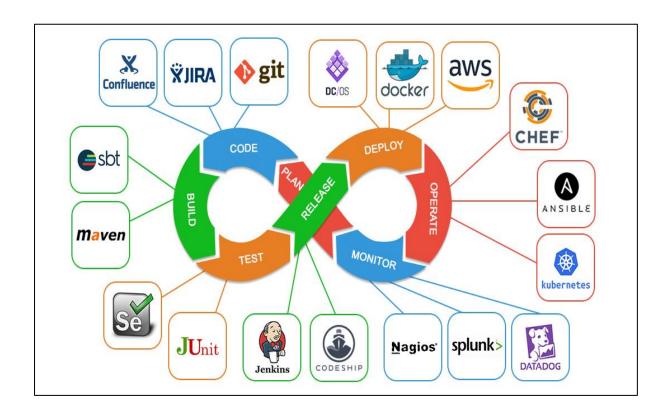
# Scientific Calculator - Project Report

(Software Production Engineering)



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# **Project Objective:**

The objective of this project is to build a scientific calculator with the help of automation tools, creating an integration and deployment chain. This includes source control management (SCM), Continuous Integration (CI), Continuous Deployment (CD), Configuration Management and Continuous Monitoring (CM). This is achieved by using DevOps tools like Jenkins, Docker, Maven, IntelliJ, and elk. Functionalities like Natural Logarithm, Square root, Power function and factorial are implemented and are taken through the Jenkins pipeline incrementally. The main objective of this project is to learn DevOps concepts CI/CD/CM that is achieved by creating a Jenkins pipeline.

# What is DevOps?

DevOps (A shorter word for `Development` and `Operations`) is the combination of practices and tools designed to increase an organization's ability to deliver applications and services faster than traditional software development processes. It is a collaboration of developers and operations engineers participating together in the entire service lifecycle from design through the development process to production.

# Why DevOps?

- 1) DevOps has both development and operations team working side by side, which has led to shortening of development cycles.
- 2) Renews focus on customers and their experience of the product.

  DevOps promotes shorter releases and immediate feedback to enhance user experience.
- 3) Introduces automation to the development process and supports end-to-end responsibility.

#### Tools used:

1) Github: version control system

2) Jenkins: CI/CD pipeline

3) Maven: Build tool

4) Junit: Testing

5) Dockerhub: Containerisation/ holds Docker image of our application

6) ELK: Continuous Monitoring

# **Project Structure:**

- 1. Java project with maven on Intellij
- 2. Add some changes to pom.xml
- 3. Jenkins Pipeline for continuous deployment and integration
- 4. Create a pipeline and write script:
  - i. git clone
  - ii. mvn clean install
  - iii. Create docker image from docker file
  - iv. Push the created docker image to the docker hub
- 5. The last stage of pipeline script pulls and runs the docker image on localhost port.

# **Project Workflow:**

- 1) Setup Java (8/11) environment for the project.
- 2) Use IntelliJ to create Maven project with Java CLI program on Scientific Calculator.
- 3) Linking the project with GitHub repository and using Git for SCM.
- 4) Install Jenkins and run on 8080 localhost port (Default).
- 5) Sign up in DockerHub in order to push images to Docker containers.
- 6) Configure Jenkins with credentials and plugins.
- 7) Create Jenkins pipeline project and write pipeline script including stages like git clone, Maven Build, create Docker image, pushing image to Docker Hub, Cleaning previously build image and running image on remote server.
- 8) Build the pipeline and wait for successful running of all stages in the pipeline.
- 9) At last, the Docker image is pulled and run on the localhost.

# **Environment Setup for Cloud/Node machine:**

My System Specifications:

OS: Windows 10 Home

Processor: Intel® Core™ i7-6500 CPU @ 2.50GHz 2.59GHz

**RAM: 12GB** 

- 1. Installing Java:
  - i) Install Java SE 8 using following link, <a href="https://www.oracle.com/in/java/technologies/javase/javase/javase8-archive-downloads.html">https://www.oracle.com/in/java/technologies/javase/javase/javase8-archive-downloads.html</a>
  - ii) Edit Environment variable path and add 'C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0\_311\bin'.
- 2. Install IntelliJ (Community Edition): <a href="https://www.jetbrains.com/idea/download/#section=windows">https://www.jetbrains.com/idea/download/#section=windows</a>
- 3. Download Jenkins .war file (LTS version)

https://www.jenkins.io/download/

- i) Change directory in CMD to the directory where Jenkins.war file is present and Run command: java –jar jenkins.war httpPort=9090 (you can put any free port number).
- 4. Install Docker Desktop for Windows
  <a href="https://docs.docker.com/desktop/windows/install/">https://docs.docker.com/desktop/windows/install/</a>
- 5. Download Maven and edit the environment variable 'path' with its bin file.

