

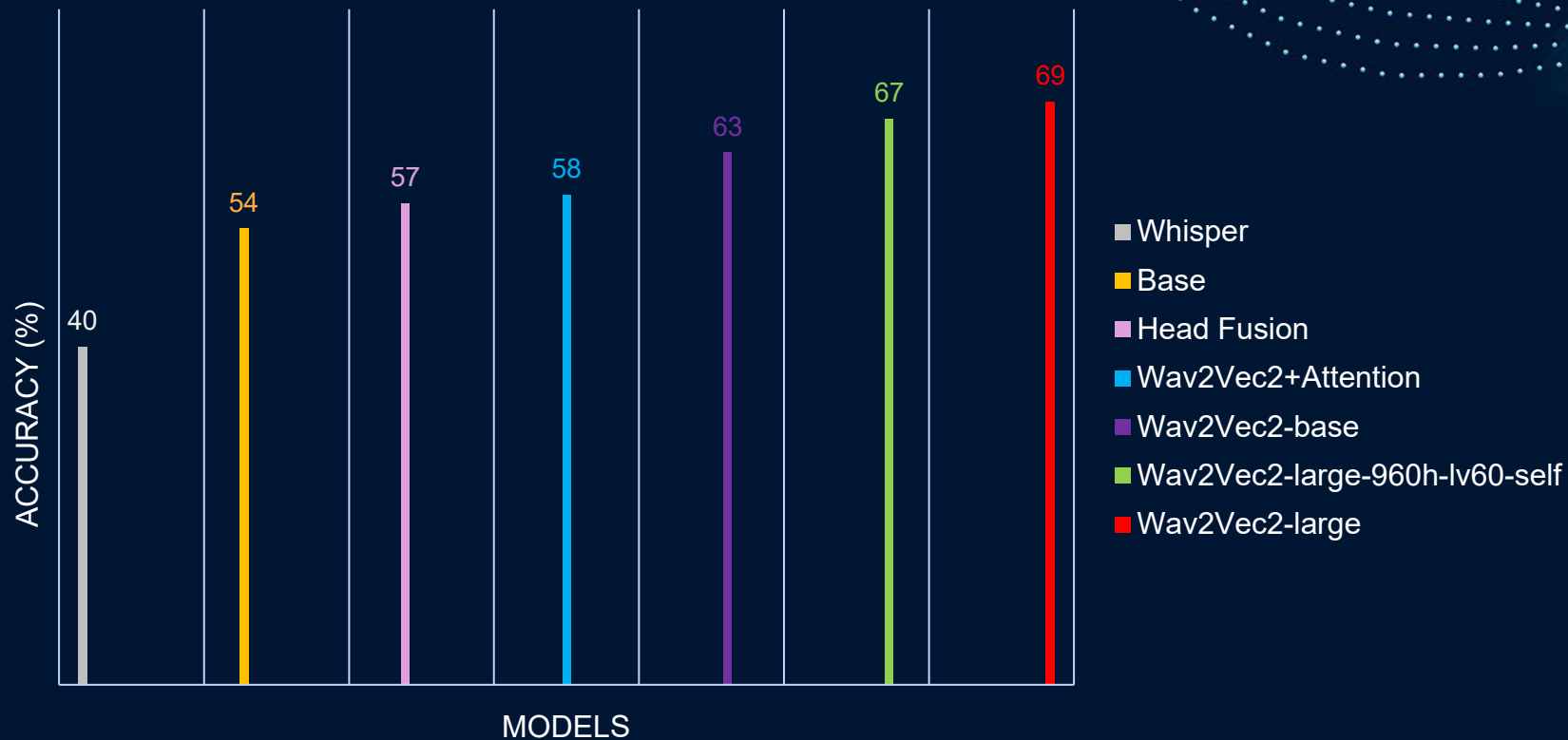


Emotion Recognition

SMALL PROJECT

AAI3001_SP_1

ACCURACY OVER DIFFERENT MODELS



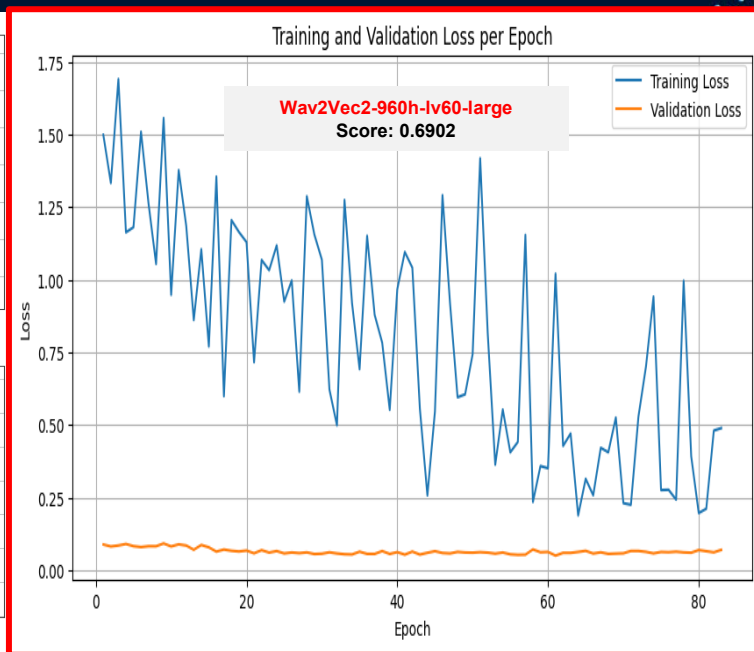
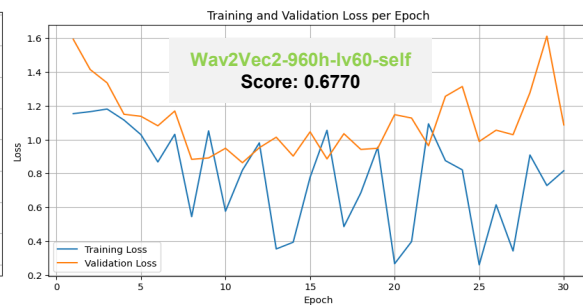
