

The functions:†

$$c_{12} = c_2^{-1} c_1^{1/2} \frac{2\alpha - 2}{2\alpha - 1} \cdot \frac{\nu_1^{(1-2\alpha)/2} - \nu_2^{(1-2\alpha)/2}}{\nu_1^{1-\alpha} - \nu_2^{1-\alpha}}$$

$$c_{13} = 0.921 \cdot c_{12}^{4/7}$$

for $\nu_1 = 10^7$ Hz and $\nu_2 = 10^{10}$ and 10^{11} Hz.

In these
N.B. equations,
 $S_\gamma \propto \gamma^{-\alpha}$

α	$\nu_2 = 10^{10}$ Hz		$\nu_2 = 10^{11}$ Hz	
	c_{12}	c_{13}	c_{12}	c_{13}
0.2	2.5 E 07	1.6 E 04	8.3 E 06	8.3 E 03
0.3	2.8 E 07	1.7 E 04	9.8 E 06	9.1 E 03
0.4	3.2 E 07	1.8 E 04	1.2 E 07	1.0 E 04
0.5	3.7 E 07	2.0 E 04	1.6 E 07	1.2 E 04
0.6	4.5 E 07	2.2 E 04	2.0 E 07	1.4 E 04
0.7	5.4 E 07	2.5 E 04	2.8 E 07	1.7 E 04
0.8	6.5 E 07	2.7 E 04	3.9 E 07	2.0 E 04
0.9	7.8 E 07	3.0 E 04	5.4 E 07	2.4 E 04
1.0	9.3 E 07	3.3 E 04	7.1 E 07	2.8 E 04
1.1	1.1 E 08	3.6 E 04	9.3 E 07	3.3 E 04
1.2	1.3 E 08	4.0 E 04	1.1 E 08	3.7 E 04

† For $\alpha = 1/2$ and 1 the functions c_{12} and c_{13} have values following from the appropriate formulae resulting from the integration of equations (7.4) and (7.5).

Table 8 from Pacholczyk's Radio Astrophysics. Here $\nu_1 = \nu_{\min}$ and $\nu_2 = \nu_{\max}$.