#### 1. Write Source Code in Java

**Functionalities include,** 

- i) Power Function
- ii) Factorial
- iii) Square root
- iv) Natural Logarithm

Code: <a href="https://github.com/NightmareNight-em/devops\_calculator/blob/main/src/main/java/Calculator.java">https://github.com/NightmareNight-em/devops\_calculator/blob/main/src/main/java/Calculator.java</a>

```
---Press a key according to given options---
1:Square Root 2:Factorial
                               3:Natural Logarithm
                                                      4:Power Funtion
Enter a number for calculating square-root:::64
12:17:54.524 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating square root of given number:64.0
12:17:54.531 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operations is : 8.0
The resultant output is: 8.0
---Press a key according to given options---
1:Square Root 2:Factorial 3:Natural Logarithm 4:Power Funtion
Enter your choice:::2
Enter a number for calculating factorial:::6
12:18:02.556 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating factorial of given number:6
12:18:02.556 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operations is : 720.0
The resultant output is: 720.0
---Press a key according to given options---
1:Square Root 2:Factorial 3:Natural Logarithm 4:Power Funtion
                                                                         5:Exit
Enter a number for calculating natural-logarithm:::45
12:18:07.788 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating natural log of given number:45.0
12:18:07.789 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of natural log operation is : 3.8066624897703196
The resultant output is: 3.8066624897703196
--- Press a key according to given options---
1:Square Root 2:Factorial 3:Natural Logarithm 4:Power Funtion
                                                                         5:Exit
Enter two numbers separated by space for calculating power(a^b: a b):::5 4
12:18:16.366 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating power function of given numbers:5.0,4.0
12:18:16.366 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operation is : 625.0
The resultant output is: 625.0
```

#### **Unit Testing – Junit:**

A unit test is a piece of code written by a developer that executes a specific functionality in the code to be tested and asserts a certain behavior or state.

A JUnit test is a method contained in a class, which is only used for testing. This is called a Test class. To define that a certain method is a test method, annotate it with the @Test annotation. This method executes the code under test. You use an assert method, provided by JUnit or another assert framework, to check an expected result versus the actual result. These calls are typically called asserts or assert statements. Assert statements typically allow to define messages which are shown if the test fails. You should provide here meaningful messages to make it easier for the user to identify and fix the problem.

Code for tests (using JUnit): <a href="https://github.com/NightmareNight-em/devops\_calculator/blob/main/src/test/java/CalculatorTest.ja">https://github.com/NightmareNight-em/devops\_calculator/blob/main/src/test/java/CalculatorTest.ja</a>
<a href="https://github.com/NightmareNight-em/devops\_calculatorJob/main/src/test/java/CalculatorTest.ja">https://github.com/NightmareNight-em/devops\_calculator/blob/main/src/test/java/CalculatorTest.ja</a>
<a href="https://github.com/NightmareNight-em/devops\_calculator/blob/main/src/test/java/CalculatorTest.ja">https://github.com/NightmareNight-em/devops\_calculator/blob/main/src/test/java/CalculatorTest.ja</a>

Fig.1 shows the number of test cases that passed and the test cases that failed to pass. This enables the developer to work on the issues that arise in the code and makes them easy to be identified to get them fixed.