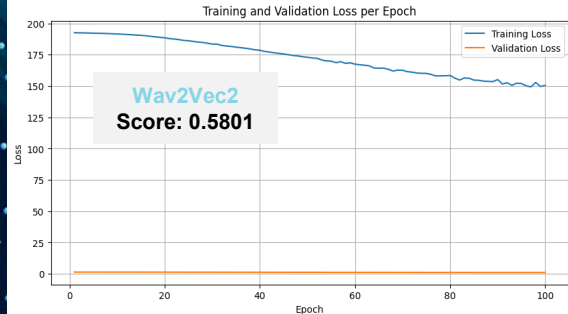
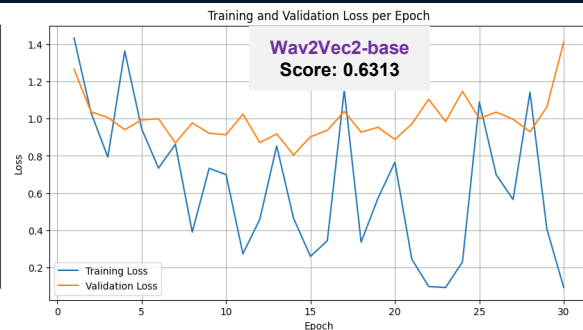
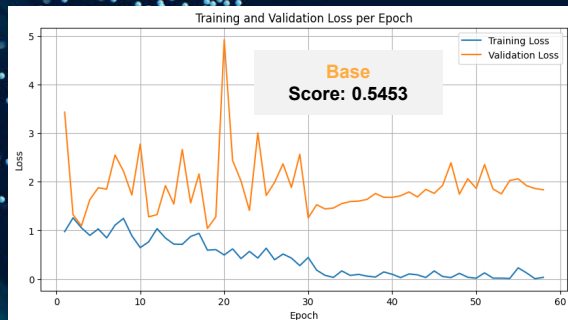
Comparison

```
summary(model, input_size=(16, 96000))
```

