

$$15) 77 (5.13 \\ \underline{75} \\ 20 \\ \underline{15} \\ 50$$

$$\frac{7}{3} = 2.33$$

$$15) 49 (3.26 \\ \underline{45} \\ 40 \\ \underline{30} \\ 100 \\ \underline{90} \\ 10$$

Department of Computer Science and Engineering, S V N I T, Surat
Mid Semester Examination, October 2021
M.Tech.-I Computer Engineering (First Semester)
Course: (CO611) Computer Vision and Image Processing

Date: 22 Oct 2021

Time: 10:30 am to 12:00 pm

Marks: 30

Instructions:

1. Write your MTech Admission No/Roll No and other details clearly on the answer books.
2. Assume any necessary data but give proper justifications.
3. Be precise and clear in answering the questions.

Q.1

- (a) Show that the Laplacian operation is isotropic (invariant to rotation). The following are the equations relating coordinates after axis rotation by an angle θ : [6]

$$x = x' \cos \theta - y' \sin \theta$$

$$y = x' \sin \theta + y' \cos \theta$$

where (x, y) are the unrotated and (x', y') are the rotated coordinators.

- (b) Introduce the following terms: Scene irradiance, Scene radiance, Image irradiance and Solid angle. [4]

- Q.2 Derive an equation for the mapping of object patch to image patch with necessary diagram and equations. Also show that image irradiance E is proportional to scene radiance L . [8]

Q.3

- (a) Explain the processes of histogram equalization and histogram specification with necessary equations in detail. [4]

- (b) Why does histogram equalization usually not produce images with flat histograms? [2]

- Q.4 The histogram of an image can be approximated by probability distribution function $p_r(r) = Ae^{-r}$. A is normalizing factor and intensity r varies 0 to l . Calculate transformation function $s = T(r)$ such that $p_s(s) = Bse^{-s^2}$. B is normalizing factor and intensity s takes value between 0 to l . (Hint: $p_s(s)ds = p_r(r)dr$) [6]

$$15) 70 (4.66 \\ \underline{60} \\ 100 \\ \underline{90} \\ 10$$

$$22) 63 (2.86 \\ \underline{44} \\ 198 \\ \underline{176} \\ 22$$

$$11) 21 (1.9 \\ \underline{11} \\ 100 \\ \underline{99} \\ 100$$

$$14) 28 (1.4$$

$$11) 14 (1.27 \\ \underline{11} \\ 30 \\ \underline{22} \\ 80$$

$$11) 56 (5.9 \\ \underline{55} \\ 100$$

$$154 (7) 15 \\ \underline{154} \\ 25$$

$$8 \times 7 \\ \underline{11} \\ 51 \\ \underline{40} \\ 11$$

$$15) 91 (6.06 \\ \underline{90} \\ 100 \\ \underline{100} \\ 0$$

$$21 \\ \underline{5} \\ 16$$

$$3 \times 7 \\ \underline{5} \\ 21$$

$$15) 28 (1.86 \\ \underline{15} \\ 130 \\ \underline{120} \\ 100$$