## LAB 7

## Replace Manual version of Logistic Regression with TF based version.

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In [41]: import nltk
         from nltk.corpus import twitter samples
         import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         import tensorflow.compat.v1 as tf
         tf.disable v2 behavior()
In [42]: | nltk.download('twitter samples')
         nltk.download('stopwords')
         [nltk data] Downloading package twitter samples to
                         /home/nihar/nltk data...
         [nltk data]
                       Package twitter_samples is already up-to-date!
         [nltk data]
         [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /home/nihar/nltk_data...
         [nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
Out[42]: True
In [43]: import re
         import string
         import numpy as np
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
         from nltk.tokenize import TweetTokenizer
In [44]: | def process_tweet(tweet):
             stemmer = PorterStemmer()
             stopwords english = stopwords.words('english')
             tweet = re.sub(r'\s\w^*', '', tweet)
             tweet = re.sub(r'^RT[\s]+', '', tweet)
             tweet = re.sub(r'https?:\/\.*[\r\n]*', '', tweet)
             tweet = re.sub(r'#', '', tweet)
             tokenizer = TweetTokenizer(preserve_case=False, strip_handles=True,
                                         reduce len=True)
             tweet tokens = tokenizer.tokenize(tweet)
             tweets clean = []
             for word in tweet tokens:
                     if (word not in stopwords english and word not in string.punctua
         tion):
                         stem word=stemmer.stem(word)
                         tweets clean.append(stem word)
             return tweets clean
```

```
In [45]: def build freqs(tweets, ys):
             yslist = np.squeeze(ys).tolist()
             freqs = \{\}
             for y, tweet in zip(yslist, tweets):
                  for word in process tweet(tweet):
                      pair = (word, y)
                      if pair not in freqs:
                        freqs[pair]=0
                      freqs[pair]+=1
             return freqs
In [46]: | all positive tweets = twitter samples.strings('positive tweets.json')
         all negative tweets = twitter samples.strings('negative tweets.json')
In [47]: data=all positive tweets+all negative tweets
         la=np.append(np.ones((len(all positive tweets), 1)), np.zeros((len(all negat
         ive tweets), 1)), axis=0)
         train_x,test_x,train_y,test_y=train_test_split(data,la,test_size=0.30,random
          state=129)
In [48]: | freqs = build_freqs(train_x,train_y)
         print("type(freqs) = " + str(type(freqs)))
         print("len(freqs) = " + str(len(freqs.keys())))
         type(freqs) = <class 'dict'>
         len(freqs) = 10401
In [49]: print('This is an example of a positive tweet: <math>n', train_x[0])
         print('\nThis is an example of the processed version of the tweet: \n', proc
         ess_tweet(train_x[0]))
         This is an example of a positive tweet:
          Yeah I screwed up again :- ( and this time I thought I did something good go
         od
         This is an example of the processed version of the tweet:
          ['yeah', 'screw', ':-(', 'time', 'thought', 'someth', 'good', 'good']
In [50]: def extract_features(tweet, freqs):
             word_l = process_tweet(tweet)
             x = np.zeros((1, 2))
             for word in word 1:
                  if((word,1) in freqs):
                    x[0,0] += freqs[word,1]
                  if((word,0) in freqs):
                    x[0,1] += freqs[word,0]
             assert(x.shape == (1, 2))
             return x[0]
In [51]: tmp1 = extract features(train x[0], freqs)
         print(tmp1)
         [486. 698.]
```

```
In [52]: | def predict_tweet(tweet):
             with tf.Session() as sess:
               saver.restore(sess, save path='TSession')
               data i=[]
               for t in tweet:
                  data i.append(extract features(t,freqs))
               data i=np.asarray(data i)
                return sess.run(tf.nn.sigmoid(tf.add(tf.matmul(a=data i,b=W,transpose
         b=True),b)))
             print("Fail")
             return
In [53]: b=tf.Variable(np.random.randn(1),name="Bias")
         W=tf.Variable(np.random.randn(1,2),name="Bias")
In [54]: | data=[]
         for t in train x:
           data.append(extract_features(t,freqs))
         data=np.asarray(data)
In [55]: Y_hat = tf.nn.sigmoid(tf.add(tf.matmul(np.asarray(data), W,transpose_b=True)
         ), b))
         print(Y hat)
         ta=np.asarray(train y)
         cost = tf.nn.sigmoid_cross_entropy_with_logits(
                              logits = Y hat, labels = ta)
         print(cost)
         Tensor("Sigmoid_4:0", shape=(7000, 1), dtype=float64)
         Tensor("logistic loss 2:0", shape=(7000, 1), dtype=float64)
In [56]: optimizer = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning rate = 1e-4,name="Gra
         dientDescent").minimize(cost)
         init = tf.global variables initializer()
In [57]:
         saver = tf.train.Saver()
         with tf.Session() as sess:
           sess.run(init)
           print("Bias", sess.run(b))
           print("Weight", sess.run(W))
           for epoch in range(400):
             sess.run(optimizer)
             preds=sess.run(Y hat)
             acc=((preds==ta).sum())/len(train_y)
             accu=[]
             repoch=False
             if repoch:
               accu.append(acc)
             if epoch % 1000 == 0:
               print("Accuracy",acc)
             saved path = saver.save(sess, 'TSession')
         Bias [-0.50074477]
         Weight [[ 0.28123355 -0.49477198]]
```

Accuracy 0.9008571428571429

0.92666666666666