# 2. Create Maven Project

- i) Open IntelliJ and create Maven Project.
- ii) Add appropriate dependencies in pom.xml to use log4j framework to track what happens in our application.
- iii) Create a .java file in /src/main/java/ with source code and .java file in /src/main/test with test cases to test our application.

```
[INFO] Running calculator.AppTest
[INFO] Tests run: 1, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 0.053 s - in
calculator.AppTest
[INFO] Running CalculatorTest
19:09:50.279 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating natural log of given number:10.0
19:09:50.296 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of natural log operation is :
2.302585092994046
19:09:50.296 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating natural log of given number:-9.0
19:09:50.297 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of natural log operation is : -1.0
19:09:50.297 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating natural log of given number:0.0
19:09:50.298 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of natural log operation is : -1.0
19:09:50.299 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating power function of given numbers:3.0,4.0
19:09:50.299 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operation is : 81.0
19:09:50.300 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating power function of given
numbers: -2.0, -2.0
19:09:50.300 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operation is : 0.25
19:09:50.308 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating power function of given numbers:-3.0,4.0
19:09:50.309 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operation is : 81.0
19:09:50.311 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating power function of given numbers:2.0,-2.0
19:09:50.311 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operation is : 0.25
19:09:50.314 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating natural log of given number:-9.0
19:09:50.317 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of natural log operation is : -1.0
19:09:50.327 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating factorial of given number:5
19:09:50.328 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operations is : 120.0
19:09:50.329 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating factorial of given number:0
19:09:50.329 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating factorial of given number:-23
19:09:50.330 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operations is : -1.0
19:09:50.331 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating factorial of given number:1
19:09:50.331 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating factorial of given number:11
19:09:50.333 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operations is : 3.99168E7
19:09:50.339 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating square root of given number:100.0
19:09:50.340 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operations is : 10.0
19:09:50.341 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating square root of given number:100.0
19:09:50.341 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operations is : 10.0
19:09:50.341 [main] INFO Calculator - Calculating square root of given number:-4.0
19:09:50.341 [main] INFO Calculator - Resultant answer of power operations is : -1.0
[INFO] Tests run: 4, Failures: 0, Errors: 0, Skipped: 0, Time elapsed: 2.781 s - in
CalculatorTest
```

Fig.1

# 3. Host the project on GitHub

- i) Create a new repository on GitHub.
- ii) Configure Maven project on local machine and link it to GitHub repository using following commands,
  - \$ git init // Initialize Maven project as Git local repository
  - \$ git remote add origin "URL of the GitHub repository"
  - \$ git add . // stage Maven project in Git environment
  - \$ git commit -m "Commit Message"

#### \$ git push -u origin main

NOTE: To run these commands in Windows environment, we need application like `Git Bash`. Alternatively, `IntelliJ` can be used to connect with remote repository, add, commit and push.

# 4. Create an automated pipeline using Jenkins

Automation is the key principle of DevOps. Automation aims to remove human intervention and execute the entire development cycle from version control to deployment automatically using triggers, scripts etc.

Here, we use Jenkins pipeline, a powerful tool to make a CI/ CD pipeline and create flexible and customized stages to perform tasks involved in software development lifecycle.

- 1. Download Generic java package Jenkins.war
- 2. Open CMD with path of the .war file and execute it using following command,

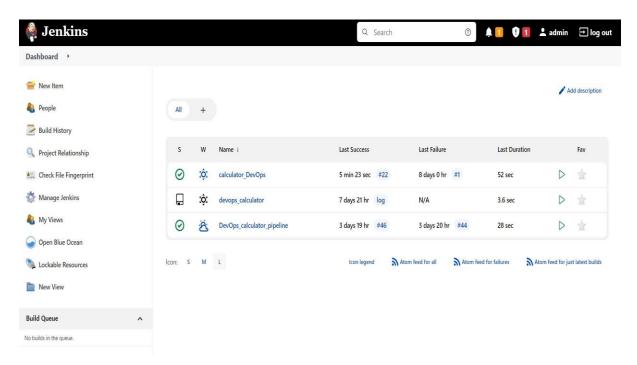
#### > java -jar jenkins.war

3. For the interface of Jenkins, go to localhost:8080 in your browser.

When Jenkins is launched for the first time, it asks for a 32 bit encryption key for authentication which can be found at following path (For Windows OS):

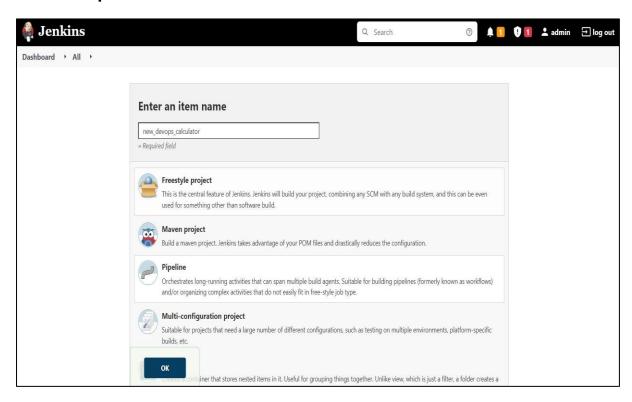
C://Users/{Username}/.jenkins/secrets/master.key

4. Jenkins configuration page opens up. Install suggested plugins, then signup with new user details, which will henceforth, open up the Jenkins dashboard.



