



# SMART WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR METROPOLITAN CITIES

## NALAIYA THIRAN PROJECT BASED LEARNING ON PROFESSIONAL READLINESS FOR INNOVATION, EMPLOYNMENT AND ENTERPRENEURSHIP

#### A PROJECT REPORT-

#### PNT2022TMID41040

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#### **BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING**

IN

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING
SHREE SATHYAM COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY-637301

## **INTRODUCTION:**

#### **PROJECT OVERVIEW**

- This project deals with the problem of waste management in smartcities, where the garbage collection system is not optimized.
- This project enables the organizations to meet their needs of smart garbage management systems.
- This system allows the user to know the fill level of each garbage bin in a locality or city at all times, to give a cost-effective and time-saving route to the truck drivers.

#### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of the Smart Waste Management System for MetropolitanCities are:

- To alert the respective person to collect the overflow bins from the location using mobile application. The bin level can be monitored and tracked in mobile and there is no need to check the places often hence time consumes effectively.
- Update about the locations where the bin is placed will be sent to the respective person through mobile application.

# **LITERATURE SURVEY**

#### EXISTING PROBLEM

- Uncollected waste can lead to flooding, insects, rodents, and diseases. Improper disposal of waste can pollute water and air, making it an important environmental challenge.
- This has serious environmental impacts like water pollution, methane
  emissions, and soil degradation. The average density of Indian municipal
  waste at the point of collection varies from 400 to 600 kg per cubic metre.
  At the landfill site, however, the density is much higher because of
  compaction and putrefaction.

#### **REFERENCES**

- 1.Joseph (2002) explain the perspectives of solid waste management in India. He explains the waste generation, and characteristics in India, then he shows the waste generation in Metropolitan cities of India, then shows the characteristics of municipal solid waste generated by metro cities like paper textile leather, plastic, metal, glass, ash earth, and others how generating that explain
- 2.Pamnani, Srinivasarao (2014) talking about Municipal solid waste management in India. How it is implementing in India"s Metro cities, town, class I, class II cities. Then they explain the current scenario and future direction about SWM.
- 3.Kaushal (2012) talking about Municipal SWM in India current status and future challenges. Then explain how because of urbanization SWM increasing in India mainly cities like Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata, Chennai, Bangalore.

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

**Overflowing Garbage Bins**: There is a chance that some days, a few garbage bins are full before their collection date which leads to overflowing.

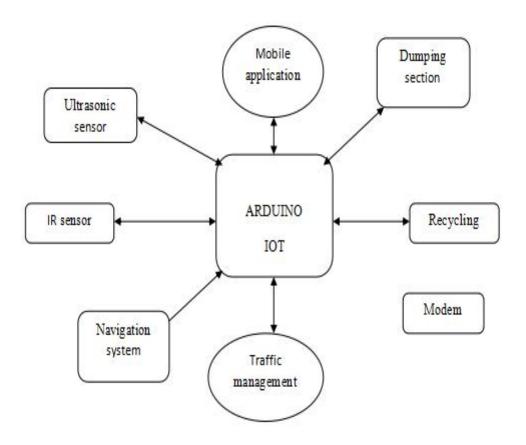
| What does this problem focus on? | Lack of finance, training, leadership, lack of proper planning.  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| When does this occur?            | smart waste management aims to optimize resource allocation, reduce running cost and increasing the sustainability of waste service. |  |  |
| Why do we need this?             | Better health, hygiene, and disposal.  The system provides shortest path to the location of waste bins.                              |  |  |
| How to do this?                  | smart waste management is about<br>using technology and data to create<br>the more efficiency.                                       |  |  |
| Where it is used?                | parks,camp sites,beach side areas.   |  |  |
|                                  |  |  |  |

# **IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION**

Project team shall fill the following information in proposed solution template.

| Parameter                                | A Smart waste management for metropolitan cities   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Problem Statement (Problem to be solved) |  |  |  |  |
| Idea / Solution description              | Refuse,reuse, repurpose and finally,recycle.   |  |  |  |
| Novelty / Uniqueness                     | Basically smart waste is spread in many more cities.encourages recycling, improve street sanitation.   |  |  |  |
| Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction    | Socially,many of the consumer and house hold generation waste from the products they consume.  |  |  |  |
| Business Model (Revenue Model)           | Through the business model generates revenue through the provision of the various waste management and disposal service to commercial ,industrial                  |  |  |  |
| Scalability of the Solution              | Improve the street sanitation.   |  |  |  |
|  | Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)  Idea / Solution description  Novelty / Uniqueness  Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction  Business Model (Revenue Model) |  |  |  |

