Markowitz Portfolio Optimization Project Report

Project Overview

The project applied Markowitz Modern Portfolio Theory (MPT) to analyze and optimize portfolios across sectors during the COVID-19 pandemic (May 2019 - May 2022). The optimization aimed to maximize risk-adjusted returns using Sharpe Ratio while ensuring diversification and dynamic stock selection via technical indicators.

Sectors Analyzed

Five sectors were studied: E-Commerce, Banking, Automobiles, Aviation, and Oil. Each sector included 7 companies, and performance during the pandemic was analyzed to simulate real macroeconomic stress scenarios.

Portfolio Optimization Approach

Portfolios were created monthly using an Exponential Moving Average (EMA) crossover strategy. Stocks where 9-day EMA exceeded 21-day EMA were considered bullish and included. Optimization was done using the SLSQP algorithm to determine optimal weights.

Mathematical Foundation

The objective function aimed to maximize expected return minus a risk penalty based on standard deviation, scaled by a risk aversion parameter (typically between 0.2 to 10). Constraints ensured full allocation (weights summing to 1).

Technical Stack

Python libraries used include NumPy, Pandas, SciPy (for optimization), Matplotlib (for visualization), and yFinance (for historical stock data).

Evaluation Metrics

The Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) was used to assess portfolio performance over time. A notable example showed 6.77% CAGR for a selected e-commerce portfolio in June 2019.

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Insights and Conclusion

The project revealed that most portfolios yielded lower growth due to pandemic-induced stock price drops. However, the strategy allowed identification of relatively resilient sectors and helped study dynamic portfolio behavior under market stress.