- 5. Go to Manage Jenkins -> Manage Plugins -> Under Available section and install the following plugins to write the pipeline and restart Jenkins using above java command.
  - i) Blue Ocean
  - ii) Docker Pipeline
  - iii) Maven Integration Plugin
  - iv) Pipeline
  - v) Pipeline Maven Integration Plugin
  - vi) Pipeline utility steps
  - vii) SSH pipeline steps, SSH plugin, Publish over SSH (if using a remote server and connection using SSH).

6. Click on 'new item' on left taskbar. The following page opens up. Select 'Pipeline' and click on 'OK'.

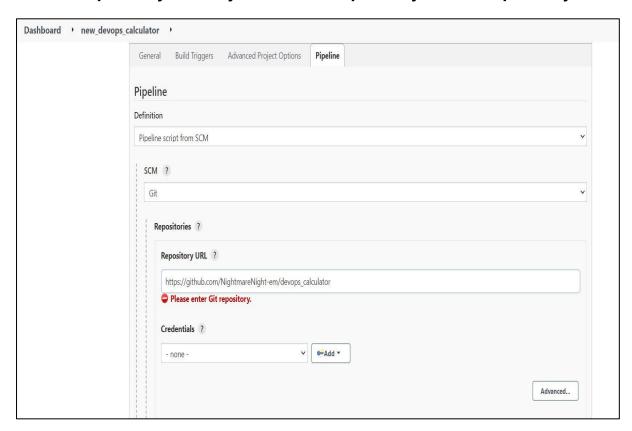


### 7. Select 'Poll SCM' in 'Build Triggers' section.

General Build Triggers Advanced Project Options Pipeline
Preserve stashes from completed builds?  This project is parameterised?  Throttle builds?
Build Triggers
Build after other projects are built ?  Build periodically ?  Build whenever a SNAPSHOT dependency is built ?  GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling ?  Poll SCM ?  Schedule ?  H H/6 * * *
Would last have run at Monday, 18 April, 2022 9:22:12 AM IST; would next run at Monday, 18 April, 2022 3:22:13 PM IST.
☐ Ignore post-commit hooks ?
☐ Disable this project ? ☐ Quiet period ? ☐ Trigger builds remotely (e.g., from scripts) ?

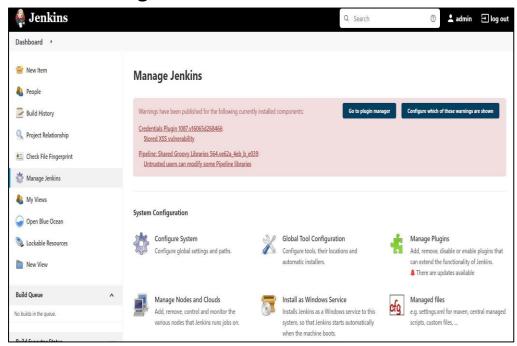
This will check for any commits made to our GitHub repository every 6 hours and run the pipeline script automatically if new commits are found.

8. Below selections will let Jenkins access pipeline script from our GitHub repository. Paste your GitHub repository link in Repository URL.

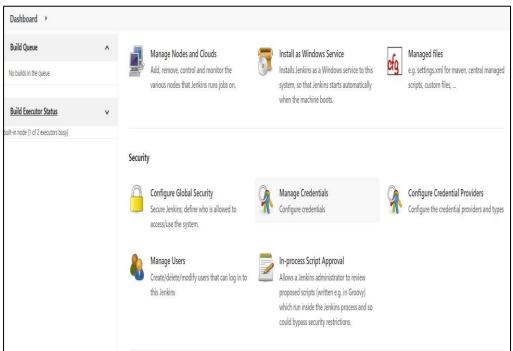


Since our GitHub repository is public, we do not need to add GitHub credentials. However, I am mentioning how to add credentials in Jenkins below.

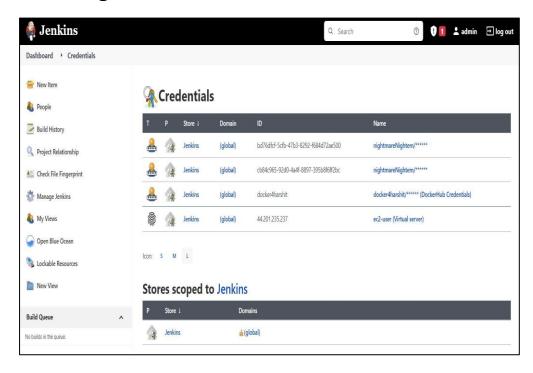
Click on 'Manage Jenkins' on Jenkins Dashboard.