## **EMPATHY MAP CANVAS**

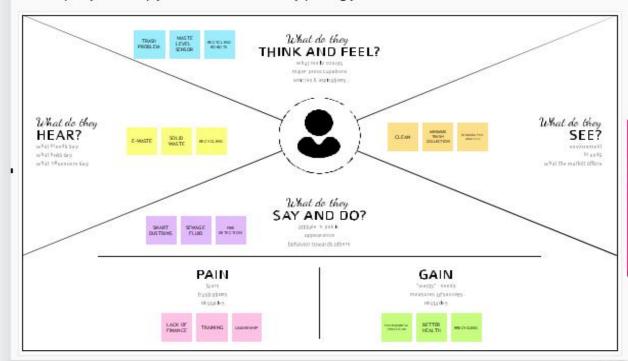


#### **IDEATION AND BRAINSTORMING**

# **Empathy Map Canvas**

Gain insight and understanding on solving customer problems.

Build empathy and keep your focus on the user by putting yourself in their shoes.



## **PROPOSED SOLUTION**

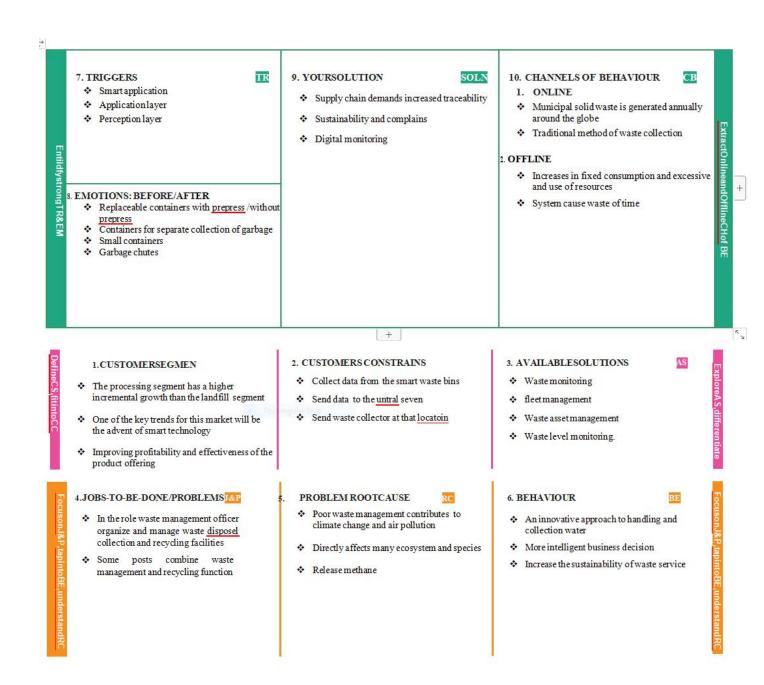
# Project team shall fill the following information in proposed solution template.

| S.No. | Parameter                               | Description   |  |  |
|-------|---|---|--|--|
| 1.    | Problem Statement (Problem to besolved) | This project deals with the problem of waste management in smart cities, where the garbagecollection system is not optimized. This project enables the organizations to meet their needs of smart garbage management systems. This system allows the authorised person to know the fill level of each garbage bin in a locality or city at all times, to give a cost-effective andtime-saving route to the truck drivers.   |  |  |
| 2.    | Idea / Solution description             | The key research objectives are as follows:  1. The proposed system would be able to automate the solid waste monitoring processand management of the overall collection process using IOT (Internet of Things).  2. The Proposed system consists of main subsystems namely Smart Trash System(STS) and Smart Monitoring and Controlling Hut(SMCH).  3. In the proposed system, whenever the wastebin gets filled this is acknowledged by placing the circuit at the waste bin, which transmits it to the receiver at the desired place in the areaor spot.  4. In the proposed system, the received signal indicates the waste bin status at the |  |  |

