

~~NAME: NIHA~~LAB-8

⇒ Write a program for error detecting using CRC (16-bit)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#define gen 0x11021
```

```
long int usb (long int temp);
```

```
long int checksum (long int frame);
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
long int opframe, inframe, flag, x-frame;
```

```
printf ("Enter the frame");
```

```
scanf ("%lx", & inframe);
```

```
inframe = inframe << 16;
```

```
opframe = inframe ^ (checksum (inframe));
```

```
printf ("The frame to be transmitted is  
%lx\n", opframe);
```

```
printf ("Enter the received frame : ");
```

```
scanf ("%lx", & x-frame);
```

```
printf ("For the received frame");
```

```
flag = checksum (x-frame);
```

```
if (flag > 0)
```

```
printf ("\n Error !!!\n");
```

```
else
```

```
printf ("\n data received is error free");
```

```
}
```

```
long int checksum ( long int frame)
{
    long int posit_frame, posit_gen, g = gen,
        g', temp;
    posit_frame = msb(frame);
    posit_gen = msb(gen);
    while (posit_gen <= posit_frame)
    {
        g1 = g << (posit_frame - posit_gen);
        frame = g1 ^ frame;
        posit_frame = msb(frame);
    }
    printf("The checksum is %lx\n", frame);
    return (frame);
}
```

```
long int msb ( long int temp)
{
    int i = 0;
    if (temp == 0)
        return 0;
    while (temp > 0)
    {
        temp = temp << 1;
        i++;
    }
}
```

→ write Dijkstra's algo to compute the shortest path for a given topology.

// pseudocode.

```
def dijkstra(graph, initial, end):
```

```
    shortest_paths = { initial : (None, 0) }
```

```
    current_node = initial
```

```
    visited = set()
```

```
    current_node = initial
```

```
    while current_node != end:
```

```
        visited.add(current_node)
```

```
        destinations = graph.edges[current_node]
```

```
        weight_to_current_node =
```

```
            shortest_paths[current_node][1]
```

```
        for next_node in destinations:
```

```
            weight = graph.weights[  
                (current_node, next_node)] +  
                weight_to_current_node
```

```
            if next_node not in shortest_paths:
```

```
                shortest_paths[next_node] =  
                    (current_node, weight)
```

```
            else:
```

```
                current_shortest_weight =
```

```
                    shortest_paths[next_node][1]
```

```
                if current_shortest_weight > weight:
```

```
                    shortest_paths[next_node] =
```

```
                        (current_node, weight)
```



```
next_destination = { node: shortest_paths[node]
for node in shortest_paths if node
not in visited }
```

```
if not next_destinations:
    return "Route not possible"
```

```
current_node = min(next_destinations,
                    key = lambda k: next_destination
                    [k][1])
```

```
path = [ ]
```

```
while current_node is not None:
    path.append(current_node)
```

```
next_node = shortest_paths[current_node][0]
```

```
path = path[::-1]
```

```
print('Shortest Weight:', current_shortest_weight)
```

```
print(path)
```

```
print('\n')
```