# 4 Orion Expedition

# 4.1 Additional functionality

As the Orion space shuttle ventures deeper into the cosmos, NASA has developed advanced systems to enhance its exploration capabilities. Each destination (celestial body) now includes a scientific value metric, observation completion percentage, and specific fuel consumption rate.

The navigation system now features a navigation mode with three distinct strategies to interstellar travel. Standard mode takes the direct approach found in the original design. Efficient mode factors fuel consumption into routing decisions by calculating a fuel-to-distance ratio for each destination. Exploration mode chooses destinations with the highest value, sometimes choosing longer paths deliberately to study cosmic phenomena of interest.

# 4.2 State diagram

The shuttle's operational behavior is now governed by a state model that
modifies its functionality. Initially, the shuttle is in the docked state, where
it can refuel but cannot move as the engine remains inactive. When the engine starts, it transitions to cruising state, traveling at standard velocity by
consuming fuel per move and increasing travel progress by 5%. Upon reaching a destination, the shuttle enters orbiting state, performing observations
with reduced fuel consumption at 3%. If fuel levels drop critically low, the
shuttle transitions to emergency state, where it stops the observation and
attempts to refuel. If refueling succeeds, the shuttle returns to the cruising
state; if unsuccessful, the engine stops, and shuttle returns to docked state.

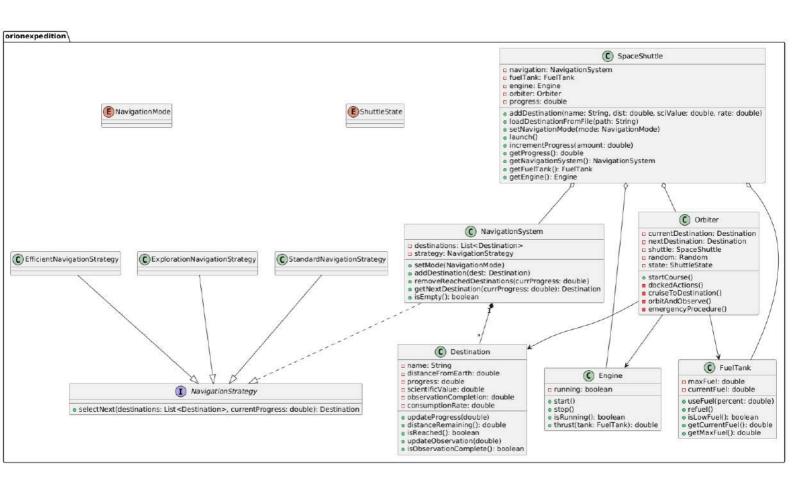
# 4.3 Scenarios to model with sequence diagrams

## 4.3.1 Scenario 1: Successful Planetary Visit

When the shuttle goes to a new destination, the navigation course begins with the selected destination. The engine starts, and the shuttle enters cruising state. As the shuttle advances, its movement gradually increases the destination's travel progress until it reaches 100%. Once complete, the current destination is updated, the destination is removed from the navigation system, and the closest destination becomes the next target using the active navigation strategy.

# 4.3.2 Scenario 2: Fuel Emergency Management

When the fuel drops below 15% of capacity, the shuttle enters Emergency state. The system attempts refueling with a 50% success chance. If successful, the fuel is restored to maximum, and the mission continues. If unsuccessful, the engine stops, halting progress until the situation is resolved. The shuttle can implement an enhanced emergency protocol that enables solar energy collection in deep space, modifying the random refueling chance based on proximity to stars, or calculating a minimum-energy return trajectory to the nearest known refueling point by selecting the closest destination with refueling capabilities.