|    |                                       | monitoringand controlling system.   |
|----|---------------------------------------|---|
|    |                                       |   |
| 3. | Novelty / Uniqueness                  | We are going to establish SWM in our college but the real hard thing is that janitor (cleaner) don't know to operate these thing practically sohere our team planned to build a wrist band to them, that indicate via light blinking when thedustbin fill and this is Uniqueness we made here beside from project constrain.  |
| 4. | Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction | From the public perception as worst impacts of present solid waste disposal practices are seen direct social impacts such as neighbourhood of landfills to communities, breeding of pests and loss in property values   |
| 5. | Business Model (Revenue Model)        | Waste Management organises its operations into two reportable business segments:  Solid Waste, comprising the Company's waste collection, transfer, recycling and resource recovery, and disposal services, which are operated and managed locally by the Company's various subsidiaries, which focus ondistinct geographic areas; and Corporate and Other, comprising the Company's other activities, including its development and operation of landfill gasto-energy facilities in the INDIA, and its recycling brokerage services, as well as various corporatefunctions. |

| 6. | Scalability of the Solution | In this regard, smart city design has been increasingly studied and discussed around the world to solve this problem. Following |  |  |
|----|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
|    |                             | this approach, this paper presented an  |  |  |
|    |                             | efficient IoT-based and real-time waste   |  |  |
|    |                             | management modelfor improving the living  |  |  |
|    |                             | environment in cities, focused on a citizen   |  |  |
|    |                             | perspective. The proposedsystem uses  |  |  |
|    |                             | sensor and communication technologies   |  |  |
|    |                             | where waste data is collected from the smart  |  |  |
|    |                             | bin, in real-time, and then transmitted to an   |  |  |
|    |                             | online platform where citizens can access   |  |  |
|    |                             | and check the availability of   |  |  |
|    |                             | the compartments scattered around a city.   |  |  |

#### PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT



# **REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS**

# **FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

| FR.NO | FUNCTIONAL<br>REQUIREMENTS | SUB REQUIREMENTS   |
|-------|----------------------------|--|
| 1     | User Registration          | Registration through Form<br>Registration through Gmail<br>Registration through LinkedIn   |
| 2     | User Confirmation          | Confirmation via Email<br>Confirmation via OTP   |
| 3     | Authentication             | The system sends an approval request after the user enters personal information.   |
| 4     | User Interface             | It should be the connector between the various systems or between other part or unit of the system.                                  |
| 5     | Software interface         | This includes embedded application that will used in supporting the various functions of the system Eg: GPS, Web Server and Database |

# **Non-functional Requirements**

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

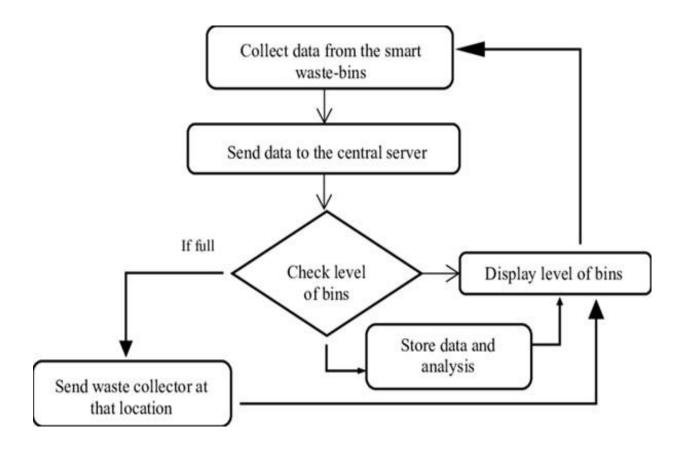
| NFR. | NON          | EXPLANATION                                     |
|------|--------------|---|
| NO   | FUNCTIONAL   |   |
|      | REQUIREMENTS |   |
| 1    | Usability    | Ease with which the user is able to learn,      |
|      |              | operate and prepare inputs and interpret        |
|      |              | outputs through interaction with the system.    |
| 2    | Security     | Extend to which the system is safeguarded       |
|      |              | against deliberate and intrusive faults from    |
|      |              | internal and external sources.                  |
| 3    | Reliability  | Extend to which the software systems            |
|      |              | consistently perform the specified functions    |
|      |              | without any failures.                           |
| 4    | Performance  | System performance of handling capacity,        |
|      |              | throughput and response time.                   |
| 5    | Availability | Degree to which the users can depend on the     |
|      |              | system to be up during normal operating         |
|      |              | times.  |
| 5    | Scalability  | Degree to which the system is able to expandits |
|      |              | processing capabilities upward and              |
|      |              | outward with business growth.                   |

