

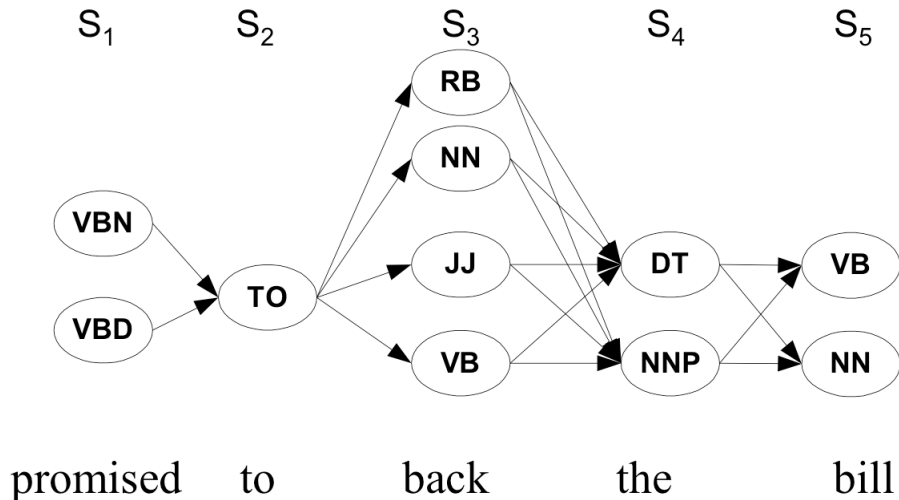
# *Viterbi Decoding for HMM, Parameter Learning*

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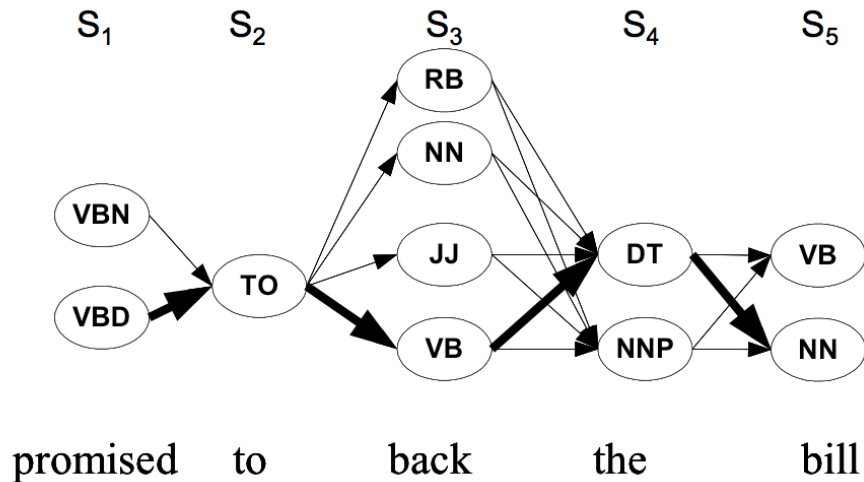
CSE, IIT Kharagpur

Week 4, Lecture 1

## *Walking through the states: best path*



# Walking through the states: best path



# Finding the best path: Viterbi Algorithm

## Intuition

Optimal path for each state can be recorded. We need

- Cheapest cost to state  $j$  at step  $s$ :  $\delta_j(s)$
- Backtrace from that state to best predecessor  $\psi_j(s)$

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## Computing these values

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Best final state is  $\operatorname{argmax}_{1 \leq i \leq N} \delta_i(|S|)$ , we can backtrack from there

## Practice Question

- Suppose you want to use a HMM tagger to tag the phrase, “the light book”, where we have the following probabilities:
- $P(\text{the}|\text{Det}) = 0.3$ ,  $P(\text{the}|\text{Noun}) = 0.1$ ,  $P(\text{light}|\text{Noun}) = 0.003$ ,  $P(\text{light}|\text{Adj}) = 0.002$ ,  $P(\text{light}|\text{Verb}) = 0.06$ ,  $P(\text{book}|\text{Noun}) = 0.003$ ,  $P(\text{book}|\text{Verb}) = 0.01$
- $P(\text{Verb}|\text{Det}) = 0.00001$ ,  $P(\text{Noun}|\text{Det}) = 0.5$ ,  $P(\text{Adj}|\text{Det}) = 0.3$ ,  
 $P(\text{Noun}|\text{Noun}) = 0.2$ ,  $P(\text{Adj}|\text{Noun}) = 0.002$ ,  $P(\text{Noun}|\text{Adj}) = 0.2$ ,  
 $P(\text{Noun}|\text{Verb}) = 0.3$ ,  $P(\text{Verb}|\text{Noun}) = 0.3$ ,  $P(\text{Verb}|\text{Adj}) = 0.001$ ,  
 $P(\text{Verb}|\text{Verb}) = 0.1$
- Work out in details the steps of the Viterbi algorithm. You can use a Table to show the steps. Assume all other conditional probabilities, not mentioned to be zero. Also, assume that all tags have the same probabilities to appear in the beginning of a sentence.



## Two Scenarios

- A labeled dataset is available, with the POS category of individual words in a corpus
- Only the corpus is available, but not labeled with the POS categories

# Learning the Parameters

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## Methods for these scenarios

- For the first scenario, parameters can be directly estimated using maximum likelihood estimate from the labeled dataset
- For the second scenario, *Baum-Welch Algorithm* is used to estimate the parameters of the hidden markov model.