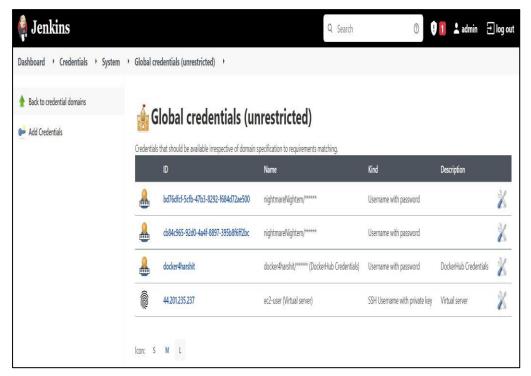
Click on 'Manage Credentials'.



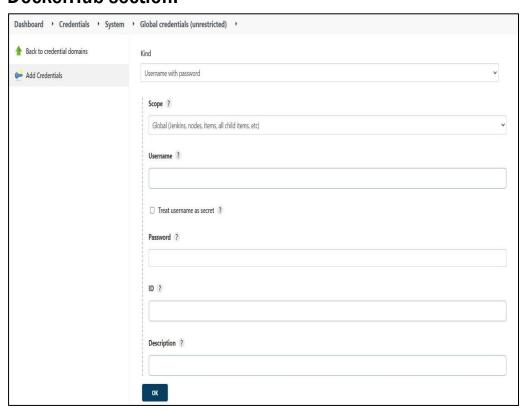
Click on 'global' in column 'Domain'.



Click on 'Add Credentials'.



 Add GitHub credentials if your repository is private.
 Note: You need to add DockerHub credentials here. See DockerHub section.



7. Create Jenkins Pipeline script in a file named **Jenkinsfile** (same name and no extension) and save this file in root directory of Github repository.

**Jenkinsfile.** It is a simple text file used to write Jenkins pipeline and to automate CI/CD process. It is often termed as `Pipeline as a code` which are of two types, Declarative and Scripted.

### **Pipeline stages:**

- i) Git clone Checkout SCM
- ii) mvn clean compile test package Getting executable .jar file
- iii) Building Docker Image

- iv) Pushing docker image into DockerHub repository
- v) Cleaning previously built images
- vi) Running Dokcer container on development server (localhost)

#### **Pipeline Script:**

https://github.com/NightmareNightem/devops\_calculator/blob/main/Jenkinsfile

Note: pom.xml file for Maven project must be in root directory of GitHub repository.

#### 5. Containerization – DockerHub

DockerHub is an open-source project that is promoting cloud-native development through containerization and microservices.

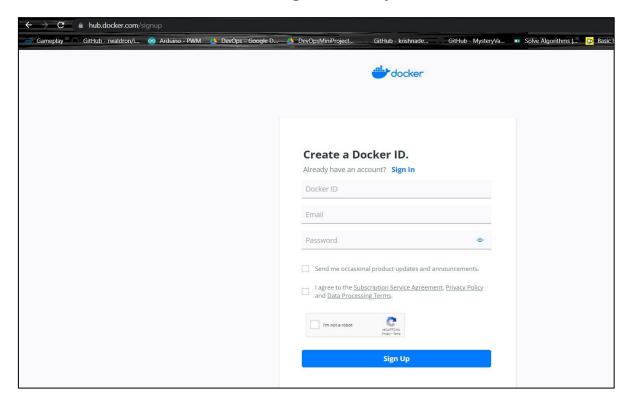
Here, it is worth mentioning the concept of `Virtualization` wherein many guest operating systems can be run on same host OS without the need of extra hardware resources.

Containerization is a special type of virtualization where applications run in independent spaces called containers, all of which share same OS kernel to perform tasks independently.

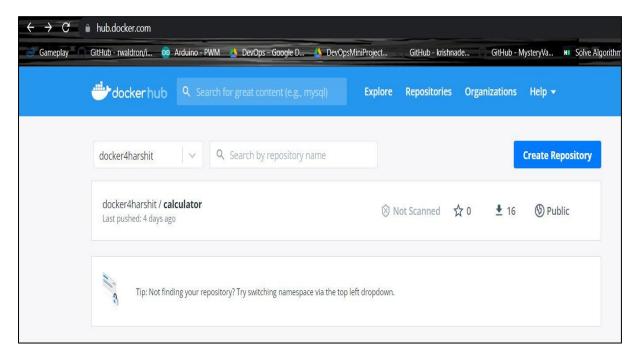
Herein, we use <a href="https://hub.docker.com">hub.docker.com</a> to create a repository containing our `container` which holds the docker image of the jar file which came as a result of build process performed by Maven. We first build the docker image and then push it into dockerhub repository in a container.