## **PROJECT DESIGN**

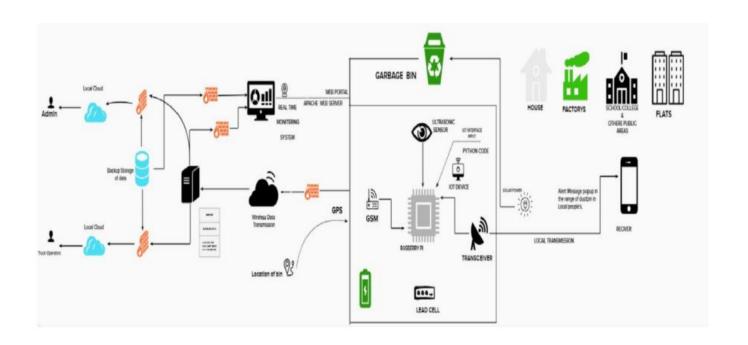
### **DATA FLOW**

#### **DIAGRAMS**

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of theinformation flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and wheredata is stored.



# **SOLUTION & TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE**



# **USER STORIES**

| User Type                 | Functional<br>Requirement<br>(Epic) | User<br>Story<br>Numbe<br>r | User Story / Task  | Acceptanc<br>e<br>criteria  | Priorit<br>y | Releas<br>e  |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|
| Customer<br>(Mobile user) | Registration                        | USN-1                       | As a user, I created an account in the application provided.   | I can access my account / dashboard                               | High         | Sprint-<br>1 |
|                           |                                     | USN-2                       | As a user, I registeredusing my gmail.   | I can receive confirmation email.                                 | High         | Sprint-<br>1 |
|                           |                                     | USN-3                       | As a user, I successfully installed the app and login to see the bin level in myarea.                                  | I can register & access the dashboard                             | Low          | Sprint-<br>2 |
|                           | Login                               | USN-4                       | As a user, I login using my gmail andpassword easily.  | The login process was easy and simpleto access the dashboard.     | High         | Sprint-<br>1 |
| Customer<br>(Web user)    |                                     | WUSN-1                      | As a web user I can see whether the bins in the locality are filled or not only afterloging in using my gmail account. | The website mustwork properly so that no error occursin the info. | High         | Sprint-<br>2 |

| User Type                     | Functional<br>Requirement<br>(Epic) | User<br>Story<br>Numbe<br>r | User Story / Task   | Acceptanc<br>e<br>criteria  | Priorit<br>y | Releas<br>e  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|--------------|--------------|
| Custome<br>rCare<br>Executive |                                     | CCE-1                       | A customer care executive will always be available for the interaction with the customer to clarify the queries.                  | An executive will clarify the doubts and note down the complaints of the application if any.                  | High         | Sprint-<br>2 |
| Administrato<br>r             |                                     | ADMIN-<br>1                 | I as a Admin can access the data or information providedby the customers to analyse their needs and provide the required service. | The details of the locality of the user is provided to the municipal corporation when acomplaint is received. | High         | Sprint-<br>1 |

# **PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING**

#### **SPRINT PLANNING & ESTIMATION**

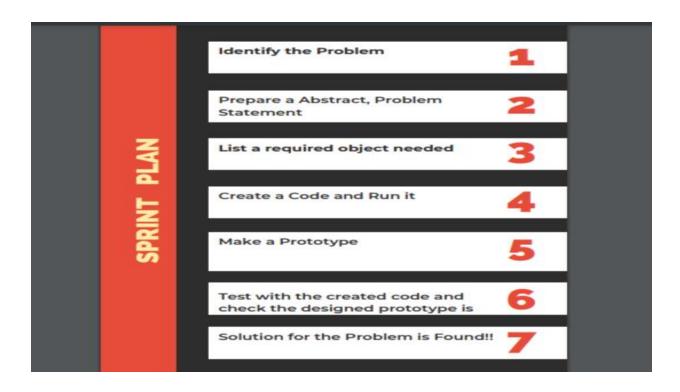
# **Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation**

