Notes

- terraform validate: Checks the syntax of the Terraform files and verifies that they are internally consistent, but does not ensure that the resources exist or that the providers are properly configured.
- terraform fmt: Automatically updates Terraform configuration files to a canonical format and style, improving consistency and readability. The command works only for the files in the current working directory, but you can also add a -recursive flag to format .tf files in nested directories.
- terraform plan: Creates an execution plan, showing what actions Terraform will take to achieve the desired state defined in the Terraform files. This command does not modify the actual resources or state.
- terraform plan -out <filename>: Similar to terraform plan, but it also writes the execution plan to a file that can be used by terraform apply, ensuring that exactly the planned actions are taken.
- terraform apply: Applies the execution plan, making the necessary changes to reach the desired state of the resources. If you run terraform plan with the -out option, you can run terraform apply <filename> to provide the execution plan.
- terraform show: Provides human-readable output from a state or plan file. It's used to inspect the current state or to see the actions planned by a terraform plan command.
- terraform state list: Lists all resources in the state file, useful for managing and manipulating the state.
- terraform destroy: Destroys all resources tracked in the state file. This command is the equivalent of passing a -destroy flag to the terraform apply command.
- terraform -help: Provides help information about Terraform commands. It can be used alone for a general overview, or appended to a specific command for detailed help about that command.

Usage: terraform [global options] <subcommand> [args]

The available commands for execution are listed below.

The primary workflow commands are given first, followed by less common or more advanced commands.

Main commands:

init Prepare your working directory for other commands

validate Check whether the configuration is valid

plan Show changes required by the current configuration

apply Create or update infrastructure

destroy Destroy previously-created infrastructure

All other commands:

console Try Terraform expressions at an interactive command prompt

fmt Reformat your configuration in the standard style force-unlock Release a stuck lock on the current workspace

get Install or upgrade remote Terraform modules

graph Generate a Graphviz graph of the steps in an operation import Associate existing infrastructure with a Terraform resource

login Obtain and save credentials for a remote host

logout Remove locally-stored credentials for a remote host

metadata Metadata related commands

modules Show all declared modules in a working directory

output Show output values from your root module

providers Show the providers required for this configuration

refresh Update the state to match remote systems show Show the current state or a saved plan stacks Manage HCP Terraform stack operations

state Advanced state management

taint Mark a resource instance as not fully functional test Execute integration tests for Terraform modules untaint Remove the 'tainted' state from a resource instance

version Show the current Terraform version

workspace Workspace management

Global options (use these before the subcommand, if any):

-chdir=DIR Switch to a different working directory before executing the given subcommand.

- -help Show this help output or the help for a specified subcommand.
- -version An alias for the "version" subcommand.
- -input=true Ask for input for variables if not directly set.
- -no-color If specified, output won't contain any color.
- -parallelism=n Limit the number of parallel resource operations.

 Defaults to 10.
- -replace=resource Terraform will plan to replace this resource instance instead of doing an update or no-op action.
- -state=path Path to read and save state (unless state-out is specified). Defaults to "terraform.tfstate".
- -state-out=path Path to write state to that is different than "-state". This can be used to preserve the old state.
- -var 'foo=bar' Set a value for one of the input variables in the root module of the configuration. Use this option more than once to set more than one variable.
- -var-file=filename Load variable values from the given file, in addition to the default files terraform.tfvars and *.auto.tfvars.

 Use this option more than once to include more than one variables file.

If you don't provide a saved plan file then this command will also accept all of the plan-customization options accepted by the terraform plan command. For more information on those options, run: terraform plan -hel