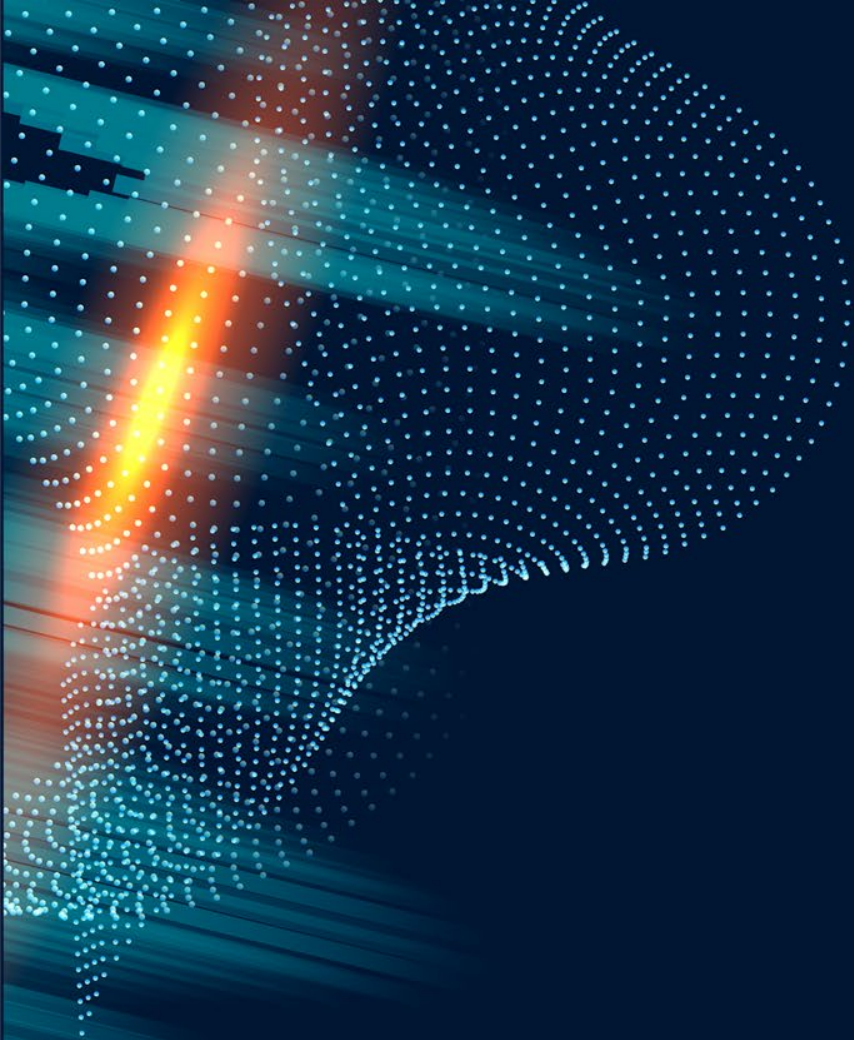
```
=====
Layer (type:depth-idx)                   Output Shape          Param #
=====
Wav2Vec2SEr                             [16, 4]              --
├─Wav2Vec2Model: 1-1                     [16, 299, 512]       1,024
│   └─Wav2Vec2FeatureEncoder: 2-1       [16, 512, 299]       --
│       └─ModuleList: 3-1               [16, 299, 1024]      4,200,448
│           └─Wav2Vec2FeatureProjection: 2-2
│               └─LayerNorm: 3-2         [16, 299, 512]       1,024
│                   └─Linear: 3-3        [16, 299, 1024]      525,312
│                       └─Dropout: 3-4   [16, 299, 1024]      --
│                           └─Wav2Vec2Encoder: 2-3
│                               └─Wav2Vec2PositionalConvEmbedding: 3-5
│                                   └─LayerNorm: 3-6         [16, 299, 1024]      2,048
│                                       └─Dropout: 3-7        [16, 299, 1024]      --
│                                           └─ModuleList: 3-8
│                                               └─Sequential: 1-2
│                                                   └─Linear: 2-4         [16, 512]          524,800
│                                                       └─BatchNorm1d: 2-5
│                                                           [16, 512]          1,024
│                                                               └─ReLU: 2-6
│                                                                   [16, 512]          --
│                                                                       └─Dropout: 2-7
│                                                                           [16, 512]          --
│                                                                               └─Linear: 2-8
│                                                                                   [16, 256]          131,328
│                                                                                       └─BatchNorm1d: 2-9
│                                                                                           [16, 256]          512
│                                                                                               └─ReLU: 2-10
│                                                                                                   [16, 256]          --
│                                                                                                       └─Dropout: 2-11
│                                                                                                           [16, 256]          --
│                                                                                                               └─Linear: 2-12
│                                                                                                                   [16, 4]            1,028
=====
Total params: 316,087,684
Trainable params: 316,087,684
Non-trainable params: 0
Total mult-adds (G): 240.40
=====
Input size (MB): 6.14
Forward/backward pass size (MB): 14199.16
Params size (MB): 1230.79
Estimated Total Size (MB): 15436.09
=====
```