Use the below template to create product backlog and sprint schedule

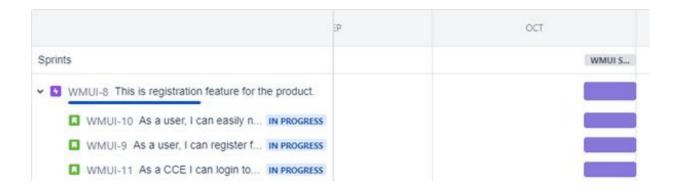
| Sprint   | Functional<br>Requirement (Epic) | User Story<br>Number | User Story / Task   | Story Points | Priority | Team<br>Members   |
|----------|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------|----------|---|
| Sprint-1 | Login                            | USN-1                | As a Administrator, I need to give user id and passcode for ever workers over there in municipality   | 2            | High     | Nijanthan S<br>Mangaiyarkarasi R<br>Sudhalakshmi G<br>Jayakumar N<br>Sandhiya G |
| Sprint-1 | Login                            | USN-2                | As a Co-Admin, I'll control the waste level by monitoring them vai real time web portal. Once the filling happens, I'll notify trash truck with location of bin with bin ID | 2            | High     | Nijanthan S<br>Mangaiyarkarasi R<br>Sudhalakshmi G<br>Jayakumar N<br>Sandhiya G |
| Sprint-2 | Dashboard                        | USN-3                | As a Truck Driver, I'll follow Co-Admin's Instruction to reach the filling bin in short roots and save time   | 2            | High     | Nijanthan S<br>Mangaiyarkarasi R<br>Sudhalakshmi G<br>Jayakumar N<br>Sandhiya G |
| Sprint-3 | Dashboard                        | USN-4                | As a Local Garbage Collector, I'II gather all<br>the waste from the garbage, load it onto a<br>garbage truck, and deliver it to Landfills                                   | 2            | High     | Nijanthan S<br>Mangaiyarkarasi R<br>Sudhalakshmi G<br>Jayakumar N<br>Sandhiya G |

| S | print-4 | Dashboard | USN-5 | As a Municipality officer, I'll make sure | 2 | High | Nijanthan S                         |
|---|---------|-----------|-------|---|---|------|-------------------------------------|
|   |         |           |       | everything is proceeding as planned and   |   |      | Mangaiyarkarasi R<br>Sudhalakshmi G |
|   |         |           |       | without any problems                      |   |      | Jayakumar N                         |
|   |         |           |       |   |   |      | Sandhiya G                          |

## **SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE**



## **REPORTS FROM JIRA**



# **CODING & SOLUTIONING**

## **FEATURE 1:**

#### **SOURCE CODE:**

```
import time
import sys
import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device import
random
```

```
#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
organization = "3f3tah"
deviceType = "sensor"
deviceId = "123456"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "1234567890"#
Initialize GPIO
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
    status=cmd.data['command']
```

Page No:

```
if status=="binfull":
     print ("----EMPTY THE BIN IMMEDIATELY-----")
#print(cmd)try:
      deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId,
"auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
      deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
      #.....
except Exception as e:
      print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))
      sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud asan
event of type "greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #USING RANDOM FUNCTIONS TO SIMULATE BINLEVEL
    binlevel=random.randint(10,100)
    locationId=random.randint(1,5)
    district="Tirunelveli"
    state="Tamilnadu" country="India"
    if locationId == 1:
      latitude=8.7060581
```

```
longitude=77.7633162
 village="VM Chathiram"
elif locationId == 2:
  latitude=8.7066676
  longitude=77.732578
 village="Perumalpuram"
elif locationId == 3:
  latitude=8.7199159
  longitude=77.725674
 village="Palayamkottai"
elif locationId == 4:
  latitude=8.7282671
  longitude=77.7180244
 village="Vannarpettai"
elif locationId == 5:
  latitude=8.7289086
  longitude=77.6745726
 village="Nellai Town"
else:
  print("No location Found!!")
data = { 'latitude' : latitude, 'longitude': longitude, 'binlevel':
```

```
binlevel, 'village': village, 'district': district, 'state': state, 'country': country }#print
    data
    def myOnPublishCallback():
       print ("Published Latitude = %s " % latitude, "Longitude = %s %%" %
longitude, "Binlevel = %s" % binlevel, "village = %s " % village, "district = %s" %
district, "state = %s" % state, "country = %s" % country, "to IBM Watson\n")
    if binlevel >= 90:
        data={'Latitude':latitude, 'Longitude':longitude, 'Binlevel':binlevel,
'Village':village, 'District':district, 'State':state,'Country':country}
        print("!!!!!!!BIN IS FULL
!!!!!!!!!!\n")
        print("-----EMPTY THE BIN IMMEDIATELY-----
   _____\n")
        deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
        time.sleep(5)
    else:
       print("BIN IS IN NORMAL LEVEL\n")
       time.sleep(5)
success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, qos=0,
on publish=myOnPublishCallback)
    if not success:
       print("Not connected to IoTF")
# Disconnect the device and application from the device
Cli.disconnect()
```