# Destination updateProgross(traveledDistance) progress = Math.min(travelledDistance, distanceFemaining(); return Math.max(distanceFromEarth - progress, 0.0) isReached(); return progress >= distanceFromEarth update:Disservation(percent); observationCompletion = Math.min(observationCompletion + percent, 100.0)

```
FuelTank

useFuel(percent):
    amount = (percent / 100.0) * maxFuel;
    currentFuel = Math.max(currentFuel - amount, 0.0)

refuel();
    currentFuel = maxFuel

ist.owFuel():
    return currentFuel < (0.15 * maxFuel)

petCurrentFuel():
    return currentFuel

petMaxFuel():
    return currentFuel

return maxFuel
```

### Engine NavigationSystem

```
start().

running = true

stop():

running = totae

ISRUnning()(
    return running

thrus(FuolTank tank)(
    if not running,
    return 0.0,
    tank usef uelt(0.0)
    return 5.0;

addDestination(dest):

destinations add(dest)

removeReachedDestinations(currProgress)
    dostinations framoval((iSRacahad))

getNextDestination(currProgress)
    return 6.0,

getNextDestination(currProgress)
    return destinations usEmpty()

return destinations (surrProgress)

return destinations (surrProgress)

return destinations (surrProgress)

return destinations (surrProgress)
```

### Orbiter

```
startCourse():
while (nextDectination not equals null):
dockotActione():
If clatale == ShutileState DOCKED):
return
cruses ToDestreation();
If (state equals ShuttleState EMERGENCY and shuttle getFuerTank() getCurrentFuel() <= 0):
return
If (state equals ShuttleState EMERGENCY and shuttle getFuerTank() getCurrentFuel() <= 0):
return
If (state equals ShuttleState ORBITING)
orbitAndObservo()
shuttle getAvelgationSystem() (removeReachedDestinations(shuttle getFrogress())
shuttle getBavelgation = nextDestination
nextDestination = shuttle.getNavigationSystem().getNextDestination(shuttle.getProgress())
dockedActions():
If (shuttle.getFuelTank().ist.owFue()):
shuttle.getFuelTank().ist.owFue()):
shuttle.getFuelgate().start()
state = ShuttleState CRUISING;
cruseToDestination():
start():
shuttle.getEngine().start()
while (state equals ShuttleState CRUISING);
proginc = ShuttleState CRUISING
if (state equals ShuttleState).
If (shuttle.getFuelgate).
shuttle getEngine().start()
shuttle.getFuelTank().stowFuel()).
shuttle.getEngine().start()
shuttle.getFuelTank().useFuel(3,0)
nontDestination.pdate DesarvationComplete()):
shuttle.getFuelTank().useFuel(3,0)
nontDestination.pdate Desarvation(5,0)
If (shuttle.getFuelTank().stowFuel(0).
state = ShuttleState EMERGENCY
emergencyProcedure()

orbitAndObserve():
state = ShuttleState EMERGENCY
emergencyProcedure()
if (state not equals ShuttleState CRUISING):
state = ShuttleState EMERGENCY
emergencyProcedure()
shuttle.getEngine().start()
state = ShuttleState DOCKED
shuttle.getEngine().start()
sh
```

### **SpaceShuttle**

```
addDestination(name, distance, scrValue, rate):
navigation addDestination(new Destination(name, distance, scrValue, rate)
toadDestinationFromFilo(filoname) throws (Descaption
try (reader = new BufferceReader(new FileReader(filename))):
line = ''
white (filen = reader readt.ine()) not equate null):
parts = line thrm().split("Ne")
if (parts.length equate 2):
name = parts[0]
distance = Double parseDouble(parts[1])
defaultScrValue = 0.0
addDestination(name, distance, defaultScrValue, defaultRate)
else if (parts length equate 4):
name = parts[0]
distance = Double parseDouble(parts[1])
scrValue = Double parseDouble(parts[2])
rate = Double parseDouble(parts[2])
rate = Double parseDouble(parts[3]);
addDestination(name, distance, scrValue, rate)
setNavigationMode(mode)
incrementProgress(amount):
progress = amount
getProgress():
return newgration
getLetTank():
return newgration
getLetTank():
return engine
lauch():
rother = new Orbiter()
orbiter = stantCourse()
```