#### Steps to create repository,

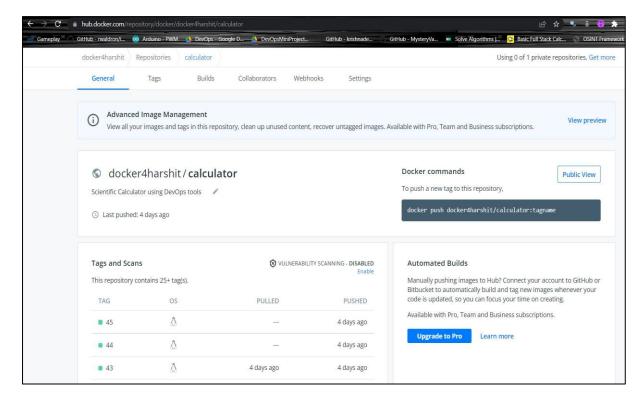
1. Go to hub.docker.com and register with your details.



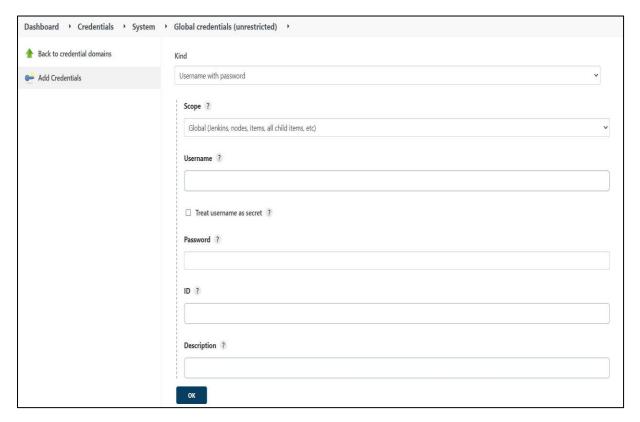
2. Create Repository.



3. Docker images get stored in your repository.



4. Add DockerHub credentials in Jenkins, following the steps given above on adding credentials in Jenkins.

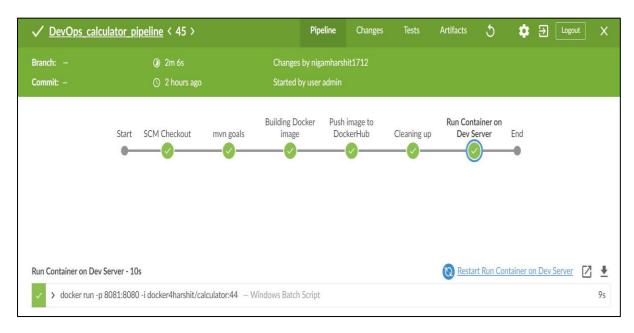


Fill in Repository name and password of your DockerHub account and an ID. Thereafter, write that ID in below code in pipeline script.

```
enviroment {
registry: "docker4harshit/calculator"
registryCredential = 'docker'
dockerImage = ''
}
```

Here, registry include DockerHub account name and registryCredential include ID that you put when you add credentials of DockerHub in Jenkins.

# 6. Working of Pipeline



Stages displayed using BlueOcean (Plugin) dashboard

Stage View							
	Declarative: Checkout SCM	SCM Checkout	mvn goals	Building Docker image	Push image to DockerHub	Cleaning up	Run Container on Dev Server
Average stage times: (Average <u>full</u> run time: ~3min 8s)	3s	3s	11s	26s	28s	2s	8s
Apr 14 1 1 15:14 commit	3s	2s	16s	34s	49s	4s	11s

#### Stage 1:

Cloning from our GitHub repository.

### Stage 2:

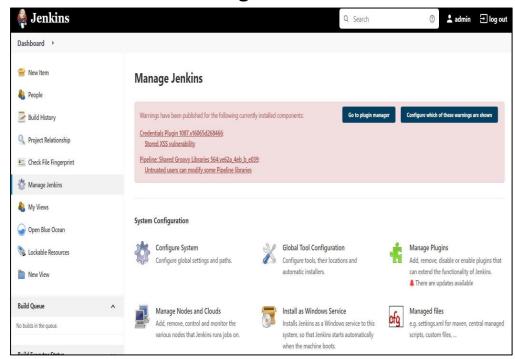
Command `mvn clean compile test package` is run on our local terminal by Jenkins. This results in a .jar executable file in /target folder.

Note: Ensure that Maven and JDK is installed in your local machine and you have added bin files of both libraries in the 'PATH' in system variables in Environment variables.