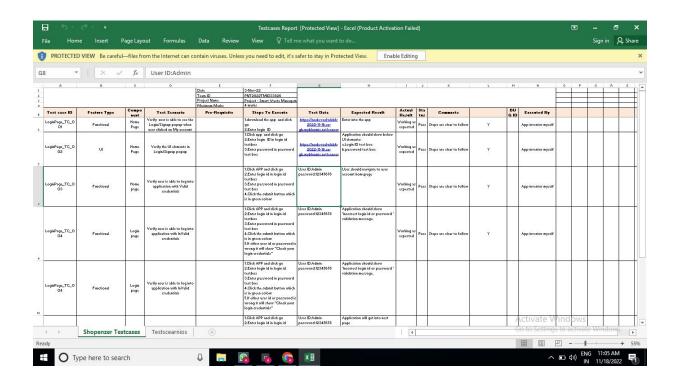
#### **FEATURE 2:**

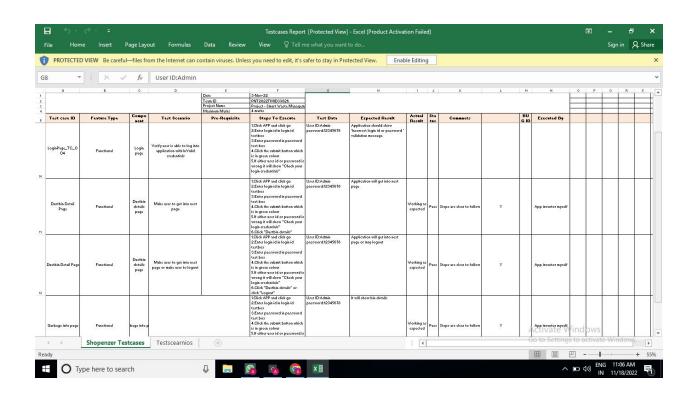
#### **OUTPUT SCREEN**

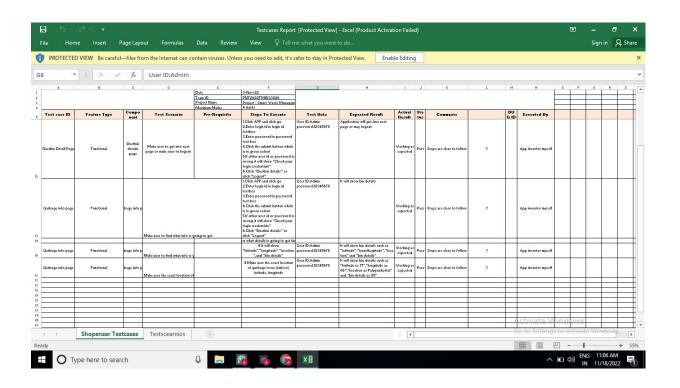


# **TESTING**

#### **TEST CASES**







Page No:

# **USER ACCEPTANCE TESTING**

## **Purpose of Document:**

The purpose of this document is to briefly explain the test coverage and open issues of the **Smart Waste Management System for Metropolitan Cities** project at the time of the release to User Acceptance Testing (UAT).

## **5.Defect Analysis:**

| Section               | Total Cases | Not Tested | Fail | Pass |
|-----------------------|-------------|------------|------|------|
| Print Engine          | 4           | 0          | 0    | 4    |
| Client<br>Application | 3           | 0          | 0    | 3    |

This report shows the number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they were resolved

| Resolution | Severity 1 | Severity 2 | Severity 3 | Severity 4 | Sub<br>Total |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| By Design  | 5          | 9          | 6          | 7          | 27           |
| Duplicate  | 10         | 7          | 6          | 7          | 30           |
| External   | 6          | 5          | 3          | 5          | 19           |
| Fixed      | 4          | 7          | 8          | 6          | 25           |

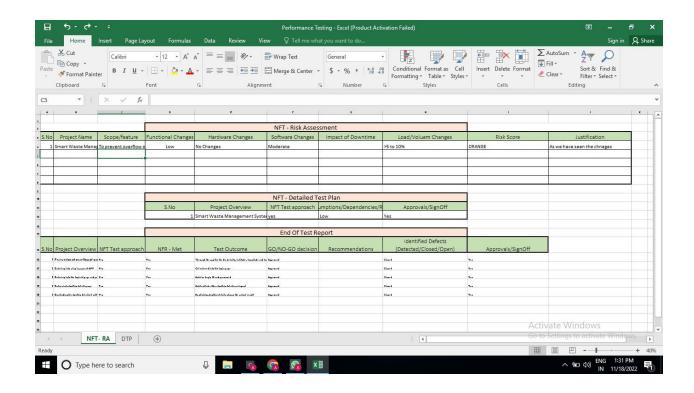
| Not       | 4  | 3  | 2  | 0  | 9   |
|-----------|----|----|----|----|-----|
| Reproduc  |    |    |    |    |     |
| ed        |    |    |    |    |     |
| Skipped   | 5  | 4  | 3  | 0  | 12  |
| Won't Fix | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1   |
| Totals    | 34 | 35 | 28 | 26 | 123 |

