Plugin Output	
tcp/0	

192.168.56.104 333

SSH was detected on port 22 but no credentials were provided.

SSH local checks were not enabled.

# 10287 - Traceroute Information

## **Synopsis**

It was possible to obtain traceroute information.

# Description

Makes a traceroute to the remote host.

#### Solution

n/a

#### Risk Factor

None

# Plugin Information

Published: 1999/11/27, Modified: 2023/06/26

# Plugin Output

## udp/0

```
For your information, here is the traceroute from 192.168.56.101 to 192.168.56.104: 192.168.56.101
192.168.56.104

Hop Count: 1
```

# 66293 - Unix Operating System on Extended Support

# Synopsis

The remote host is running an operating system that is on extended support.

## Description

According to its version, the remote host uses a Unix or Unix-like operating system that has transitioned to an extended portion in its support life cycle. Continued access to new security updates requires payment of an additional fee and / or configuration changes to the package management tool. Without that, the host likely will be missing security updates.

#### Solution

Ensure that the host subscribes to the vendor's extended support plan and continues to receive security updates.

Risk Factor

None

References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0648

## Plugin Information

Published: 2013/05/02, Modified: 2023/05/10

#### Plugin Output

## tcp/0

Ubuntu 16.04 support ends on 2021-04-30 (end of maintenance) / 2026-04-30 (end of extended security maintenance).

#### 10302 - Web Server robots.txt Information Disclosure

#### **Synopsis**

The remote web server contains a 'robots.txt' file.

## Description

The remote host contains a file named 'robots.txt' that is intended to prevent web 'robots' from visiting certain directories in a website for maintenance or indexing purposes. A malicious user may also be able to use the contents of this file to learn of sensitive documents or directories on the affected site and either retrieve them directly or target them for other attacks.

#### See Also

http://www.robotstxt.org/orig.html

#### Solution

Review the contents of the site's robots.txt file, use Robots META tags instead of entries in the robots.txt file, and/or adjust the web server's access controls to limit access to sensitive material.

#### Risk Factor

None

#### Plugin Information

Published: 1999/10/12, Modified: 2018/11/15

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/8080/www

```
Contents of robots.txt:

# robotstxt.org/

User-agent: *
Disallow: /api/account
Disallow: /api/account/change_password
Disallow: /api/account/sessions
Disallow: /api/audits/
Disallow: /api/logs/
Disallow: /api/logs/
Disallow: /api/users/
Disallow: /management/
Disallow: /v2/api-docs/
```

192.168.56.104