Deep learning evaluation using deep linguistic processing

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- Highlight the increasing performance of deep neural networks (DNNs) in various tasks.
- Emphasize the shift towards artificial data for evaluation in fields like reinforcement learning

Issues with Current Evaluation Practices

- Discuss problems with standard approaches to evaluating tasks like visual question answering (VQA).
- Point out the inadequacies of popular datasets, such as the VQA Dataset, in truly assessing language understanding abilities.

Artificial Data for Evaluation

- Introduce the concept of artificial data as a complement to current evaluation practices.
- Mention the creation of challenging abstract datasets using deep linguistic processing technology.

Modified and Artificial VQA Datasets

- Highlight modifications to existing VQA Dataset and introduction of artificial datasets like SHAPES, CLEVR, NLVR, and ShapeWorld.
- Emphasize the importance of these datasets in providing clear and challenging evaluation for VQA systems.

Advantages of Artificial Data

- Argue that artificial data is essential for targeted investigations of specific model capabilities.
- Stress the capacity of artificial data to reveal fundamental shortcomings of current VQA models.



- Provide a brief review of problems with current standard evaluation practices.
- Propose an evaluation methodology based on linguistic processing resources, emphasizing compositional semantic representations.



- Describe the approach for automatic generation of artificial VQA data using deep linguistic processing technology.
- Highlight the use of abstract microworlds and syntactically rich language generation.

Quantification Example

- Present an example image with various captions focusing on quantification.
- Emphasize the complexity of quantifiers and the need for multimodal reasoning.

Conclusion: Why Use Artificial Data?

- Summarize the benefits of using artificial data for evaluation.
- Highlight challenging test data, avoidance of the Clever Hans effect, flexibility, reusability, and the potential for rich evaluations.