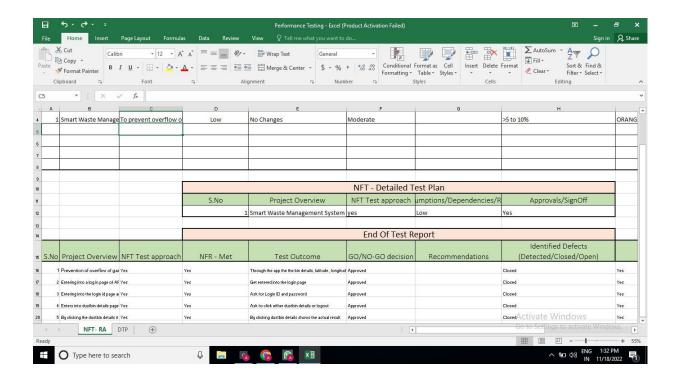
# 6. Test Case Analysis:

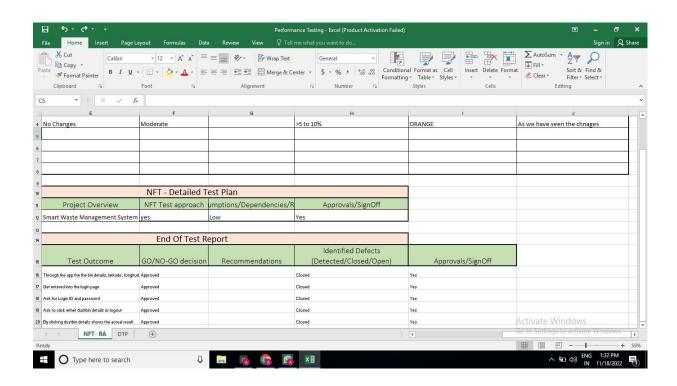
This report shows the number of test cases that have passed, failed, and untested

| Security               | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Outsource<br>Shipping  | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Exception<br>Reporting | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Final Report<br>Output | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| VersionControl         | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 |

## **PERFORMANCE METRICS**







## **ADVANTAGES**

#### **Reduction in Collection Cost**

• The solution reduces waste collection frequency dramatically, enabling you to save on fuel, labor, and fleet maintenance costs. It has been seen that the solution has reduced the operational cost of municipalities up to 80%.

#### No Missed Pickups

Using the solution, the managers, as well as the garbage truck drivers, can see which garbage containers are not picked up and needs to be picked. So, there will be no missed pickups, keeping theresidents away from the disease which occurs due to bacteria, vermin and insects prosper from the garbage.

#### **Reduced Overflows**

- One of the ill effects of overflowing garbage containers is air pollution,
  which causes lung diseases and numerous health problemsas
  contaminants are absorbed from lungs into other parts of a human body.
  Another malicious effect is on the waste collection staffand it is the risk
  of picking up and handling overflowing garbage which can cause them
  infections or chronic diseases.
- The solution takes care of this issue by allowing the waste collectors to keep track of every bin's fill status and schedule the pickup ontime.

#### **Waste Generation Analysis**

 The solution does not limit to allowing the managers to set up the pickup routes. The solution also features Advanced Data Analyticsthrough which the waste collection managers can know the futurewaste generation and can plan the resources accordingly.

#### **CO2** Emission Reduction

 The solution decreases the fuel consumption which ultimately reduces carbon emission by up to 70%. This is indeed a huge reduction both in terms of finance and environmental impact.

## **DISADVANTAGES**

- System requires more number of waste bins for separate waste collection as per population in the city. This results into high initialcost due to expensive smart dustbins compare to other methods.
- Sensor nodes used in the dustbins have limited memory size.
- Wireless technologies used in the system such as zigbee and wifihave shorter range and lower data speed. In RFID based systems, RFID tags are affected by surrounding metal objects (if any).

It reduces man power requirements which results into increase in

- unemployments for unskilled people.
- The trainining has to be provided to the people involved in the smartwaste management system.