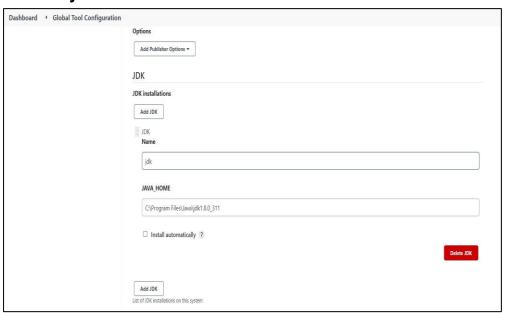
If you still get an error 'mvn is not found as internal or external command', try out below steps.

• Click 'Manage Jenkins' on Jenkins dashboard.

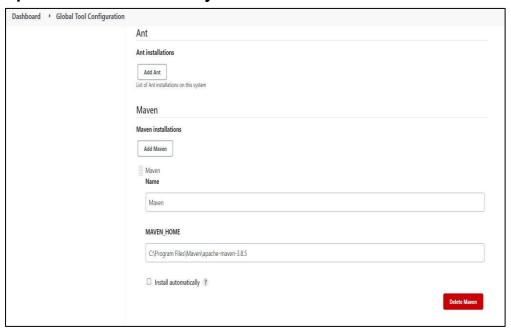
• Click on 'Global Tool Configuration'.



 Add JDK installations and give a local path to the JDK directory.



 Add Maven installations and give a local path to the Apache Maven directory.



#### Stage 3 and 4:

Docker image of the jar file is built using Dockerfile (containing information about the location and execution command of the jar file among other details.

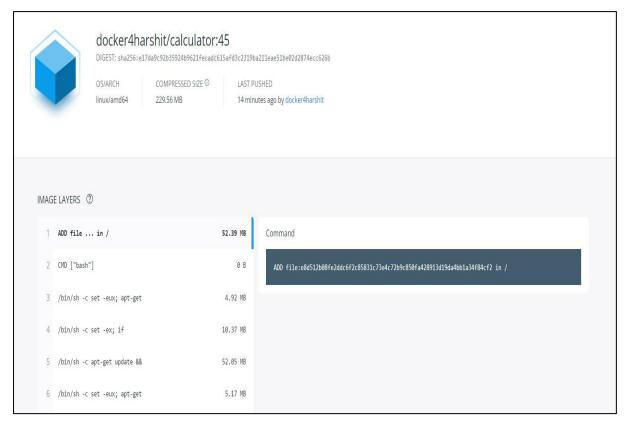
#### Dockerfile:

https://github.com/NightmareNight-em/devops\_calculator/blob/main/Dockerfile

Henceforth, previously build docker images are deleted from the repository.

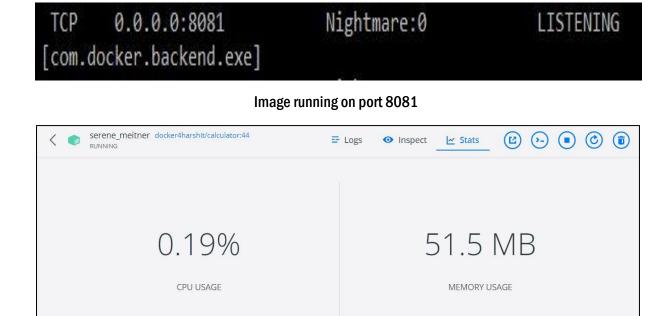
**Stage 5:**The below docker images are pulled from dockerhub repository.

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
docker4harshit/calculator	44	170f851af65f	2 hours ago	530MB
docker4harshit/calculator	43	b6657d6bb7f2	2 hours ago	530MB
docker4harshit/calculator	41	8e2f07846211	3 hours ago	530MB
docker4harshit/calculator	34	3274c6c8650e	3 hours ago	528MB
docker4harshit/calculator	33	de698e13a48a	4 hours ago	471MB
docker4harshit/calculator	32	8e5a641ecfa3	5 hours ago	471MB
docker4harshit/calculator	31	9619eaba2bbc	5 hours ago	471MB
docker4harshit/calculator	30	235ad0ce35a6	6 hours ago	471MB
docker4harshit/calculator	29	8f4e41bcfd53	8 hours ago	471MB



Docker image with tag:45 in repository `docker4harshit`

The above command is run in this stage which binds local port 8081 to the container port 8080 and runs the docker image `docker4harshit:44` on this port.