		Models				
		Base	Wav2Vec2	Wav2Vec2 -base	Wav2Vec2 -960h- lv60-self	Wav2Vec2 -large
Hyperparameters	Learning Rate	1e-3	5e-5	1e-4	2e-4	0.0001
	Momentum	-	-	-	-	-
	Optimizer	Adam	AdamW	AdamW	AdamW	AdamW
	Batch Size	128	16	32	16	16
	Epoch	100 (20)	100	30	30	200 (83)
	Weight Decay	1e-5	0.01	0.01	5e-5	0.0001
Regularizations	Dropout	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6
	Augmentation	-	Time Stretch Pitch Shift Add Noise Time Mask	Add Noise	Add Noise	Add Noise

Analysis



- Wav2Vec2 Pre-Trained models perform better
- High instability: Due to high VRAM requirements, batch size must be reduced, which can be improved with better hardware



Thank You

Credits: Brian Tham & Hong Ziyang

References

1. M. Xu, F. Zhang and W. Zhang, "Head Fusion: Improving the Accuracy and Robustness of Speech Emotion Recognition on the IEMOCAP and RAVDESS Dataset," in IEEE Access, vol. 9, pp. 74539-74549, 2021, doi: 10.1109/ACCESS.2021.3067460. keywords: {Speech recognition;Emotion recognition;Data models;Deep learning;Text recognition;Magnetic heads;Training data;Speech emotion recognition;convolutional neural network;attention mechanism;noise reduction} <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/9381872>
2. M. Chen, X. He, J. Yang and H. Zhang, "3-D Convolutional Recurrent Neural Networks With Attention Model for Speech Emotion Recognition," in IEEE Signal Processing Letters, vol. 25, no. 10, pp. 1440-1444, Oct. 2018, doi: 10.1109/LSP.2018.2860246. keywords: {Feature extraction;Convolution;Recurrent neural networks;Speech recognition;Emotion recognition;Solid modeling;Task analysis;Attention mechanism;convolutional recurrent neural networks (CRNN);speech emotion recognition (SER)}, <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/9381872>
3. Meta: <https://huggingface.co/collections/facebook/wav2vec-20-651e865258e3dee2586c89f5>
4. OpenAI: <https://huggingface.co/collections/openai/whisper-release-6501bba2cf999715fd953013>