# **CONCLUSION**

- The collection of waste is possibly the most important process for waste management systems.
- Route optimization could be the greatest point to be able to cut costs for the operation of managing solid waste. Operating costs like labor, fuel, and equipment can lower as efficiency increase.

# **FUTURE SCOPE**

- The main aim of this project is to reduce human resources and efforts along with the enhancement of a smart city vision. We have often seen garbage spilling over from dustbins on to streets and this was an issue that required immediate attention.
- The proverb "Cleanliness is next to god and clean city is next to heaven" inspired us to conceptualized the project. Smart dustbin helps us to reduce the pollution. Many times garbage dustbin is overflow and many animals like dog or rat enters inside or near the dustbin. This creates a bad scene. Also some birds are also trying totake out garbage from dustbin.

This project can avoid such situations. And the message can be sent directly to the cleaning vehicle instead of the contractor's office. Swatch Bharat Abhiyan (English: Clean India Mission and abbreviatedas SBA or SBM for "Swatch Bharat Mission") is a national campaign by the Government of India, covering 4,041 statutory cities and towns,to clean the streets, roads and infrastructure of the country. In our system, the Smart dustbins are connected to the internet to get the real time information of the smart dustbins.

In the recent years, there was a rapid growth in population which leads to more waste disposal. So a proper waste management

system is necessary to avoid spreading some deadly diseases.

# **APPENDIX**

#### **SOURCE CODE**

import time

```
import sys
import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device import
random
#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
organization = "3f3tah"
deviceType = "sensor"
deviceId = "123456"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "1234567890"#
Initialize GPIO
def myCommandCallback(cmd):
  print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
  status=cmd.data['command']
  if status=="binfull":
```

print ("-----EMPTY THE BIN IMMEDIATELY-----")

```
#print(cmd)try:
      deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId,
"auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
      deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
      #.....
except Exception as e:
      print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))
      sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud asan
event of type "greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #USING RANDOM FUNCTIONS TO SIMULATE BINLEVEL
    binlevel=random.randint(10,100)
    locationId=random.randint(1,5)
    district="Tirunelveli"
    state="Tamilnadu"
    country="India"
    if locationId == 1:
      latitude=8.7060581
```

```
longitude=77.7633162
 village="VM Chathiram"
elif locationId == 2:
  latitude=8.7066676
  longitude=77.732578
 village="Perumalpuram"
elif locationId == 3:
  latitude=8.7199159
  longitude=77.725674
 village="Palayamkottai"
elif locationId == 4:
  latitude=8.7282671
  longitude=77.7180244
 village="Vannarpettai"
elif locationId == 5:
  latitude=8.7289086
  longitude=77.6745726
 village="Nellai Town"
else:
  print("No location Found!!")
data = { 'latitude' : latitude, 'longitude': longitude, 'binlevel':
```

```
binlevel, 'village': village, 'district': district, 'state': state, 'country': country }#print
    data
    def myOnPublishCallback():
      print ("Published Latitude = %s " % latitude, "Longitude = %s %%" %
longitude, "Binlevel = %s" % binlevel, "village = %s " % village, "district = %s" %
district, "state = %s" % state, "country = %s" % country, "to IBM Watson\n")
    if binlevel >= 90:
        data={'Latitude':latitude, 'Longitude':longitude, 'Binlevel':binlevel,
'Village':village, 'District':district, 'State':state,'Country':country}
        print("!!!!!!!BIN IS FULL
!!!!!!!!!!\n")
        print("-----EMPTY THE BIN IMMEDIATELY-----
   _____\n")
        deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
        time.sleep(5)
    else:
      print("BIN IS IN NORMAL LEVEL\n")
      time.sleep(5)
    success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, gos=0,
on publish=myOnPublishCallback)
    if not success:
      print("Not connected to IoTF")
```

time.sleep(1)

# Disconnect the device and application from the cloud deviceCli.disconnect()

### **GITHUB LINKS:**

## **NIJANTHAN S(LEADER):**

https://github.com/Nijanthan6124/Nijanthan6124

MANGAYARKARASI R: <a href="https://github.com/mangaiyarkarasi6124">https://github.com/mangaiyarkarasi6124</a>

SANDHIYA G: <a href="https://github.com/sandhiya6124">https://github.com/sandhiya6124</a>

SUTHALAKSHMI G: https://github.com/suthalakshmi6124

JAYAKUMAR N: https://github.com/jayakumar6124

## **PROJECT DEMO LINK**

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1dtYO7JySMcEP3wuCFgF3Z1iCybARz8 ym/view?usp=drivesdk