Container started - Image running

1.3 kB / 408 Bytes

NETWORK I/O

0 Bytes / 0 Bytes

DISK READ/WRITE

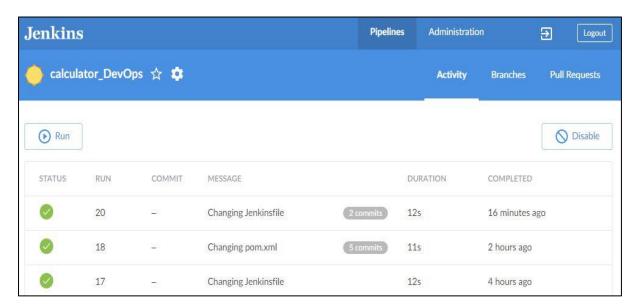
Below screenshots describe image (our Java application) running on terminal in local machine.

```
Select the appropriate option from the following list:
 1. Square root
 2. Factorial
 3. Natural Logarithm
 4. Power
 5. Exit
 Enter you choice: 1
 Enter the number: 4
 11:00:45.580 [main] INFO Calculator - SQUARE_ROOT - Input:4.0 - Output:2.0
 Square root of 4.0 is: 2.0
C:\WINDOWS\system32>docker run -i docker4harshit/calculator:44
Select the appropriate option from the following list:
1. Square root
2. Factorial
3. Natural Logarithm
4. Power
5. Exit
Enter you choice: 3
Enter the number: 0
11:01:17.372 [main] INFO Calculator - LOGARITHM - Input:0.0 - Output:-Infinity
Natural Logarithmic value of 0.0 is: -Infinity
C:\WINDOWS\system32>docker run -i docker4harshit/calculator:44
Select the appropriate option from the following list:
1. Square root
2. Factorial
3. Natural Logarithm
4. Power
5. Exit
Enter you choice: 2
Enter the number: 4
11:01:00.561 [main] INFO Calculator - FACTORIAL - Input:4 - Output:24
Factorial of 4 is: 24
C:\WINDOWS\system32>docker run -i docker4harshit/calculator:44
Select the appropriate option from the following list:
1. Square root
2. Factorial
3. Natural Logarithm
4. Power
5. Exit
Enter you choice: 4
Enter the base number: 3 4
Enter the power: 11:01:36.030 [main] INFO Calculator - POWER_FUNCTION - Input:3.0^4.0 - Output:81.0
Power function: 3.0^4.0 = 81.0
```

C:\WINDOWS\system32>docker run -i docker4harshit/calculator:44

Jenkins pipeline helps to make an automatic flow for the DevOps and helps us in Continuous Integration and Deployment on cloud platforms. This Jenkins job for now is manually triggered but for other SCM it can be triggered based on events such as a new push or new pull but for GitHub, you might have set up a webhook. This can be done via port forwarding; you have to make your Jenkins port 8080 open on the wide web so it can be triggered based on the event. For now, we will skip it and we will build it manually.

Pipelines and detailed pipeline steps can be viewed in BlueOcean dashboard. BlueOcean tab appears in the left sided taskbar on Jenkins dashboard.

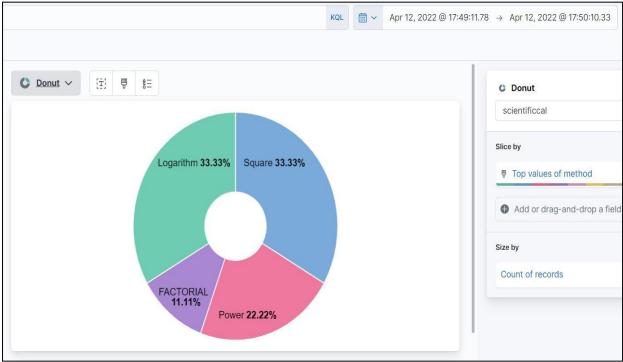


BlueOcean pipeline plugin

# 7. Continuous Monitoring – ELK

The ELK Stack is a log management platform – collection of three open-source products – Elasticsearch, Logstash and Kibana- from Elastic.





# Problems faced while working on the project

1) Docker within a docker official image doesn't support SSH. I got below error with all the ways I tried out.

[ssh-agent] Could not find a suitable ssh-agent provider.

To resolve this issue, I had option of running docker image locally or change docker image build of the code over Ubuntu docker image and run our created docker image on it.

- 2) Docker run command wasn't working until I discovered that it has to be used with `-i` options to work for applications with user inputs so that image is run in interactive mode.
- 3) pom.xml needed multiple updated dependencies and plugins to work correctly.

#### My GitHub Repository:

https://github.com/NightmareNight-em/devops\_calculator

My DockerHub Repository:

https://hub.docker.com/r/docker4harshit/calculator

